"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,865. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1915.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Friday; moderate to fresh northwest winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 19.

THAW FEARS COUP OF CO-DEFENDANTS

Counsel for Other Alleged Conspirators Now Will Ask That Case Be Thrown Out.

NO EVIDENCE OF A PLOT YET

Fight to Get Question of Sanity Before the Jury Today if the Trial Continues.

PRISONER IN SPECIAL ROOM

Suffers from Rheumatism and a Cold, Justice Page Is Told—Anhut May Testify.

Developments in connection with the trial of Harry K. Thaw before Justice Page in the Supreme Court, yesterday stamped it as one of the most remarkable proceedings which ever has been brought in the criminal courts of this State.

The State's representatives, in accordance with their promise to keep good faith with the State of New Hampshire, which granted extradition of Thaw on the charge of conspiracy, continued the presentation of the case, and at the close of the afternoon session had called twenty witnesses, who told what they knew about the activities of Thaw and the five men on trial with him, who it is alleged aided him to defeat the ends of justice by his escape.

But by none of these witnesses did the State establish that there had been any communication between Thaw and the other defendants prior to Thaw's escape on Aug. 17, 1913, from Matteawan. Counsel for all of the defendants, except Thaw, jubilantly asserted that, in their opinion, no case had been established which would warrant the continuation of the trial and announced that they would demand in long arguments today that Justice Page throw the case out of court.

Thaw's Queer Position.

On the other hand Thaw, realizing that such action by Justice Page would checkmate his desire to take the stand and to get the issue of his mental condition before the jury in the present trial, found himself in the odd position of a defendant, charged with a criminal offense, whose greatest desire was to block efforts on the part of his co-defendants to have the indictment against him killed.

Thaw was in a similar position after his escape from Matteawan in August, 1913, when he fought against his release from prison in Sherbrooke, Canada. There he had been lodged in jail on a faulty commitment, and he knew that, if released, he would fall into the hands of the Canadian immigration officials who were determined to throw him out of the country and back into the United States.

John B. Stanchfield, chief of the Thaw counselors, emphasized his client's peculiar position yesterday when he was told that Abraham Levy and other attorneys for the men accused with Thaw of conspiracy were preparing to argue that the case should be ended and the defendants released.

"I certainly will not make any lengthy argument on that point," said Mr. Stanchfield with a grim smile. "I have no desire to see this trial brought to an end before we can submit a defense and endeavor to bring the sanity question flatly before this jury.

Proof of Legal Sanity.

"Thaw is sane, and I know that we can prove it. If, after submitting evidence to that effect this jury brings in a verdict of acquittal, that verdict would, I believe, be sufficient for the purposes of the law to prove that Thaw is legally sane, whether or not the jury incorporated in its verdict any comment upon my client's mental condition."

Mr. Stanchfield said he well knew that despite any action at this trial steps would have to be taken to abrogate the commitment issued by Justice Dowling on Feb. 1, 1908, which first lodged Thaw in Matteawan.

"To accomplish that," he said, "I could, if necessary, obtain a writ of habeas corpus in this county. You may depend upon it there will be no railroading of Thaw back to Matteawan on the Dowling commitment after the disposition of this charge against him, and even if such an attempt was made the Matteawan officials could no tobtain custody of him before I could file an application for such a writ. Any Supreme Court Justice has got to grant it or pay a fine of $1,000, and the application will be ready for instant action.

"If the jury here should acquit Thaw of conspiracy after the evidence as to his sanity had been submitted with the approval of the court, I am sure that there would be no trouble in quashing the Dowling commitment and winning liberty for Mr. Thaw."

Plans of the Defense.

It was understood late in the day that Thaw was willing to take the stand and shoulder the responsibility for the arrangements for his escape from Matteawan and exonerate the other defendants of any part in a conspiracy. In such an emergency, it was reported, he would declare that he was sane at the time he made his escape and thus felt that he was committing no crime in getting out of Matteawan.

Thaw believes, it was said, that he can prove that the men who were the instruments by which his physical escape was made possible, were not fellow conspirators but men who simply performed a task for which they were paid and did not enter into a criminal conspiracy with him. If such a course was followed, it was reported, Thaw might name a person other than the present defendants with whom the plans for his flight were arranged. This other person, now dead, was a newspaper writer and editor.

The State will complete its case by the noon recess today unless unforeseen developments arise. If, as is expected, the case is continued over the protests

Continued On Page 4.

HOLDS UP BELLBOY WHO BROUGHT $100

Hotel McAlpin Guest Sent for Change for That Amount, Then Beat and Bound Youth.

A man who registered at the McAlpin yesterday afternoon as N. G. Grey of Washington, D. C., beat and gagged a bellboy, stole $100, and got away from a room on the fourth floor and out of the hotel without an alarm reaching anybody downstairs until the weak voice of the bellboy was heard calling for help on the telephone.

It was just about 4 o'clock when the man signed his name at the office desk. According to the bellboy and the clerk who roomed him, he was clean-shaven, dark, heavy set, and weighed from 165 to 170 pounds. He spoke like a Southerner or Westerner. He wore a dark overcoat over a brown suit, and a soft brown Alpine hat.

He was assigned to Room 467, on the Thirty-third Street side of the hotel, Joseph Abbundi, 19 years old, of 304 East Twenty-ninth Street, being detailed to carry up the key and the suitcase the man had with him. It was just ten minutes before 5 o'clock when the man telephoned down to the cashier to send him up change for a $100 bill, and, as it happened, Abbundi took up the money. While waiting for this, it was learned later, Grey came out onto the fourth floor corridor and strolled several times past the floor clerk's desk.

Abbundi carried the money upstairs in a sealed envelope, and when he entered the room Grey told him to put the envelope on the bureau, at the same time reaching into his pocket as if for his purse. As he did this a quarter dropped on the floor, and the bellboy stooped to pick it up.

While he was in that position the man struck him on the back of the head with a hard instrument, and the boy fell down. As he started to scramble to his feet Grey seized him with one hand, at the same time holding to his head with the other hand what Abbundi described as "a big blue gun." Then the man dragged the boy to the bed, struck him in the face with the pistol, wrapped a blanket around his head, and strapped a pillow upon that, tying the whole with cord and strips of sheets. Then he bound the bellboy's hands and feet, told him if he uttered a sound he would kill him, and, locking the door, went out.

WICKERSHAM COERCED RAILROAD, HE SAYS

Kruttschnitt Accuses Attorney General of Forcing Sale of the Central Pacific.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—Julius Kruttschnitt, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Southern Pacific Company, today charged that George W. Wickersham, ex-United States Attorney General, coerced the Southern Pacific into an agreement to sell the Central Pacific to the Union Pacific Railroad for $104,000,000. The charge was made in Mr. Kruttschnitt's testimony in the suit of the Federal Government to unmerge the Central and Southern Pacific Railways.

"The Southern Pacific Company," Mr. Kruttschnitt testified, "signed the agreement with the Union Pacific to sell the Central Pacific at a price of $104,000,000 under the compulsion and coercion of the Attorney General of the United States, who threatened me with a forced sale of the line if it was not sold to the Union Pacific." The California State Railroad Commission prevented the deal, he said, by refusing to approve the plan.

"I went to the Attorney General personally," continued the witness, "and protested vehemently against his action, telling him that it would destroy the Southern Pacific. His only reply was, 'I am going to apply equal compulsion to the Union Pacific.'"

Attorneys for the Southern Pacific who elicited this evidence from Mr. Kruttschnitt said they were trying to show that during Attorney General Wickersham's tenure of office the Government attempted to bring about a merger, the equivalent of which, they asserted, it is now trying to break in its suit to dissolve the Southern and Central Pacific roads.

Asked what the dissolution of the Central and Southern Pacific Railroads at this time would cost the Southern Pacific Company, the witness replied:

"By the terms of the loan to us by a syndicate of French bankers of $50,000,000 in 1911 any abrogation of our lease of the Central Pacific would subject us to an immediate call upon the loan. If this call should be made tomorrow the loan would have cost us $6,000,000. To reborrow that amount of money under present conditions for thirty years upon bonds we would have to pay a price in interest of approximately $15,500,000—making a total cost of over $21,000,000 should we be robbed of the Central Pacific."

RESCUE 8 ON LEDGE AT FIRE

Firemen Carry Them Down Ladder from Seventh Story.

Crowds that hurried into Twenty-ninth Street when a blaze started in the lower floors of a seven-story loft building at 252-258 West Twenty-ninth Street last night saw through the swirl of smoke in front of the building eight men climb out of windows in the seventh story to the narrow ledge outside. There they stood yelling that they were about to jump, when the crowd screamed back to them to wait.

Truck 24 raced down the street, an extension ladder was run to the sixth floor, and Firemen Siegel and Martin, carrying scaling ladders, ascended it. They threw their hooks into the upper windows and carried the eight men one by one to the sidewalk.

The rescued men were members of the Railway Mail Club, which occupies the sixth and seventh floors. With about forty others, they had been asleep when the smoke awakened them. The stairs were a mass of flames and smoke, and though the blaze never reached the clubrooms, the men there were terrified.

The damage, estimated at $10,000, was confined to the Empire Shoe Company, on the fifth floor, and the M. W. Schloss Manufacturing Company, on the fourth.

CALLING UNTRAINED MEN.

German Landsturm Classes of 1869-73 Summoned on the Rhine.

AMSTERDAM, (via London,) Thursday, March 11.—The Telegraaf learns that the untrained Landsturm classes of 1869 to 1873 have been called to the colors in the Rhine Provinces.

IRON CROSS FOR SULTAN.

Given by Kaiser for His Aid in the Defense of the Dardanelles.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, March 10, (Dispatch to The London Daily Express.)—Emperor William has bestowed an Iron Cross of the First Class on the Sultan.

"It is given for the Sultan's personal and active part in the defense of the Dardanelles."

CARRANZA URGES AMERICANS TO GO

Replies to Bryan's Protest by Addressing President Wilson Direct.

RESENTS TERMS EMPLOYED

Denies Charges Against Obregon, but Admits Responsibility for Foreign Residents.

PROTESTS HELP CAPITAL

British Charge Reports Improved Conditions, but Says Food Must Be Had at Once.

VERA CRUZ, March 10.—The text of General Carranza's reply to the strong protests of Secretary Bryan in regard to conditions in Mexico City was given out here tonight, having been forwarded to Washington this afternoon. The reply is addressed to President Wilson instead of to the Secretary of State.

General Carranza tells the President he would consider himself justified in not answering the demands, because of the terms in which they are expressed. He consents to reply, he says, for the sake of his cause, and promises to reply more fully through regular diplomatic channels on later protests.

While denying the charge that General Obregon has incited the people of the capital to take violent measures to get food and maintaining that the evils complained of are due to the state of war in the country, General Carranza admits the responsibility for the safety of foreigners in the territory he controls and promises to grant protection and means to leave Mexico City as far as he can.

As the best solution of the difficulty, General Carranza urges that Americans and other foreigners should leave Mexico City.

The following is the text of General Carranza's reply:

"Although the terms in which this note is worded would afford me cause for not answering, it is my wish, notwithstanding, that my silence be not construed as a justification of charges contained in the same. I have tried to put aside for the moment references which are made to my personal responsibility and, looking only for the good of my country and for the benefit of the cause which the Mexican people have intrusted to me, I thought it my duty to answer at once.

"On the other hand, in view of the importance of the subject discussed in the aforesaid note, I have thought myself authorized not to follow this time customary channels, but to address you (President Wilson) personally concerning a matter which may involve the success of the Mexican revolution. In the note I am answering it is taken for granted that the imputations made against General Obregon by an international committee of foreign residents in the City of Mexico, the substance of which also has been communicated to me by Mr. Silliman in his note of the first instant, are true, and this assumption has been indulged in when the answer to those imputations was being prepared.

"Reserving the privilege of answering more fully and in detail through the customary diplomatic channels the note referred to lately, I take this opportunity to state in an earnest and emphatic way that General Obregon never has intended to incite the hungry populace of the City of Mexico to commit outrages of any character. He has not prevented in any way the entrance of food supplies into Mexico City, but on the contrary has facilitated such importations. He has not created willfully the distressing conditions which prevail at present in Mexico City, but has done everything in his power to alleviate them.

"Such a situation is the consequence of a painful but unavoidable state of war in which we are and which for the first time really has reached Mexico City, but it has been aggravated by the conduct of the merchants, who were openly defiant and with concert of action closed their commercial establishments in moments of greatest public distress as a protest against the humanitarian relief tax which General Obregon imposed.

"In face of the charges expressed by the international committee in their complaint to the State Department, I point you to the fact that General Obregon has been in the possession of the City of Mexico since Jan. 26 until today, without mobs, assassinations, lootings, or any other of the outrages which are apt to occur, and which frequently do occur, in times of war.

"During all this time large amounts of food supplies have been taken into Mexico City and large quantities of supplies have been distributed among the distressed people.

"Other important measures also have been taken, looking to further relief, which I will mention in detail at the proper time

"While it is proper to state to your Excellency that the right to occupy or to evacuate Mexico City or any other place in the republic must at all times be reserved and is to be exercised when deemed by the responsible military authorities to be in furtherance of the cause of the revolution, the obligation on the Constitutionalist Army to safeguard the lives of foreigners is nevertheless fully understood and realized. You will therefore permit me to assure you that at the time of the evacuation of Mexico City every facility within my power will be afforded to all foreign residents in that city to depart the country or to go to other and safer places in the republic.

"I always have tried to give and have given the largest protection that has been possible to the lives and interests of Americans and other foreigners even during the most difficult period of our struggle. I have the purpose of continuing the same line of conduct and have decided to take all measures possible to avoid all damage to foreign residents. With this purpose solely in view, I addressed a note to the Diplomatic Corps in Mexico City, which I have repeated twice, inviting them in case of evacuation to come either to this port or to any of the cities, for instance Puebla, Jalapa, or Orizaba, which are under the control of the Constitutionalist forces, where they can be assured perfect protection.

"It was only three days ago that the State Department at Washington directed the attention of American residents in Mexico City to your former advice that they should retire from the country until conditions should be settled. It is my earnest wish that the other

Continued on Page 5.

"Why the Allies Want Constantinople."
By GEORGE B. McCLELLAN,
Former Mayor of New York.
An important article that every one interested in the war should read.
IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.
ORDER THE SUNDAY TIMES TODAY. THE TIMES IS ALWAYS SOLD OUT EARLY.

REAL WIFE OF MAYO, THIS WOMAN'S CLAIM

Married in 1890, Deserted in 1900, Mrs. Florence Mayo of Scranton Asserts.

HAD SUPPOSED HIM DEAD

Has Three Grown Daughters—Binghamton Records Confirm Marriage, but Mayo Denies It.

Special to The New York Times.

SCRANTON, Penn., March 10.—Mrs. Florence Weeks Mayo of 818 Sunset Avenue, this city, says she is the legal wife of Virginius Mayo of New Haven, Conn., whose dual establishments are revealed in connection with the recent suicide of Lillian Cook. Mrs. Florence Weeks Mayo is 42 years old and naturally attractive. Guarded by her three grown daughters, she is under care of a physician. She shrinks from notoriety and refuses to discuss her plans. She is in a state approaching collapse.

It is known, however, that she has retained Frederick E. Scott, a Scranton attorney, to protect her interests, and it was hinted today that she would bring suit for divorce, with a claim for back alimony covering the fifteen years she has depended upon her own resources for her support and the rearing of her three children. A quiet, retiring woman, she has been snatched from the obscurity of her modest home by the revelation that she claims to be the real wife of the millionaire manufacturer, whose dual life was revealed as a result of the suicide of Lillian May Cook of Brooklyn, and she feels her position keenly. She thought Mayo was dead, she says, and for that reason never divorced him.

Mrs. Mayo is a native of Scranton, and among those familiar with her history no doubt is felt that the man who is the husband of the present Mrs. Mayo in New Haven and the reputed husband of Miss Lois Waterbury-Dudley of Brooklyn, is the same man who abandoned Mrs. Florence Weeks Mayo in New York fifteen years ago. Those who know the Weeks family remember the dapper, energetic young electrical engineer with whom Florence Weeks, a girl in her teens, eloped to Binghamton. Dates are lacking on account of Mrs. Mayo's reluctance to talk, but she asserts that she was married to Mayo twenty-five years ago in Binghamton—a fact confirmed by Binghamton records—and that she was only 17 years old at the time. The records say 19.

Toiled Years to Support Family.

For several years prior to last Saturday Mrs. Mayo was employed in a Scranton department store. She left the store to enter the employ of the International Correspondence Schools, where her three daughters hold good positions. Ever since she returned to Scranton fifteen years ago she has toiled steadily to keep her little family together and give them the positions of respect which they now occupy. The three daughters, Charlotte, aged 23; Dorothy, 21, and Marion, 19, are comforting their mother in her ordeal, and they are determined that their father shall be compelled to provide for her comforts that she has been deprived of during the best years of her life.

At the time of their marriage, says Mrs. Mayo, her husband was an itinerant inventor and electrical engineer. Several of his patents were sold to Thomas A. Edison, she says, and he made plenty of money to support his family. But instead of being a home-loving man, Mrs. Mayo says, her husband showed a fondness for other women.

After the marriage the couple went to New York. In the next nine years, Mrs. Mayo said, her husband left her many times, and on several occasions she was compelled to seek aid from her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Weeks, who before their deaths lived in Harleton, Penn. The nine years were bitter ones, the Scranton wife says. Time and time again, she declares, she was deserted by the husband, and time and time again she forgave him and sought to rebuild the home life. The husband did not drink, Mrs. Mayo declares, but was too intimate with other women. On his trips from home, she charged, he was usually accompanied by other women.

In 1900, the wife says, her husband deserted her again, and she took her three children to her parents' home in Hazleton, where they had moved from this city. She never heard of Mayo after that. She lived with the three daughters in Hazleton until her parents died, and then came to Scranton. Nine years ago a friend told her Mayo was dead, and she believed that statement until the name of the radiator manufacturer became so prominent in the newspapers in the last week.

Binghamton Confirms Marriage.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., March 10.—That Virginius J. Mayo married Florence Weeks in this city a quarter of a century ago is told by the records of the Health Department here. The statement of Mrs. Florence Weeks Mayo of Scranton is corroborated. The records show that on May 14, 1890, Virginius J. Mayo, who gave his age as 31, and his occupation as that of an electrician, stating that his residence was Belden, but failing to name the State, married Florence Weeks, who was 19 years old and resided with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Weeks, in Scranton. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. Murray Colville, who at that time was pastor of the Centenary M. E. Church, but who died in Liberty, N. Y., about a month ago.

The record also shows that Mayo had been married before. In the column in which is entered the number of the groom's marriages appears the word "two."

"NEVER MY WIFE," SAYS MAYO.

Denies Scranton Woman's Claim—Says His First Wife Died.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 10.—Virginius J. Mayo refused today to discuss the statement of Mrs. Florence Mayo of Scranton, Penn., that he married and deserted her, and referred all inquiries to his lawyer, Benjamin Slade.

Continued on Page 5.

MORE DARDANELLES FORTS ARE REDUCED

Batteries on Eren-Keui Heights, Which Had Proved Troublesome, Silenced.

BIGGEST SHIP ENGAGED

Superdreadnought's Use for Direct Bombardment Believed to Indicate a Clear Channel.

PARIS, March 10.—The operations of the allied fleet in the Dardanelles, which were interrupted yesterday morning by unfavorable weather conditions, were resumed vigorously in the afternoon, says an Athens dispatch to the Matin.

The warships are reported to have made further progress in the Narrows, silencing Turkish batteries on the heights of Fort Eren-Keui, the fire from which had proved troublesome to the fleet.

The operations of the French warships were again delayed for a few hours by the necessity of taking on board coal and ammunition.

A fragment of a Turkish shell fell yesterday at the feet of Rear Admiral Guepratte, commander of the French division operating with the allied fleet in the Dardanelles, as he was directing the operations of the battleship Suffren. The vessel had executed a daring manoeuvre by penetrating the extreme limit of the mine fields, says a telegram from the island of Tenedos to the Petit Parisien. Several shells are reported to have struck the warship, but the correspondent makes no mention of damage to her.

After yesterday's operations, the Tenedos dispatch says, the crew of the French battleship Gaulois were warmly praised by Vice Admiral Carden, the British Commander, for the assistance lent in the reduction of the Dardanus redoubt. Powerful Turkish batteries were silenced by the Gaulois, which was struck by two six-inch shells, although the damage done is said to have been insignificant.

LONDON, Thursday, March 11.—What is regarded here as a most significant piece of news is the announcement that the superdreadnought Queen Elizabeth has entered the Dardanelles and has begun to bombard the forts in the Narrows by direct fire.

It is considered certain that Vice Admiral Carden would not allow his biggest ship to pass the entrance unless the step were fairly safe.

Further evidence that the forts in the Narrows have suffered severely is contained in dispatches from Athens, which say that two battleships ventured right into the Narrows on Tuesday night in order to protect the vessels engaged in mine sweeping there. These dispatches report that the Kilid-Bahr and Eren-Keui batteries have been badly damaged and that the fire of the Turkish forts is becoming weaker.

Some experts believe that all the forts in the Narrows should be demolished in two weeks, after which it would be smoother sailing for the ships, as most of the guns are concentrated in that part of the straits. Nothing is being left to chance, however.

A Central News dispatch from Athens says that in the course of the bombardment of the Dardanelles on Monday, thirty guns mounted on motor-trucks were destroyed by the fire of the warships.

ABRUZZI COMMANDS A DREADNOUGHT FLEET

Embarks at Spezia—France Lets Garibaldians in Foreign Legion Go Home to Serve.

SPEZIA, March 10, (via Rome and Paris.)—Vice Admiral the Duke of the Abruzzi, a cousin of the King of Italy, embarked today on his flagship, the new Italian dreadnought Conte di Cavour, to command a squadron composed entirely of dreadnoughts.

The squadron comprises the Dante Alighieri, Caio Duilio, Giulio Cesare, and Leonardo da Vinci.

This is the most powerful combination of units that Italy has ever had in one squadron.

PARIS, March 10.—The following official statement was issued tonight:

"As the Italian Government has recalled certain categories of its reservists, the French Government has given liberty to the Fourth Regiment of the Foreign Legion, to which the Garibaldians belong."

GENEVA, March 10.—The Tribune says it has learned from Vienna that several Italian warships have put to sea. The ships are probably bound for the Dardanelles, the paper says.

DU MAURIER A WAR VICTIM.

Author of "An Englishman's Home" Dies at the Front.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

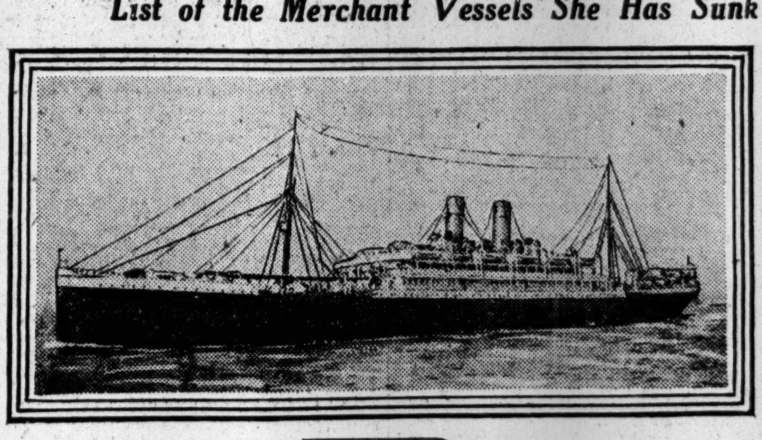
LONDON, Thursday, March 11.—The Daily Mail announces the death at the front of Colonel Guy Louis Busson du Maurier, whose play, "An Englishman's Home," based on the idea of a German invasion of England, attracted so much attention six years ago.

He was a son of the famous Punch artist and author of "Trilby," and was a brother of Gerald du Maurier, the actor.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.
4 Trains Daily to Charleston, Savannah, Augusta, Florida, Havana. Office, 1218 B'way. —Advt.

AMERICAN SHIP AND 10 OTHERS SUNK BY GERMAN CRUISER NOW AT NORFOLK WITH THEIR PASSENGERS AND CREWS

Auxiliary Cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich; List of the Merchant Vessels She Has Sunk



NEWPORT NEWS, Va., March 10.—This is the list of eleven vessels sunk by the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, as reported by her commander, their total tonnage being over 26,000, and the number of persons who were taken on board the war craft from them over 350:

Name and Flag.	Type.	Persons on Board.	Tonnage.	Date Sunk.
Invercoe, (British)........	Sailing	23	1,322	Feb. 12.
Mary Ada Short (British).	Steamer	28	2,335	Feb. 18.
Floride (French)..........	Steamer	164	4,248	Feb. 19.
Willerby (British).........	Steamer	27	2,236	Feb. 20.
Isabel Browne (Russian).	Sailing	13	1,231	Feb. 19.
Pierre Loti (French)......	Sailing	24	1,926	Jan. 27.
Jacobsen (French).........	Sailing	23	1,949	Jan. 28.
Wm. P. Frye (American).	Sailing	31	2,998	Jan. 28.
Jean (French).............	Sailing	..	2,207	....
*Schargost (British).......	Steamer	..	6,000(?)	....
*Kelaton (British).........	Steamer	..	....	....

*No vessel by this name listed in the maritime register.

TO DEMAND PAY FOR LOSS OF FRYE

American Government Will Insist on Full Reparation by Germany.

WILSON MUCH CONCERNED

Internment of Prinz Eitel Expected, Otherwise Capture by British Is Certain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—A new problem involving features of serious concern in the relations between the Governments of Germany and the United States, was presented today when the news came from Norfolk that the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, which arrived there this morning, had sunk the American merchant ship William P. Frye of Bath, Me., in the South Atlantic on Jan. 28.

Conferences have taken place between President Wilson and some of his advisers, and there has been much running back and forth of officials of the Department of State, Treasury, Navy, Commerce and Labor, all of which are interested in the sinking of the Frye or other phases of the Prince Eitel Friedrich's career as a sea rover. In official circles the matter is regarded as the most important that has involved the United States since the European war began.

It was pointed out tonight in an important quarter that the sinking of the Frye placed the case on all fours with the issue involved in the American protest to Germany against the application of the German naval zone order to American merchant vessels.

This Government's representations to Germany were based on the implied threat in the war zone order that if neutral merchant ships ventured inside the area of the zone they might be sunk by German submarines. Government officials of wide knowledge in such matters indicated tonight that they regarded the sinking of the Frye as a high-handed proceeding, which the United States could not afford to overlook.

The William P. Frye was loaded with wheat consigned from Seattle to Liverpool, and, according to official information, she was sent to the bottom because the commander of the German auxiliary decided that wheat was contraband, and he did not have time to unload the American merchantman's cargo.

It was made known tonight that the destruction of the Frye would be taken up diplomatically with the German Government, and that a demand would be made for reparation and compensation for the loss of the ship and her cargo. Wheat is not absolute contraband of war. Under the Declaration of London, which the German Government claims to have been observing, wheat and grain can only be considered as conditional contraband and confiscated when found to be destined for the use of the armed forces of the enemy. The question of the right of the Captain of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich to destroy the William P. Frye has also arisen, and will be involved in the diplomatic negotiations between this country and Germany.

The Treasury Department was thrown into a fever of activity by the receipt of a telephone message from Norman R. Hamilton, Collector of the Customs at Newport News, telling of the arrival of the German vessel. Until a late hour tonight Assistant Treasurer Peters, in charge of the customs, was closeted with Secretary McAdoo, following a conference with officials of the State Department.

Cruiser to Interne.

According to Mr. Hamilton, the German steamer will have to be interned. She has been at sea about seven months,

Continued on Page 2.

EITEL'S CAPTAIN TELLS OF ROVING

Commander's Story of German Auxiliary Cruiser's Ravages and Adventures.

TOWED A PRIZE 1,500 MILES

Eluded British, French, and Japanese Cruisers—Chased to Virginia Capes.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., March 10.—Commander Thierichens of the Royal German Navy, Captain of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich, gave today the following description of his long run across the Pacific, around the Horn, and up the Atlantic to the Roads:

"Seven months ago the Prinz Eitel Friedrich left Tsing-tao. Our crew was composed of men and officers from the gunboats Tiger and Luchs, and the three-inch guns and eight five-inch guns we mounted came from those two boats, which were dismantled. We passed out through the Japanese islands and eluded a number of English, French, and Japanese warships.

"The Prinz Eitel had been converted into an armed merchantman on such short notice that we had no time to put on our war paint. Our first capture was the Schargost, an English steamer of six thousand tons. We were anxious to get coal, and were greatly disappointed when we found the Schargost carried very little. Next we encountered the French sailing ship Jean, coal laden. This ship was towed 1,500 miles to Easter Island, where we transferred her coal to our own bunkers and landed there the survivors from the Jean, Schargost, and the English steamer Kelaton, which we had overtaken and destroyed while en route to Easter Island. After landing the survivors the Jean was blown up."

Capt. Thierichens said that while the vessel was coming up the South Atlantic his wireless operator heard eight warships exchanging wireless messages. He believed these to be Admiral Sturdee's squadron which sank the German ships off the Falkland Islands.

The Russian bark Isabella Brown was the next victim of the Prinz Eitel. The Brown was burned. "Next," continued the Commander, "came the French ship Pierre Loti, which was sunk. The American bark William P. Frye was sunk, and the French bark Jacobsen, encountered soon after, met the same fate. We tried to catch some other vessels, but encountered only neutrals and so steamed north.

"On Feb. 8 we met the Norwegian bark Thalasia and let her go unharmed. The British bark Invercoe was sunk on Feb. 18, and the steamer Mary Ada Short, laden with maize, was also sunk. The next day we met and sank the French steamer Floride, after taking off passengers, crew and provisions. The Floride we left burning and about to go down off the Brazilian coast.

"On Feb. 20 we sank the British steamer Willerby, and the same night we heard English warships sending wireless messages. One of them we thought was the Berwick, so we put to sea to leave their neighborhood. We put in here to land 350 passengers, 40 women and children, and to effect urgent repairs.

"I believe we were followed by six British warships when we were nearing the Virginia capes. We could hear them but we could not see them. We were showing them our heels, however, and we ran at night with every light out.

"We were near the battle off the Chilean coast when the British squadron was defeated by the Germans. We heard messages exchanged by ships participating in that engagement.

"The Prinz Eitel traveled for a while with her famous fellow sea rover, the Emden, and when she left the latter ship was accompanied by the Cormorant."

Sea Rover Prinz Eitel Friedrich Takes Refuge at Hampton Roads.

ENDS 30,000 MILE RAID

Crippled Commerce Destroyer Brings in 342 Persons Taken from Ships She Sank.

LIKELY TO BE INTERNED

Her Arrival Brings First News to Washington of Sinking of the William P. Frye.

STARTS A PROMPT INQUIRY

President and All Officials at Capital Stirred by Destruction of American Vessel.

WILL DEMAND REPARATION

American Captain Says His Nationality Was Ignored and Wheat Cargo Shoveled Into Sea.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., March 10.—The German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, after a commerce-destroying cruise over Pacific and Atlantic Oceans, which culminated in the sinking of an American sailing ship in the South Atlantic on Jan. 28 last, came into this port today and anchored for supplies and repairs. She brought with her rescued crews and passengers of American, British, French, and Russian ships, and lies at anchor tonight, proud of her trophies of war, but in a state of mechanical exhaustion from the strain of a voyage of more than 30,000 miles.

The condition of the vessel is such that repairs will occupy several weeks, and in all probability she will be interned for the remainder of the war.

The cruiser had on board more than 500 persons, 342 of the crews and passengers of destroyed vessels in addition to her own crew of about 200.

The Prinz Eitel Friedrich arrived off Cape Henry last night after dark, but did not enter until this morning, when she came to anchor off Quarantine. The United States Coast Guard ship Onondaga immediately went alongside to preserve the neutrality of the United States. The German vessel was scarred and rusty from her long voyage. She was painted white on one side and black on the other, but she came into the roads without any attempt at deception as to her nationality.

The Prinz Eitel Friedrich began her scouting for the ships of enemies of the Fatherland at Tsing-tao, China, last November, under Commander Thierichens, who today admitted sinking eleven merchant ships — five British, four French, one Russian, and one American. The sinking of the American ship, the William P. Frye, a sailing vessel, bound from Seattle to Queenstown with 5,200 tons of wheat, most concerned American port officials here. She was owned by the Arthur Sewall Company of Bath, Me.

H. H. Kiehne of Baltimore, master of the American ship, after leaving the Eitel Friedrich, with Customs Collector Hamilton, today, told a dramatic story of his experience. With him were his wife and two children. He said that, despite his protests that he was the American master of an American ship, the German cruiser sank his vessel on the morning of Jan. 28, by blowing a hole in her with a charge of dynamite. Her cargo of wheat, he said, was shoveled overboard before the ship was destroyed.

Passengers Brought Ashore.

As soon as the Eitel Friedrich had anchored Collector Hamilton and his aids visited the ship, and the first-class passengers from the French passenger steamer Floride, together with the captains of the eight destroyed vessels were brought to Newport News. With them were several officers of the German vessel, among them the chief paymaster, August Lousseau.

The final order the paymaster took to the ship tonight from Collector Hamilton was that the ship could only remain in port for repairs to such an extent as to make her seaworthy, unless she interned. The German paymaster also carried word that American officers would make full inquiry of Commander Thierichens tomorrow of the sinking of the American sailing vessel.

Asked why the Eitel Friedrich left the Pacific, Paymaster Lousseau said:

"Because we found little to do. We were after merchantmen, and for days we cruised about and saw nothing. When we reached the South Atlantic we had better luck. We were surprised not to find British ships in the Atlantic. It is true we heard British wireless talking, and we were glad of that because until fourteen days ago we had no news. Then we got considerable from British wireless, but the trouble was it was all from the English side."

The German officer expressed surprise that any of the cruiser Emden's crew had reached shore, and disclaimed all knowledge of the battles off Chile and the Falkland Islands.

"We were alone," he said, "and we worked for ourselves. We did no fighting but we sank every merchantman we could find. Of course we should have attacked any other converted vessel of our class, but we had no armor plate and so we avoided warships."

"We are waiting Admiralty orders," was the paymaster's response to the suggestion that he might not leave immediately. "They are coming from Berlin by way of the Washington Embassy."

The sinking of the Frye was regarded by the officer as all in a day's work. "She took the chance," he said. "She was carrying contraband to the enemy."

The Captain of the Floride has telegraphed to the Compagnie Générale Transatlantique for passage to New York for his passengers. From New York they expect to be transferred to their respective South American destinations. Not a single piece of baggage was lost when the Floride was sunk.

Collector Hamilton said tonight it was obvious that the Prinz Eitel Friedrich would intern here. Commander Thierichens told the Collector he had no idea of leaving port within twenty-four hours, that the boilers of his vessel were in bad condition, and that repairs under six weeks would be impossible. He said under these conditions the vessel would be interned unless permission could be had to remain here until repairs were made.

Two English vessels carrying horses for the armies of the Allies at first hesitated about leaving port to-night, but when it became evident the German would not depart at once they steamed out of Hampton Roads and put to sea.

Collector Hamilton will examine carefully into the details of the sinking of the William P. Frye. The inquiry began tonight when a statement was taken from the master of the Frye. All of the members of the crew of the Frye remained on the Eitel Friedrich tonight, and will be brought ashore and examined by the Collector tomorrow. The Collector will also call upon the commander of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich to give a detailed statement of the sinking of the Frye and his reasons therefor.

The collector has requested the commander not to use his wireless apparatus while in port. Tomorrow the port authorities will receive, to be forwarded to New York, about 150 sacks of mail, taken from the steamer Floride, bound from Havre to South American ports.

Collector Hamilton has been instructed to permit all passengers on the Eitel Friedrich to land under the direction of the immigration authorities.

Word was received here late tonight that Capt. Boy-Ed, naval attaché of the German Embassy at Washington, would arrive from New York tomorrow to confer with the commander of the Eitel Friedrich. The Collector of the Port said at midnight that he would board the Eitel Friedrich again at 11 o'clock tomorrow by appointment with Commander Thierichens.

Dr. H. W. McCafferty, Quarantine Officer at Old Point, who visited the Prinz Eitel Friedrich, told of his trip to the German vessel.

"When I boarded the cruiser this morning," said he, "I found all on board well and happy. The band was playing German national airs. The food supply was good and there was a feeling of good-fellowship among the people on the ship, many of whom were taken from destroyed merchant vessels.

"Among these were the Captain of the American ship William P. Frye of Baltimore, who, with his wife and son, were picked up by the Eitel after the Frye had been sunk.

"There were also a number of French people, who were passengers on the French liner Floride, sunk by the Germans off the coast of Brazil. The Eitel has a crew of thirteen officers and 356 men, including six Chinese stewards.

"All those taken from the destroyed vessels will be given liberty in Newport News except four. Those four declined to sign papers that they would not take arms against Germany, and will be kept prisoners on that account.

"Three others will be detained. One has a wooden leg, another is suffering from tuberculosis, and the other is deaf. That will naturally force them to be classed as undesirable immigrants.

"The commander of the Eitel Friedrich told me that he had stopped at Valparaiso, Chile, where he took on provisions and also a few more prisoners, and discharged there some English and French prisoners.

"Dr. Kinger Knoneck is the surgeon in charge of the cruiser, and every one on board was satisfied that they had received the kindest treatment from the officers of the vessel.

"A queer thing is that the British steamer Daleham, with Capt. Taggert, bound for Newport News for horses, also came into Hampton Roads this morning. Capt. Taggert said he was a prisoner on the Prinz Eitel Friedrich five months ago, after having been captured off the Chilean coast. I was impressed with the good appearance of the men and women on the cruiser."

HOW THE FRYE WAS SUNK.

Capt. Kiehne Says His Protests Were Ignored by Germans.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., March 10.—Capt. H. H. Kiehne, master of the four-master American ship William P. Frye, which was sunk by the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich on the morning of Jan. 28, made the following statement today:

"Despite my protestations that I was the American master of an American ship, the German cruiser Eitel Friedrich sank the William P. Frye on the morning of Jan. 28, blowing a gaping hole through her vitals with a charge of dynamite.

"I was almost becalmed when the German ship appeared about 2 o'clock in the afternoon of Jan. 27. My ship was barely moving, and I paid no attention to the first order from the Dutchman to lay to. However, she bore down on me, and I brought my craft to a standstill. After learning that I carried a cargo of wheat the German Captain told me that it was contraband and he intended to destroy it. I protested, but no attention was paid to my statements.

"A German officer and squad of men were sent aboard the bark and I and my crew were set to work throwing grain overboard. The German sighted another vessel, also becalmed, and made for her. He returned about 10 o'clock at night, having sent the other ship to the bottom, as I afterward ascertained.

"Evidently the grain was not being thrown overboard fast enough to suit the German skipper, for he sent a half hundred of his men aboard soon afterward, and the work went on for hours without interruption. However, it was slow at best, and I was informed next morning that my ship would be sent to the bottom, which was done in the manner described.

"It was originally the intention of the German Captain to leave enough of the cargo in the hold of the ship for ballast. That part of the grain was to be rendered useless by salt water.

"As soon as I was informed that my ship was to be sent to the bottom I, my wife and two boys and the crew made for the German cruiser in our boats. We were taken on board and shown every courtesy throughout the remainder of the voyage.

"For two weeks before making this port the German ship molested no ships of any kind and always avoided them, not wishing to give the English cruisers any wind of her intention. She proceeded slowly up the coast, all lights that were not out being carefully shaded.

"Last night while nearing the Virginia capes the wireless apparatus on board the German ship informed us that there were four English warships in our immediate vicinity, two of which seemed very close. However, we eluded them and made this port in safety.

"An officer on the German cruiser said a black hulk was seen in the darkness about the time the wireless gave notice of the proximity of the English men-of-war. Many were of the opinion that it was one of the English ships, but nothing came of the matter."

Capt. Kiehne said the Eitel Friedrich sent three ships to the bottom on the Kaiser's birthday, the day on which the American bark was overhauled. He did not remember their names.

Capt. Kiehne has made several trips from Newport News and is well known in shipping circles here. The Captain's wife said this afternoon that she and the children were a little frightened when overtaken by the German cruiser. However, she said that her fears were allayed when she went aboard the cruiser, the officers and men making every effort to give them all possible comforts.

Capt. Kiehne's home is 1,510 Thames Street, Baltimore, Md.

CAPTAINS TELL OF CAPTURE.

Skippers Describe How Their Vessels Were Blown Up.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., March 10.—Capt. Monssion of the French liner Floride, which was sunk by the Prinz Eitel Friedrich, said he was bound from Dakar to Bahia, Brazil, with eighty-six passengers and a general cargo. He was five days out from Bahia when he sighted the Prinz Eitel. He was ordered to stop, and a boarding party from the cruiser informed him that the ship would be blown up.

All the afternoon was spent in transferring the passengers, crew, and baggage to the warship. A bomb was then placed in the engine room and exploded. The ship did not sink, but was set afire. After burning all night the steamer was sent to the bottom by several shells from the cruiser.

Capt. Dobbing of the British steamer Mary Ada Short, who appeared in the best of humor despite the loss of his ship and his confinement on a hostile warship, said the German cruiser captured his ship at 9:30 o'clock on the morning of Feb. 18. After getting his men and their baggage transferred to the Prinz Eitel, Capt. Dobbing stood on the deck of the warship and saw his steamer sent to the bottom. The ship, which was loaded with 6,000 tons of yellow maize, was en route from Rosalia to the United Kingdom via St. Vincent. He was in longitude 5.49 south, latitude 28.36 west, a point off Pernambuco, Brazil. Capt. Dobbing said that a crew from the Prinz Eitel put a charge of dynamite in the hold of the Short and blew her bottom out. This did not sink her because of the nature of her cargo, and several shells were sent into the hull, making quick work of the wreck.

Captain Erickson of the bark Isabelle Brown, said:

"I was becalmed in the South Atlantic when the German cruiser hove in sight shortly after dusk on the evening of Jan. 24. After a little parleying, the German Captain told me the ship would be sunk. He said the crew would be allowed to leave with their personal belongings. A dynamite bomb was placed in the hold and within a few minutes the bark had plunged beneath the waves."

When overhauled, Capt. Erickson said he was bound from Toltol, Chile, for the England Channel. He said he was well treated after being taken on the Prinz Eitel, but that after prize after prize had been destroyed the quarters on the ship became necessarily crowded and he and his men were cramped for room.

Capt. King of the bark Invercoe said that when he was overhauled by the Prinz Eitel he was informed that his ship was about to be sunk and was told that he and his men would be taken on the warship with their personal property. This was at noon on Feb. 12. At 3:30 o'clock the transfer of men and baggage was completed, and the vessel was sent to the bottom with an explosion of dynamite.

Capt. King said that of his crew of twenty-three men six were under detention on the Prinz Eitel because they refused to sign an agreement not to take up arms against the Triple Alliance as a condition of release.

"We were allowed every possible liberty on the ship," Capt. King said, "and the treatment accorded us was all that could be expected. Of course, the quarters were necessarily crowded because of the large crowd on board."

The stories told by the Captains of the other ships were similar in every detail, and the capture of one ship was merely a repetition of what had gone before.

DEMAND PAY FOR THE FRYE.

Owner's Broker Says Bill for $150,000 Will Be Sent to Germany.

D. B. Dearborn of Dearborn & Co., ship brokers of 8 Bridge Street, who are agents in this port for Arthur Sewall & Co. of Bath, Me., said yesterday that he had not received any information regarding the four-masted ship William P. Frye, beyond the fact that her Captain and crew had arrived at Newport News on board the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

"What will be done with regard to the sinking of the ship?" he was asked.

"I suppose we shall send Germany a bill for $150,000 for the loss of the vessel," he said.

The William P. Frye was a fine steel clipper ship built for Sewall & Co. in 1900, and had a gross tonnage of 3,374; she was 332 feet long, forty-five beam and 26.2 depth of hold.

REPORTS TO FRYE'S OWNERS.

Capt. Kiehne Sends a Brief Message to Sewall Firm at Bath.

Special to The New York Times.

BATH, Me., March 10.—Capt. H. H. Kiehne of the ship William P. Frye, who arrived at Newport News today aboard the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, telegraphed tonight to W. D. Sewall, head of the firm of Arthur Sewall & Co., who built and managed the vessel, simply confirming the sinking of his vessel in the South Atlantic on Jan. 8.

Mr. Sewall refused to divulge the whole of the message, presumably because of private business matters which it contained, but said that Capt. Kiehne said his vessel was sunk by a German cruiser, but did not give the name or any particulars of the affair. A longer report is expected by Mr. Sewall within twelve hours.

The Frye was built here by the Sewall firm and sponsored by Miss Carolina Frye Briggs, a granddaughter of the late Senator William P. Frye, for whom the ship was named. Miss Briggs afterward married Garret A. Hobart, Jr., son of the late Vice President.

DREAMED OF FRYE'S FATE

Captain's Mother-in-Law Had Premonition of Misfortune.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 10.—A premonition that misfortune had befallen her daughter, Mrs. Mary A. Kiehne, wife of the captain of the American sailing vessel William P. Frye of Baltimore came in a dream yesterday morning to Mrs. Catherine Rolfes, 1,510 Thames Street. When Mrs. Rolfes awoke she informed the members of her family of her dream. As though to bear it out came the news that the Frye had been sunk.

Capt. Herman H. Kiehne is a native of this city, and about eleven years ago married Mary A. Rolfes. His father, Capt. A. Kiehne, now retired and living in Sailors' Snug Harbor, S. I., for many years, was in command of vessels in the coffee trade between this city and Rio de Janeiro.

Capt. Kiehne, who is 31 years old, is one of the youngest masters in charge of a full-rigged ship. He assumed command of the William P. Frye about a year ago. The vessel took on a cargo of coal at this port last March for Seattle.

Capt. Kiehne, on his first trip to Seattle, left his wife and three children with his mother-in-law here. When he arrived at Seattle he learned that he would be kept on the Pacific for some time, and requested his wife to cross the continent to meet him. Mrs. Kiehne left this city last August with her two eldest boys, Herman, Jr., 9 years old, and James, 6 years old, and went to Seattle. The third son, Theodore, 3 years old, was left with his grandparents.

ONLY WHEAT ON THE FRYE.

Vessel Carried No Other Cargo, Seattle Shipper Reports.

SEATTLE, March 10.—The ship William P. Frye sailed from Seattle on Nov. 6, with a cargo of 5,200 tons of wheat for Queenstown, and has not been reported since she passed Cape Flattery the next day. Capt. H. H. Kiehne had his wife and two small sons with him and a crew of thirty-one.

The Frye's manifest, on file at the Customs House here shows that she cleared for Queenstown and Falmouth for orders Nov. 4 with 158,306 bushels of white Walla Walla wheat, and 25,276 bushels of red wheat. No other cargo is mentioned.

M. H. Houser, who loaded the vessel at the West Seattle elevator, said she had no other cargo of any kind.

FLORIDE AN EITEL VICTIM.

Germans' Own Report Gave First News of Liner's Destruction.

The largest vessel sunk by the Prinz Eitel was the French Line steamship Floride. She was sunk on Feb. 20 while on her way from Oporto, Portugal, to Brazil with a cargo of wine and a number of Portuguese immigrants. The last report of her in the Marine Register gave her arrival at Oporto from Bordeaux on Feb. 5, but not her sailing date. The news that she had been sunk was not known here until the list of vessels destroyed by the German was received from Newport News last night.

The fact that the Floride had not arrived at her destination did not excite much comment as she was a very slow vessel, making only nine knots under the most favorable conditions. She was a steel, single-screw ship of 6,629 gross tonnage, commanded by Capt. Pauvret. She was constructed at Port du Bouc in 1907 for the Compagnie Transatlantique. Her dimensions were: 413.2 feet long; 52.2 beam, and 35 depth of hold.

ARMED LINER'S WAR CAREER.

The Prinz Eitel and the Wilhelm Last of Big Auxiliary Fleet.

The Prinz Eitel Friedrich, with the Kronprinz Wilhelm, the latter sister to the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, are the only survivors of Germany's fleet of fourteen auxiliary cruisers that was in active operation at the beginning of the war.

Aside from the two surviving auxiliary cruisers there are still at large the light cruiser Dresden, which escaped when von Spee's squadron was destroyed off the Falkland Islands on Dec. 8, and was subsequently reported off Chile in the Pacific; the Strassburg, which has not been heard of since the middle of November, when she was reported off the coast of Brazil, and the Karlsruhe, simultaneously reported in January as operating in the West Indies, and as having successfully reached home waters.

These three light cruisers can make from 24 to 27 knots an hour, and are similarly armed—twelve 4.1-inch guns each.

Between von Spee's victory off Chile on Nov. 1 and his defeat more than a month later, it was several times reported from South American ports that the German battle cruiser Von Der Tann was on her way to join him, but these reports have lacked confirmation.

The Prinz Eitel Friedrich is a steel twin-screw steamer of a gross tonnage of 8,797, and built in 1904 in the Vulcan Yards at Stettin. She belonged to the Norddeutscher Lloyd Company, and a few days before the war began had arrived at Tsing-tao from Bremen.

Auxiliary cruisers of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich and Kronprinz Wilhelm class are supposed to carry four 7-inch and two 3.4-inch guns, two 6-pounders, and fourteen machine guns, and to be equipped with facilities for launching torpedoes above water. It is understood, however, that the armament of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich, which slipped out of Tsing-tao Harbor on Aug. 5 last, before the arrival of the Japanese fleet, is much more formidable. Being at a naval base, she was equipped with three 8-inch and ten 4.7-inch guns, in addition to her original battery.

After leaving Tsing-tao she was reported, in early November, in the Pacific off Peru. Further south, off Chile, a month later, she sank the British steamer Charcas, and has since been dodging Japanese cruisers in the South Pacific and British cruisers in the Atlantic. When and how she reached the Atlantic Ocean has not been recorded. As the Strait of Magellan was presumably guarded, it is likely she came around Cape Horn.

Twelve auxiliary cruisers flying the German flag have been sunk, captured or interned since the war began, without counting those which have never left the neutral ports.

The largest of the twelve were the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, sunk off the west coast of Africa by the British cruiser High Flyer, Aug. 27; the Speedwold, captured by the British cruiser Berwick, Sept. 12; the Cap Trafalgar, sunk by the British auxiliary cruiser Carmania off the east coast of South America, Sept. 14; the Cormorant, interned at Guam, Philippine Islands, Dec. 15; and the Octavi, interned at Las Palmas, Canary Islands, Jan. 8.

The remaining auxiliary cruisers to come to grief are the Bethania, Itolo, Soden, Gracia, Ophelia, Markomannia, and the Karnak.

ALLIES EXTEND RESPITE TO GERMAN CARGOES

Exports Aboard All Neutral Ships When Reprisal Was Announced to Go Through.

LONDON, March 10.—A dispatch from Rotterdam to Reuter's Telegram Company says:

"Until the particulars of the proposed naval measures or reprisal by Great Britain and France against Germany are made known, the British Government, according to an announcement made today in Rotterdam, has agreed to permit vessels which, on the date of the publication of these reprisals, had on board, or were loading German goods, to proceed to their destinations without being held up.

"Dutch vessels, consequently, are accepting goods which have been exported from Germany."

BRITISH COLLIER SUNK.

Berlin Reports the Beethoven Blown Up—Two of the Crew Drowned.

LONDON, March 11.—A wireless dispatch from Berlin says a report has been received from Rotterdam that the British collier Beethoven, bound from Newcastle for Gibraltar, has been sunk either by a torpedo or a mine.

Two of the crew are said to have been drowned. The others were saved.

COTTON SHIP IS FREED.

Pass of Balmaha, for Bremen, Inspected by British, Goes

LONDON, March 10.—The Foreign Office was advised today that the American bark Pass of Balmaha, from New York for Bremen with a cargo of cotton, had been detained at Kirkwall for inspection.

The Pass was allowed to proceed on her voyage after the inspection had been completed.

TO DEMAND PAY FOR LOSS OF FRYE

Continued from Page 1.

and in that time has touched at only one port, Valparaiso, Chile, where she stayed one day. She reached Newport News with leaking seams, a foul bottom, and machinery badly in need of repairs. Her condition is such that it will be necessary to put her into dry dock for overhauling, which will require more than a month.

The Prinz Eitel Friedrich carried besides her own crew 350 prisoners, of whom 200 were seamen from captured vessels and 150 passengers, many of them women and children. Among the prisoners were English, Portuguese, French, Turks, Russians, and Americans. These prisoners will at once be freed, the foreigners in the custody of their respective Consular representatives, on whom devolves the duty of sending them home. Capt. H. H. Kiehne of the Frye, his wife and sons, and the 25 members of the Frye's crew were on board the Prinz Eitel Friedrich when she reached Newport News.

Was With von Spee.

It was learned late tonight from a trustworthy source that the Prinz Eitel Friedrich was with Admiral von Spee's squadron when it defeated the British squadron under Vice Admiral Sir Christopher Cradock off the Chilean coast, and was with Admiral von Spee's squadron when it was defeated by a British squadron under Admiral Sturdee off the Falkland Islands. The Prinz Eitel Friedrich escaped the fate of other German vessels under Admiral von Spee and went to the island of Juan Fernandez, where a German naval base had been established.

It was learned that when at Juan Fernandez the Prinz Eitel Friedrich took coal alleged to have been brought from San Francisco by the American steamer Sacramento, formerly the Hamburg-American liner Alexandria, which was transferred from German to American register after the outbreak of war. The Department of Justice is now investigating the alleged activities of the Sacramento in violation of the neutrality laws.

The Frye carried $11,550 of insurance on her hull with the Government Risk Bureau. It is understood that marine underwriters carried the balance of insurance up to her value.

As an armed naval vessel the Prinz Eitel Friedrich is entitled, under the recognized rules of international law, to remain at Newport News, a neutral port, not more than twenty-four hours except for repairs to the extent absolutely necessary to make her seaworthy. The cruiser was so run down at the heels as the result of her sea maraudings that it would require many weeks to make her seaworthy, and this means that she will be interned.

British Warships on Watch.

Before these repairs could be made a group of British warships would be assembled outside the three-mile limit at the entrance to Capes Charles and Henry with decks cleared for a warm welcome to the German cruiser the moment she passed out to sea. It is taken for granted here that the Captain of the Eitel Friedrich will not attempt to run the gauntlet, but will adopt the alternative of asking for the interning of his vessel and crew.

The passengers on the cruiser will not be interned. They are not prisoners of war. They are merely survivors of merchant vessels sunk by the commerce destroyer and will be turned over to the care of their respective foreign Consuls at Norfolk and Newport News.

The rules for the treatment of belligerent naval vessels visiting neutral ports are rather well defined. For this reason the attitude of the United States with respect to the Eitel Friedrich would not be difficult to determine except for the fact that the cruiser seeking friendly treatment had destroyed an American merchant ship. The fact that the Frye was destroyed and her Captain brought to an American port, where he could relate his story to officials of the American Government, brought the Administration to the quickest sort of realization that there were delicate aspects to the case.

The Frye was sunk because the vessel carried a cargo of wheat consigned "to order" to a British port. The fact that the shipment was consigned "to order" created doubt in the mind of the German Captain as to the final destination of the wheat. Assuming that it was bound for use by the British Government he decided to sink the vessel when he found it would take too long to shovel the wheat overboard. The Captain of the Eitel Friedrich, it is also understood, asserts that his wanderings as a commerce destroyer were such after leaving China that he was unable to keep in touch with the attitude of his Government toward contraband.

Wheat as Contraband.

The German Government has been making much of the claim, in its diplomatic correspondence with the United States, that Germany is adhering to the rules laid down in the Declaration of London, but that England has not adopted the declaration in its entirety. The British Government has adopted the declaration except where the sections covering contraband have been modified. Germany has been insisting upon the Allied Governments adopting the declaration's section covering contraband without modifications. Article 24 of the declaration provides that foodstuffs, forage and grain, suitable for feeding animals, which are susceptible of use in war as well as in peace, may be treated as contraband under the name of conditional contraband. Under this rule and the international practice up to the outbreak of the war, wheat could only be treated as contraband when destined for use by the armed forces of the enemy. Unless the Captain of the Eitel Friedrich had strong reasons for believing that the wheat on the Frye was destined for use by the armed forces of the enemy he had no right to touch the cargo, but did have a right to search the ship and send her to the prize court. As to the right of the German cruiser to destroy the Frye, there is little doubt here tonight that it will be challenged, and that damages will be asked from the German Government. Article 48 of the Declaration of London provides that "a neutral vessel which has been captured may not be destroyed by the captor; she must be taken into such port as is proper for the determination there of all questions concerning the validity of the capture."

There is one exception to the rule, and that is provided for in Article 49 of the declaration, which asserts that "As an exception, a neutral vessel which has been captured by a belligerent warship and which would be liable to condemnation may be destroyed if the observance of Article 48 would involve danger to the safety of the warship or to the success of the operations in which she is engaged at the time."

But before the vessel is destroyed all persons on board must be placed in safety and all the ship's papers and other documents which the parties interested consider relevant for deciding on the validity of the capture must be taken out of the warship.

In accordance with requirements of international law, the papers and documents of the Frye should now be in possession of the Captain of the Eitel Friedrich. If the German Captain failed to save these papers, he committed a grave error, for which his Government will be responsible. The rule permitting destruction as a matter of military necessity requires the vessel must be liable to condemnation, and for the Frye to have been liable to condemnation it would be necessary to show that she was carrying a cargo more than half of which was contraband.

First News of the Eitel.

The first news officials here had of the arrival of the Eitel Friedrich reached Secretary Daniels this morning when an officer of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company called up the Navy Department by telephone and inquired whether it would be permissible to make certain repairs on the German cruiser. It was explained that the Captain of the cruiser had asked the company to make these repairs. Secretary Daniels immediately got in touch with the State Department, and then telephoned to Rear Admiral Beatty, Commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard, who was instructed to investigate, and to send all the facts regarding the German cruiser. The Treasury Department also became very active in communicating with the Collector of Customs at Newport News, who was instructed to send full particulars as to the circumstances of the destruction of the Frye.

Throughout the afternoon there was great activity in those branches of the Navy and State Departments intrusted with the enforcement of neutrality. Many wireless messages were sent from the Arlington naval radio station to Admiral Beatty at Norfolk, indicating points on which precise information was desired.

On account of the novel and complicated aspects of the case the Special Neutrality Board, organized at the outbreak of the war, was called upon to determine the questions involved because it was important that no time should be lost if the steamer were in condition to leave within the twenty-four hour limit. The members of the Neutrality Board are Counselor Robert Lansing, of the State Department; James Brown Scott, former Solicitor of the State Department, and Capts. Knapp and Oliver of the General Board of the Navy.

When Counselor Lansing was asked for information he said he would not discuss the Eitel Friedrich case in any way. Long reports were received tonight by wireless from Admiral Beatty, but very little of the confidential information was made public by the Navy Department. It was learned that some of the information conveyed to Secretary Daniels by Admiral Beatty was as follows:

"The Prinz Eitel Friedrich's officers belong to the regular German Navy. The crew came from the Kaizerin Elizabeth. The captain said that the merchant captain was on board now. On examination made at sea the chief engineer thinks it will take about two or three weeks to make repairs. The Captain says he thinks a much longer time necessary and his ship must be docked and repairs made to propeller and rudder and the auxiliary machinery. Boilers are in bad condition.

"He thinks the ship will have to be repaired. Repairs cannot be made in time to be allowed to proceed. He estimates 1,500 tons of coal the smallest amount needed to take him to a German port. The ship is very foul. All auxiliaries running. The Collector of Customs reports that the American ship Frye from Seattle, with a cargo of wheat, was sunk by the Eitel Friedrich, as the wheat was for a British port. Captain and crew of twenty-five are on board the Eitel Friedrich. There were no Englishmen among her passengers. Quite a number of women and children."

When Secretary Daniels was asked what the probable action would be with regard to the vessel, he said that these matters were under consideration, but as they involved international questions the State Department would pass upon them.

SUBMARINE U-12 SUNK BY BRITISH

Destroyer Ariel Rams Underseas Craft, Rescuing Ten of Her Crew of Twenty-Eight.

ELEVEN SUNK SINCE FEB. 18?

London Hears That Germany Admits Losing Four, While Seven More Are Missing.

LONDON, Thursday, March 11.—The German submarine U-12 was sent to the bottom yesterday, according to a statement issued by the British Admiralty, and ten of her crew were saved by the torpedo boat destroyer Ariel, which rammed her.

A Copenhagen dispatch to The Daily Mail says:

"It is reported in German naval circles that eleven submarines have been lost since Feb. 18. The loss of four of these has been officially admitted, while seven have been missing for nearly three weeks."

In an Admiralty report issued early in the day it was stated that the submarine sunk by the Ariel was the U-20, one of the newest under-water craft. This evening, however, it was learned that the vessel was the U-12, one of the smaller and older submarines, which had paid more than one visit to British waters since the war began, and had done considerable damage to British shipping.

The Admiralty statement said:

"Later and more detailed reports have now been received which establish the fact that the German submarine which was rammed and sunk by H. M. S. Ariel was the U-12, and that out of her crew of twenty-eight the number saved was ten."

The captured crew will be deprived of all special privileges, as was done in the case of the men on board the U-8, and they will be held for trial in connection with the sinking of merchant vessels.

The U-12 was of the class built in 1910-11. Her displacement was 250 tons, and she had a maximum cruising radius of 1,200 miles. She was armed with three 18-inch torpedo tubes and two one-pound high-angle guns. She had a speed of 13 knots above water and 8 knots submerged.

The U-12 has taken an active part in the German operations against British shipping. On Feb. 21 she sank the small Irish coasting steamer Downshire in the Irish Sea, after giving the crew five minutes in which to leave their ship.

The U-12 is the seventh German submarine destroyed since the beginning of the war, according to official statements given out in London. The others are the U-15, sunk by the British cruiser Birmingham in August; the U-18, rammed and sunk by a British patrol boat Nov. 23, and three unidentified submersibles officially declared lost on Oct. 26, Oct. 30, and Feb. 28. The sixth submarine to be destroyed was the U-8, which was sunk off Dover, March 4.

LOOKS TO AMERICA TO CONDEMN RAIDS

London Times Says We Will Not Be Deceived by Germans' Talk of Reprisals.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, March 11.—The Times, in an editorial under the caption "Piracy and American Opinion," referring to the destruction of civilian lives by German submarines, says:

"Dernburg and his band of German agents working in the United States under his orders have been trying very hard to persuade Americans that this system of killing civilian crews and civilian passengers at sight within the war area is no worse than the action of this country in intercepting German food supplies—they strive to persuade Americans that it was England who was the original wrongdoer; that it was Germany and not England who has been driven to engage in reprisals and that these reprisals are not more wicked and inhuman than the acts which have provoked them. If any small section of American opinion has been deluded by these sophistries it can easily correct its conclusions by reference to simple and authentic facts."

The Times then sets forth the doings of the German submarines since the beginning of February. Some eighteen British merchantmen or passenger boats were attacked, torpedoes being fired at most of them, often without warning. Two were hospital ships, and two were packet boats, one carrying ninety-two passengers, including twenty-one women, the other carrying fifty passengers. The Germans killed at least sixty-six non-combatants.

"We need not write words," says The Times, "on the moral quality of these acts—they are plainly piratical and murderous. They are inspired by the same spirit as is the campaign of 'frightfulness' in Belgium and in France; as was the naval bombardment of Yarmouth, Scarbrough, and Whitby, and as was the air raid upon Kings Lynn. The United States Government have recorded in their note to Germany what the consequences might be did these practices cause the loss of American lives or American ships. We have no doubt whatever on this point, and on all which it invoves by necessary implication. The American people very thoroughly agree with the American Government."

As regards what England has done within the same period, The Time says:

"She has detained the Wilhelmina and decided to bring her cargo into a prize court; that is the head and front of her offending. She has not molested neutral vessels carrying foodstuffs to Germany except upon the ground that such foodstuffs are liable to capture if destined for enemy forces or governments—that is all that we have done. Whatever steps we may take in the future we have not taken or endangered a single German life at sea save by fair and open warfare; we have sunk no German ships without notice and without taking off those on board; we have fired no shells into German watering places and dropped no bombs in German villages. The overwhelming majority of Americans, we feel sure, discern this absurdity very clearly. They have learned a good deal about German manoeuvres lately and they perceive that the real object of Dernburg and his friends in talking about reprisals is to force America and other neutral States into a controversy with the Allies.

"It is to our interest to be well with neutrals, and it is both to our interest and our strong desire for reasons very different from those of interest to be well with American neutrals. We believe that almost the whole American people reciprocate that desire. We believe, too, that they know England well enough not to be misled by the angry criticisms upon American neutrality which found their way into one or two English newspapers. Like the foolish and ill-judged discourtesy which we have heard with astonishment certain ultra-patriotic Englishmen have displayed toward Americans, criticisms of the kind represent nothing but the feeling of individuals. British democracy has been learning for many years to know and trust the democracy of America.

"They understand very well the historic and other reasons for which the great English-speaking republic stands aloof in 'real neutrality' from quarrels of the Old World, but they feel with no less assurance and with deepest satisfaction that under that 'real neutrality' there glows a strong and ardent sympathy with the cause of progress and of freedom. It could not be otherwise. Americans remember they are our kinsfolk; they remember still more that on the greatest and widest of human issues—issues which are directly raised in this war—their ideals and our ideals are fundamentally at one."

Official Reports of War Operations

FRANCE.

PARIS.—*Night Report.*—In Belgium the town of Nieuport has been very violently bombarded with 42-centimetre guns.

Between the Lys and the Canal of La Bassée the British army, supported by French heavy artillery, has achieved an important success. It has carried the village of Neuve Chapelle, to the east of the road from Estaires to La Bassée, and has progressed to the northeast of this village in the direction of Aubers and to the southeast in the direction of the Bois de Riez.

It has taken a thousand prisoners, among whom are several officers, and has captured also some machine guns. The German losses were very heavy.

In the Champagne region the enemy on various occasions on the night of March 9-10, and in the day of the 10th, counter-attacked with great violence, but did not gain an inch of ground. We have consolidated and broadened our positions on the ridge which we seized, inflicting very heavy losses on our assailants.

On the heights of the Meuse our artillery has completely demolished a number of the enemy's trenches.

There is nothing to report on the east front.

Day Report.—North of Arras, in the region of Notre Dame de Lorette, the night was quiet and the situation is unchanged.

The importance of our progress yesterday in Champagne is confirmed. A violent German counter-attack made on Ridge 196 was vigorously repulsed, and we gained a little ground along the road from Perthes to Tahure. On the hill northeast of Mesnil our infantry, after having carried the German works mentioned in the last communication, reached a hill beyond.

In the Argonne, at Fontaine Madame, we demolished a blockhouse and pushed our trenches eighty meters forward. Between Four de Paris and Bollante the enemy, in an afternoon attack, took from us trenches we had captured in the morning. However, a fresh attack gave us possession of them once more. The enemy then attacked again, and, according to the latest information, the fighting continues.

GERMANY.

BERLIN.—The military activity has been restricted generally by snow and cold weather, and in the Vosges it had to be almost entirely discontinued. Only in the Champagne region has the fighting continued. At Souain, after protracted fighting at close quarters the Bavarian troops were victorious.

To the northeast of Le Mesnil the enemy at certain points temporarily penetrated our lines. After a determined night engagement with French reserves, which had been hurried up in support, and which were prevented from attacking by our counter-attacks, we finally dislodged the enemy from his positions.

With the battle of today and those of the last few days the Winter battle in Champagne has come to an end, and no future events can change anything in the situation.

The battle began, as reported, on Feb. 17 at the order of the French General Staff to break through at any cost so as to bring relief to the hard-pressed Russians in the Mazurian Lakes region. This shows that the intention of the enemy of breaking through and the order of the French General Staff were not able to be carried out, and they have obtained only the smallest advances, which are not worthy of mention.

We have taken more than 2,540 wounded prisoners, including 35 officers. Naturally, our losses were heavy, but such sacrifices were not in vain. The enemy's losses were at least three times as heavy as ours, and are estimated at 45,000 in Champagne.

This result was obtained by the heroic conduct of the German troops and by the circumspection and tenacity of their officers. General von Einem, as well as Commanding Generals Riemann and Fleck, were in the uninterrupted day and night fights.

The enemy has thrown into the field since Feb. 16 more than six complete army corps and stupendous quantities of heavy artillery ammunition of their own and American production. Often more than 100,000 shots have been fired within twenty-four hours against the German front, extending about five miles, which is defended by two weak Rhenish divisions of Rhinelanders.

A renewed attempt on the part of the Russians to advance on Augustowo resulted in failure. The fighting to the northwest of Ostrolenko continues. The fighting to the northwest and to the west of Przasnysz is assuming an aspect favorable to us, and our attack to the northwest of Nowomiasto is progressing.

RUSSIA.

PETROGRAD.—In the region of Suwalki our offensive continues with success. Near Seyny and Krasnopol our cavalry took about 200 German infantrymen prisoners.

Yesterday and the day before the enemy fired a large number of 12-inch shells at Ossowetz.

There was a serious artillery engagement along the entire front on the right bank of the Narew River. From Khorjele toward Przasnysz and along the River Orjitz the enemy attacked with considerable force, made up of troops drawn from the region of Grodno and of men brought from the interior of Germany.

On the left bank of the Vistula, in the region of the Pilica River, our counter-attacks were successful, despite lively resistance. We captured several hundred prisoners and took some machine guns. We continued to advance. Near Lopuschko we repulsed day and night attacks, which the Germans delivered in close formation.

On the Donajec there was a heavy bombardment.

In the Carpathians the Austrians delivered numerous attacks along the entire front from Gorlice as far as the Uszok Pass, but they all were beaten back with heavy losses.

There have been no important changes in Eastern Galicia.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA.—In Russian Poland vigorous fighting continues.

In Western Galicia our troops have captured still more ground south of Gorlice. In storming one trench more than 200 prisoners were taken.

Fighting conditions being more favorable yesterday, our artillery had an evident success in some sections of the Carpathian front. The line close to our front which had been occupied by the enemy was evacuated by him, owing to the flanking fire of our artillery. The enemy sustained severe losses. At one position on this front we captured 300 prisoners and much war material.

Calm prevails in Southeast Galicia. North of Nadworna an attack by an inferior Russian force was repulsed; at other points several advancing Russian battalions were repelled, and in the pursuit 190 men were captured.

Nothing has happened in Bukowina recently. On the northern bank of the Pruth, near Czernowitz, only skirmishes have occurred.

GREEK GOVERNMENT IS FOR NEUTRALITY

Cabinet Takes Oath of Office and Issues a Declaration Regarding the Crisis.

LONDON, March 10.—A Reuter dispatch from Athens says the new Greek Cabinet took the oath of office today. It also gives the following Ministerial declaration, which was communicated to the newspapers:

"For Greece, after her victorious wars, a long period of peace was an imperative necessity in order to enable the Government to work for the prosperity of the country. The organization of the public services and land and sea forces and the development of the wealth of the country to guarantee Greece against any attack on what she acquired at the cost of such great sacrifice was necessary to enable the Government to carry out a program of serving the interests of the State and to adopt a policy conforming to the national traditions.

"In these circumstances the observance of neutrality was imperative from the very beginning of the European crisis.

"It was, and always is, the absolute duty of Greece to fulfill her treaty obligations as an ally and to seek satisfaction for her interests, without, however, compromising the integrity of her territory.

"The Government, conscious of the duty of thus serving the interests of the country, is convinced that the patriotism of the people will insure the entire security of those interests."

TURKS FAR FROM EGYPT.

LONDON, Thursday, March 11.—A dispatch to The Daily Telegraph from Cairo says:

"A British airship reconnoissance shows that there are no Turkish troops within a fortnight's march of the Suez Canal."

FRENCH LOST 45,000, AND MADE NO GAINS

Germans Say Their Three Weeks' Attack in Champagne Has Failed.

INVADERS' LINE PIERCED

Berlin Admits Heavy Losses, but Says They Were Less Than One-third of the Enemy's

LONDON, March 10.—Operations in the Champagne section of the western front are at a standstill, the French offensive having failed at a fearful cost, if the reports from Berlin are to be credited. The battle, which began Feb. 17 and ended today, fought with the object of breaking the German line and forcing the withdrawal of troops from the Russian front, has achieved only the slightest success, says the German War Office.

While the latter admits heavy losses, it asserts that the French casualties were at least three times as great, amounting to 45,000. If these estimates are justified, the losses on both sides in three weeks of fighting in the Champagne district alone must have been in the neighborhood of 60,000.

"To the northeast of Le Mesnil," the German report proceeds, "the enemy at certain points temporarily penetrated our lines. After a determined night engagement with French reserves, which had been hurried up in support and which were prevented from attacking us by our counter-attacks, we finally dislodged the enemy from his positions."

On the other hand, the French official report announces that the gains made in Champagne have been consolidated, and that heavy losses have been inflicted upon the Germans.

An important Franco-British success is chronicled as having been won between the River Lys and the Canal of La Bassée. The village of Neuve Chapelle has been captured, and 1,000 German prisoners and several machine guns have been taken. The Germans lost heavily in killed and wounded.

LIGHT ON ASTURIAS ATTACK.

No Chance for Germans to Mistake Hospital Ship, Says Macnamara.

LONDON, March 10.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons today as to whether there was any validity in Germany's excuse that the submarine which tried to torpedo the British hospital ship Asturias was unable to discern the distinctive marks on that vessel because of darkness, Dr. Thomas J. Macnamara, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, said:

"The master of the Asturias reports that it was at 5:15 P. M. on a clear day and light, leaving no possibility of the identity of the ship being mistaken."

Dr. Macnamara added that several officers and a number of other persons aboard the Asturias saw a torpedo and observed the submarine following the vessel.

"As the submarine was thus plainly seen, it is difficult to believe that the identity of the hospital ship was not equally plain," he said.

DACIA'S OWNER PROTESTS.

Breitung Employs French Marine Lawyer to Defend Prize Case.

PARIS, March 10.—E. N. Breitung of New York, owner of the steamer Dacia, has entered a protest against the seizure of his vessel by the French maritime authorities. He has engaged Paul Govare, President of the French Association of Maritime Law, to defend his interests.

The Dacia belonged formerly to the Hamburg-American Line. She changed her registry and became an American ship after the outbreak of hostilities. Laden with cotton and destined to Germany, she was on her way from the United States to Rotterdam when picked up at sea by a French cruiser and taken into Brest. Her case is to be decided by the French Prize Court.

The Dacia's crew have been ordered home by the French Government, and the men are now on their way to New York aboard the steamship France, which sailed from Havre on Sunday, according to cable advices received here today. Capt. McDonald, her skipper, has remained at Brest. It is inferred here that the crew is returning to New York at the expense of the French Government.

The suggestion has been made to the State Department at Washington that the Dacia may be permitted to proceed to her destination under bond to be filed by her owner.

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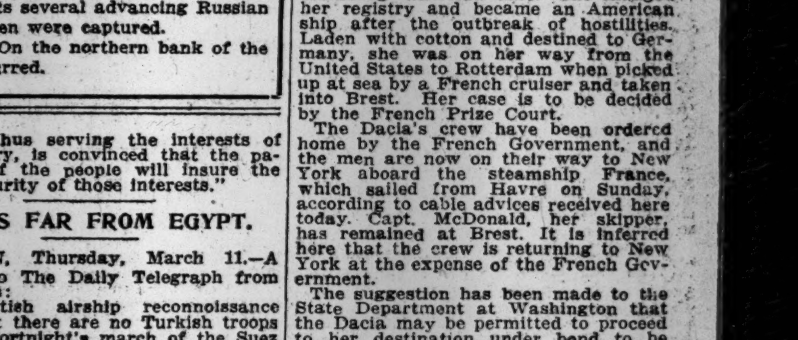

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'SILENT GENERAL' OF KAISER TALKS

Von Woyrsch, Fighting the Russians, Says He Wishes They Were English.

HAS PITY FOR THE FRENCH

Tells The Times Correspondent They Are "Dying for England, Who Started It All."

HE WAS 'SUPERANNUATED'

Sixty-seven Years Old and Retired, He Volunteered and Now Leads a Landwehr Corps.

From a Staff Correspondent of THE TIMES.

HEADQUARTERS OF A GERMAN ARMY IN POLAND, Feb. 14.—As a result of a successful "offensive" that carried me deep into Poland, I have the honor to present Generaloberst von Woyrsch, Commander in Chief of the army that bears his name, instead of a number, to American readers. I had never heard of him before—probably few TIMES readers have; but gunning for German Generals is the most profitable sport in the world—you can't go wrong—every one you bag is good, for the incompetent ones have all been weeded out long ago. And so I jumped at the chance of adding the scalp of this last of the Mohicans to my collection, for all the other commanders of the Kaiser's armies had, to the best of my knowledge, been taken into camp by militant journalists.

The "silent General" proved to have a personality with a punch, and, what made him of immediate American interest, to be the living image of the late J. Pierpont Morgan, on a slightly smaller scale. A grizzled old warrior of few words, blunt, and interview-proof. I might have tried to extract an interview from the rock of Gibraltar with equal success; there was nothing in the armory of wiles of even an American reporter which could produce a column flow of words—or a half column. Not from any congenital unwillingness on his part, however.

"My line is fighting, not talking," he said with grim good nature, after a kindly welcome to his table.

The prolific silence of von Woyrsch proved even more fascinating than the table talk of the more fluent-" featured " Generals in the West. He is a man of one idea, with "Russians on the brain," whose almost uncanny concentration on his job makes you realize vividly the more terrible character of the death grapple of the giant armies in the East.

The Unfailing German Appetite.

Now, there is one infallible barometer for gauging the state of the military operations on the German side, and that is mealtime. I shall begin to tremble for the fate of the German Empire when I learn that commanding Generals fail to take time out to consume simple, but hearty meals with manifest enjoyment. More specifically, if I can see a German General eat soup, I know now instinctively whether things are coming his way or not, and the way this chunkey, bull-necked, bullet-headed old fighter surrounded a large plate of thick pea soup augured inauspiciously for the Russians. He wasn't worrying, obviously.

"What is the situation, your Excellency?" I angled.

"I understand from the papers that the Russians are planning a new offensive," he said, with a cat-about-to-eat-the-canary smile. But it was from the young staff officer at my right that I learned the explanatory bit of inside history—that the "silent General" had blocked a Russian mass play directed at his part of the line (rather too close to midfield for comfort) with a vicious tackle that threw the opposing Russian Army for a fifty kilometer loss; for, in the illuminating terminology of American football, Hindenburg is the brilliant quarterback who runs off the signals, Mackensen the star halfback, at his best in a broken field, Woyrsch, the husky right tackle, who is counted on to break up the mass plays and hit the line hard when his turn comes to carry the ball. These are the big three of the fast German team in the East.

Simplicity, a total absence of formality, and typically German "Gemütlichkeit" marked the midday sitting down together of the General and his staff. A 40-foot table had been pitched down the length of the assembly room of what was formerly a Polish National Club. The Commander in Chief had a centre seat, and was flanked on either side by two high Austrian officers. I noticed half a dozen other Austrian officers at table, all members of his staff, and he satisfied my curiosity by explaining that he had certain Austrian units in his army, (he told me what kind and how many,) "fighting shoulder to shoulder with their German comrades, and fighting well."

"Russians Have No Ideals."

Of the Russian soldiers generally he said:

"They are brave and tough. What's the matter with them? They lack school education. Our men fight for an idea, an ideal. The Russian soldier has no ideals. He fights because he is told to. He doesn't know why. That is why you Americans would make unbeatable soldiers—because your standard of public school education is high."

The General had a tart epigrammatic commentary on the "Allied lies" about friction between Austrians and Germans.

"It's a hopeful sign when the enemy is driven to pervert the truth," he said.

General von Woyrsch is said to be slightly deaf, but a little conscious experimenting showed that there was no word he could not hear, even when whispered. He pricked up his ears interestedly when he heard a reference to England.

"My only regret is that I am fighting against the Russians and not against the English," he said, and the members of his staff were with him as one man on that proposition. Still, the General was a hardened optimist. Would he like to run over to England with his old Silesian Landwehr corps? He intimated it was rather a leading question, till I informed him that I had asked General von Emmich the same thing, and that the military censor had passed both question and answer.

"Sorry for the French."

"That may come yet, I hope," he said. For the French, however, he had a soft spot in his heart, for he had been through the war of 1870, and expressed the idea in most Germans' minds, saying:

"The French, from all I have heard, are fighting bravely—what one would have expected of them. All honor to them! Poor fellows, I feel sorry for them. Fighting England's battle; dying for England, who started it all."

In our next round the laconic General scored with a phrase which I commend especially to the thoughtful American readers, because the whole war psychology of the Germans is packed into its three words. I expressed some surprise that none of the many churches I had so far seen in Poland had been damaged by shells, and that there had apparently been no Polish Rheims Cathedral.

"No German likes to shoot at a church tower," the General said, thoughtfully. "But if the enemy insists on using it for observation purposes, then—the Fatherland first."

His Excellency here told his only after-dinner anecdote of the time when, as a Lieutenant, he stood before Paris in 1871.

"It was at the beginning of the bombardment of Paris. Our old battery chief said significantly: 'Gentlemen, take your last look at the splendid dome of St. Denis.'

"'But his Majesty has specially ordered that the Church of St. Denis be spared,' his Adjutant reminded him.

"'Well, one can shoot past it, I suppose,' growled the surly battery chief."

The reported large shipments of arms and ammunition from America to the Allies has become one of the livest, burning topics in Germany, but I couldn't get a rise out of the canny General on the subject, for he merely answered: "I know nothing about contraband. I had some friends in America. I suppose they would go around the corner now if they saw me coming to keep from meeting a 'barbarian,'" he added.

I asked him who was the commanding General of the opposing Russian army.

"I don't know—and I don't care," he answered to my surprise. I suggested that not to know whom he was fighting must be like fighting in the dark.

"Not exactly," he explained. "I know all I need to know—how many and what corps are opposite me. The name of the General doesn't matter. At that it's an even bet that he has a German name."

Officers Teetotalers by Compulsion

I had with difficulty restrained my journalistic curiosity about a discovery throughout lunch. The commanding General was drinking—bottled mineral water. So were most of his staff. Had the invaders fallen victims to the Czar's temperance propaganda? I was about to pluck up courage and request an explanation of the mystery when the Quartermaster arrived and announced unexpected glad tidings. He had just received a telegram that a trainload of French red wine—100,000 bottles and 320 barrels strong—was speeding their way.

"How did you ever manage it?" the General asked his Quartermaster, who, for a time at least, had solved the thirst problem in Poland; no joke, but a grimly serious problem, by the way, as I learned from the Surgeon General of the army, for the men at the front had been fighting for weeks on boiled water and tea, because well water au naturel was unsafe to drink, the retreating Russians having left typhoid and cholera in their wake."

The commanding General gave me a sudden deep insight into the inwardness of things when I asked him how it was possible for him to sit and drink coffee and smoke with me for several hours, when to my mind he ought to be dashing off to his maps and problems of strategy and tactics.

"My job is not a hard one. I have nothing to do but to see to it that the Russians get lambasted good and hard," he answered.

I had noticed the Kaiser's trademark of quality, the dark blue maltese cross of the 'Pour le Merite' at his throat, but General von Woyrsch could not be lured into talking about his deeds. From his young acting Chief of Staff, however, I learned that his Excellency was another of the superannuated ones who had "come back" from the retired list and made good. Sixty-seven years old, retired for three years, he volunteered his services and the Kaiser gave him command of a Silesian Landwehr Corps—an historic character, if only for the fact that he was the first to scramble over the boundary after the gong sounded and led the way into Poland with his fighting Silesians, crossing the Vistula in four weeks, which is considered fast time by the military sharps, and for this received the Iron Cross, First Class, from the Overwarlord, and also the command of an army. The Pour le Merite, however, was not for advancing, but for judicious retreating till the psychological spot and moment, stopping the particular Russian steamroller that was advertised as en route for Berlin via Breslau, and push it gently back.

Youthful Staff Officers.

The average youthfulness of the staffs here in the east as compared with the west was interesting and significant. Here were mere youngsters holding down jobs of colossal responsibility—a circumstance which indicates that in the east the younger officers are getting every chance to advance rapidly on a straight "merit regardless of seniority" basis, and are encouraged to take the initiative in emergencies and do some original thinking. And the combination of old head and young one seems to have proved a success; it probably accounts for the livelier, more aggressive, almost American spirit of confidence among the Kaiser's men in the east as compared with the quiet though teeth-gritting determination to win in the west.

The trust of the leader in his staff and the trust of the staff in their leader the General thought to be the principal ingredients of success. "Team work," he said. "We older men lean on the young men, and all work together to destroy the enemy. It is this working together between staff and commander that has made us great."

HALF HUNGARIAN ARMY GONE.

Deputies Said to Have Warned Government Situation Is Desperate.

GENEVA, March 10.—The Tribune has received a telegram from Budapest in which it is affirmed that an important faction of Hungarian Deputies has presented a signed declaration to the Hungarian Government asserting that the situation in Hungary politically and economically is desperate.

Half of the Hungarian Army has been destroyed, it is declared, a number of the regiments having lost three-quarters of their strength.

39 PHYSICANS DEAD IN FEVER-SWEPT SERBIA

Disease Adds to Hospital Horrors That Brave American Red Cross Staff Must Face.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, March 11.—The Daily Chronicle publishes the following dispatch from a special correspondent dated from a Town in Serbia, and received yesterday:

"At Gevgeli, a southern frontier town of Serbia, I first read the new chapter of the war in that heroic country. At the American Hospital at Gevgeli half the force are ill, and the other half are struggling to save them. The mission came out two months ago to find 1,000 wounded in a big tobacco factory. Since then the number has been swollen to 2,500, and the medical work with the fever has become a major problem.

"'We are used to most things,' said a plucky young Kansas nurse, 'used to bad food, used to the terrible signs of bad sanitation and insufficient care of the cases who filter down to us from the northern hospitals. Water is imperative, and with us every drop has to be fetched in buckets from a distance. Air is imperative, but we have no tents and may not break the windows in the hospital because there are not eough blankets to go round.'

"In rows the men lie on straw ticks or the bare floor. Fever is a disease which thrives on conditions inevitable in crowded quarters such as hospitals. Those acquainted only with Red Cross work on the western front can have no idea of misery in the East. Servants turn panic stricken and fly in the night. Thirty-nine doctors have given their lives in the last two months, one of them a member of Lady Paget's mission at Uskub. An appeal to the English War Office last week was met by Lord Kitchener's offer of twenty army doctors. The gratitude of the Serbian officials was unbounded.

"In the meantime, despite the stalking spectre of infection, the Serbian people have kept up splendid hope. Nish, ordinarily a dirty village of 20,000 has now a population of over 100,000. To obtain the worst room in the worst hotel is a struggle that requires the intervention of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

"To the oxen of Serbia belong some of the honors of the war. They, and they alone, have been able to transport cannon and rations on vehicles hub deep in the mud of the Serbian roads. They do their work almost without food and without rest. They haul water for miles to some of the camps."

GERMANS DRIVE AT RUSSIAN LINE

Recruits from Interior Used in Attempt to Break Past Northern Fortresses.

EICHORN'S RETREAT HARRIED

Cossacks Cut Into Hard-Pressed Army, Which Abandons Supply Train to Save Guns.

PILICA ATTACK A FAILURE

Kaiser's Armies Said to Have Lost 100,000 Killed and Wounded in a Month.

LONDON, Thursday, March 11.—Balked at other points, the Germans are making another attempt to break through the Russian line of fortresses in Northern Poland. They are advancing from Chorzelle, on the East Prussian frontier, along the Orzyc River and by the roads leading southward to Przasnysz. This is one of the routes the Germans took in their great rush from East Prussia in February, which finally ended in their defeat at Przansysz.

For their new attempt they have brought up troops which have been operating in the region of Grodno and some of the new army which has been training since the outbreak of the war in the interior of Germany.

The point selected for the attack is the most favorable along the East Prussian front, for the splendid railway system can bring troops and their supplies to the border, from which good roads lead to Przasnysz. A big battle is developing in this region, while one of almost equal importance is in progress further north, in the region of Suwalki, where the Russians have pressed the Germans back to their own border.

The Russians appear to have successfully countered the German offensive on the Pilica River, and in the Carpathians they are withstanding continued attacks along the whole front.

Frost Aids Russian Advance.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, March 10, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—All the tactics by which the Germans have been trying during the last week to avoid a general battle across the border country in North Poland are failing Field Marshal von Hindenburg's advance from East Prussia has been effectively crushed, especially in the northern curve. Hard frost now helps the Russians as the attacking side.

In the centre Gen. Eichorn's army, retreating as a beaten force from the Niemen, was partially pierced on Monday by Russian cavalry somewhat south of the region between Mariampol and Augustowo. Besides a great quantity of transport captured during the disorderly German hurry westward, the Russians found scores of laden wagons deserted on the plain. The Germans had taken all available horses and motors from the supply column to help the artillery get away quicker. There are no Germans now near the Niemen. Their foremost position is held by a single corps of Gen. Bülow's army, which is guarding such guns as still are exchanging fire with Ossowetz fortress.

This determined expulsion of the Germans from the northeast has been followed immediately by wide activity from the southern border of East Prussia. The outpost forces on both sides are hotly engaged all the way westward from the frozen woodlands around Volno, where the Russians from Lomza have taken several hundred prisoners, to a new position at Dobrin, where a strong German column from Serpec attempted to seize the cross-roads.

A great attack has been attempted against the right bank of the Vistula at Vyshgorod, above the inflow of the Bzura. A sudden advance was made with its strength closely masked, and it was evidently hoped to find the opposing position only lightly held. In the early hours of Monday afternoon, however, the Russian cavalry were pursuing the Germans up the north road. The enemy's infantry lost terribly in the open charges attempted during the first hours of the advance. They also lost heavily in an attempt from Kolno.

The Germans are employing for actual war operations a great proportion of newly-enlisted conscripts who were expected to be trained inside East Prussia until Spring. They are already urgently required. It is believed that the Germans have lost over 100,000 killed and wounded since the fighting began in the Mazsurian lakes a month ago and developed into the present situation. The Russians have taken 15,000 prisoners in the different battles northeast of Przasnysz since the victory there ten days ago. They now are trying to establish themselves at Chorzelle close to their own frontier as a starting point for an attempted advance south of the same character as was frustrated at Przasnysz. Troop trains are passing eastward inside Prussian territory. Men are apparently being sent by branch lines southward to fill the new lines for the expected battle. Other corps are coming to their support from the abandoned eastern advance.

It seems probable the Germans will aim at creating a great central army around Chorzelle while still hoping to hold the Russians hotly occupied on both flanks in the regions of Ossowetz and Serpec. The Germans would probably require substantial reinforcements from the Western lines for maintaining such a campaign, seeing that the new formations have been so roughly handled during the last fortnight.

Austria evidently has abandoned the campaign against Serbia.

The positions defending Cracow have been yielded to the Germans, and all the remaining fighting strength has been sent to help the twenty-two corps still wrestling desperately in the Carpathian passes. Even with the help of six German corps distributed among them, the entire enterprise, which is seeking some spectacular success for the sake of military honor, appears to be steadily foundering. The East Galician force, which is now attempting to entrench, is the only remaining bulwark between Colomea and Bukowina.

Say Advance from Kolno Failed.

PETROGRAD, March 10.—To remedy the strategical weakness of their position at Ossowetz, which was left open to a Russian outflanking movement by the retirement of the right wing of their northern army toward the Augustowo Forest, the Germans have attempted an advance in force along the road from Kolno to Lomza. The Russian General Staff reports that the attacks failed completely.

Notwithstanding their exposed position at Ossowetz, the Germans continue to concentrate their heaviest attacks at this point. Meanwhile they are conducting desultory operations along the whole front from Augustowo to Drobin, which is twenty miles northeast of Plonsk, in order to distract attention from the Ossowetz battle and cover the retreat of the forces which encountered a reverse at Przasnysz. This force already has retreated close to the border, in the direction between Janow and Mlawa.

With the exception of the German forces at Simno and Ossowetz and those advancing south from Drobin with the evident intent of reaching Vyshgorod the German armies operating in the north of Poland have executed a general retreat to within a few miles of the Prussian boundary. The occasional evidences of offensive activity by the Germans along this front are viewed by the Russian authorities as defensive manoeuvres designed to allow their forces to retreat in good order and to prevent an invasion of their own territory by the Russians.

Russian aviators from Ossowetz succeeded in bombarding a German wagon train at Szozckyn, west of Ossowetz, on the German border.

CAPTURE MANY RUSSIANS.

Austrian Staff Reports Successes in Southern Operations.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Brisk fighting in Russian Poland, and successes over the Russians in the Carpathians and Western Galicia were reported in a Vienna Foreign Office dispatch to the Austro-Hungarian Embassy here today. The dispatch said:

"In Russian Poland brisk fighting continues.

"In Western Galicia, south of Gorlice, the territory conquered by our troops has been still enlarged. An adjoining trench was taken by assault and more than 200 prisoners captured.

"On the Carpathian front our artillery has had visible success. The enemy's position was flanked by our artillery fire and evacuated with great losses to them. In other places 300 prisoners and much war material were taken.

"In Southern Galicia weaker advances of the enemy were repulsed, and we captured 190 prisoners.

"In Bukowina only insignificant skirmishing was reported."

SHOT LIKE RABBITS AS THEY CLIMBED

Hungarian Novelist Describes Russian Attacks in the Carpathian Snow.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, March 11.—The Morning Post's Hungarian correspondent says that Francis Molnar, the popular Hungarian author, contributes a vivid description to the Budapest newspaper, Azest, of two Russian attacks in the Carpathian mountains in the last days of February. His account, which is dated February 27, from the Imperial and Royal Press Headquarters in the Carpathians, is as follows:

"Officially it was reported 'north from the line Bartfeld-Eperges-Fboro the Russian attacks have been unsuccessful.' What this sentence really means I had exceptional opportunity of witnessing in the mountains.

"The Russians toward evening attacked the mountain on the slopes of which, high up, were our trenches. They started from the valley below, but the snow was so deep it had to be shovelled away to make the advance possible. In the steep places steps were cut.

"From the heights the Russians could be seen breaking their way through the snow and slowly creeping upwards in six regularly divided lines, one behind the other. The same distance was kept between the lines as they followed each other, the men being two paces apart. After every man of the first line came five others. This meant that the first or even the second line was destined to fall. These two broke away in the snow, which came up to their necks, so as to make way for three others continuing in their path.

"Our officers warned the Tyrolese troops in the trenches to keep cool, aim slowly and shoot precisely. In the semi-darkness none could see clearly the small black figures as they broke their way through the white snow, as their advance was naturally slow. The sharpshooters simply picked off the first line. They had ample time to aim at a figure two or three times if they happened to miss him at first.

"Then the second and third line followed the path in the snow, but these advanced already in closer line and in our trenches the machine guns began their work. The Russians shot very seldom, for they had enough to do to force their way ahead. The machine gunners thus had ample time to aim accurately, beginning from the first man on the left to the last one on the right flank. Soon all three lines were lying in the snow. Another three of the Russians' lines were still advancing in a way which suggested unparalleled bravery and endurance. Soon, however, they became exhausted. Many were wounded or killed by rifle and machine gun fire and in an hour or so no more figures were seen moving in the snow, many of them having returned to the valley.

"Our officers said they simply did not understand the military meaning of such an attack. They surmised, however, that a General from some other part of the front and ignorant of the nature of the ground had ordered the attack delivered at whatever cost. The six lines were drawn from the gallant Siberian Corps.

"I was present the next day when the prisoners were examined, and these men said that out of three regiments engaged in the attack, only 630 men returned.

"I saw another unsuccessful attack around the village. This village is situated in the valley between two elevated lines; this means that north of the village on top of a hill are the Russians and south of it on the mountain slopes are our trenches. The two lines are firing at each other over the village, and if one side wants to attack the other it has first to descend to the village. The Russians have a serpentine road leading down to the village. Our guns were ranged a week ago on every point of this serpentine road, while the heavy artillery had every house of the village covered.

"The Russians here again proved their utter contempt for death. During the day they descended in small groups from their entrenchments to the village so as to gather there for a contemplated night attack.

"As long as this movement continued we did not touch them, for our commander wanted to know precisely how many of them would come and wished to begin the action only after this had been ascertained.

"Up to the afternoon 800 were counted by our observers and when these were all in the village a message was sent to them from our most advanced trench to surrender, for they were indisputably lost. The answer was sent that they would not surrender. Our brigade Commander then ordered the village to be shelled by heavy guns. The artillery observers reported that in the village, out of 800 men only from 400 to 500 could escape, and they were making their way back on the serpentine road.

"Two batteries of our light artillery and infantry took the escaping Russians under fire on the road and made such havoc among them that only from sixty to seventy remained. These sixty small figures held up their hands, and in this attitude of surrender began to descend again toward the village.

"This attack had also no result whatever. It must have been delivered in pursuance to an order which directed that 'in the western Carpathians continuous attacks are to be delivered,' and it was duly delivered, the Russians defying death and hardship.

Stops Parcel Post to Germany.

MADRID, March 10, (via Paris.)—The Official Journal publishes the announcement that hereafter Spanish Post Offices will accept no parcels consigned to Germany, Austria, or Turkey, in view of the Franco-British declaration that merchandise presumed to have been shipped to or from countries with which they are at war would be seized.

GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH

Ask for the Non-refillable Bottle with the Green Stripe.

ANDREW USHER & CO., Edinburgh.

SAY GERMANS SHOT LAGGING PRISONER

Aged Civilians the Victims—French Officially Charge Many Instances of Cruelty.

HERDED INTO CATTLE CARS

Men, Women, and Children Near Starvation Then and Even Now, Investigators Report.

PARIS, March 10.—The treatment of French civilian prisoners by the Germans is the subject of a report issued by the Foreign Office today. This report, the work of a standing committee appointed by the French Government to inquire into alleged violations of international law, relates that about 10,000 French—men, women, and children—returned from Germany to France prior to Feb. 28, after having been held as prisoners of war, were questioned by the committee. The only males among them were over 60 years old or boys under 17.

The investigators cite in detail a number of instances of hardships, ill-treatment, and suffering. The declarations of the individuals questioned show a remarkable accord.

The committee consisted of Georges Payelle, President of the Court of Accounts; Georges Maringer, Councilor of State; Armand Mollard, Minister Plenipotentiary, and Edmond Poillot, Councilor of the Court of Cassation. Their report, addressed to Premier Viviani, reads in part:

"We questioned 300 of the former prisoners under oath. Some of them declare that they were arrested on the false pretext that one of their townsmen had fired on German soldiers, while others were arrested on the high roads, in the fields, or in their homes without explanation. Many of them were led to believe that they were being conducted to neighboring communes to be safe from the danger of an impending battle. Members of the same family were separated and sent to different camps. Children were separated from their mothers and women from their husbands. Many women are still in ignorance of the whereabouts of their husbands.

"All the prisoners were obliged to travel long distances on foot, passing their nights in the open, or in railroad stations, or churches. They were then loaded into cattle cars and so taken into Germany. Generally speaking, they were not supplied with food during the journey, and most of them remained several days without food or drink. Many would have perished had they not received succor on their way at the hands of Belgian women.

"Prisoners from Roubaix were loaded into cattle cars so close that it was impossible for them to sit down. They remained in these cars for seventy-two hours, during which time they received food only twice. Nineteen men were taken prisoners at Varennes at the beginning of the German retreat from the Marne. One of them, named Jourdaine, was shot at Coulombs. A man named Lieven, 61 years old, was dragged into a cemetery at Chouy and shot. A man named Menil, aged 67, was killed by a rifle shot at the same place. Milliardet, aged 78, was shot at Chazy-en-Orxo. All these men were killed because they were not able to keep up with the column.

"On Sept. 28 Coimbee, aged 61, suffering from a fractured foot, and Fortin, aged 65, crippled with rheumatism and unable to walk without a cane, were arrested on the pretext that they were guerrillas. Fortin was tied up with a rope, the end of which was held by a mounted man. Thus was he dragged along and obliged to keep pace with the horses. Falling repeatedly, the cavalrymen struck him with their lances. Finally, covered with blood, this unfortunate begged the soldiers to kill him.

"At St. Maurice-sous-les-Cotes two prisoners were taken into a house and compelled to stand facing a wall with their arms extended. Here they were kept for two hours, while their soldier captives made much ado with their guns to create the impression that they were about to be executed. Many instances were cited of prisoners being obliged to make long journeys without food."

The report describes conditions at certain concentration camps in Germany, and sets forth that at some places prisoners without money are almost dying of hunger.

LONDON, March 10.—The German Government has agreed to an extension of the arrangement for exchanges of wounded prisoners of war who are incapacitated for further military service. In deference to the expressed desire of Pope Benedict, Germany has expressd willingnss to modify this arrangement so as to include the exchange of civilians who, on account of their physical condition, are unable to bear arms.

LIPTON IDOLIZED BY SERBS.

"Tchika Toma's" Stories Repeated from Uskub to Belgrade.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, March 11.—The Daily Mail's Nish correspondent says:

"Sir Thomas Lipton has come to be known throughout Serbia as Tchika Toma ('Uncle Tom'). He brought a Red Cross party to Serbia in his yacht Erin and during his stay was lionized by all sections of the population from the King downward. The city of Nish conferred its freedom on him. Various municipalities gave banquets. His appearances on the street were occasions of great popular demonstrations.

"Sir Thomas Lipton is convinced of the urgent need of the Serbian nation. He realizes that their worst enemy is disease, and that help must come quickly. Hospital comforts, drugs, clothes, and food are urgently needed. They are wanted in shiploads, in thousands of tons. And doctors and nurses in sufficient numbers could save many lives."

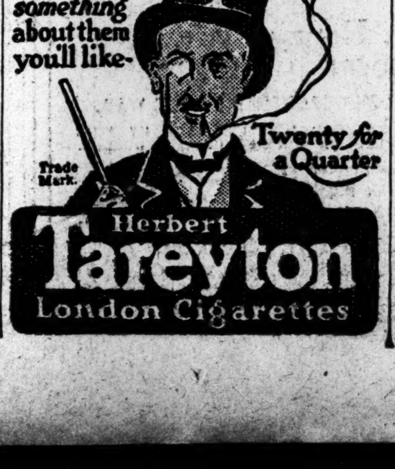
The correspondent adds that Sir Thomas delighted every one with his jokes and stories and today they are passing from mouth to mouth in their translated state from Uskub to Belgrade.

KAISER'S SON-IN-LAW ILL.

Duke of Brunswick Suffers Incurable Nervous Breakdown.

LONDON, March 10.—The Evening News publishes a dispatch from Copenhagen which says that Ernst August, Duke of Brunswick and son-in-law of Emperor William, is suffering from a nervous breakdown, which probably is incurable.

The Duke, who went to the front soon after the outbreak of the war, became ill while fighting in France.


There's something about them you'll like-
Twenty for a Quarter
Trade Mark.
Herbert Tareyton London Cigarettes

TO NURSE IN BELGIAN ARMY.

Red Cross Sends Two Full Units—Reports of Relief Funds.

The Red Cross announced yesterday that on request of Surgeon General De Page of the Belgian Red Cross, the American organization will send to Europe for service with the Belgian Army two Red Cross units of three skilled surgeons and twelve nurses each.

The Red Cross Fund now totals $467,779.75, of which amount $818.48 was received yesterday. Subscriptions should be sent to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer, 52 William Street, or 130 East Twenty-second Street. Yesterday's contributions of $10 or more follow:

Paterson, N. J., nurses	$501	City Park Branch, First Presby. Ch., Brooklyn	$28
Westchester Red Cross	280		

Reward Goes to Belgian Fund.

The Commission for Relief in Belgium, 71 Broadway, received yesterday a check for $25 from Newborg & Co., brokers, of 60 Broadway. The donation was the result of the return of negotiable securities valued at $25,000, found outside the door of 71 Broadway by H. F. Wightman of the purchasing department of the commission. Mr. Wightman found the package containing the securities last Thursday. He declined a reward and the brokers donated the check.

The Belgian Relief Fund was increased by $3,419.87 yesterday and now amounts to $969,851.24. Subscriptions should be sent to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, or to the Belgian Relief Committee, 8-10 Bridge Street. Yesterday's contributors who gave $10 or more were:

Mrs. W. B. Cutting	$1,000	Mrs. G. L. Smidt	$25
Woonsocket Fund	350	Group young people	25
Normal School, Mt. Pleasant, Mich.	241	P. P.	200
F. H. Osborn	100	Mrs. W. P. Witherbee	25
J. E. Wayland	100	Ref. Dutch S. S., Flatbush	10
C. C. Wilson	100	Mrs. W. Sinclair	20
Edna White	10	F. G. Barker	25
A. L. Esberg	50	Mrs. M. W. Barnum	10
Miss M. W. White	50	Mrs. K. G. Gere	25
P. F. Miller	50	Mrs. J. T. Thompson	10
E. F Whitney	100	Mrs. F. K. Curtis	10
Robert Hogg	100	Mrs. I. Achill	10
Mrs C. R. Flint	10	G. E. Tilney	20
B. Winthrop	10	Nurse	10
Horace White	10	M. L. Vander Veer	10
W. L. Suydam	10	Mrs. H. L. Stinson	10
A. Howes	10	Jeanne D. Rice	10
A. J. Newbury	10	R. H. & S. H. Thayer	15
Presb. S. S., Geneva, N. Y.	22	Grace F. Bement	15
Mrs. F. T. Ward	25	Thyrzette	10
M. W. Nash	25	Howe Sch., Indiana	16
R. H. B.	15	R. H. Eurich	20
Watkins	20	G. C. Neal	10
A Friend	10	C. S. Burns	20
Mrs. W. S. Sloan	25	Calandar Com	11
R. J. Eldlitz	20	Mary S. Autt	10
Emma E. Thacher	10		
R. J. Trevorrow	28		
Mrs. J. M. Woolsey	10		

Gifts to Mercy Fund.

The Committee of Mercy Fund now totals $124,800.19. Of this amount $313.25 was received yesterday. Subscriptions should be sent to August Belmont, Treasurer, 200 Fifth Avenue. Yesterday's subscriptions of $10 or more were:

Mrs. J. J. Phillips, Hackensack	$25	S. W.	$100
J. M. Cherry, Jersey City	25	J. McCullough, Bennington, Vt.	50
Miss Luella Carter, Bellevue, Neb.	20	F. K. Swartz, Hoboken	10

French Women's Relief Fund.

The fund for the relief of the women and children of France, subscriptions to which should be sent to Mrs. Whitney Warren, 16 East Forty-seventh Street, was increased by $40 yesterday. The fund now totals $60,999.97.

British War Relief Fund.

The British War Relief Association, 132 West Twenty-seventh Street, acknowledges the following donations of $10 or more:

Mrs. O. Herford	$1,660	Annie Mowat	$25
Mabel E. Clark	500	Mrs. R. A. Jones	25
Bishop Courtney	86	A. W. Evans	25
F. H. McCullagh	100	Mrs. Thayer	25
Miss C. E. Crompton	100	Mrs. A. S. Porter, Jr.	25
Beatrice Sorchan	100	John Buckle	10
Mrs. O. A. Mullen	50	R. Hargreaves	100
Mrs. Walford	25		

Vacation Fund Gifts.

The Vacation War Relief Committee, 38 West Thirty-ninth Street, of which Miss Anne Morgan is Treasurer, now has $61,029.53. New subscriptions of $10 or more acknowledged yesterday follow:

Mrs. G. R. Dyer	$38	F. E. Calalway	$10
O. Cutting	100	Mrs. R. B. Potter	20
Mrs. H.P. Davison	200	Mrs. R. H. Greene	10

For Polish Relief.

The American Polish Relief Committee acknowledges the following gifts:

E. F. Greene	$25	G. H. Schull	$10
Mrs. H. S. Satterlee	10	Miss T. R. Gibbs	25
		Mrs. H. K. Kibbe	50
Miss H. H. Kissler	15	Mrs. S. D. Griffiths	25

Report on Jewish Relief.

The American Jewish Relief Committee for Sufferers from the War, in its first detailed report, made public yesterday, says its receipts to date total about $550,000, and that of this amount approximately $472,000 has been appropriated for relief work in Europe and transmitted to the various countries affected by the war. Of this amount more than $200,000 has been sent to Russia, and nearly $150,000 to that part of Poland now held by the Germans.

Sale of Laces to Aid Belgians.

The Countess de Hemptinne, who is visiting the United States in behalf of the Queen of the Belgians, has brought a quantity of laces for the making of which Belgium is famous. Many women in society have interested themselves in the Countess's mission, and the laces will be sold by auction at the home of Mrs. William Salomon, 1,020 Fifth Avenue, on March 16, 17, and 18.

Lecture for Benefit of Russians.

For the benefit of war sufferers in Russia, Dr. C. C. Young, the explorer of Central Asiatic Russian dependencies, will lecture on Russia at Carnegie Hall on Tuesday evening, March 16. Dr. Young will illustrate his lecture with more than 400 pictures of Russia and present conditions there. The proceeds will be given to sufferers in Russia through the Russian-American War Relief Society.

SEE PLOT TO KILL KING.

French and English Letters Found on Greek, German Report Says.

BERLIN, March 10, (by Wireless Telegraph to Sayville, L. I.)—Among the items given out for publication today by the Overseas News Agency was the following:

"The Deutsche Tages-Zeitung's Athens correspondent reports that French and English letters and 200,000 francs ($40,000) were found in the possession of Athanas, who was arrested charged with planning the assassination of King Constantine."

There has been no recent report of an attempt on the life of the King of the Hellenes or of a conspiracy to assassinate him.

On Jan. 28 a news agency dispatch from Copenhagen said a rumor had reached the Danish capital that an attempt had been made several days previously at Patras to kill King Constantine. This report, it was asserted, originated at Constantinople from travelers arriving there. The Greek Minister in London stamped it as "absolutely untrue."

Your Stein-Bloch Is Here—
$20 to $45

Your money can buy no better cloth, no smarter style, no finer tailoring in a ready-for-duty Suit or Topcoat than a Stein-Bloch.

The Spring Models are on view. They comprise every Color, Cloth and Cut that Fashion O. K.'s.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

GERMANY'S BUDGET IS $3,250,000,000

Finance Minister Presents One Four Times as Large as Any in the Nation's History.

KAEMPF DEFIES EMBARGO

Reichstag President Says Submarines Are Germany's Reply to Starvation Threats.

LONDON, March 10.—Dr. Kaempf, the President of the Reichstag, reviewing the war situation at the opening of the session today, said, according to a Berlin dispatch received by Reuter's Telegram Company by way of Amsterdam:

"In the west, from the Vosges to the Channel, and in the east, from the Baltic to Bukowina, our armies and those of our allies are standing like a wall of steel and iron.

"In the south the brave Turkish Army is guarding the Dardanelles, which a great Anglo-French fleet is vainly attempting to conquer. This army is also threatening the Suez Canal and Egypt, which has become the prey of the British.

"England declares that she cannot forego the right to starve Germany. Germany has replied with submarines, the crews of which have already given many proofs of their heroic bravery. Germany is not to be conquered by starvation. Our enemies did not reckon with our economic strength, with the organized strength of our agriculture, commerce, and industry, the unity of the nation, and our firm determination to win.

"Our sacrifices are gigantic, but on the blood-soaked battlefields a lasting peace is springing up which will lead our great and beloved Fatherland to new and flourishing power."

Dr. Karl Helfferich, Secretary of the Imperial Treasury, submitted the budget and delivered his maiden speech concerning it. He made a good impression on the members of the House, despite the fact that he spoke in a low tone of voice.

Budget Total $3,250,000,000.

Dr. Helfferich said he would not deal with the financial program of the future, but would only outline the budget, which balanced at 13,000,000,000 marks, ($3,250,000,000)—four times greater than any estimates ever before presented. This budget, he added, was only intended to make legal provision for the coming financial year. For the army, navy, and colonies a more detailed project would be presented. The systematic redemption of the imperial debt would be maintained, 68,000,000 marks ($17,000,000) being assigned for that purpose. Measures for the redemption of the war debt would be settled later.

"Our enemies," Dr. Helfferich continued, "must be made to answer for the material damages they have caused by wantonly plotting the war. The current financial year will probably show a surplus of 38,000,000 marks ($9,500,000)."

Dr. Helfferich asked the Reichstag for a further war credit of 10,000,000,000 marks ($2,500,000,000,) to insure financing the war until the late Autumn, and then proceeded to describe the financial situation. He asserted that both Great Britain and France had falsely estimated Germany's financial resources because Germany's increase of capital had mostly been employed at home.

The fact was, the Imperial Secretary said, that the German national credit stood better than either that of Great Britain or France at the present moment. There was no need to impose new taxes in Germany, for the Government was financing its war requirements exclusively by loans and note issues. The demands of the Empire on the Reichsbank, he said, had again approached the culminating point, but the bank would be relieved by the second war loan.

The Austrian war loan, according to the Minister, also had been successful, while of the enemy powers only Great Britain had had any noteworthy success with her loan policy

Calls French Finances Weak.

France's incapacity for decisive financial action, he said, was astonishing. France apparently had been unable to raise more than 2,000,000,000 francs ($400,000,000.) The French financial policy, the Minister declared, consisted mostly of turning paper into paper with a great display of art.

The Paris conference regarding a joint loan by France and Russia, Dr. Helfferich said, had miscarried on its essential points. The British financial policy knew how to cut the golden straps from the soft leather of the Allies.

"No policy of starvation or strangulation," Dr. Helfferich concluded, "will succeed in shutting off Germany's life breath. An honorable peace will amply atone for all sacrifices, and the future will be ours."

Socialist Speaker Rebuked.

Following Dr. Helfferich, Hugo Haase, a Socialist member of the Reichstag, expressed a wish for the abrogation of exceptional laws during the war and advocated a lasting peace. Such a peace, Herr Haase said, "cannot be attained if one people does violence to another, but only if peoples make a peaceful exchange of the treasures of civilization."

Clemens Delbrueck, the Imperial Minister of the Interior, repudiated the existence of exceptional laws.

"In the application of laws," Herr Delbrueck said, "a difference of conceptions exists, but I declare that the Imperial Government and the individual States during the war have proved that all parties are for them alike. The parties should trust the Government, and then a victory would be assured which would enable us to reap without contest the fruit of our industry."

The budget was referred to a committee and the Chamber adjourned until March 18.

PREDICTS CHANCELLOR'S FALL.

London Express Says He Met a Decisive Check in the Reichstag.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, March 10, (Dispatch to The London Daily Express.)—It is generally admitted in Berlin that the Reichstag session will be short. The Government would have liked it to last only one day and then adjourn until November; but when this proposal was made by the Chancellor to the leaders in a private meeting yesterday it was almost unanimously opposed, and newspapers like the Berlin Tageblatt reminded Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg that the war was an affair of the empire in which the Reichstag was expected to have something to say.

The Chancellor, acting on orders from the Kaiser, urged he should have full powers, but, despite Germany's alleged unanimity, nobody thinks the Chancellor is efficient enough to be intrusted with such powers, while the Reichstag, whose members consider him a master blunderer, insists on having a check on all he does. The Reichstag does not want Germany to be governed by an autocratic Kaiser and an obedient Chancellor.

The cold reception given the Chancellor today and the blank refusal opposed to his adjournment proposal, taken in connection with Germany's military, naval, and economic position, are believed to show that the days of von Bethmann-Hollweg as Minister are numbered.

BRITISH LOAN A SUCCESS.

Bidders at a Low Figure Will Get Only 19 Per Cent.

LONDON, March 10.—The Government's offering of £50,000,000 ($250,000,000) of exchequer bonds has been largely over-subscribed.

As far as is now ascertainable, bidders at £95 12s. 8d. will receive only 19 per cent. of the amount for which they applied.

Bidders above that figure will receive full allotments.

Britain Paid No Loan Commission

LONDON, March 10.—Chancellor Lloyd George revealed in the House of Commons this afternoon the interesting fact that no underwriting commission whatever had been paid to issue the British war loan of £325,000,000 (approximately $1,625,000,000.)

TO REMOVE BAN ON SUGAR.

British Home Secretary Makes an Announcement in Parliament.

LONDON, March 10.—That the prohibition of the importation of sugar into the United Kingdom from America and other neutral countries would probably be removed within two or three months was intimated by Reginald McKenna, the Home Secretary, in the House of Commons today.

Mr. McKenna expressed the view that the measures to be taken by Great Britain and her allies against German trade would prevent further shipments of sugar to neutral countries. Within two or three months Mr. McKenna said, the stocks of German sugar in neutral countries would be exhausted and Great Britain would be able to purchase sugar in these countries with the certainty that she was not buying German or Austrian products.

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Smoked by Royalty and the Elite of Society
Made since 1870 by VAFIADIS & CO. CAIRO, EGYPT

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AGE
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To-day Begins the
Final Clearance of All
Men's Fall and Winter Suits
Without Reserve

¶ That is, every Sack Suit that was made for the season just closing, without anything being held back, no matter how desirable, nor what it cost to produce.

¶ This is in accordance with our custom not to carry merchandise over from one season to another.

¶ Slight charges for alterations, if any are necessary.

Suits that were $35.00 to $45.00 } Now $22.00
Suits that were $25.00 to $30.00 } Now $17.00
Suits that were $17.50 to $23.00 } Now $12.00

Fifth Floor.

TAX FIGURES RIGHT, WHITMAN RETORTS

Repeats That $18,000,000 Direct Tax Is Necessary and Attacks Saxe.

POINTS OUT CRITICS' ERRORS

Asserts That Proceeds of Canal Bond Sales Were Practically Pledged by His Predecessor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 10.—Gov. Whitman started out tonight to refute the statement made in New York yesterday by John Godfrey Saxe, who was legal adviser to Gov. Glynn, to the effect that Mr. Whitman was $18,000,000 off in his reckoning when in a recent message to the Legislature he asserted that it might be necessary to order a tax levy in that amount to supply deficiencies, which his predecessor had left, in an effort to "maintain a pretext of economy" on the eve of a Gubernatorial campaign in which he was a candidate for re-election.

Mr. Saxe in his statement yesterday said that there would be no necessity for a direct tax of any kind and that the Governor had committed the error through doubling up on certain items already included in the estimate of the State Controller for this year's budget.

In a statement made public tonight Gov. Whitman cites deficiencies amounting to $15,795,000 with an estimated surplus of $4,981,706 in the Treasury to offset this total. This would leave a net deficiency of $10,813,293. The Governor adds to this sinking fund requirements of $8,000,000, thus arriving at a total of more than $18,000,000, which he estimates in the absence of unusual economies it will be necessary to raise above the estimated revenues from indirect sources which aggregate a little more than $42,000,000.

The Governor's Statement.

The following is the Governor's statement:

"My attention has been called to the criticism of the message which I sent to the Legislature dealing with the financial condition of the State and the necessity of raising, by direct tax, approximately $18,000,000 unless extraordinary measures of economy are practiced.

"The belabored efforts to confuse the facts contained in my message as a basis for the criticism, impressed me as interesting, but I cannot accept these as warranting a change in the financial policy, outlined in my message, for carrying on the State's work during the fiscal year, nor as altering the amounts required for that purpose.

"I beg to assure the taxpayers of the State that before transmitting my communication to the Legislature the records and figures of the Controller's office were carefully compared and, moreover, the matter was the subject of conferences with the experienced leaders of the Senate and Assembly and the figures stated and conclusions reached represent the combined judgment which, upon verification, I confidently assert is correct.

"The vice of the financial policy of the last administration, as shown by the Controller's reports, was that the appropriations were arbitrarily fixed by the Legislature at $39,000,000, while the Controller's estimate, Page 13, is $42,000,000 for similar items, and the actual expenses of Government accurately computed and necessary to carry on the affairs of Government until the end of this fiscal year will require the appropriation of the sums to which I called the attention of the Legislature and characterized as 'deficiencies.'

Appropriation Inadequate.

"To illustrate, the appropriation for the Workmen's Compensation Commission should have been sufficient to meet the expenditures of that department from October, 1914, to the end of the fiscal year, Sept. 30, 1915. As a matter of fact, the appropriation for that department was entirely exhausted on the first day of January, when I assumed the duties of office, while in several of the other departments the lack of adequate appropriation is found, generally, in varying degrees. Not only is this condition present with reference to the actual administration expenses of departments, but it is also found in the inadequacy of appropriations to meet the requirements of the fiscal year for State aid, for the improvement of town highways, for roads in Indian reservations, for the repair of State roads constructed under the $100,000,000 highway appropriation, and for charitable, curative, and penal institutions.

"The total deficiencies in departmental expenses, to which I have alluded, exclusive of the Workmen's Compensation Commission, amount to $5,000,000 represented by the Deficiency bill now before the Legislature.

"The specific amounts and items for the purpose of clarifying I repeat here:

Deficiency bill	$5,000,000
State aid	1,880,000
Repairs to highways	2,000,000
Compensation Commission	425,000
Repairs to highway, Indian Reservation	40,000
Canal construction	4,000,000
Buildings, &c., for feeble-minded	250,000
Insane	400,000
Prisons	300,000
Grade crossings	1,500,000
Total	$15,795,000

Less: Estimated surplus, Sept. 30, 1915, as shown on page 7, Controller's report, $4,981,706.64.

Estimated deficiency, Sept. 30, 1915, $10,813,293.36.

"It will be observed that the above statement of deficit items does not include the amount of $7,677,138.99, sinking fund contribution, for the year 1914-15, which, it is claimed, I have erroneously added, nor does it contain the item of $9,945,840.50, supply and special bills appropriated by the Legislature of 1914, also claimed to have been erroneously included.

"The deficiency items, above stated, do not include the sinking fund contribution necessary for the year 1915-16, for which provision must be made this year. This amount is estimated to be $8,000,000, and must be raised by direct State tax.

"The deficiency of $10,000,000, plus the sinking fund requirements of $8,000,000, makes a total amount of $18,000,000 nessary to be raised.

"Of this $18,813,293.36, $10,813,293.36 is the amount of the deficit, providing the appropriations for the deficiencies and deferred appropropriations are charged against the Legislature of 1914.

"Mr. Saxe has made the mistake of saying that the $9,945,840.50 of supply and special appropriation bills, which were appropriated by the Legislature of 1914, were to be appropriated by the Legislature of 1915.

"Mr. Saxe is again in error when he states that the sale of Canal bonds will make available a sufficient fund to discharge the contract obligations arising out of barge canal improvements. He has apparently overlooked the fact that the avails of the bond sales were obligated by the last Administration, which issued short term notes against the same to such an extent that when the awards of the Court of Claims for lands and structures, taken in connection with this improvement, are paid, the funds will be inadequate to meet the existing contracts. I am informed by the State Engineer that $4,000,000 will have to be raised for this purpose or work will be stopped before the close of this season, in which event great damage would result to the contractors who might in turn recover against the State."

After the contents of the Governor's statement had been communicated to them, Senator Wagner and Assemblyman Smith, the Democratic leaders, said that the Governor's figures were wrong and that after studying them more closely they would answer the statement on the floor of the Legislature. Assemblyman Smith said that the Governor had estimated the budget needs of the State about $9,000,000 above the correct amount.

WAGNER CUDGELS SENATE.

Demands Action for the Relief of Compensation Employes.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—An article dealing with the distress among the employes of the Workmen's Compensation Commission as a result of legislative delay in acting on the Emergency Appropriation bill for the department which appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning gave rise to a two-hour debate in the Senate this afternoon, during which all other business was sidetracked.

Senator Robert F. Wagner of New York, minority leader of the upper house, read THE TIMES article to his colleagues and then urged the Senate to demand an immediate report from the Conference Committee, which at the present time is negotiating with a view to breaking the deadlock between the two houses over the so-called "Sage rider," providing for the settlement and payment of compensation claims without the intervention of the commission. The "rider" was tacked on the Appropriation bill in the Senate, and is the sole obstacle to the immediate passage of that measure.

"To help out your miserable game of politics," exclaimed the minority leader, "you are placing these typists, stenographers, and clerks in a desperate position. The sole purpose is to force us to pass this legislation 'rider' and all."

Senator Brown, the majority leader, then took a fling at Senator Wagner.

"The fault for the present situation," he said, "lies first with the last administration, which failed to provide the necessary appropriation for the commission, which besides has wasted $200,000. I will add that I believe the thinking workmen of this State will understand Senator Wagner's position is inspired by a desire to cultivate their votes."

The discussion ended apparently without any change in the situation. According to a statement by Speaker Sweet this afternoon, there is no likelihood that the Assembly will recede from its view that the appropriation bill and the rider must be passed upon separately.

Senator Sage, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, announced that he was not prepared to accept the appropriation bill without the rider, so there is every prospect that the deadlock will continue.

FOUND BREAD COMBINATION.

Attorney General Reports Result of Price Advance Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—Attorney General Egburt E. Woodbury holds "combinations restraining competition" responsible for the recent attempt in New York City to raise the price of a loaf of bread to 6 cents. He made a report today of the investigation conducted by his department under the direction of Deputy Attorney General Alfred L. Becker.

The investigation disclosed, says the Attorney General, that there is no shortage of wheat in this country, present or prospective, and no such possibility of future export as would justify a price of $1.75 a bushel.

Mr. Becker recommends the passage of a law requiring the actual weight of a loaf of bread to be indicated in some conspicuous manner other than stamping it on an unwrapped loaf of bread, this being called objectionable on hygienic grounds. The report would leave to the baker the right to vary the weight of the loaf according to the price of flour, leaving the weight of the loaf to be fixed by competition.

The report also favors legislation compelling bakers to inform the public of the exact constituents of a loaf, on the ground that one of the "tricks of the trade" is to increase the amount of water that can be put into dough by adding flour that is cheaper and more absorptive than wheat flour, such as corn flour.

ONE BID AT 103.459 TAKES STATE BONDS

Syndicate, Including City Bank, Gets the Entire Issue Over Many Competitors.

THE PREMIUM IS $933,930

Controller Calls the Sale "Highly Satisfactory"—Offering Was Largely Oversubscribed.

ALBANY, March 10.—The State realized $933,930 in premiums on a sale today by Controller Travis of $27,000,000 worth of canal and highway thirty and fifty year bonds bearing 4¼ per cent. interest. The entire issue was awarded to Harris, Forbes & Co., the Guaranty Trust Company, the National City Bank, and White, Weld & Co., all of New York, who submitted a joint bid of 103.459. The only other "all or none" bid was submitted by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and William A. Read & Co. of New York jointly. Their offer was 102.82.

"I am well pleased at the showing of confidence in the financial condition of the State of New York," said Controller Travis tonight. "Considering the effect of the European war and the state of the market, this sale of bonds at a premium of more than $900,000 is highly satisfactory.

"Last year the State bonds were sold at 4½ per cent. annual interest. This issue of bonds at 4¼ per cent. demonstrates the wisdom and economy of reducing the rate, and will result in a saving to the State of $67,500 a year in interest charges, which during the life of the bonds will amount to $3,125,000."

Bids amounting to $10,239,000 were rejected because the bidders did not conform with the rules of the sale.

There was a throng of representatives of bond houses present when the bids were opened. There were $22,000,000 of "Class 1" bonds for highway and canal improvements, and $5,000,000 of "Class 2" for the construction of Barge Canal terminals.

The Barge Canal terminal bonds become due Jan. 1, 1945; the other $22,000,000 are due on Jan. 1, 1965.

The issue, it is said, was oversubscribed four or five times. Among the multitude of bids aside from those mentioned were these:

Metropolitan Trust Company, $500,000 at 102.965 and $500,000 at 102.535.

Chatham and Phenix National Bank, $500,000 at 102.6423 and $500,000 at 102.1423.

Henry Clews & Co., $1,000,000 as follows: $300,000 at 102.50, $300,000 at 102.60, $200,000 at 102.70, $100,000 at 102.80, and $100,000 at 102.85.

Newburger, Henderson & Loeb, $500,000 at 103.16.

Sutro Brothers Company, $500,000 as follows: $50,000 at 103.062, $75,000 at 102.962, $75,000 at 102.862, $100,000 at 102.762, $100,000 at 102.662, and $100,000 at 102.562.

J. S. Bache & Co., $1,000,000 as follows: $100,000 at 103.377, $100,000 at 103.257, $100,000 at 103.127, $100,000 at 103.007, $100,000 at 102.877, $100,000 at 102.757, $100,000 at 102.627, $100,000 at 102.507, $100,000 at 102.377, and $100,000 at 102.257.

Whitehouse Company, for Emma Sheppard of Washington, $5,000 at 102.911.

United States Trust Company, $2,000,000 at 103.126, and $2,000,00 at 102.126. J. S. Bache $5,000 at 100.

Gude, Winmill & Co., $60,000 at 102.3611 to 103.0111; $50,000 at 103.033 and $30,000 at 103.0611 to 103.3111.

Robinson & Co., $200,000 at 103.281; $200,000 at 103.081, $200,000 at 102.081, $200,000 at 102.681 and $200,000 at 102.481.

H. Duncan Bulkley, $50,000 at 102.55 to 103.45.

Bull & Eldredge, $50,000 at 102.517 to 103.057.

Gillespie & Livingston, $75,000 at 102.21 to 102.91, and $25,000 at 101.71 to 102.41.

E. D. Levinson Company, $100,000 at 102.76 to 102.26.

Warner & Co., $100,000 at 102.61 to 103.

George Reips & Co., $95,000 at 101.77 to 103.27.

Asiel & Co., $50,000 at 103.29.

Byrne-McDonnell, $100,000 in $5,000 lots at 100.625 to 102.214.

George A. Huhn & Sons, $50,000 at 103.25; $50,000 at 103.125; $50,000 at 103, and $50,000 at 102.875.

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co., $250,000 as follows: $50,000 at 103¼, $50,000 at 103⅛, $50,000 at 103, $50,000 at 102⅞, and $50,000 at 102¾.

Empire Trust Company, Class One, $500,000 as follows: $100,000 at 102.26, $100,000 at 102.51, $100,000 at 102.63, $100,000 at 102.76, and $100,000 at 103.01. Class Two: $500,000 as follows: $100,000 at 101.76, $100,000 at 102.01, $100,000 at 102.26, $100,000 at 102.38, and $100,000 at 102.51.

The People's National Bank, $5,000 at 102.575.

Joseph L. Buttonweiser, $150,000 at 102.03 to 103.33.

Jones & Lanman, $22,000 at 102.02 to 103.03.

The Commercial Trust Company, $100,000 at 102 to 102.75.

The Oneida National Bank, Oneida, $10,000 at 103.

Mechanics Bank, Brooklyn, $600,000 at 102.135 to 102.65, and $200,000 at 102.77 to 103.135.

B. & S. Steiner, $1,000,000 in lots of $100,000, at 100.61 to 100.51.

Barr & Schmeltzer, $60,000 at 102.3771, $50,000 at 102.5031, $50,000 at 102.6331, $40,000 at 102.7631, $40,000 at 102.8771, $15,000 at 102.875, $50,000 at 103.031, $30,000 at 103.1931, and $25,000 at 103.3771.

Denny, Pomroy & Co., $20,000 at 103.5 and $20,000 at 103.25.

Union National Bank, Schenectady, $50,000 at 102.25.

Zimmermann & Forshay, $100,000 at 102.51 to 103.01; Zimmermann & Forshay for Rudolph F. Layman, $60,000 at 103, and for Max Tannenbaum, $20,000 at 101.

Robert R. Velie, $1,000,000 at 100.07.

Judson G. Wall & Son, $25,000 at 102.6, and $25,000 at 103.05.

Max W. Mayer, $5,000 at 102.8.

The Public Bank of New York City, $800,000, in $100,000 lots, at 100.125 to 101.

M. Prince & Co., $50,000, in $10,000 lots, at 101.625 to 102.125, $20,000 at 102.25, $30,000 at 102.375, $30,000 at 102.5, $20,000 at 102.625, and $20,000 at 102.75.

Equitable Trust Company of New York, $50,000 at 100.56, $50,000 at 100.66 $50,000 at 100.76, $25,000 at 100.96; $25,000 at 101.21, $25,000 at 101.46, $25,000 at 101.71, $50,000 at 100.81, $50,00 at 100.91, $25,000 at 101.01 $25,000 at 101.26, $25,000 at 101.51, $25,000 at 101.76, $25,000 at 102.01, and $25,000 at 102.26.

Rosenberg & Co., $15,000 at 102 and $10,000 at 102.535.

Seligsberg & Co., $25,000 in $5,000 lots at 102.76 to 103.26.

Bernhard Scholle & Co., $100,000 at 102.634, $100,000 at 102.764, $100,000 at 102.896, $100,000 at 102.971, $50,000 at 103.046, $50,000 at 103.162, and $50,000 at 103.217.

Blake Bros. & Co., $10,000 at 100.25. Freeman & Co., $25,000 at 102.75, $25,000 at 102.875, $50,000 at 103, $50,000 at 103.125, $35,000 at 103.25, and $25,000 at 103.375.

The Greenpoint Savings Bank, $50,000 at 102.75.

Mellon National Bank of Pittsburgh, $100,000 at 101.875, $50,000 at 102, and $100,000 at 102.125.

Remick, Hodges & Co., $500,000 at 100.26; $500,000 at 100.46; $550,000 at 100.56; $500,000 at 100.66; $500,000 at 100.84; $250,000 at 101.09; $250,000 at 101.34, $12,000 at 101.09; $12,000 at 101.34; $12,000 at 101.53, and $14,000 at 101.78.

David Wood for Harriman & Co., $40,000 in $10,000 lots at 101.17 to 102.3.

Lewisohn Brothers, $300,000, at 101.63 and $200,000 at 102.64.

The Maiden Lane Savings Bank of New York, $20,000 at 101.07.

The Guaranty Trust Company $100,000, at 101.

Maton & Co., $100,000, in $25,000 lots at 101.78 to 102.13 and $350,000 in $50,000 lots at 102.13 to 103.13.

N. W. Halsey & Co., $1,000,000, at 101.77; $1,000,000 at 101.87; $500,000 at 101.97; $500,000 at 102.07; $500,000 at 102.15; $500,000 at 102.17; $500,000 at 102.27; $250,000 at 102.37; $250,000 at 102.47; $10,000 at 102.57; $100,000 at 102.67; $100,000 at 102.77; $100,000 at 102.87, and $100,000 at 102.97.

The price paid for the $27,000,000 4¼s was considerably higher than many bankers of the Wall Street district had expected. There was no question in their minds, however, that the success of the sale from the State's standpoint would be duplicated by the successful bidders, for signs of a large demand for the new issue were in evidence throughout the day. On the Curb the price for the bonds "when issued" quickly advanced from 103⅞, the closing quotation on Tuesday, to 104⅜, afterward losing a part of the gain.

It was believed that the syndicate, consisting of the National City Bank, the Guaranty Trust Company, Harris, Forbes & Co., White, Weld & Co., and Brown Bros., would offer the bonds at 104¼ to the public today or tomorrow.

German Editor in Jail.

GOTHA, (via London,) March 10.—Herr Geithner, a Socialist member of the Saxe-Coburg Diet and editor of the Gotha Volksblatt, has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment for commenting sarcastically upon Emperor William's statement that he no longer knew parties, but only Germans.

The Volksblatt has been suspended.

NEW YORK IS SAFE FROM BOMBARDMENT

Experts Say 15-Inch Naval Guns Could Not Reach City With Forts Intact.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Assertions that the long-distance bombardment of the Dardanelles forts has demonstrated that New York City could be bombarded, with entire safety to themselves, by battleships of the type of the Queen Elizabeth and the Agincourt, whose guns outrange those in the forts defending New York, are based on misinformation and misconception, according to experts here. They said that such assertions have been made before, and have been shown to have been founded on erroneous ideas.

"In the first place," said a prominent officer today, "the effective range of the guns of the Agincourt or Queen Elizabeth is not 26,000 yards. The best that has ever been claimed is 23,000 yards, while 21,000 yards is much the safer figure. Now, on the other hand, the effective range of our 12-inch guns is 13,000 yards, as they are now mounted and operated.

"The enemy attacking New York would be afloat, and the advantage in range finding would be with us. In the next place, we have many mortars in all those fortifications with an effective range of 19,000 yards is under ordinary circumstances, and for which a range of 23,000 yards can be safely claimed if put to the crucial test.

"Now if any one who is at all exercised on the subject will take the trouble to get a map of New York and the harbor and with a compass strike off the radii showing the effective range of our guns, they will find that the 12-inch guns of Fort Hancock will reach to a point two miles south of Coney Island and a mile west of the western point of Rockaway Beach. That is the spot from which it is suggested vessels of the Queen Elizabeth's type would turn loose on Wall Street. From that point to the Times building is about 26,000 yards, the exaggerated range of the guns of the British dreadnought. As a matter of fact the 12-inch guns at Fort Hancock on Sandy Hook can reach effectively some distance beyond the point where the bombarding ship would have to take position.

"And that is not all. There are 12-inch guns at Fort Tompkins and Fort Wadsworth that could reach past the point where the vessel of the Queen Elizabeth class would begin her fire."

NEWS FOR CROWN PRINCE.

Correspondent Tells How "Press Lies" Amused Him.

The New York Staats-Zeitung publishes an interview with the German Crown Prince at the Great Headquarters in France on Feb. 1, by The Staats-Zeitung's correspondent, Arthur G. Abrecht. The correspondent gives considerable space to his own recital of the doings of German-Americans here, with some description of the German Crown Prince as he then appeared, and occasional brief interjections of assent and approval by the Imperial heir. He says the Crown Prince was so deeply interested to learn of "press lies" here that he allowed his cigarette to grow cold.

The reporter says:

"How the little wrinkles played around the blue eyes, and how merrily the Crown Prince laugher. Much was new to him; much he knew. That his imperial father, after having several hundred Social Democratic members of the Reischtag shot in Berlin, had been obliged to flee in woman's garb from his palace which the revolutionists had set afire, and that at the beginning of the war only reports of German defeats penetrated to America—that was known to him."

The correspondent then informed the Crown Prince of the movement set afoot in this country by the "mobilization of German societies," the pro-German activities of the German-American press and of pro-German members of Congress, the recent charity bazaar for the benefit of the widows and orphans of German soldiers, which netted more than $300,000, and finally "the alliance of the German-Americans, the Irishmen, and the Israelites." The Crown Prince expressed his appreciation of the sympathy thus shown by the Germans in America, and bade the correspondent to convey his words to them.

TWINS JOINED BRITISH ARMY

American Boys Then Discharged Through Ambassador's Action.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, March 11.—The Daily Mail says that, while staying with their aunt at Bournemouth, Howard and George Hudson, twins, aged barely 16, whose parents live in Bridgeport, Conn., were seized with the desire to join the new British army, and succeeded in joining the Royal Sussex Regiment.

Their aunt communicated with their parents, who invoked the aid of the American Ambassador with the result that the two boys were discharged and yesterday embarked for their native land.

THAW FEARS COUP OF CO-DEFENDANTS

Continued from Page 1.

of the attorneys for Butler, O'Keefe, Flood, Duffy, and Thompson, the alleged co-conspirators, counsel for the State and Thaw will lock horns over the one big issue of the trial, the injection of the sanity question, and call upon Justice Page for a final ruling. For Thaw and his counsel, who care nothing about the conspiracy charge except as it affects their plans in the fight for Thaw's liberty, that argument will be the crisis of the whole proceedings.

The other defendants also are prepared to give way to Thaw and build their case along the lines which he develops, if the trial is not closed by Justice Page.

Alienists May Be Called.

Mr. Stanchfield said after adjournment that Thaw positively would take the stand if Justice Page ruled favorably on the question of admitting the sanity issue. He felt that Thaw could give no more impressive demonstration of his contention that he was sane than by testifying in his own behalf. Alienists and laymen who had had the opportunity recently to study Thaw or who had been associated closely with his life also would be called if the case progressed as he hoped.

That was as far as Mr. Stanchfield would go. On the other hand, other attorneys connected with the defense said that they were sure Thaw would testify, no matter what ruling Justice Page made, if the trial was continued. The only thing which possibly could keep Thaw from the stand, the attorney said, was a physical breakdown.

In that connection there was another development in the proceedings which ended in Thaw being assigned to a special room in the Tombs once occupied by William J. Cummins, the banker, and ex-Chamberlain Charles H. Hyde while they were awaiting trial. By order of the court a large couch was also taken from Justice Page's chambers, and placed in this special room for Thaw to sleep upon.

Justice Page took this action because Thaw was suffering from a stiff neck and a severe attack of rheumatism, and complained that he was unable to sleep upon the cot provided in his cell. When he appeared in court he showed the effects of a restless night, and wore a woolen muffler. He had wrapped around him also a heavy mackinaw coat.

Mr. Stanchfield asked the court to transfer Thaw to Bellevue Hospital, but Deputy Attorneys General Kennedy and Cook objected emphatically. The question was settled in the Justice's chambers after the day's session. Dr. McGuire, the Tombs physician, testified as to Thaw's physical condition, and recommended better quarters.

Anhut May Be Called.

The advisability of calling John Nicholas Anhut, who is serving a sentence at Sing Sing for an attempt to bribe Dr. Russell, a former Superintendent at Matteawan, with $20,000 in Thaw's interest, was the subject of grave consideration by the State's attorneys. It was decided to leave the question open until today.

Anhut was taken to the Tombs, where he awaited the call. Counsel for the State, it was understood, felt there was a real danger, if Anhut was called, of Thaw's counsel being able to use him, on cross-examination, to establish that Thaw was sane.

Howard H. Barnum, the gatekeeper of the yard at Matteawan from which Thaw escaped, was the first witness yesterday. He told a graphic story, in which he claimed complete exoneration from blame. He told how Thaw sat on a bench in the yard with him just before James Hickey, a milkman, arrived at 8 o'clock on the morning of the escape. Thaw was talking calmly enough about an article in the Fishkill Herald concerning a gift of $1,000 he had made toward a fund to aid the late General Sickles, who was then in trouble. When Thaw ran past Hickey and through the gate Barnum was "dumbfounded." He called out, "Come here, boy," expecting Thaw would return. Then he tried to tell the circumstances to men in the tuberculosis tent, and when they would not believe him he telephoned to "the front," a term he used in speaking of the key room.

The Crazier of the Two.

Mr. Stanchfield cross-examined Barnum about his acquaintance with Thaw, the prisoner's manner of speech, dress, and apparent education, conversation about General Sickles, and other topics. He asked if Barnum ever had seen Thaw exhibit bad temper, and obtained a negative reply. In closing, he asked:

"You say you were dumbfounded when he ran out?"

"Yes," replied Barnum.

"Well," said Mr. Stanchfield, "in your estimation you were the crazier of the two when he went out, were you not?"

Mr. Kennedy was on his feet, but before he could enter a serious objection, Mr. Stanchfield sat down and did not press the question.

The State, through a clerk in the County Clerk's office at White Plains, attempted to get on the records the papers in connection with Thaw's recommitment to Matteawan following the habeas corpus proceedings he instituted from time to time. Mr. Stanchfield objected on the ground that, in accordance with a ruling on the sanity question yesterday, anything prior to 1912 was too remote to have an effect on the trial. The objection was sustained.

Hickey, the milkman, testified and was followed by Patrick Buckley, a clerk in the storeroom at Matteawan, where Thaw was employed. Mr. Stanchfield established by means of cross-examination of Buckley that Thaw transcribed by typewriter the reports of distribution of supplies which formed part of the official records of the asylum and that he did accurate and neat work.

During the examination of these witnesses, whom he knew, Thaw consulted frequently with Mr. Stanchfield, suggesting many questions. Other witnesses who testified about the escape of Thaw were James F. Maher and his wife, who had charge of the Matteawan laundry, and Leroy G. Krom, chauffeur at the institution.

Thaw's Route Traced.

The State traced the course Thaw's car had taken in getting him away through Robert Lowery, who had a store near the asylum, and Carl G. Edbrecht, who lived opposite Lowery. Lowery identified ex-Assemblyman Richard J. Butler as one of the men in the car. Other witnesses testified about seeing the car at Fishkill Flats, Fishkill, and on the Brinkerhoff road, going at a high speed. W. N. Phillips, a farm hand, testified he had seen Thaw on one occasion at Fishkill, when he gave away cigarettes. When Thaw heard this he whispered to one of his lawyers:

"He must have me mixed with Mr. Jerome."

Edward J. Pollard, a chauffeur at Beacon, established that Thomas Flood drove the small car in which Thaw first jumped after he ran through the gates of Matteawan. He was the first witness to make a positive identification.

James Corson, a farmer of East Rochester, N. H., was called to tell of the arrival of Thaw and Roger Thompson, who drove the big touring car, at his farm. When Corson was asked to pick out Thaw he pointed to Harry N. McConnell, who is Juror No. 10. He pointed to Flood when asked to identify Thompson.

Miss Hazel Rankin, a pink-cheeked country girl, of East Rochester, settled the identification quickly enough, however. She said that Thaw and Thompson had left the car in her barn. When asked to identify Thompson she stepped over and gave the chauffeur a hearty cuff on the back.

"That's the man," she said in a sharp voice. "Mr. Thaw told him to give me $2.50, and he only gave me $2.25."

The courtroom was in an uproar over this testimony. Miss Rankin also positively identified Thaw, who nodded to her in recognition. Attorneys for the defense who attempted to tangle other witnesses were unable to shake the testimony of this very determined young woman.

James J. McGuire, a gray-haired man, who said he knew Thaw, made several attempts to enter the courtroom and was arrested by Policeman Winkle of the Beach Street Station. Later he was discharged with a reprimand by Magistrate Appleton. He said he was a real estate dealer of 2,023 Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn.

The trial will be continued this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 10.—The Rev. Thomas Chalmers, pastor of the First Congregational Church, where Thaw attended services during his residence in this city, left today for New York to testify at the Thaw trial in behalf of the defendant. He was accompanied by Walter M. Laing, a business man, who also knew Thaw well. Many other witnesses are prepared to go to New York if called upon and testify that in their opinion Thaw is sane.

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Let's go to the

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BELGIAN MINISTER'S DENIAL

Repudiates Dr. von Mach's Statement About German Atrocities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—E. Havenith, the Minister of Belgium, denied the statement made at a public meeting in Carnegie Hall in New York last night by Dr. Edmund von Mach, that Mr. Havenith had said that not a single story of German atrocities in Belgium was true. In order to make his denial official and emphatic, Mr. Havenith addressed the following letter to the editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES:

Legation de Belgique,
Washington, D. C., March 10, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Sir—In common with all residents in this country, I owe your journal a great debt of gratitude for the full and accurate reproduction of all public documents relating to the war. You will therefore, I am sure, understand with what sentiment of surprise and regret I saw today in your honorable paper a paragraph on Page 2, Column 2, reporting a statement said to have been made by Dr. Edmund von Mach to a public audience in Carnegie Hall to the effect that he was "able on reliable authority to quote the Belgian Minister to the United States as having made this statement: 'You may quote me as saying that not a single story told of German atrocities in Belgium was true.'"

In repeating the above your reporter very aptly observes that Dr. von Mach does not explain how "Miss King of Boston," to whom I am supposed to have made this remark, was able to win my confidence to the extent that I should make such a startling statement.

I have recourse to your courtesy, Sir, in order to request you to give wide publicity to my denial of Dr. von Mach's assertion, presuming that he made it.

I never made the remark attributed to me, and I do not know to what lady he refers. I have, it is true, always insisted that no story of atrocities should be published, unless fully and completely authenticated. It is with the deepest sorrow that I must add that of them there are only too many.

If Dr. von Mach desires information on this subject, he has only to apply to my legation, where he will obtain the long and terrible record of the Belgian official inquiry, which shows only too clearly what Dr. von Mach's countrymen have done under the direct orders of their officers.

I can only say, in conclusion that Dr. von Mach's proceedings and methods afford me no ground to hope that he will himself retract his assertion, and I therefore must appeal to your kindness in order to rectify the false impression that such a statement must create.

Accept, Sir, the assurance of my distinguished consideration.

The Belgian Minister,
E. HAVENITH.

GERMANS ADVANCE CLOCK.

Will Make Rising Time One Hour Earlier So as to Save Petroleum.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, March 10, (Dispatch to The London Standard.)—From April 1 the hands of every clock in Germany will be advanced one hour. It is estimated that one hour of earlier rising during six months will amount to a saving in consumption of petroleum equivalent to a value of $5,000,000.

The real reason for this regulation is the fact that the petroleum stock is decreasing at a rate calculated to be enormous.

English Air Scout Drowned.

LONDON, March 10.—Flight Sub-Lieut. Shepherd of the Royal Navy fell into the sea with a biplane today while scouting off Eastbourne. He was drowned.

POKER AND WAR TACTICS.

French Writer Finds a Parallel Between Players and Generals.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 10.—Tristan Bernard, the well-known dramatist, contributes an article in the Temps entitled "Old Poker Players' Tactical Principles," wherein he develops a parllel between the tactics practised by the player and the art of war. Beginning with a distinction between poker and other games of chance. Bernard shows that a clever player wins by the errors of his adversaries.

It is the greatest folly to expect always to win, therefore one ought to seize the opportunities given by the mistakes which one's adversaries are induced to make, he says. "One must trouble them by a series of feints and skirmishes, but never plunge rashly against their overwhelming strength. Here Bernard interjects:

"Generals have the advantage over poker players: they use aeroplanes to discover the secrets of their opponents' hands, which is not considered good form in the clubs."

But the parallel, he argues, holds good nevertheless, for both fighters and players should aim to confuse their adversaries, to force them to err in order to defeat them. Thus the poker player evidently is familiar with the highest principle of the tactician. The article concludes in favor of the player:

"Players ought to know the game better than the Generals do because the former practice daily for years and the latter only during war."

SAILINGS FOR WAR ZONE.

Large Cargoes of Grain Shipped from Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, March 10.—Vessels which left this port today for the war zone were:

The Songelv, Norwegian, for Danish ports, with a cargo of 7,420,225 sacks of cottonseed cake.

The Avance, Swedish, for Helsingborg, with a cargo of 4,269,600 sacks of cottonseed cake.

The Brynhild, Norwegian, for Danish ports, with a cargo of 23,585 sacks of cottonseed cake.

The Eustace, British, for London, with a cargo of 100 bales of cotton, 2,000 casks of turpentine, 4,250 barrels of rosin, 16,344 feet of chestnut lumber, 11,484 feet of ash lumber, 60,857 feet of poplar lumber, 18,150 feet of oak lumber, 8,146 pieces of dogwood and cedar, and 1,583 tons of cottonseed meal.

The Talvers, British, for Liverpool and Manchester, with a cargo of 8,758 bales of cotton.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 10.—Vessels clearing from this port today for the war zone were:

The Apennine, British, with a cargo of grain and a general cargo for Leith.

The Nordland, Danish, for Helsingborg, and Malmo, Denmark, with a cargo of grain.

The Norboe, for Esbjerg via Falmouth, with a cargo of grain.

GALVESTON, March 10.—Sailings from here today for the war zone were: The Asuncion de la Arringa (British) for Manchester with a cargo of 40,000 bushels of wheat valued at $60,000, 1,000 barrels of cottonseed oil valued at $34,014, 12,100 bales of cotton valued at $545,105, and 3,900 pieces of staves valued at $390. The Saba (British) for Liverpool with a cargo of 13,500 bales of cotton valued at $609,525.

MORE AUSTRALIANS ARRIVE.

New Contingent Lands in England —At Least 50,000 Serving.

LONDON, March 10.—An Australian contingent arrived in England today, according to an announcement made tonight.

Redfern Corsets

Is your figure ready for the new fashions? If you have tried on any of the model gowns you know how dependent their charm is upon skillful corseting.

To acquire the trim, youthful contours of the fashionable figure with perfect comfort, we would suggest *your* model in

Redfern Corsets

If you cannot find it at your favorite store, you will find it at the Redfern Corset Shop.

$3 to $25 a pair

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510 Fifth Avenue,
Between 42nd and 43rd Streets.

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and continuing until the date of the sale

A Remarkable and Extensive Collection of
Art Property and Antiquities

Consisting of an Important Collection of English and French Clocks of the 18th Century, including a Beautiful Example by Falconet; an Astronomical Clock by the famous "Honest George Graham," and a number of the Louis Quinze and Louis Seize Periods, Sixteenth and Eighteenth Century Bronzes, Antique Jewelry, Gold and Enamel Watches, Antique Snuff Boxes by Voyez and others; Ancient European Ivory and Boxwood Carvings, a Remarkable Casket of the School of Cellini; Old Bow, Chelsea, Worcester, Leeds, Derby, "Longton Hall," Plymouth, Swansea, Bristol, and other Rare China; Rare old Glass, Battersea Enamels, Miniatures, Ancient Paintings.

An Extraordinary 16th Century Coffer
Flemish 16th and 17th Century Tapestries, Petit Point Panels, and
Antique French and English Furniture

To Be Sold Afternoons of
Monday next, March 15th, and 5 following days, at 2 o'clock, and on the Evenings of March 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th, at 8 o'clock

By direction of Mr. Henry Symons
OF LONDON
AND, OWING TO CONDITIONS IN LONDON OCCASIONED BY THE WAR,

CATALOGUE WRITTEN BY MR. HORACE TOWNSEND & ILLUSTRATED BY FINE HALFTONE REPRODUCTIONS WILL BE MAILED ON RECEIPT OF ONE DOLLAR.

The sale will be conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his assistant, Mr. Otto Bernet, of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers,
2, 4 and 6 E. 23d Street, Madison Sq. South, New York.

Housekeeping Linens *for* Spring

Reg. Trade Mark

Our stocks of Table Linens, Bed Linens and Towels have never been fuller or the variety larger. The assortment includes a good shipment of the celebrated Flemish goods direct from Brussels, which came to hand during the past week.

Napkins (Per Dozen)
Breakfast Size—$1.75, 2.25, 2.50, 2.85, 3.00 and upwards.
Dinner size — 3.00, 3.25, 3.50, 3.75, 4.00 and upwards.

Table Cloths
2 x 2 yards—$2.00. 2.25, 2.85, 3.00, 3.25 and up.
2 x 2½ yards— 2.50, 2.85, 3.25, 3.50, 4.00 and up.
2 x 3 yards— 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 4.75, 5.25 and up.
Larger sizes at proportionate prices.

Fancy Table Linens—A very ample variety in hemstitched, embroidered and lace trimmed Doylies, Tea Cloths, Scarfs, Napkins, Luncheon Sets, Tray Cloths, etc., all moderately priced. We quote for several representative lines:—

Lace Luncheon and Dinner Cloths, $30.00 to 175.00,
Hemstitched Damask Tea Napkins, $3.00 to 12.00 doz.
Madeira Luncheon Set (25 pieces), $7.00 to 90.00 set.

Towels and Bed Linens—A complete variety of sizes and styles of Linen Sheets and Pillow Cases at our usual attractive prices.

Hemmed Towels, $2.75, 3.00, 3.50, 4.50 dozen.
Hemstitched Towels, $3.00, 3.50, 4.50, 6.50 dozen.
Hemstitched Sheets, $7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 12.50 per pair.
Hemstitched Pillow Cases, $1.50, 2.00, 2.50 per pair.

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Smart Apparel
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Styles for Cross Country Tours—or Trips by Sea—for Train Travel—Motor Wear —Golf—Hunting—Fishing—Seashore—or promenade.

Featuring the new Regimental Suit, the *Marseillaise*, and other stunning Military effects, as well as Smartly Belted Models by Lanvin, Paquin, Jenny and other French designers—also smart *Tramping Suits of our own design.*

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Paris Modes

in Gowns and Wraps for afternoon and evening affairs—a wide range of styles for immediate selection—

Our Import and Custom Department

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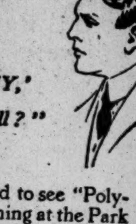
Exact illustrations of Two Very Smart Models.



"Tonight it's 'POLYGAMY,' —hey, Bill?"

Take your friend to see "Polygamy" now running at the Park Theatre—your best friend. Get a good seat and have a good time. It's a wonderful play—big and terrible, beautiful and amusing. It is the only *guaranteed* play in New York. If you don't like it, stop at the box office on your way out and get *all your money back*.

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See our remarkable window display on 59th St. and on Third Avenue.

Bloomingdales'—Third Floor.

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Salads

There are two patterns in these salad sets. One is a floral design with butterfly in the vivid, old-style colorings. The other, in a quiet blue, is a country scene in picturesque England.

There are a bowl and stand as illustrated, with twelve plates. All in the sturdy, typical style of English ware. The set, **$2.98.**

Bloomingdales'—Third Floor.

For Those Who Like to Write With a

Quill

Quills just like Madam will wear in her Spring hat, dyed green and pink, blue, lavender, brown, purple, and old rose; tipped with a detachable "point-holder." A delightfully fanciful idea in quills. Each **50c.**

Bloomingdales'—Lex. Arcade Stationery Shop.

Madame—or Miss—Why Not Make Your Own

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Expert teachers from the celebrated Pictorial Review Dressmaking School of New York are now in our store to enroll classes for teaching the art of Sewing and Dressmaking.

The course consists of five lessons, of one-half hour each, in which time you are expected to finish completely a garment of whatever style you may select.

The price for the complete course is **$2.00,** and you may make appointments for the days and hours most convenient to yourself.

Bloomingdales'—Pattern Dept., Main Floor.

Pretty Flower

Holders

On mantelpiece or table, these slim, graceful holders of solid mahogany (*with a single long-stemmed American Beauty, let us say*), will add the prettiest touch to the room.

The bases are broad, so that they will *not* easily upset. A glass tube is inserted for holding water. Three sizes and three prices. 6½ inches, 8 inches, and 12 inches at **49c, 69c** and **89c.**

Bloomingdales'—Third Floor.

MRS. ANGLE REFUSED TO MARRY BALLOU

Declared That Her Suitor Was Too Old, His Partner Testifies at the Trial.

NERVOUS OVER TESTIMONY

Character of State's Evidence Apparently Causes Worry to Mrs. Angle and Her Father.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, March 10.—In an attempt to fasten the responsibility for the death of Waldo R. Ballou on Mrs. Helen M. Angle, whose trial has been occupying the attention of the Superior Court for five days, the State brought out its most sensational evidence today, and expects to complete all the testimony tomorrow. Mrs. Angle, who is always attended by her father, Leonard Blondell, showed more nervousness, because of the character of the testimony, than at any time since the trial began.

Edward P. Guernsey, in whose home Mr. Ballou lived, and who was associated with Ballou in business, testified that for the past year and a half Mrs. Angle was frequently telephoning to Mr. Ballou, generally twice on Sundays. On the night that Mr. Ballou was picked up on the street in front of the Rippowan Building with a fracture of the skull, Mrs. Angle had communicated with Ballou by telephone. The witness said he never saw Mr. Ballou alive after that.

Mr. Guernsey said that Mrs. Angle and Mr. Ballou were frequently seen together for several years. It was about a year and a half ago, Mr. Guernsey said, that he asked Mrs. Angle why she did not marry Ballou, who was a widower, to which Mrs. Angle replied that "Mr. Ballou was too old and she had seen results of marriages where there were grown-up children, and she did not intend to bring any unhappiness to any one."

When asked if he ever had any conversation with Mrs. Angle since the death of Mr. Ballou, Mr. Guernsey replied that he had.

"The day after she was released on bail," he said, "she called me up on the telephone and asked if I knew who it was talking. I replied that it was Mrs. Angle. Then she asked me if I thought that she had killed Mr. Ballou. I replied that I did not know, but I did not like the idea of her allowing him to be dragged out into the street to die like a dog. Then she said, 'I wish I had called you up.'"

Under cross-examination Mr. Guernsey stuck to his testimony.

The next witness, James V. Morris of Stamford, told of being in a saloon in Stamford and of seeing Ballou take a drink there and buy a bottle of liquor.

A neck of a brown bottle was offered by the State for identification.

Asked how he happened to notice Ballou more than any other of half a dozen men there, the witness said he had never seen him in a saloon before and for that reason his attention was attracted to him.

John Moran, a bartender, identified the broken bottle as of the kind sold in the saloon. Such bottles contained wild cherry wine.

Patrick Rabbitt, whose room in the Rippowan Building was under the Angle apartments, was the next witness called.

About a quarter to 11, while reading in his room, Rabbitt said, he heard a crash.

"I thought that some one's bed might have broken down," he said, "and I cried out, 'Hey there.' I heard no further sound, although I listened carefully. I did not connect the sound with Ballou's death until later."

Asked if the fall of the dummy used at the Coroner's test, simulating a part of the tragedy, could also be heard in his room, he said it could.

On cross-examination the witness said he heard no voices, sound, or commotion of any kind preceding the "crash." He said that after the crash he heard no sound of any kind. He went to bed about 12 o'clock. He spoke of the noise next morning to his landlady, but at that time knew nothing of Ballou's death.

John J. McManus, a policeman, testified that when he found Mr. Ballou the injured man's head was lying on the sidewalk and his feet were resting on the doorsill. He looked up at the building and saw a light in Mrs. Angle's apartments. He said he saw the silhouetted figure of a woman, but he did not recognize the person.

As he bent over Ballou on the sidewalk, McMahon said, he found in the left-hand lower pocket of his short coat an empty whisky bottle. It was not broken. The bottle was then put in as evidence, after being identified by the witness as the one he had found

After Ballou was taken away McManus said he and Chief of Police William Brennan entered the building. They followed spots of blood up two flights of stairs until they reached the third floor. They saw by the light of an electric lamp bloody footprints on the floor leading to Mrs. Angle's apartments. After knocking at one of the apartment doors Mrs. Angle let them in.

Policeman McManus said that when he was looking around the room for Mr. Ballou's hat he found a black skirt and a white shirtwaist hanging over a chair in the bedroom, both stained with blood. The officer testified that he heard the Chief ask Mrs. Angle if Mr. Ballou had been in her rooms that night, and if she knew how he came by his injury. He heard Mrs. Angle say that Mr. Ballou had been in her rooms and left about 10 o'clock.

"Did you hear any of the rest of the conversation?"

"Yes," replied the witness, "Mrs. Angle inquired how bad Mr. Ballou had been injured."

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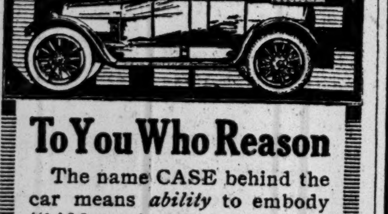

To You Who Reason

The name CASE behind the car means *ability* to embody "hidden values," as well as visible equipment, and the *integrity* that assures the buyer that these hidden values are really there. For they *are* the very life of the motor car.

"25" $1350, "35" $1600, "40" $1800
5% Discount if Cash

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CARRANZA URGES AMERICANS TO GO

Continued from Page 1.

foreign residents should follow a line of conduct similar to the one suggested by you to the American residents, for the adoption of such a course would be the wisest measure that can be taken to avoid consequences so much to be feared.

"I wish I could adequately convey to your Excellency the political and economic conditions in the City of Mexico and their causes as they are understood and known here to be, concerning which representations by an international committee has been made to the State Department. Perhaps a last effort is now being made by reactionaries to bring about complications which may cause the failure of the Mexican revolution. After having encountered and disposed of other and much more difficult and embarrassing situations in the past, when there were a large number of foreign residents scattered all over the territory of Mexico, it will prove to be most unfortunate if now, when Mexico City alone is involved, a situation shall arise which will destroy the hopes and purposes of the Mexican people.

"Because of this consideration, permit me to repeat the hope elsewhere expressed that foreign residents may be induced to save your Government and the republic of Mexico from embarrassments, by temporarily leaving the City of Mexico. Allow me to avail myself of this opportunity to reiterate to you the assurances of my highest consideration and personal regards."

GOOD EFFECT OF NOTES.

British Charge Reports Improvement, but Food Must Be Had.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Information reaching Secretary Bryan today from the Brazilian Minister in the Mexical capital shows that the situation there is still serious, and that there is considerable concern over the food question. However, the situation growing out of the threatened dangers to foreigners was considered better. Word came from Special Agent John R. Silliman at Vera Cruz that Carranza had given assurances of protection to foreigners in territory under his control. There were also signs from Mexico City that General Obregon's atitude was more satisfactory.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, today received a lengthy report from British Chargé d'Affaires Hohler in Mexico City, which he took to the State Department late this afternoon. It was sent from Mexico City on March 9 and received this afternoon and said:

> In my opinion the effect of the American note to Carranza and Obregon has been extremely good. It is, however, absolutely necessary that immediate steps should be taken for sending supplies of food and forage to the capital.
>
> Whatever party is in power in Mexico City and Vera Cruz, it is now plain that the best means to prevent the recurrence of such a situation as now exists would be to insist absolutely on the local troops maintaining inviolate the railway communication between Mexico City and Vera Cruz.

Evacuation Not Confirmed.

Official confirmation of the reported evacuation of Mexico City by General Obregon and its occupation by Zapata troops was lacking in Washington today. Neither the message from the British Chargé d'Affaires nor five messages received from the Brazilian Minister contained any alluson to the evacuation of the city. These messages were all sent yesterday. The latest one from the Brazilian Minister was sent at 6 o'clock last night. Secretary Bryan said he assumed that if the city had been evacuated by Obregon it would have been mentioned in these dispatches.

However, the State Department is in possession of reports indicating that General Obregon was expected soon to move out of the city with his troops. The State Department was also informed from Vera Cruz that "General Carranza has stated that the cable line to Mexico City will not be molested, if not molested otherwise." This was interpreted as meaning that Carranza would keep the communication open within the territory under his control.

Swede Killed in the Capital.

Word reached the State Department today that a Swedish subject in Mexico City had been killed and that protest had been lodged with the Carranza Government by the Swedish Government.

There was an increasing confidence, however, that Carranza would give the required assurances for the protection of foreigners and that the United States would not be compelled to take any steps beyond those already taken. The fear of famine still exists, and the Mexican Red Cross has appealed again to the American Red Cross for assistance. Relief projects are held up pending the outcome of the State Department's representations on behalf of an international committee composed of wealthy residents in Mexico City, who raised a fund to take charge of the situation.

VILLA WOULD FIGHT INVADERS.

Says All Factions Would Unite Against Armed Intervention.

EL PASO, March 10.—General Villa, in a statement received today from Torreon to The Associated Press, declared that in the event of intervention of foreign troops to subdue the Carranza forces he and all other Mexicans would unite against the invaders.

He denied recent interviews in American newspapers, which he said had just been called to his attention, in which he was quoted as saying that he would not oppose armed intervention on the part of the several powers "to reduce Carranza to order," provided that he were made commander of such a move.

"There is nothing more grotesque and absurd than such an assertion," said the message from the northern leader, "since I, as a true Mexican, always have insisted that all our troubles be settled solely among ourselves. Should, unfortunately, some nation invade our territory, I would be ready to fight against it without measuring the danger or the number of the invaders until I would see the entire country in the possession of Mexicans only. All of us would fight united against the common enemy."

CAPITAL IS UNPOLICED.

Foreigners Have to Walk, but Are Not Molested.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, March 10.—Order continues in the city.

Last night the streets and suburbs were unpoliced, but it was safe for foreigners on foot all night.

Foreigners who, owing to the lack of street cars have to walk to their homes in the suburbs two or three miles distant from the city's centre, meet people of the poorer clas, and though there are no police, they are not molested in any way.

BRITAIN APPEALS FOR SHIP.

Washington Asked to Save Wyvisbrook and Master from Mexicans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 10.—The British Government has requested the American Government to investigate and safeguard the steamer Wyvisbrook, which has been seized by Mexicans, and to arrange if possible for the release of the master.

BELLEVUE OLD GRADS DINE.

Medical Class of '90 Gets Together First Time Since Graduation.

Stories of the experiences of physicians were told last night at the Astor at the first dinner and reunion of the class of '90, Bellevue Hospital Medical College. Prof. A. Alexander Smith, who taught the class chemistry and is still in the college Faculty, was there and caused much merriment with an informal "examination in chemistry," in which several of his former pupils failed.

Dr. Henry W. Frauenthal of this city told a graphic story of the Titanic disaster. He was one of the rescued. He attributed the fact that none of those rescued developed pneumonia or pulmonary trouble to the fact that they were surfeited with hot drinks the moment they were taken aboard the Carpathia. He said that none of the bodies found after the disaster showed signs of death by drowning. All were frozen to death.

A member from the West said that Indians required from four to five times as big doses of medicine as white men.

Prof. J. E. Verden of the New York Post Graduate College was toastmaster. He read messages from members all over the world. One was in the war zone, another in South America, and another in Alaska. Twenty-five were dead, seventeen unaccounted for, and more than one-third of the class of 125 present.

REAL WIFE OF MAYO, THIS WOMAN'S CLAIM

Continued from Page 1.

Before leaving for New York late in the afternoon, Mr. Slade gave out this statement:

"You may say as coming from Mr. Mayo that the woman mentioned is not and never was his wife."

Mayo was not at his radiator manufacturing plant tonight, and at his home his servant girl said several times during the evening that Mr. Mayo and his wife were out together.

Registrar Robert E. Lee of New Haven said that no search of the records of New Haven had been made to ascertain if there was any record of the marriage of Mayo on file here, for the reason that it was well known that he was married before he came to New Haven nine years ago. John P. Buckley, chief clerk in the Registrar's office, said that he had known Mayo as a voter since he first came to New Haven, and had registered him as a voter eight years ago. He said that Mayo, when he came to New Haven, brought with him his present wife. The known chapters of Mayo's life are now the following:

1. According to his own statement, his first wife died shortly after their marriage, leaving a daughter, who is now Mrs. Virginia Mayo Kerr of Pelham.
2. According to Mrs. Florence Mayo of Scranton, she was married to Mayo at Binghamton in 1890.
3. Four years ago his stenographer, Miss Lois Waterbury, left his factory here and went to Brooklyn, where she lived as Mrs. James Dudley. Mayo, according to his own and Miss Waterbury's stories, was in the habit of going to Brooklyn to spend week ends with her at her residence, 564 Fourth Street, where he was known as James Dudley. She bore him two children.
4. Under the care of Miss Waterbury is a third child, whose identity is unknown. Miss Waterbury said that Mayo was the father but that she was not the mother. When asked about the identity of the child last Friday, Mayo said: "That child has no identity. That is why it is there."
5. Miss Lillian May Cook was engaged as nurse at the residence of Miss Waterbury two years ago to take care of the third child. A year later, after she had given up that position for some time, she came to New Haven where she was employed as a filing clerk in Mayo's factory. Friday before last she disappeared. Last Friday she was found dead on West Rock, where she had killed herself with a revolver.

DOUBTS LILLIAN COOK IS DEAD.

Father Says He Will Investigate New Haven Story.

Frank H. Cook is not satisfied that his daughter, Lillian May Cook, is dead, and that it was her body which he buried on Tuesday in Greenwood Cemetery. He declared last night at his home, 229 Union Street, Brooklyn, that he would go today with his daughter Laura to New Haven and ask the authorities there to reopen the investigation into his daughter's disappearance unless they could satisfy him that it was really her body that he saw in New Haven.

Mr. Cook was excited at the time, and death had caused changes in the girl's appearance which, he now thinks, may have misled him. Her clothing was not sent with the body from New Haven, and he wants to see this now. He said he had received two anonymous letters from New Haven asking him for what price he had sold the soul of his daughter, and he wants to find out what these may mean. He also wants to learn for what disorder the physician of Virginius Mayo, the girl's employer, was treating her.

The father was greatly upset last night, and his daughter Laura frequently guided him in his conversation. He shows the shock of his recent experiences.

A New Industrial City

MANUFACTURERS

SUNSHINE

for all time, in a new plant at the Degnon Terminal, right in the heart of New York City, where the Big Bakery of the Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co. is situated. There are reasons why they selected this location and you should know them.

Write 30 E. 42d St., New York

Phone Murray Hill, 7505.

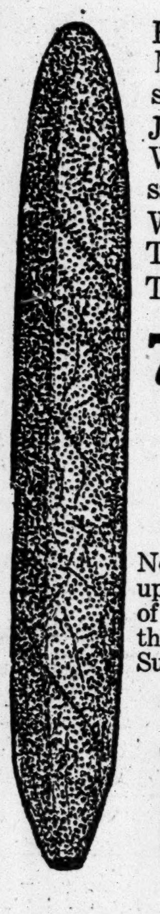
DEGNON TERMINAL
GATEWAY TO WORLD'S GREATEST MARKETS

ADVERTISEMENT.

Speakers and Singers

find Brown's Bronchial Troches a boon for keeping the voice clear—everybody finds them beneficial for all Throat and Bronchial troubles. If you have a cough, get a box from your druggist today and enjoy a coughless night's sleep. In 25c, 50c and $1.00 packages.

THE GARTER THAT WEARS BEST
the Brighton
PIONEER
Brighton GARTERS



For Smokers

Something Extra With

Jaynes Perfecto

The Better Than Ten Cent Cigar for 7c

For more than 20 years Jaynes Perfecto Cigars have been leaders in our Cigar Departments. The sales have grown steadily every year.

Jaynes Perfecto is honestly better than most ten cent cigars. We sell it for 7c each—$7.00 per hundred—$70.00 per thousand.

We want ten thousand new customers to try this cigar Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week.

Therefore to 10,000 purchasers of

7 Jaynes Perfectos at 49c
We Will Give FREE

One pair of Brighton Garters—
A Standard Twenty-five Cent Article.

No smoker who enjoys a good mild ten cent cigar can afford to pass up this proposition. It simply means—we have faith in the quality of these cigars being good enough to make permanent customers of the majority of those who try this fragrant, clear long Havana filled Sumatra wrapped cigar.

ONLY ONE PAIR OF GARTERS TO EACH PURCHASER

RIKER-HEGEMAN
CIGAR DEPARTMENTS

Mail Orders Receive Immediate Attention, and Should Be Sent Without Delay to Avoid Disappointment.

Arnold. Constable & Co.

A REMARKABLE EVENT

Our Entire Remaining Stock of 1650 Yards

Finest French Ratines

Grades that were formerly 65c to $1.75 yard, being our importation of the best foreign makes and consisting of Stripes, Checks, Plaids and an assortment of plain colors—all are 36 to 46 inches wide.

The first time and the lowest price (22c yard) *at which these finest grade Ratines have ever been offered for sale anywhere.*

At the Unprecedented Price 22c Per Yard

Gros de Londres Silk

Extensively Featured by Paris This Season—Imported; 38½ inch; pre-eminently fashionable for day and evening wear; in a large assortment of exquisite new Spring shades, also Black and Ivory. *Value $3.50 yard.* At the remarkably low price of 2.25

Women's Lisle Hose

Silk lisle thread of medium weight and excellent wearing quality, in black or white; double heels and toes. *Regularly 35c pair.* 29c
3 prs. for 80c; 6 prs. for 1.50

Men's Silk Ties

Extra large folded and finely made four-in-hands of lustrous rep silk in a pleasing variety of fashionable Spring colorings. *Value $1.00.* Special at 50c

Broadway & 19th Street

GIMBELS

Broadway and Thirty-third Street

Sailors

Says Paris

Gimbels

Introduces the Authentic Models to America—

At $8.75 to $28

Evelyn Varon, who, for the last two years has been considered one of the few greatest modistes in Paris; Madeleine, who was chief designer for Georgette, but who is now a shining light in the world of millinery; and Monsieur Lewis, who has long since been famous for modes of simplicity—are all advocating Sailors.

We imported the best models of these famous artists. And now we have reproduced them—in nearly every instance—in the materials identical with those in the original Paris models. These hats are $15 to $28.

GIMBEL $6.75 to $12.75 Hats Are the Talk of New York

—because the models are true to Paris and they are reproduced by skilled milliners. Fine workmanship usually is only found in expensive hats. The materials are excellent.

Third Floor

Sale of Negligees, Kimonos and Sacques

At Prices That Average 25 to 40 Per Cent. Less Than Regularly—

$1.25 $1.95 $4.95 $9.50

¶ Special purchases from three of the best manufacturers in New York.

¶ New Styles that are both dainty and attractive.

¶ Materials are the favorites of the season—mostly fine Silk and Cotton Crepes.

¶ New Colors—a veritable rainbow of light and dark shades.

$1.25	$1.95	$4.95	$9.50
Kimonos of Serpentine Crepe, hand-embroidered. Sacques detailed below.	Negligees of Broche Crepe, trimmed with lace. Hand-embroidered Crepe Kimonos.	Crepe de Chine Negligees — one style hand-embroidered, other lace or hemstitched collars and cuffs of silk.	Negligees of Crepe de Chine — two-piece effect, with hand-embroidered matinee and accordion pleated skirt.

At $1.25—Sacques of Crepe de Chine, Florentine Silk, China Silk, Albatross and Cashmere; trimmed with lace.

Second Floor

A Quick, Cash Purchase of 6,000 Pairs of Women's Kid and Lambskin Gloves

Made this sale possible. Kid and Lambskin Gloves of such fine qualities are not plentiful just now at any price. Because a certain importer was hard pressed for ready cash, we got this good lot to sell at

85c a Pair Instead of $1 and $1.50

The styles are just what are in vogue for present and spring wear; especially for Easter. Beautiful qualities; perfectly made and shown in black, white and tan with self or contrasting embroidery.

A complete range of sizes in every style is here to start the sale.

75c Leatherette Gloves, 55c

Two-clasp models in white, gray and pongee, with self or black embroidery. A quality closely resembling leather, yet thoroughly washable, retaining all its shape and finish after washing.

Chamoisette Gloves, 38c Pair

They are made by a famous manufacturer. Two-clasp styles in white, black and colors with self or contrasting embroidery.

Main Floor

OUR GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

Jan. 1, '15, were as follows:

Savings Banks...	$16,029,100
Trustees........	38,419,131
Individuals......	54,050,020
Charitable Inst....	11,601,420
Insurance Cos....	11,621,900
Trust Cos.......	9,144,350
	$140,865,921

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

The Boy of the Hour

His Name? PENROD

You see it everywhere these days. Booth Tarkington's book of great boy stories, now in its 60th Thousand
Net, $1.25.
Leather, Net, $1.50.
Watch for To-morrow's Circle
All Bookshops and Doubleday, Page & Company

You Can Drink Away Your Indigestion!

It is really entirely unnecessary to live on a milk-and-nursery diet or to dose yourself with artificial digestives. If you will observe one easy rule, you can eat the hearty, nourishing foods that your appetite craves and your body needs. That rule is simply to sip with each meal a glass or two of refreshing Man-a-cea Water. It is a non-laxative mineral water so palatable as to make a superb table water, yet possessing medicinal qualities that promptly overcome impaired digestion, fermentation, acidity, catarrhal conditions, distress after eating, and other stomach disorders. Sold by all druggists and leading grocers.

CAMPBELL HEIRESS UNNOTICED AT HOTEL

Employes of the Grand Don't Remember Mother with One-Day-Old Baby.

$16,000,000 WILL FIGHT ON

Hearings in New York Resumed and Widow of St. Louis Capitalist May Testify Tomorrow.

Testimony in rebuttal of that already given tending to prove Lois Ann Campbell the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Campbell of New York and St. Louis, was submitted yesterday upon resumption of the New York hearings in the will contest pending in the Circuit Court at St. Louis, which involves an estate inventoried at $16,000,000.

Depositions of two witnesses for the legatees were taken in the law offices of Austin, McLanahan & Merritt, at 137 Broadway. Subsequent additional testimony for the defendants in the will contest will be taken within the next few days in the offices of Sullivan & Cromwell, at 51 Wall Street. At these hearings John J. Tierney, who has had charge of the previous hearings in New York, will preside.

Mrs. Annie Mahoney of 126 West 187th Street, an aged third cousin to the Campbell heiress whose parentage is attacked by the nephews and nieces seeking to break the late capitalist's will, was produced at an earlier hearing in New York and testified to having seen the Campbell daughter two hours after she was born on March 17, 1893, at the Grand Union Hotel, where Mrs. Campbell was taken after having been stricken suddenly ill on the street. Mrs. Mahoney said that Mrs. Campbell and the child were taken, on the following day, from the Grand Union to the Grand Hotel on Broadway.

John Fitzpatrick, 62 years old, and for twenty-one years day head porter at the Grand Hotel, testified yesterday that he was employed at the Grand on the date when, it is alleged, Mrs. Campbell and her day-old daughter were removed from the Grand Union to the Grand Hotel. Under examination by Attorney L. Frank Ottofy of St. Louis, chief counsel for the contestants, Fitzpatrick expressed a belief that he would have remembered the incident, had a mother and child of that age been brought to the hotel.

Attorneys for Mrs. Campbell, the daughter, who is now Mrs. Elzey G. Burkham of Little Rock, Ark., and the Mercantile Trust Company, as trustees under Mr. Campbell's will, interposed a series of objections to a majority of the questions Ottofy asked Fitzpatrick, who declared it an unusual occurrence to bring a day-old child to a New York hotel.

William McAvoy, 60 years old, of 869 Lexington Avenue, who testified he had been a steam engineer for forty-four years and chief engineer at the Grand Union from December, 1885, to June 15 of last year, described the arrangement of rooms and stairways on the lower floors of the hotel and by testifying that there was no bedroom over the kitchen and that the kitchen could not be seen by any one coming into the hotel by any of the public entrances, apparently refuted Mrs. Mahoney's testimony.

The lawyers sparred a little at the close of the hearing.

William Nelson Cromwell said to Mr. Ottofy: "I am disappointed, Mr. Ottofy. You have produced no sensations. Where are your sensational witnesses?"

"You'll have your inning if that is what you want," Ottofy retorted. "Just produce your defendant, Mrs. Campbell, as a witness on Friday, and you will have all the sensations you'll want."

Mrs. Campbell is at the Plaza Hotel, convalescing from an operation for appendicitis. Yesterday she was able to leave her bed for the first time and sat up for a while, but doubts are expressed as to the probability of her being able to appear this week at the New York hearings. She may testify at a later hearing in this city, but probably not before the case is at issue before Circuit Judge Leo M. Rassieur in St. Louis.

DELANE WITNESS ARRESTED

Woman Recants and Prosecutor Charges Her with Perjury.

Henrietta Annette, whom detectives sought for six months, that she might be District Attorney Martin's chief witness against John J. Delane, whose trial for white slavery began before County Judge Gibbs in the Bronx on Tuesday, was produced in court yesterday by ex-Judge Palmieri, counsel for Delane, who is a politician and head of the John J. Delane Association. To the amazement of Mr. Martin the woman testified that he had forced her to give false testimony before the Grand Jury, that she knew nothing against Delane.

As she left the courtroom, Mr. Martin had her arrested on a charge of perjury resulting from her refusal to identify an affidavit which, Mr. Martin said, she had signed in his office. The woman said she signed some paper because Martin's threats had so frightened her that she feared to refuse.

The defense rested yesterday, and today both sides will sum up.

MISS DAVIS'S MIXING OF RACES CRITICISED

Prison Inquirers Also Find Isolation Building at Bedford Unfit for Use.

CHARITIES LAW VIOLATED

Feeble-Minded Women Kept Under Discipline That Could Work No Improvement.

The charge of cruelty in the isolation cells at Bedford Reformatory, made by Dr. Rudolph F. Diedling of the State Prison Commission, was sustained in part by the special committee of the State Board of Charities, which reported yesterday.

The committee, consisting of Dr. J. Richard Kevin, Dr. Stephen Smith, and Thomas M. Mulry, criticises the policy of keeping white and negro inmates together, originated by Dr. Katharine B. Davis, who was Superintendent at Bedford before she became Commissioner of Correction.

The report, which was approved by the State Board of Charities yesterday, says of the cruelty charges:

> It appears that a considerable number of more or less refractory inmates were maintained for long periods in the disciplinary building. This, in the opinion of your committee, is a mistaken use of this building. It was originally intended as a temporary place of isolation, for a few days at most, of hysterical inmates. It should be used for that purpose only.

Commissioner Diedling had charged that he had seen an 18-year-old girl shackled hands and feet in a cell, where she had been for two weeks on bread and water. The committee makes no reference to this case or to similar charges, but it recommends that the old prison building known as "Rebecca Hall" be torn down as obsolte and dangerous in the event of fire.

In holding the managers responsible for the admission of 25 per cent. of feeble-minded persons who should have been in other institutions, the committee says:

> The Board of Managers has maintained over 500 inmates in an institution which was intended to accommodate approximately 400. That reduction was possible is shown by the fact that the reformatory census on Jan. 18, 1914, showed 523 inmates, while on March 9, 1915, there were only 411.
>
> Included in this congestion and greatly complicating the situation were a large number of women and girls so feeble-minded as to be incapable of benefit from the discipline and training of the institution.

Dr. Davis, superintendent of the institution from its inception, fourteen years ago, till her appointment as Commissioner of Correction, had told the committee she assumed full responsibility for mixng races at the reformatory. In ordering this discontinued the committee says:

> Another contributing cause to the difficulties of the institution is the housing together of the white and colored inmates. While the committee makes no objection to this because of the color line, it is undoubtedly true that most undesirable conditions grow out of this mingling of the two races. Besides this, acquaintances are formed in the institution which have evil effects upon the lives of the inmates after they leave the reformatory.

The complaints of lack of clothing and food, the committee finds, are due more to lack of variety than to insufficiency, and that with the inmates reduced to the normal number the supplies will be ample.

GIRL ACCUSES MINISTER.

The Rev. W. G. Jones of Jersey City Arrested on Servant's Complaint.

The Rev. Walter G. Jones, pastor of the North Baptist Church, Jersey Avenue and Fourth Street, Jersey City, was arrested last evening in his home, 289 Pavonia Avenue, on a charge preferred by 18-year-old Laura Shrope of South Plainfield. The girl, accompanied by her father, Melville Shrope, a railroad man, appeared at Police Headquarters to make the accusation against the minister, and Justice of the Peace Edward Markley issued a warrant.

"This charge is infamous," protested the minister when he had been brought to headquarters. "I shall have no difficulty in disproving it."

Meantime Mr. Jones was not put in a cell, but was permitted to wait in the headquarters building until the Rev. Robert T. Craig of the Summit Avenue Baptist Church concluded his evening service, after which, he promised, he would obtain the $2,500 bail in which County Judge Tennant held the minister.

The minister says that he found the girl always untruthful and disrespectful, and that he kept her as long as he did only at the request of his wife.

URGES SALARY STANDARDS.

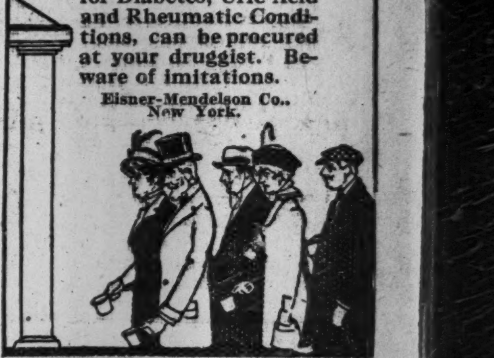
Citizens' Union Tells Estimate Board Action Should Be Taken.

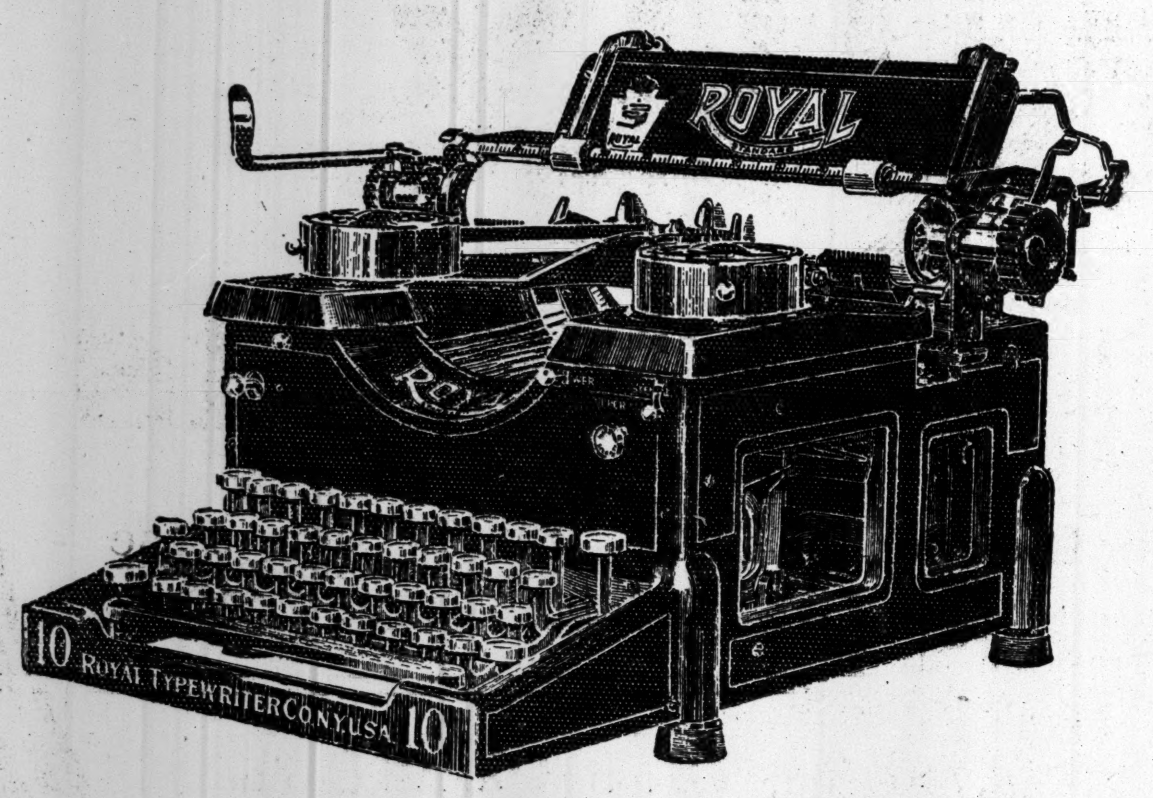
The Citizens' Union has sent a communication to the Board of Estimate urging it to put in operation the plan reported by the Bureau of Standards on the standardization of salaries. The Union says the board has spent more than two years studying the question and that its report has been before the board since last November.

The letter says standardization is urgently needed in the interest of economy, efficiency, and good government. It takes exception, however, to some assumptions of the report, particularly that the present appropriations are a proper basis for standardization; that it is necessary for the city to pay from 10 to 20 per cent. more than private employers, and that it will take from seven to eight years to complete the standardization. The letter says these assumptions are non-essential, and have no real bearing on the merits of the methods of standardization proposed by the report.

War need not keep you from taking your regular Carlsbad treatment. Carlsbad Water and Carlsbad Salts, famous for Diabetes, Uric Acid and Rheumatic Conditions, can be procured at your druggist. Beware of imitations.

Eisner-Mendelson Co., New York.





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Settle it right now—have a Royal demonstration today

If we can give you a typewriter that isn't going to scrap itself in a year or two, so that you'll have to go through all that *trading-in* nuisance again—*you want it.*

If we can give you a typewriter that will turn out letters of perfect presswork—the kind of letters that breathe "class" and "up-to-dateness"—*you want it.*

If we can give you a typewriter that not only writes but bills and charges and writes cards for indexes and files—writes anywhere and everywhere on the card—and does all this without a single extra attachment—*you want it.*

If we can give you a typewriter that will help your stenographer to do more work, do it better, do it easier—a typewriter that will bring sunshine into the place—*you want it.*

If we can give you a typewriter that stands up to its work hour after hour, day in and day out, and doesn't go to the bad and blockade things because the repair man has to come—*you want it.*

If we can give you a typewriter that is built not only to do its work better and do more of it, but built to live for years and years—*you want it.*

We *can* do that very thing. We *are* doing it. We've *been* doing it. That's the *reason* for Royal leadership today.

We're ready any minute to show you and *prove* to you that the day you Royalize your office you are spending the wisest money you ever spent.

Telephone us right *now,* if you're in your office. If you're not, make a note of it drop us a postal card and we'll come. Not the slightest obligation in the world on your part—we're more than satisfied to demonstrate the Royal and let it sell itself.

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J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET
"Meet me at the Fountain"

Usual Complimentary S&H Green Trading Stamps Free Today Distribution in our Annex Building

As many sets of these S&H Green Trading Stamps as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given, but only one set of any one date good in any one book. Only 100 Complimentary Stamps good in any one book, but you may start as many books as you please.

Save 5 to 10 Per Cent. on Your Daily Expenses

The process is an easy one—it is followed by many of the shrewdest people in this city today.

Do all your trading at Greenhut's Popular "Big Store."

Besides giving you THE BEST POPULAR PRICED MERCHANDISE FOR THE LOWEST PRICES, Greenhut's gives you with every purchase S&H GREEN TRADING STAMPS.

By taking advantage of our frequent extraordinary distributions your stamp books are filled in an incredibly short time.

The stamps cost you nothing. They have a very real value, however, being exchangeable for VALUABLE PREMIUMS—things that you need every day in the home or for personal use.

By actual computation you thus effect savings of 5 to 10 per cent.

Double S&H Trading Stamps in the Forenoon
Single S&H Stamps in the Afternoon

MAIN BUILDING

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Greenhut's Annual Springtime Sale Begins Today

The event of events—the occasion that so many thousands of our patrons wait for annually. LOOK AT THE SAVINGS—prepare a list of your needs and come early today. EVERY ITEM OF GUARANTEED QUALITY.

Twelve sample items are:—

SCOTT'S EMULSION—$1 size, at	64c
ABSORBENT COTTON—1-lb. roll	18c
HIND'S HONEY AND ALMOND CREAM—50c size, at	29c
HAY'S HAIR HEALTH—$1 size, at	50c
WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP—25c cake, at	15c
DAGGETT & RAMSDELL'S COLD CREAM—50c jar, at	33c
FLETCHER'S CASTORIA—25c size, at	19c
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK—50c size, at	33c
WHITE OR CREAM CASTILE SOAP—bar	19c
DUFFY'S MALT WHISKEY—$1 size, at	69c
GUM CAMPHOR—1-lb. tins, at	47c
FELLOWS'S SYRUP OF HYPO-PHOSPHITES—$1.50 size, at	93c

MAIN BUILDING

Men! We Are Ready With Our Annual One-Day Sale of

"Odds & Ends" in the Clothing Store

Odds and Ends Sale

A final thorough sweep of all Winter garments for men and young men and boys.

Original cost and former selling prices not seriously considered.

Tables will be "cleaned" today. TODAY'S PRICES WILL DO IT.

Read the detail:—

100 "Odd" Winter Suits—for men and young men; sizes 33 to 40; at	$6.95
135 "Odd" High-Priced Suits—for men and young men; sizes 33 to 50; at	$10
85 Gray Chinchilla Overcoats—for men and youths; sizes 34 to 40; at	$4.95
140 "Odd" Winter Overcoats—for men and youths; sizes 34 to 40; at	$7.75
55 "Odd" Sack Coats—black and blue; sizes 30 to 44; at	$3.50
20 "Odd" Coats and Vests—blue and black; sizes 34 to 40; at	$3.50
10 Chauffeurs' Fur Outside Auto Coats—sizes 38 to 46; at	$14.75
210 Imported Raincoats—for men and youths; sizes 34 to 40; at	$4.85
360 Pairs Men's and Youths' Trousers—neat stripes and plain colors; sizes 28 to 52; at	$1.65
110 "Odd" Coats—plain and fancy; for school boys or very small men; sizes 30 to 33 chest; at	$1
100 "Odd" Long-Trouser Suits for School Boys and Young Men—sizes 30 to 35 chest measure; at	$3.50
60 Mackinaw Coats—sizes 34 to 44; at	$2.95
20 "Odd" Coats and Vests—fancy; sizes 30 to 34 only; at	$2
"Odd" Cloth Vests—for young men; sizes 30 to 33; at	15c
190 Brown Mixture Overcoats—for men and youths; sizes 34 to 40; at	$2.95
25 "Odd" Raincoats—sizes up to 36 only; at	$2
25 "Odd" House Coats—at	$3.95
45 "Odd" House Coats—at	$1.95
"Odd" Full Dress Vests—sizes 38 to 46; at	65c

180 Pairs Men's Trousers—Sizes 32 to 42; at.......... 85c

"Odds and Ends" Sale of Boys' Overcoats, Suits, Blouses, Raincoats, Etc.

Boys' Overcoats—sizes 2½ to 16 years; at	$1.65
Boys' Balkan Norfolk Suits—sizes 6 to 16 years; at	$1.95
Boys' Raincoats—sizes 10 to 18 years; at	$1.25
Boys' Wash Suits—sizes 2½ to 6 years; at	65c
Boys' "Odd" Overcoats—sizes 2½, 3 and 4 yrs.; at	85c
Boys' "Odd" Suits—broken sizes; at	$1.25
Boys' Blouses—collars or neckbands; at	27c
Boys' "Odd" Blouses and Wash Pants—at	10c

ANNEX BUILDING—HOME FURNISHINGS

Specials in Curtains, Bed Sets and Couch Covers

$2.50 pair Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains—Mounted on heavy net	$1.95
$1.50 pair Nottingham Net Valance Curtains	$1.29
$4.95 Ruffled Net Bed Sets—large Renaissance motifs	$3.95
$3 Tapestry Couch Covers	$2.25

100-Piece Austrian China Dinner Sets

Complete for 12 Persons

today, at $13.75

The set includes soup tureen, 3 large meat platters, etc. It comes in a dainty floral spray design.

56-piece China Sets—complete for 12 persons; same decoration as the above.......... $5.25

3-piece Glass Mayonnaise Sets—neat Colonial patterns; light cutting (as illustrated.) The set.......69c

SALE OF POULTRY SUPPLIES

Sanitary Hovers—this particular make of hover has overhead radiant heat; it is warmest at the outer edge, is absolutely fireproof and the chicks cannot crowd. The air is kept wholesome by diffusion through the cloth curtain. There are no draughts under the hover. Capacity for 100 chicks and enough ventilation for many more...... $8.50

Rat-proof Cages—very effective in keeping rats and cats away from the chicks; simple, reliable and economical.. $4

2-in-1 Exerciser and Feeder—a necessity for poultry breeders; makes chickens work to get their good... $3.75

"Hatchalot" Incubator—60-egg machine; will bring a vigorous chick out of every hatchable egg; substantially made of clear cypress, a wood which withstands the action of heat, cold and moisture. There is a layer of asbestos between the double walls of the top. Supplied with thermostat; made of strong zinc and steel $7.50

2-Piece Drink Founts—
1 quart 20c
2 quart 25c
3 quart 30c

Wall Founts—made of galvanized iron; 1 gallon 50c

Chicken Feed Troughs—grated top; easy to clean; 10 inch......30c
20 inch 75c

Round Bottom Dry Food Hopper 75c

Garden Spades—"D" handle, riveted back 55c

Spading Fork—good quality; four-prong 50c

Poultry Wire (2-inch mesh)

Widths.	50 ft.	100 ft.	150 ft.
12 in...	21c	42c	63c
24 in...	42c	84c	$1.25
36 in...	63c	$1.25	1.89
48 in...	84c	1.64	2.52
60 in...	$1.05	2.10	3.15
72 in...	1.25	2.50	3.75

Poultry Wire (1-inch mesh)

Widths.	50 ft.	100 ft.	150 ft.
12 in...	60c	$1.20	$1.80
24 in...	$1.20	2.40	3.60
36 in...	1.80	3.60	5.40
48 in...	2.40	4.80	7.20

Garden Wheelbarrows—painted inside; varnished outside.
No. 2............$3.00
No. 3............3.40
No. 4............3.75
No. 5............4.00

Round Bottom Grit and Shell Box—no clogging of grit; shelf in corners 50c

Sanitary Poultry Fountains—galvanized iron; cone shaped.
1 qt....20c | 4 qt....35c
2 qt....30c | 8 qt....50c

Lawn Rollers—160 lbs. weight; 15 in. diameter, 16 in. long; 2 sections $7.20

Water Weight Rollers—300 lbs. filled with water, 500 lbs. filled with sand; 75 lbs. empty $9.75

Wheelbarrows—extra durable and well bolted $2

J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY—WE GIVE S&H GREEN TRADING STAMPS

COST METZ $106,550 TO CARRY THE MAILS

Ex-Congressman Sues Men Who Had Two Years' Government Contract.

INDEMNIFIED THEIR BOND

Says Only Henry L. Palmer of New York Mail Co. Is Solvent Now and Wants to be Reimbursed.

Herman A. Metz, ex-Congressman and ex-Controller, began suit yesterday to recover $106,550 from Henry L. Palmer, J. Fred Amsden, Levi E. Ewing and the Ewing American Motor Company. In his complaint, filed at the County Court House, Mr. Metz alleges that he indirectly advanced this money to the New York Mail Company during a period of three months and personally paid for the carrying of the mails for the portion of the Borough of Manhattan south of Forty-sixth Street, from June 1 until Sept. 1, in 1913.

The New York Mail Company, according to Mr. Metz's complaint, obtained a two-year mail carrying contract from the United States Government on May 22, 1911. The Government demanded a bond of $400,000 and the officers of the Mail Company, Henry L. Palmer, Levi E. Ewing, J. Fred Amsden and the Ewing American Motor Company, made arrangements with the American Surety Company of this city, to furnish the bond.

Palmer, Ewing, Amsden, and the motor company signed bonds as indemnitors, and, as it was necessary to have another indemnitor, prevailed upon Mr. Metz also to sign a bond to the surety company. Then, when the New York Mail Company, through lack of funds, was unable to carry out the mail contract, the American Surety Company advanced $106,550 to it for this purpose. The surety company then called upon its indemnitors to make good the money advanced, and according to Mr. Metz's allegations he was the only one that made good, the others being unable to pay.

In his complaint Mr. Metz says that Palmer is the only other indemnitor who is solvent, and he asks the court to order Palmer to reimburse him to the amount of one-half his outlay, or $53,275, and, furthermore, he asks that Ewing, Amsden, and the motor company be ordered to pay their pro rata share as soon as able.

Mr Palmer, who is said to be a capitalist living at the St. George Hotel in Brooklyn, in his answer makes what is practically a denial of all Mr. Metz's allegations. In a second and separate defense Palmer says that in June, 1912, all the stock of the New York Mail Company was owned and controlled by the Central Trust Company of this city. He says that the Atlantic Express Company subsequently took over from the trust company all the stock and control of the mail company and in April, 1913, he acquired control of the express company and assumed the mail company's contract and carried it out to its expiration on Aug. 31, 1913. He says further that from the time he took over the contract the United States Government paid the mail company $25,000 a month until the end of its contract, and that this was enough money to see it through without loss under "proper management." Mr. Palmer finally denies that the American Surety Company advanced any money to the New York Mail Company.

"I only went into this as a courtesy," said Mr. Metz yesterday, "and I had no intention whatever of going into the mail carrying business. I was only to remain an indemnitor from Saturday to Monday, and then some one else was to be substituted. Well, I agreed and the result was that I remained an indemnitor for the life of the contract and two months more, and it cost me well over $100,000.

"On April 16, 1913, Henry L. Rubino, agent for the automobile people, came down on the mail company with Marshals and papers, and announced that he was going to take the trucks. This would have meant an absolute tie-up of the mails in lower Manhattan, and something had to be done. That very day Mr. Rubino received $75,000 in Government vouchers from the mail company, and that is where the payment for the last three months' mail deliveries went."

O'Gorman, Battle & Vandiver, 37 Wall Street, are Mr. Metz's attorneys.

EXPECT TO BE DEPOSED.

Public Service Commissioners Mum on Investigators' Report.

None of the Public Service Commissioners yesterday would discuss the report of the legislative committee which investigated them. When Chairman McCall was asked whether he was going to make a defense of his acts which had been criticised, he replied:

"I shall only do it when I find there is any need of it."

Meanwhile the Commissioners give the impression of being quite willing to permit Gov. Whitman to solve the problems presented to him by the investigation, without doing anything to help him out. They have little doubt that whatever they do, they will be turned out of office, but they are confident that the legislative committee has not discovered any acts on their part which would justify such a radical course.

They had nothing to say yesterday about the rumor that the Governor had tried to make terms so as to permit Chairman McCall and Commissioner Williams to retain office, although Mr. McCall would be asked to resign the Chairmanship to Colonel William Hayward, counsel for the Governor and for the legislative committee.

It is likely that if Gov. Whitman prefers charges against the Commissioners they will go to Albany prepared to fight to the last.

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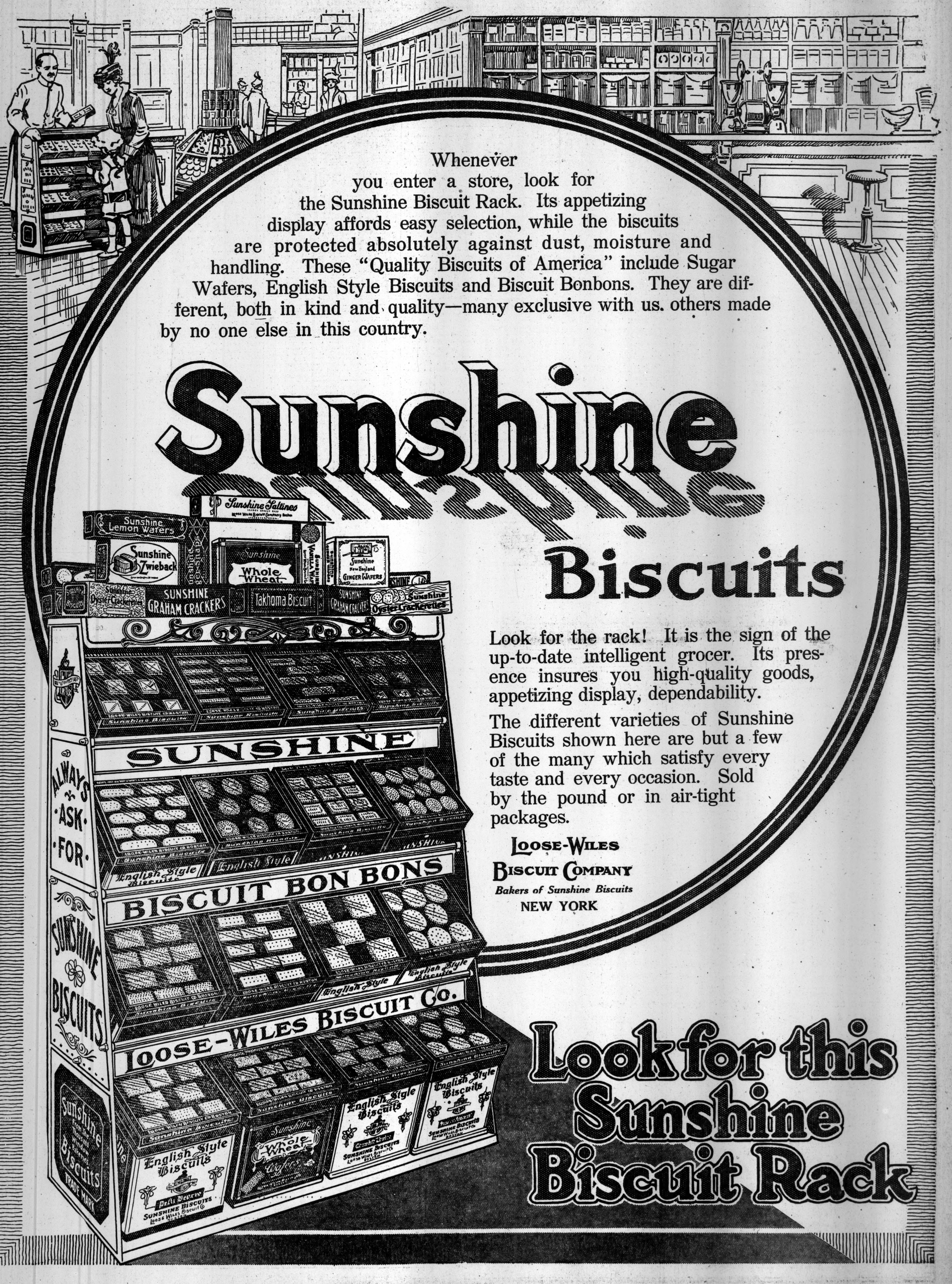

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by no one else in this country.

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CALLS EASY DIVORCE THE SIN OF RICH MEN

Dr. Manning Assails the Views of Dr. Grant in a Sermon in Trinity Chapel.

THE SIGNIFICANCE OF 'OBEY'

As Used in Marriage It Merely Gives Man the Responsibility, Pastor Asserts.

In a sermon in Trinity Chapel which was taken to be a reply to the address made by the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, rector of the Ascension Episcopal Church, in which he advocated more liberal divorce laws, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, said last night that divorce was "the shameful luxury of the rich and well-to-do."

"We do not realize the present situation in this, our own country," said Dr. Manning. "Reliable statistics show that there is one divorce to every twelve marriages. These statistics misrepresent the situation. It is really far worse. The poor man can't afford divorce, and so he simply follows the example of the illustrious names he reads about in the papers and deserts his home; that is his way of accomplishing the same thing the rich man can accomplish by law. The statistics show only the percentage of wealthy people who are divorced."

Dr. Manning said the tendency toward easy divorces was due to the trend of modern literature, drama, "some newspapers," and "so-called reform movements disguised under the names of progress and advancement." "Indecency," he said, "is no more respectable when it comes to us in the garb of intellectual cleverness than in the garb of the gutter, and it is infinitely more dangerous. This so-called progress and advancement should be stripped of its mask and called what it is—indecency and plain immorality.

"What can be the state of mind of man or woman who has been married with these solemn words, 'till death us do part,' even to want to stand before the world while husband or wife is living and to say the words again, to go through the hollow form, and what would be the moral state of mind of a clergyman who would lend himself to such a transaction?"

The rector also dealt briefly with the questions that have been brought up regarding the use of the word "obey" by the woman in the marriage ceremony. To any one who understood the use of the word, he said, there could be no doubt about its real meaning, or any idea that it meant that the woman was to live "in the subjection and subordination which some people have been pleased to read into it."

The word meant, he said, that the man was to assume the position of responsibility and leadership in the household. He referred also to the raising of children, and said that it was a great loss that the church's prayer book in this country did not include the passages in the English prayer book regarding this subject. In closing Dr. Manning urged the congregation to do all in its power to discourage elaborate display at weddings, and said the solemn wedding ceremony should not be turned into a social function. He condemned clandestine marriages and urged his auditors to do what they could "to hasten legislative action to strengthen our present marriage system and so to do our part to lessen those awful domestic tragedies which we call divorces and to lessen the number of orphaned children with parents still living."

CATHOLICS GAIN 241,000.

New Directory Reports 16,300,000 in the United States.

With forty-four dioceses reporting increases, forty archdioceses and dioceses taking no census during 1914, and with fifteen dioceses, including the two established during the past year, showing decreases, the Catholic Church in this country shows a gain of 241,325 members, according to advance copies of the 1915 edition of the Official Catholic Directory, published and copyrighted by P. J. Kenedy & Sons of Barclay Street, this city.

In the United States proper there are, according to this publication, 16,309,310 Catholics, showing a gain of 3,846,517 in the last ten years and a gain of 7,231,445 during the past twenty years. According to the editor, at least 10 per cent. should be added for "floating" Catholic population of which no record can be kept.

There are 18,994 Catholic clergymen in the United States. There are 14,961 Catholic churches, showing that 310 new Catholic churches have been established during the past year.

The statistics for New York State are as follows: Catholics, 2,885,824; churches with resident priests, 1,120; missions with churches, 311; secular clergy, 2,041; priests of religious orders, 687; seminaries, 8; seminarians, 1,051; parochial schools, 561; pupils, 235,569; colleges and academies for boys and girls, 134; students in colleges and academies, 17,710; homes, asylums, and charitable institutions, 192.

CITY BREVITIES.

Commissioner of Correction Davis said yesterday that she would not consider any charges made by Frank Tannenbaum, the I. W. W. leader, unless he complained directly to her.

Judge William L. Ransom, Hugh Gordon Miller, and Lindon Bates will be the speakers tonight at a founder's day celebration of the Queens County Progressives in Richmond Hill.

Alderman Henry H. Curran predicted the early end of the municipal free markets last night at a meeting of the Directors of the Allied Food Merchants' Association at the Hotel Manhattan.

Seven Bellevue Hospital attendants and three undertakers were required yesterday to move the 500-pound body of Thomas Hunt of 219 West Seventeenth Street from the mortuary wagon to the Morgue.

Shortly before the Holland-American liner Ryndam left her pier in Hoboken yesterday, Frank Devine, a longshoreman, of Fifty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, fell into the hold and was killed.

William Glynn, 50 years old, of 1,399 East Thirteenth Street, Flatbush, fell down the steps of the Fiftieth Street Subway Station last evening and suffered a fracture of the skull.

James Baxter, 42 years old, the chauffeur of a taxicab, was arrested yesterday afternoon for driving his taxicab while intoxicated, after the taxicab had collided with a southbound Amsterdam Avenue surface car at Seventy-ninth Street. The taxicab was wrecked.

TO RENAME JUMEL HOUSE.

Aldermen Asked to Call It "Washington's Headquarters."

There was a hearing yesterday before the Committee on Public Thoroughfares of the Aldermen on the resolution to change the name of the Jumel Mansion in Roger Morris Park, on Washington Heights, to Washington's Headquarters. A delegation from the Washington Headquarters Association, the Daughters of the American Revolution, and the Sons of the American Revolution favored the change, while Mrs. Rosalie Loew Whitney, on behalf of the Women's Municipal League, opposed it.

Mrs. Whitney said that the house had been known for decades as the Jumel Mansion, and that there was no reason to call it something else. She said it was true that Washington had his headquarters there for a few weeks, but as he had the reputation of sleeping in so many places which now bore the name of his headquarters, she doubted if he had ever had time to sleep two nights in the same house. Park Commissioner Ward said he had sent the resolution to the Aldermen at the request of the society which had charge of the building, and he knew of no good reason why the change should not be made.

N. Taylor Phillips, for the Washington Headquarters Association, said the proposed measure did not change the name of a historical building, but gave a name to it. The name Jumel Mansion was not official, he said, but was simply the name of the last owner of the house before the city purchased it. The mansion was erected by Lieutenant Colonel Roger Morris in 1765 and for five weeks in 1776 was occupied as a headquarters by General Washington. In 1785 it became a tavern, under the name of Calmut Hall, and President Washington and his Cabinet had dinner there once in 1790. It was purchased by Stephen Jumel in 1810 and the city bought it in 1907, and turned it over to the Washington Headquarters Association and the Daughters of the American Revolution the same year as a museum for historical relics.

THE TRIBUNE TO MOVE.

Site at Seventh Avenue and 34th Street Reported Chosen.

That The Tribune contemplates removal from its home in Printing House Square was learned yesterday when there were several rumors in circulation that it had purchased property in the vicinity of Thirty-fourth Street and Seventh Avenue.

Ogden Mills Reid said the press capacity of The Tribune was about to be increased, and that it might be necessary to find new quarters.

"Sites in various parts of the city have been offered and suggested, but nothing definite has been decided," said Mr. Reid.

The first issue of The Tribune was printed in a cellar in Ann Street on April 10, 1841. It was a Whig paper and sold for a cent. The cornerstone of the present Tribune Building, at Nassau and Spruce Streets, was laid on Jan. 24, 1874, by Dr. George Ripley, then President of The Tribune Association. In 1905 additional property at 7 and 9 Frankfort Street was transferred to The Tribune Association. The structure not only was enlarged in ground area, but ten floors were added, making it nineteen stories.

'MARK OF TERROR' ON GIRL.

Scars Help Convict Her Ex-Wooer of Felonious Assault.

Two crosses on her face, one on her left cheek and the other on her neck, were displayed by Fannie Mazzocci, 17 years old, to a jury before Judge Humphrey in the Queens County Court yesterday. They helped to convict her former wooer, Samuel Demicola, of 321 Havemeyer Street, Brooklyn, of felonious assault.

"That is the Sicilian mark of terror," the girl told the jury through an interpreter. "Now I can never marry. Demicola was jealous without cause and he cut me. This mark says that other young men must avoid me."

It was explained to the jury that other young men feared the vengeance of the man who had marked her.

FOSDICK SILENCED AS CRITIC OF COOK

Board of Education Says What Auditor Does Out of Hours Is None of Its Business.

HIS TRIP TO ALBANY PROPER

President Churchill Gave Permission—Gen. Wingate Defends Freedom of Speech.

Raymond B. Fosdick at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Education attacked Auditor Henry R. M. Cook for a recent visit to Albany. Mr. Cook was sharply criticised a few days ago by Controller Prendergast. Mr. Fosdick offered this resolution:

> That Auditor Henry R. M. Cook be directed to inform the Board of Education whether, on his own initiative, or on the suggestion of any other person, he has taken any steps whatsoever to have a bill introduced into the Legislature for the purpose of changing in any wise the present status of the Department of Education, or any part thereof, and, in the event any such steps were taken or attempted by him, who were the parties or persons with whom he was in consultation.

Mr. Fosdick said that on March 1 he wrote to Mr. Cook, asking him for this information and requesting a copy of the bill. Mr. Cook, he said, in a letter dated March 6 promised that he would answer the queries in a short time, and on March 9 again wrote him, forwarding a memorandum of his views on educational policies, but not answering the questions. Mr. Fosdick said he was not interested in Mr. Cook's views, but was greatly interested in knowing why a paid subordinate of the board absented himself from his duties to foster legislation. If an employe in his office had acted in that way, Mr. Fosdick said, he would make pretty short shrift of him and give him plenty of free time to indulge in plans for legislation.

"Was permission given by the President to Auditor Cook to go to Albany?" Dr. Ira S. Wile asked.

"Permission was given by me," replied President Churchill.

General George W. Wingate appealed to the board not to make itself ridiculous. Mr. Cook, he said, had the right of an American citizen to express his opinions, to draw up a bill, or to write to the newspapers if he did not use disrespectful language. If he were removed for any such action, the courts would put him back in short order. So long as he did his duty, he fulfilled all his obligations to the board, and what else he did was none of the board's business.

After further discussion Alrick H. Man moved that the whole matter be tabled, and this was done.

The board voted to ask the Board of Estimate for $879,422 to carry out the recommendations of Fire Commissioner Adamson in his report to the Mayor with regard to making the public schools fireproof.

$32,500 for Lost Arm and Foot.

Damages to the amount of $32,500 were awarded yesterday in the Federal District Court by a jury before Judge Mack to Robert J. McKibbin of 21 Wells Avenue, Yonkers, in a suit he had brought against the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company. McKibbin was a brakeman for the company, and while uncoupling cars slipped under the train, with the result that he lost his right arm and left foot. It was contended by Joseph A. Shay, his counsel, that the company had violated the Safety Appliance act, which required the use of couplers that could be operated from beside the train by a lever.

BRYAN ON DUTY IN POLITICS.

Christian Should Work Disinterestedly for Public Welfare.

William Jennings Bryan, who has been widely criticised since he became Secretary of State because he left his post at Washington in diplomatic crises to fill lecture engagements, has described the Christian politician and his relation to reform and government in an article entitled "The Christian in Politics," appearing today in the Christian Advocate. Mr. Bryan says:

"Man's relation to government is next in importance to his relation to society, and is one from which he cannot separate himself even if he so desires."

The Secretary of State says it would be more accurate to apply the word "politician" to those who, though not in office, or, at least, not in high office, interest themselves in politics; and the word "statesman," to those who, in office, and especially in high office, devote themselves to the study and application of the science of government. He regrets that the word "poor," when applied to politicians generally, is intended to convey the meaning of unsuccessful, while the word "good," on the other hand, usually implies success rather than virtue.

"Whether it is a man's duty to aspire to public office depends upon so many considerations that no one is able to decide the question for another," says Mr. Bryan. "It is never his duty in popular government to hold office unless his countrymen desire him as a public servant; but, whether a Christian desires to hold office, or is desired by the people as an official, he must be interested in all that affects his government, for the government is a powerful instrument, whether for good or for evil.

"The Christian in politics must decide according to the light that he has what his duty is, and he must have the courage to perform it whether his conduct meets with approval or criticism. It is enough if he acts conscientiously and not from selfish motives, and, I may add, if the Christian claims for himself the right to follow his judgment and his conscience, not only in deciding what he shall support, but when and to what extent he shall support it, he must concede that right to others.

"The Christian in politics, therefore, may be described as one who, living Christianity all the time and taking part in his government as a civic duty, endeavors, to the best of his ability, to promote the public welfare by the intelligent and disinterested application of his knowledge and experience to the opportunities that present themselves."

Mrs. Walters Arraigned Today.

Mrs. Ida Sniffen Walters will be arraigned before Justice Brady today at 10 o'clock, in the Supreme Court of Bronx County, to enter a plea to the two indictments charging her with the murder of her two children. The arraignment was to have taken place yesterday, but was postponed following a conference between Sheriff O'Brien and Justice Brady.

MACKAY LEASE ONLY FOR ISLAND HUNTING

Gets No Rights on Famous 3,000-Acre Manor Except in the Gunning Season.

WELL STOCKED WITH BIRDS

Privilege Last Held by A. F. Schermerhorn—Said to be Finest Preserve in America.

Clarence H. Mackay, it was learned yesterday, has only leased the shooting privileges of Gardiner's Island. He has taken no lease on the property itself nor has he an option of purchase. Mr. Mackay's lease is for five years, with renewal privileges. The island is regarded as the finest shooting preserve for birds in the United States.

Augustus F. Schermerhorn, who held the shooting rights for nearly twenty years, gave up his lease last Fall and that gave Mr. Mackay his opportunity. Mr. Schermerhorn stocked the island with pheasants, and in addition it abounds with quail and woodcock. Several sportsmen who have had the good fortune to shoot there with Mr. Schermerhorn's parties in recent years, said yesterday that for game birds there is no place in America to equal Gardiner's Island. It is also a famous place for wild ducks. About 100 deer are on the island, but they are not to be shot.

The present owner is Lion Gardiner. He is the eldest son of the late John Lyon Gardiner, who died at Southampton in 1910. From the time of the first owner the property, containing more than 3,000 acres and lying at the eastern end of Long Island, has been bequeathed to the eldest son. The original owner was Lion Gardiner, who came to America in 1635. In 1686 Gov. Dongan in confirming the old grant raised the island to the dignity of "the Lordship and Manor of Gardiner's Island." It was the first of the New York manors to be founded and it is the only one that has remained intact. The Gardiner family has resisted all efforts to obtain slices of it for commercial or Summer resort purposes.

A large part of it is primeval forest and Newbold T. Lawrence, who has been a frequent visitor there, said yesterday that it contained several hundred acres of the finest oak trees in this country.

The use of the old manor house on the western side of the island is not included in the shooting lease taken by Mr. Mackay. This house was built about 1774 and is usually occupied by members of the family a few weeks in the year. About half a mile from the house is the shooting box, with a more modern house capable of accommodating from a dozen to twenty guests. Mr. Mackay intends to make some repairs, but he has no new building plans.

About twenty years ago Lion Gardiner explained, the family adopted the plan of leasing the shooting on the island. The first lease was made to William P. Douglas, a former Wall Street banker. He only kept it two or three years, and then Mr. Schermerhorn took it. Mr. Mackay, therefore, is the third person who has been allowed special rights on the island by the Gardiner family. The Government, several years ago, erected a small lighthouse on one end of the island.

Lion Gardiner, who is entitled to call himself Lord of Gardiner's Island, said yesterday, explaining the difference in spelling of Lion and Lyon by many of the former owners, that he had gone back to original sources and adopted the form used by the first owner.

GETS NEWSPAPER CHARTER.

Association to Advocate "Impartiality and True Americanism."

The Printers and Publishers Association, incorporation papers for which were received yesterday from Albany, is shortly to publish a newspaper here devoted to "impartiality, true Americanism and real progress," according to a statement given out last night at the office of Max W. Stoehr, a woolen manufacturer at Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, where these officers for the new company were elected: President, Dr. Hugo Schweitzer; Vice President, Emil Kipper; Treasurer, Mr. Stehr; Secretary, Henry Weissmann.

It was announced also that Dr. Thomas Hall of the Union Theological Seminary, Dr. Faust of Cornell University, Congressman Richard Bartholdt, Dr. Edmund von Mach, and Professor Shepard would be invited to join the Literary Board. It was said that the association had not determined yet whether to start a new paper or buy one already established.

Real Estate Results

We like to point to a Broadway corner—very old and yielding little return—that was altered under our direction—Store now brings in double the former rent and the upper floors are all filled with a better class of tenants.

Perhaps we could help you

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
Established 1868
62 Cedar Street

(RUBINAT) LLORACH

Look for the Yellow Label.

Natural Aperient Water From Spain

Approved by Academy of Medicine, Paris.
Indispensable for all who lead a sedentary life.
Small quantity suffices. Wineglassful only.
ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN
Sold by all Druggists.
LUYTIES BROS., N. Y.
Sole Agents, U. S. & Canada.

A NEW NOVEL
By the Author of
"The Martyrdom of An Empress"
MOONGLADE

Different from the other books of the author is this cosmopolitan novel of life in France and Russia, but the same in intimate knowledge of aristocratic society and picturesque settings.

"It is like a chapter of old chivalry brought down to date."—*Grand Rapids Press.*

$1.35 Net

"Everybody who begins to read about it is pretty sure to read on to the finish."—*N. Y. World.*

HARPER & BROTHERS

PURE FRESH 35¢ GRADE Coffee 25¢
AT THE WHOLESALE PRICE A POUND

Don't pay the retail price for your coffee. We, New York's oldest wholesalers, will let you have your coffee in lots of five pounds or over at the wholesale price, which saves you 10c a pound. Your coffee will go to you fresh off the roaster and be at its best when you get it. Try our famous

Gillies' Broken Coffee 25¢ LB.

EQUAL TO ANY 35c COFFEE.

We call this blend broken coffee because it is produced from the small and broken beans of higher priced coffees; exactly the same in drinking quality, but much less in price. Satisfaction guaranteed or money back. Free Delivery—In Greater New York and within 25 miles we deliver (free) 5 lbs. of Coffee C. O. D. Within 300 miles, 10 lbs. C. O. D., or 5 lbs. cash with order. Beyond 300 miles, 10 lbs. cash with order.

Interesting Booklet, "The Story of Coffee," Free on Request.
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Phone 3471 Cortlandt.
Between Park Pl. and Barclay St. Established 75 Years.

Former Mayor
George B. McClellan
on
Why the Allies Want Constantinople

An important article that all who follow the progress of the war should read without fail.

With the Germans Before Warsaw
By CYRIL BROWN

A first-hand picture by The New York Times correspondent at the front, which will invite comparison with the best war articles ever written. In

Next Sunday's Times

The same issue of The New York Times will contain an authoritative presentation of

The New Spring Fashions Here and Abroad

Comprising articles by experts in Paris and America telling what the well dressed woman will wear, together with an additional supplement giving

The Newest Fashions
In Rotogravure

Next Sunday's Times

Order Next Sunday's Times Today
The Times Is Always Sold Out Early

A practical binder for the handsome picture sections of The Sunday Times, size 18x21 inches, will be sent prepaid for the following prices: Full Cloth, $1.75; Imitation Leather, $2.25; Half Leather, $2.75. Address

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If Aladdin's Lamp Were Yours

You Could Not Go to the California Fairs in More Luxury Than the Fifty Guests of the

New York American

The American offers 50 de Luxe trips to the San Francisco and San Diego Expositions—*all expenses paid.*

It offers in addition $5,425 in gold to the winners of these trips and others qualifying in its great Expositions Contest, which starts on March 14.

These trips will last three weeks—they will include visits to Denver, Salt Lake City, the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, the Garden of the Gods, the Big Tree, Los Angeles, San Diego and Albuquerque.

They will include accommodations at the very best hotels, travel on Pullmans, meals in diners, auto side trips, drives and admissions to the Fairs.

They will not cost the guests of The American one cent.

Anyone over sixteen in New York City or vicinity is eligible.

This offer speaks for itself—it is unique and magnificent.

Cut out the nomination blank, fill it in and mail or bring it to The New York American Expositions Contest Manager, No. 112 Fourth Avenue, City, thereby enrolling in the great race.

Nomination Ballot 1,000 Votes
New York American California Expositions Tour Enrollment
Exposition Contest Manager New York American, 112 Fourth Ave., N. Y. City: Please enter my name as a Candidate in the New York American's great California Expositions Contest and send me full information regarding same.
NAME
RESIDENCE
BUSINESS or OCCUPATION
PHONE
Candidate's full name must be written on this ballot.

For Details and Conditions of the Contest
See The American, Daily or Sunday

"In the German Trenches" Senator Beveridge describes that mysterious region, the front, which so few correspondents have succeeded in reaching. He waded through the mud of the outer trenches with the rumble of cannon and rifle fire in the air.

If you want a real thrill read Senator Beveridge's article in this week's

Collier's 5¢ a copy
THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

RESINOL SOAP FOR THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION

Is your skin tender? Try Resinol Soap

Any soap will clean your skin—a bar of laundry soap will do if you do not care what becomes of your complexion. But you know that laundry soap contains harsh, drying alkali that would ruin your skin and hair, so you never think of using it for your toilet.

Many toilet soaps contain this same injurious alkali. Resinol Soap contains absolutely no free alkali, and to it are added the Resinol balsams. These give it soothing, healing properties which clear the complexion, comfort tender skins and keep the hair rich and lustrous.

Sold by all druggists. For sample free, write to Dept. TT, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL

PURE Olive Oil may be compared to PURE Milk And POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL may be compared to CERTIFIED MILK. It is more than pure. It is select.

Full Measure Tins

POMPEIAN COMPANY
GENOA, ITALY BALTIMORE, U.S.A.

3 NEW ADMIRALS NAMED BY PRESIDENT

Fletcher Is Senior, Howard Next, and Cowles Junior in Order of Precedence.

DIRECT OUR THREE FLEETS

Will Hold New Rank While in Command—Vice Admirals to be Appointed Later.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—President Wilson today designated the three new Admirals of the American Navy provided for by the Naval Appropriation bill. They are Frank Friday Fletcher, Commander in Chief of the Atlantic Battleship Fleet, now in Cuban waters; Thomas B. Howard, Commander in Chief of the Pacific Fleet, now at San Diego, Cal., and Walter C. Cowles, Commander in Chief of the Asiatic Fleet, now at Olongapo, Philippines. They will hold their new rank while in command.

Secretary Daniels sent cablegrams to the three Rear Admirals, directing each to hoist the flag of Admiral. The dates of precedence were fixed as March 10, 11, and 12. Admiral Fletcher becomes the senior in rank, Admiral Howard next, and Admiral Cowles the junior.

Admiral Fletcher hoisted his new flag as Admiral at Guantanamo to the mast of the dreadnought Wyoming this afternoon. This flag has a navy blue background on which four stars are arranged like the points of a diamond in the middle of the pennant; it took the place of the blue flag with two stars—the Rear Admiral's flag. Admiral Howard will hoist his new flag tomorrow, Admiral Cowles Friday.

Secretary Daniels announced that three new Vice Admirals, to serve as second in command of these fleets, would not be named until Summer.

Admiral Fletcher was promoted to Rear Admiral in October, 1911, and has been Commander in Chief of the Atlantic Fleet since September, 1914. As a division commander he was in control of the forces and operations at Vera Cruz in April last, when the American Government seized that port. Admiral Fletcher is a native of Iowa. For years he has maintained a home in Washington, D. C. He will reach the age of retirement in November, 1917.

Admiral W. C. Cowles was promoted Rear Admiral in November, 1910, and for a time commanded a division of the Atlantic Fleet, followed by duty as President of the Naval Examining Board in Washington. In February, 1914, he was assigned as Commander in Chief of the Pacific Fleet, and since that date has been almost continuously in Mexican waters, (west coast.) He will retire because of the statutory age limit in August, 1916. He was born in Illinois, and has maintained a home at Annapolis, Md., or Washington, D. C., for years.

Admiral W. C. Cowles was promoted to Rear Admiral in January, 1911. He served in the Pacific Fleet as division commander and as Commander in Chief until February, 1914, when he was transferred to the Asiatic Fleet as Commander in Chief. He was born in Connecticut. The Admiral will reach the age of statutory retirement in July next.

With the exception of Admiral Dewey, who enjoys a rank unique in the navies of the world, that of Admiral of the Navy, the only other American naval officers privileged to hold the rank of Admiral were Farragut, from 1866 to 1870, and D. D. Porter, from 1870 to 1891.

All Lines Meet Cunard Cut.

LONDON, March 10.—All British transatlantic steamship companies have followed the lead of the Cunard Line and reduced the rate for second-class passage to New York to $50.

Bernhardt's Condition Satisfactory.

BORDEAUX, March 10.—It was announced today that the condition of Mme. Sarah Bernhardt continues satisfactory.

FIGHT JAPAN'S OLIGARCHY.

Common People to Work for Wider Franchise at the Coming Election.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TOKIO, March 10, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The general election, which will be held on March 25, and in preparation for which the whole empire is now in the throes of a political campaign, is to be one of the most significant contests between bureaucracy and democracy that the nation has yet experienced.

The chief idea of the average elector in this struggle is to strike a blow at clan government, more especially the interference in politics of the Older Statesmen. The power of the bureaucracy has come to be all the more resented in Japan since the beginning of the war with Germany, for its method of government is regarded as a direct importation to Japan from that country, and many Japanese fear that if it has its way much longer Japan will experience the same inimical results that it has had in Germany.

It will be an uphill fight for democracy, for the proletariat is without a voice in the national Government, the right to vote being limited to those who pay a national tax of more than 10 yen (about $5) a year. This means that out of a population of some 60,000,000 nor more than 1,500,000 enjoy the franchise; the common people are entirely disregarded. The absorbing question for the proletariat is how to obtain an extension of the franchise and thus a greater voice in the Government. Hitherto the masses have had no way of expressing opinion save by riotous demonstrations, but they will strive at this time to return candidates favoring more nearly universal suffrage and thus to attain in fact the position of citizens of the empire.

AGITATION IN PORTUGAL.

Democratic Party Denounces Premier Castro as a Dictator.

PARIS, March 10.—A dispatch to the Temps from Lisbon says the convention of the Democratic Party will meet on March 14 to consider means for ending the crisis which arose with the inauguration of the "Republic of Northern Portugal," under the Presidency of General Antonio Barret.

"It will be proposed," the correspondent says, "that an attempt be made to overthrow the Government at a new election. The Democratic Group for the Defense of the Republic has issued the following instruction to Senators and Deputies who have joined in protests against the government of the Premier, General Pimento Castro:

"'First, to declare void and without effect Government decrees, in so far as they modify laws in force or seek to regulate legislative matters; second, to endeavor to have all Portuguese refuse to observe the decrees in question; and, third, not to recognize the validity of any dictatorial act of the Government."

TWO DIRIGIBLES FOR NAVY.

Won't Be as Large as Zeppelins, Nor of the Rigid Type.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Two dirigible balloons are to be bought for the American navy. They will not be as large as Zeppelins, nor will they be of the rigid type. Bids for the dirigibles will be advertised for within a week. They are to be bought from the lump sum appropriated by Congress for naval aeronautics and are to be used for practice.

Secretary Daniels today conferred with Secretary Garrison and Dr. Charles D. Walcott, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, on the organization of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, which was ordered established by a provision in the new Naval Appropriation bill. The committee is not to exceed twelve members, to be appointed by the President.

CHESTERTON GAINS SLOWLY

Article on Doctors, Just Out, Was Written Before His Illness.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 10.—Considerable interest was aroused in literary circles today by the publication here this morning of an article on doctors by G. K. Chesterton. It was supposed that the inspiration for it came from Chesterton's experiences during his illness, and that the article was the first work of his convalescence, but Mrs. Chesterton said it was written six months ago for an American periodical.

She added that her husband was recovering very slowly, and it would in all probability be some months before he would be able to do any work.

WOMAN WINS STAY FOR 5 FROM WILSON

Plea of Wife of One Granted as Prison Doors Open for Lumber Officials.

HER ARGUMENT IMPRESSIVE

Judge, Lawyer, and President All Yield to Its Potency—Pardon Now Under Consideration.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—President Wilson today granted a respite of thirty days to J. R. Markley, I. B. Miller, A. G. Stewart, W. H. Armstrong, Jr., and C. M. McMahon, officers of the $6,000,000 International Lumber and Development Company under sentence in the Federal Court in Philadelphia on charges of conspiracy to defraud through the use of the mails. Applications for pardons are under consideration.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—The five convicted officers of the International Lumber and Development Company were to have begun serving their sentences today. They believed all hope had been lost when the Supreme Court of the United States declined several weeks ago to review their cases.

The President's intervention at the last minute is considered remarkable. No one here, apparently, had any intimation that he had been asked to stay the sentences. Executive clemency is said to have been won by the wife of one of the five men.

While the plea of the wife was in the form of letters sent to a Judge who had heard one of the several appeals in the case, it was brought to the attention of the President. The Executive was so much impressed by the wife's argument that he granted the respite until he could look into the case himself.

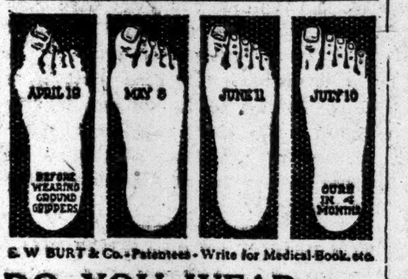
The name of the woman is withheld because she fears publicity at this time would interfere with her efforts to get a full pardon for her husband and his associates. The Judge who received the letters was moved to reply, taking such action for the first time in his judicial career. The reply expressed sympathy and stated that while he had not power to grant a respite, he would try to be of service to her. The reply was shown to a lawyer interested in the case. The attorney was impressed and later was instrumental in bringing both the plea and the answer to the attention of the President.

The International Lumber and Development Company claimed to own a vast and valuable plantation in Campeche, Mexico. According to the postal inspectors, the defendants flooded the country with alluring literature in support of statements that the 288,000-acre plantation was rich in valuable mahogany trees, henequen plants and other products. Evidence indicated that the company was doing nothing in the way of development work, that the land was sterile and its products almost valueless, and that dividends were being paid from the money received from stockholders.

Attache Leaves London for Berlin.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 10.—E. G. Lowrie, who since the outreak of the war has been in charge of the German division of the American Embassy, will leave London tomorrow to go to Berlin via Paris and Switzerland in connection with the work which he has been doing in London. He would say nothing about his trip except that it had no connection with prison camps.



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DO YOU WEAR ARCH SUPPORTS?

Then buy a pair of our Ground Gripper Shoes and throw away the unnatural supports, as other New Yorkers are doing.

Without plates, braces or other artificial means, our shoes alleviate as well as prevent broken arches. Our shoes are just as normal and pleasing in appearance as any shoes, and they give to the foot its natural and graceful lines.

Call today at either of our stores and examine them. Then judge for yourself.

FOR MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN
TWO STORES:
41 West 35th St. 42 Maiden Lane
E. W. BURT & CO.

POSTAL BUSINESS BETTER.

Deficit Probably Will Not Be So Great as Anticipated.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—While the Post Office Department is still greatly disappointed at the failure of the annual Post Office Appropriation bill, a recent turn in the business of the department leads officials to hope that the deficit for the next fiscal year will not be as large as had been anticipated. For the first five months of the war the postal revenues declined steadily, but in January and February the trend of business showed a fluctuating tendency toward a revival.

The improvement has been noticeable in regard to the foreign postal money orders. From these the department in peace times netted about $500,000 a year. The outbreak of the war brought this business almost to a complete stand. But, due to the enormous increase in the American export trade in the last few months, officials believe that the business now exceeds in volume that of ordinary peace years.

CANAL IS OPEN AGAIN.

Traffic Breaks Record After Long Tie-Up.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, March 10.—After nearly a week's tie-up on account of slides, the canal was again opened to traffic today.

Twenty-seven ships were sent through—a record for a single day.

W. L. DOUGLAS

LOOK FOR NAME AND PRICE

$3.50 $4.00 $4.50 & $5.00 SHOES

W. L. Douglas shoes are made of the best domestic and imported leathers, on the latest models, carefully constructed by the most expert last and pattern makers in this country. No other make of equal prices can compete with W. L. Douglas shoes for style, workmanship and quality. As comfortable, easy walking shoes they are unsurpassed.

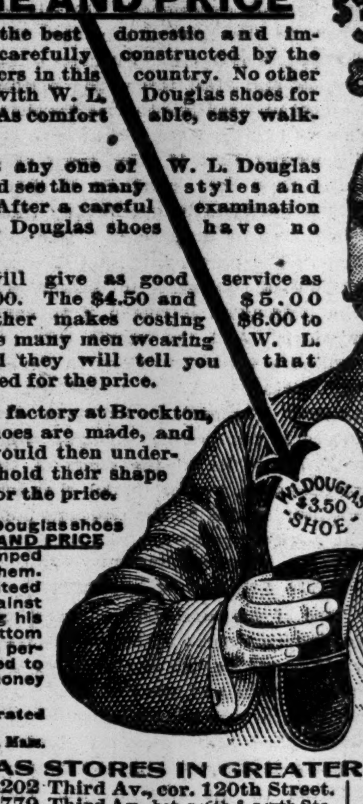
When looking for shoes call at any one of W. L. Douglas 80 stores located in the large cities and see the many styles and kinds of shoes for men and boys. After a careful examination you will be convinced that W. L. Douglas shoes have no rival for the price.

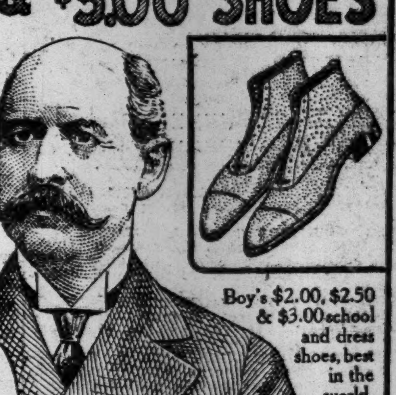
The $3.50 and $4.00 shoes will give as good service as other makes costing $4.00 to $5.00. The $4.50 and $5.00 shoes compare favorably with other makes costing $6.00 to $8.00. Wherever you live there are many men wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. Consult them and they will tell you that W. L. Douglas shoes cannot be excelled for the price.

If you could visit the W. L. Douglas factory at Brockton, Mass., and see how carefully the shoes are made, and the high grade leathers used, you would then understand why they look and fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes for the price.

CAUTION! When buying W. L. Douglas shoes look for his NAME AND PRICE stamped on the bottom. Shoes thus stamped are always worth the price paid for them. For 32 years W. L. Douglas has guaranteed their value and protected the wearer against high prices for inferior shoes by having his NAME AND PRICE stamped on the bottom before they leave the factory. Do not be persuaded to take some other make claimed to be just as good. You are paying your money and are entitled to the best.

If your dealer cannot supply you write for Illustrated Catalog showing how to order by mail.
W. L. DOUGLAS, 160 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

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1452 Third Avenue.

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2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
345 Eighth Avenue.
663 Eighth Avenue.
250 West 125th Street.
NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Ave.

BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, cor. Pearl.
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1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
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859 Manhattan Avenue.
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**Either Way—
Drugs Are Harmful!**

If a coffee drinker, have you stopped to think that, with every cup of coffee, you are taking from two to three grains of caffeine, a slow, but powerful drug?

According to medical authorities, caffeine is a cause of nervousness, heart trouble, indigestion, constipation and other ailments. It's a cumulative drug, and what's more, a habit-forming drug.

Some time, when the coffee-drug gets in its licks, you'll realize the harm it does; but wouldn't it be better to avoid trouble—stop coffee now and use Postum.

It is a pure food-drink, made from selected wheat and a little wholesome molasses, carefully roasted, ground and skilfully blended. This gives it a snappy taste much like that rich, old Java, but Postum is absolutely free from caffeine, or any other harmful ingredient.

Postum comes in two forms:—Postum Cereal—requires boiling—15c and 25c pkgs.

Instant Postum—a soluble form—no boiling required—made instantly in the cup with hot water—30c and 50c tins.

The difference is only in the form. Both kinds are equally wholesome and delicious and the cost per cup is about the same. Be sure to ask for the kind you want.

"There's a Reason" for

POSTUM

—sold by Grocers everywhere.

BEER AND THE PUBLIC

To lead in any department of human activity one must have good brain and muscular energy. This energy depends upon the food partaken.

Harmful habits in the use of food or drink, added to the natural wear and tear of work and play, have wrought havoc with the human body.

Good beer contains body building material in the essence of the grain from which it is brewed. It is a natural elemental food, building healthy tissues.

Dr. CUKOR, a German Physician, writing in the Allgemeine Weiner Medical Zeitung, said:

"Beer is not merely a food luxury but a valuable source of nourishment, for it is capable of favorably influencing effective strength even in cases of inadequate nutrition. A bottle of beer, bacon and bread for the noontime meal renders a man capable of the hardest work."

Run down and anaemic people gain flesh from drinking beer, because it encourages the appetite, makes the assimilation of a larger quantity of fat possible, and materially augments the accretion of Carbohydrates.

Pure beer, when used in moderation, renders all food available.

Beer acts as a tonic, and for this reason has received the hearty endorsement of the leading medical and scientific authorities of the world.

As a nutrient for the sick, infirm, convalescent and nursing mother, it is often prescribed by physicians with good results.

The following is a statement formulated by Prof. FOSTER of London, Eng., and signed by sixty-two of the most eminent physiologists in Europe:

"The results of careful experiments show that Alcohol taken in moderate quantities is oxidized within the body and so supplies energy like common articles of food."

In view of these facts, we conscientiously recommend the moderate and regular use of

**RUPPERT'S
Knickerbocker**
The Beer That Satisfies

It is designed to meet a legitimate demand for a food beverage of absolute purity and definite nutritive value. It is produced from the finest materials by experts under constant scientific supervision. Every possible precaution is taken, and as a result Knickerbocker Beer stands unsurpassed as a safe, nourishing and healthful beverage.

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Third Avenue, 90th to 92d Street, New York

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JACOB RUPPERT
Knickerbocker Beer
BREWERY BOTTLING
3rd AVE. 90th TO 92nd STREET

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1915.

SELF-HELP FOR SHIPPING.

Secretary McADOO's "only disappointment" in connection with the approaching meeting to promote trade below the Isthmus is already partly allayed, despite the failure of the Government Shipping bill. The Crofton Hall sailed from Brooklyn yesterday, the first of a line to the River Plate, with passengers and cargo. It is a doubly interesting event because the service is started by the firm which ran sailing vessels on the same route in 1846. It is over fifty years since the American flag has been seen in Buenos Aires on a boat of this sort, and all will hope that the enterprise will meet the success it deserves.

The Secretary also will be pleased to note, and no doubt to report to the conference of American financiers, that another line to Argentina was announced from Boston yesterday. Ten lake steamers are to be transferred to the Atlantic trade, going where there is the best bid for their services. Altogether there are many signs that enterprise is not dead. Steamship interests do not need to be told their business by the Government, and are less hesitant about coming forward than the Secretary has thought. These are educated and experienced dollars which are going into this trade, wherein they differ from Government dollars, which are the least interested and most ignorant of all dollars, intent rather upon getting themselves spent than upon producing other dollars. No doubt the proposers of the Government shipping line would have preferred that profit should follow their efforts. Their proposals were not intentionally malicious, not even the marine full crew law, probably. But it is to be remarked that they were all spending proposals, with indifference to profits. There was not one fresh idea, apart from the Government ownership idea, and the prospectus was not of a sort to interest a dollar of capital. Divested of Treasury support, offered upon its merits, investors would have rejected the idea much more unanimously than did Congress. If the Administration were well advised it would lay more emphasis upon its successes, and allow its failures to be forgotten.

The poverty of ideas in the Government Shipping bill is the more surprising because there is no lack of initiative in the shipping trade. Some of it might have been enlisted by the Government, at least enough to give "talking points" to the proposal. Two gentlemen of prominence in the shipping industry yesterday independently propounded an idea which may be left to speak for itself. It is that England has standardized shipbuilding, and made its success by quantity production of types or units. That is the way we build locomotives and automobiles. In England the case is reversed, and locomotives are built as we build ships, on individual orders. That does very well for those who want something special, regardless of cost, and without particular reference to efficiency for all-round work. If the Government shipping promoters had seen it first, and had sprung the idea, it would still have been necessary to oppose Government participation, but there would have been more interest in the subject. Opinions at least would have been divided, instead of a unanimity of rejection rivaling anything of the sort within recent memory.

The point of contrast is that the private proposals are based upon making profits and producing activity in the shipping industry by reduction of costs, whereas the characteristic of the Government proposal was contempt of costs. It was deliberately proposed that money should be lost by the Government, in order that profits might be won by those assisted to them at the expense of the taxpayers, who were to be deluded into the idea that they were losing money patriotically. An enterprise which loses money is a poor investment for the Treasury or for the country. The country has cast its vote against pampered industries, and wants only the sort which stand alone. It is odd that the Administration which is so successful in exposing the frauds of prosperity through protection, and the bad faith of distress through the withdrawal of protection, should have committed itself to the production of that same sort of economic fraud.

In this matter business is better prepared to teach the Government than to be taught by those who have such a contempt for business principles. There is nothing that Government does well, not even government. There is not one business man interested in affairs upon a national scale who has not as poor an idea of government as Government has of business. In city, State, and nation the people are having the same experience. There is nowhere in Government any sign that the people can elect whoever offers himself and then forget the matter, in trust and confidence that the mandate will be executed. The people are discovering that if they want anything done they must do it themselves, particularly overlooking those whom they have placed in power over them. The people intrusted the regulation of business to lawmakers. The lawmakers intrusted it to commissions. And the people now are regulating the commissions, in disgust with both lawmakers and Commissioners. The cycle is complete. The subjects the people thought were settled now lie at the doors of the voters again, just as though they had not been settled by the elections upon the subjects years ago.

TWO SUFFRAGE INCIDENTS.

Two of the most-debated questions concerning woman suffrage have been what would be the treatment of women by men and what would be the attitude of women toward the privileges they now enjoy. Yesterday's reports of District Attorney DAILEY's address to the jury in the Terre Haute election fraud cases say that he charged the defendants with having used "vile insults, lewd talk, and brutal conduct" to frighten women from the polls.

It seems to depend a good deal on the character of the men in a given community whether such incidents as this take place. This may be a little hard on Terre Haute, but it is true. In San Francisco the presence of women at the polls is said to have actually improved conditions, so far as order and decency are concerned. In the celebrated election fraud cases in Denver, as a result of which Representative SHAFROTH resigned his seat, the Terre Haute method of reducing the vote was liberally employed in some districts. There have been no such reports from Denver since, however, and such cases appear to be rare in suffrage States. None are reported from Chicago in any of the elections held there since women got the vote.

While Mr. DAILEY was making this speech in Indianapolis an interesting little dialogue was going on in the Colorado Legislature between Senator HELEN RING ROBINSON, the only woman Senator, and a male colleague named BARELA. Said the latter:

> The Senator from the First constantly takes advantage of her wearing skirts to do things here a man would not do. * * * She should not be allowed to take advantage of her skirts.

Senator ROBINSON's reply was neat and effective. "I demand," she said to the Chair, "that I be treated as a gentleman." If anything could take the wind out of Mr. BARELA's sails, that appears to be the thing. Having no knowledge of the matter in hand, we here in the East cannot decide whether Senator ROBINSON did in fact "take advantage of her skirts," or whether, as she implies, she acted "like a gentleman." Light might be shed on the question whether women will insist on retaining their privileges after they get their "rights" if we had a record of the facts which provoked Senator BARELA's attack. All we know is that the Chair called Senator BARELA to order, thereby impliedly sustaining her charge that she had not been treated "like a gentleman."

A NEW PHASE OF THE WAR.

If reports that have not as yet taken official form were to be accepted as the basis of judgment we might readily reach the conclusion that there will soon be a change in the number of Powers engaged in the war. Austria, we are told, is ready to cry quits, and Italy, Greece, and possibly Rumania may be expected to join the Allies. It cannot be doubted that Austria is in a bad way. The economic strain to which she has been subjected is almost beyond endurance, the success of her arms has thus far been not very striking, and her losses in the field and through disease have been very great. There is evidence that Germany does not count on her ally as a secure reliance—has, indeed, from the first had misgivings about Austria's staying power. Her collapse would not be immediately decisive of the conflict, but manifestly it would strengthen the general conviction that victory for Germany is no longer possible. Judging from the very interesting Berlin letter of our staff correspondent, printed in THE TIMES of Tuesday, this is not the prevailing belief in Germany. It does prevail in neutral countries and among the Allies.

Whatever Austria may do, the people of Italy and Greece are eager for war. The reports of actual preparations by the Italian Government are increasingly definite. It is even said that troops will be on the march before the end of the present month, and some color of probability is given to these reports both by the utterances of Italian statesmen and by the slow and difficult but apparently irresistible progress of the Allies in their operations against the Turkish capital. In Greece the question is between the people and their popular leader VENIZELOS and their not less popular King, who, as the husband of the Kaiser's sister, naturally takes a determined stand against war. National interest will almost certainly be the determining consideration there as it will be in Rumania, also.

More significant than any of the current rumors were the plain intimations of the British Chancellor of the Exchequer in his remarks in the House of Commons on Feb. 15 upon the financial preparations of the allied Powers. Reviewing the condition of Russia, France, and Serbia, he said that there were other States "preparing for war, and it is obviously our interest that they should be well equipped for the task." After explaining that the plan of a joint loan by the three Allies had been rejected at the Paris conference he made this statement:

> There was only one exception which we decided to recommend, and that was in the case of borrowings by small States. We decided that each of the great allied countries should contribute a portion of every loan made to the small States who were either in with us now or prepared to come in later on, that the responsibility should be divided between the three countries, and that at an opportune moment a joint loan should be floated to cover the advances either already made, or to be made, to these countries outside the three great allied countries. That was the only exception we made in respect of joint loans. Up to the present very considerable advances have been made by Russia, by France, and by ourselves to other countries. It is proposed that, if there is an opportune moment on the market, these should be consolidated at some time or other into one loan, that they should be placed upon the markets of Russia, France, and Great Britain, but that the liability shall be divided into three equal parts.

That is sufficiently direct and explicit. It can hardly be doubted that some of the lesser States have been preparing "to come in later on"; it is known that advances have been made—the Chancellor confirms the published reports—and they were plainly for war preparations. The probability that the war will soon enter upon a new phase is, therefore, one not to be overlooked.

THE WARDEN AS CENSOR.

FRANK TANNENBAUM will not command public sympathy in the bitterest of the complaints he makes against Warden HAYES concerning his treatment by that officer during his sojourn on Blackwell's Island. His other complaints he recited with equanimity, but he lost his self-control when he came to the Warden's censorship over his literary tastes. He made a list of the books he wanted to read, but some were excised by the Warden because they were immoral and some because they were too radical. For some reason Mr. TANNENBAUM seems much excited because the Warden excluded GOETHE's "Faust" on the ground that it was immoral, and BUCKLE's "History of Civilization," JEVONS's "First Principles of Science," LECKY's "History of European Morals," TATE's "Essays and Lectures," and our respected weekly neighbor The Nation, on the ground that they were too radical. Mr. TANNENBAUM also charges, with spleen, that the Warden allowed him to have "The Great Revolution," a history of certain events in France written from the anarchistic standpoint by the most prominent of all anarchists, PETER KROPOTKIN.

We would not speak harshly to Mr. TANNENBAUM, but his excitement is hard to understand. He has only himself to blame. The Warden is a busy man. He could not be expected to read "Faust," BUCKLE, JEVONS, LECKY, and TATE all through to find out if there was anything incendiary or indecent in them. They are long books and not to be skipped, and of course the Warden cannot take any chances with the morals of his wards. Mr. TANNENBAUM escaped easily. What would have been his fate if instead of the kindly Mr. HAYES, who allowed him to read KROPOTKIN's anarchistic work, the Warden had been, say, ANTHONY COMSTOCK? Next time he goes to Blackwell's Island let him make out a list containing such works as "Three Weeks," or "She Loved But Was Lured Away," and he will have no trouble.

Mr. TANNENBAUM has had his first experience with a censorship. Later he may learn that all censorships are alike. Some day, doubtless, he will go to London and write a play, and submit it to the British censor; or perhaps he will become a war correspondent and try to send a dispatch concerning the state of the weather without having any blue pencils used upon it. Then, indeed, will our young anarchist friend have real occasion for peevishness. Then will he look back upon his Blackwell's Island days with a growing feeling of tolerance, if not affection, for his first censor.

LAWS AND TREATIES.

President WILSON has let it be known that he expects no trouble about rearranging our treaties so that they will agree with the marine full crew law. There is a temptation not to be sorry if he should be disappointed. If there is no trouble the objectionable bill is fastened upon the country. But if there should be trouble about the treaties the bill would remain in effect for our domestic shipping, and there would be a singular state of affairs in foreign shipping. There would remain both the treaties and the law with which they conflict. The foreign countries which might consent to revise their understanding with the treaty power might object to having a new bargain made for them by the lawmaking power. It must be remarked that there is no opportunity for give and take. The treaties must conform to the law, passed with an indifference to the treaties which is offensive alike to foreign nations and to our own treaty-making power.

It is a mystery how the President and Senate could be accomplices in such procedure for the sake of a bill so heartily disliked in all but interested circles. It would have been more respectful both to foreign countries and to our treaty-making power to annul the treaties first in the regular way. But if that had been proposed it would have been seen that was too high a price to pay for the bill. A bill which could not have been passed over such an objection ought not to have been passed at all.

It is another example that laws which do not settle matters rightly do not settle them at all. The enactment of the La Follette bill is rather the opening of the subject than the closing of it.

THE HEIGHT OF BUILDINGS BILL.

During the consideration of the bill to restrict the city's existing power to regulate the height of buildings there have been published the plans for the world's greatest and highest commercial building. It is to be 50 feet higher than the highest now, and to cost $17,000,000, of which all is said to have been raised except $500,000. The publication seems to be designed as an argument in favor of continuing the power to authorize such monster structures, which add so much to the city's taxable values and to the wealth of those who erect them. There are many owners of undeveloped sites who think that the proposed legislation limiting their rights of construction is equivalent to confiscating the fortunes they might make if they should improve their property as others have done. In fact, the argument is just the other way.

Fifth Avenue below Thirty-third Street has been ruined by the erection of lofts of excessive height, providing space useful only for factories. If the buildings had been restricted to a character suitable to the locality it might still have enjoyed the values which have been transferred to the northerly portion of the same avenue. There is already an oversupply of space in the financial district and there is need of some restricting to prevent a repetition of that unhappy experience. A building 500 feet high, and of a suitable width of front, if laid upon its side would occupy the fronts of two blocks. It is better for all concerned that the two block fronts should be developed than that the owner of a corner site should create space in the sky, at the expense of others who contribute to the values concentrated upon a limited site.

Theoretically the owners of sites adjacent to skyscrapers have the right to develop their property similarly. Actually there is no such right. If a section is solidly built of skyscrapers none of them has light or air. Two or three skyscrapers spoil a block and cause damage rivaling the values which they create. Skyscrapers which occupy entire blocks, or which get light from park frontage, are not in the same class as those structures which give the impression of a mouth from which there are missing teeth. There are exceptions to all rules, and the city authorities must be presumed to intend to exercise their powers of regulation of building heights reasonably. The permission of everything any builder can propose is worse than the allowance of reasonable regulation.

The city has had its warning, and if prudent will heed it. There is one building in this city which, fully occupied, would fill all the subway cars for a half hour. To permit construction which shall create another rapid transit emergency before we have mastered the first one would be to hamper the city's development. A congested city is a social inconvenience as well as a financial mistake. The dispersal of values in a general development is more in the general interest, and promotive of greater values in the aggregate than the massing of values upon a few overgrown structures. It must be so, so long as land values exceed building values. Depreciation of land values has the capacity of costing the city more than it can gain from mammoth structures.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Accusations Without One Excuse. As nobody suspects Dr. EDMUND VON MACH, who ranks among Germany's most vigorous and industrious defenders in this country, of lacking intelligence, one cannot accept for him, as explanation or excuse for certain statements in regard to THE NEW YORK TIMES, those mental peculiarities or lacks which might make of no consequence like assertions coming from another man. Dr. VON MACH has had, and presumably has used, his sufficient opportunities not only for informing himself in regard to the reputation of THE TIMES as intending always to present the news fairly, no matter what its own preferences or opinions on any question may be, but also for assuring himself by study of its columns that never has it better earned or does it better deserve that reputation than in the very matter in which his interest centres.

Germany's "case" THE TIMES has presented again and again and again, to the extent of almost innumerable columns, exactly as that "case" is seen or understood by dozens and dozens and dozens of Germany's friends and defenders, including Dr. VON MACH himself. Yet the doctor deliberately and publicly accuses this paper of having omitted an essential part of the British "White Paper" and with having printed a "garbled" version of the Austrian "Red Book."

Neither charge is true. The former document was printed exactly as received in official form, and the omission to which Dr. VON MACH seemingly refers—an omission soon corrected, by the way—was that of the British Government, not of THE TIMES. The Austrian paper was given in a translation honestly made from an official copy, and it was given in full, except for a few letters which had already and recently been printed in THE TIMES and were in the possession of all its readers.

In these circumstances such statements as those made by Dr. VON MACH could be variously characterized, according to temperament and habit. Perhaps it is well to leave them undescribed, harsh words serving no purpose and gentle ones being inadequate.

Making a Farce of Neutrality. These so-called "debates" between orators who defend Germany and those who speak for the Allies are probably useless, or worse than useless, so far as concerns their purpose. They are, at any rate, if that purpose is, through a presentation of "both sides" by specially well-informed persons, to clear up misapprehensions on the part of the general public and to facilitate the formation of sound and fair decisions of the questions at issue.

Little or nothing of this sort seems ever to be accomplished at these meetings. Nobody's mind is changed at them, but instead conclusions already reached are confirmed, and there is a good deal of reason for fearing that their chief, if not only, effect is to deepen prejudices and embitter hostilities already existing. As demonstrations of courtesy to opponents the "debates" are miserable failures, and it is a fact at once strange and undeniable that the displays of unfairness—of determination to hear only one side and to silence the other—come mostly from the part of the audiences that is most persistent in demanding that the United States should maintain toward the various belligerents a position of strict neutrality.

Always, apparently, it is the defenders of the Allies who are howled down. By comparison, at least, their sympathizers show a commendable inclination to let the friends of Germany say what they can in her behalf, and if the former reject the arguments of the latter, that is only the exercise of an unquestionable right, but it is too often treated as if it were something between imbecility and criminality. Neutrality, in a matter such as this war, is of act alone, not of opinion. Expression of opinion should be free, and criticism should be, not of the views expressed, but of the extent and accuracy of the information on which they are based.

These rules are not observed at the meetings under consideration. All who violate them forfeit the privilege of participating in any discussion of the issues involved in the great struggle now going on in Europe.

Trying to Save the Saco. As the State of Maine is inhabited by people the great majority of whom have a keen eye for the practicalities of life, it is probable that the amiable and talented KATE DOUGLAS WIGGIN will get from those most to be affected but little help in her campaign to prevent the damming of the Saco River.

To be sure, her contention that "scenery" has monetary as well as aesthetic value is a perfectly sound one, and doubtless the proverbial calm of a mill pond does less to attract the free-spending vacationist than does a vivacious river that breaks into falls and rapids at many places as it runs merrily down hill in search of the ocean. But in mill ponds and dams, too, there are charms that are not the less potent because they appeal chiefly or wholly to the pocket nerves, and with these enslavements of big rivers and little ones the Maine folk have been so long familiar that the idea of further occlusions of the Saco will not shock them much, if at all.

There is some excuse, too, for taking the more prosaic side of this controversy. Mill towns, it is true, are but rarely pleasing additions to any landscape, yet, on the other hand, devotion to the entertainment—and exploitation—of strangers is not without its disadvantages and deteriorations for any "natives" who from necessity or inclination resort to it. To be entirely a Summer resort State would hardly be compatible with the instincts and traditions of Maine. The position may be profitable, but it has a certain lack of dignity and independence.

TO A GERMAN APOLOGIST.

You may seek and find if you will, perchance,
Excuses for your attack on France,
And perhaps 'twill not be so hard to show
Why England finds you her deadly foe;
There are reasons old and reasons new
For feelings hard twixt the Russ and you,
But talk as you may till the Judgment Day,
You cannot ever explain away—
Belgium.

You have used both speech and the printed word
To have your side of the story heard.
We have listened long, we have listened well
To everything that you had to tell.
We would fain be fair, but it seems as though
You *can't* explain what we wish to know,
And when lesser points have been cleared away,
You are sure to fail us when we say—
"Belgium?"

You may rant and talk about British gold,
And opinions that are bought and sold,
But facts, no matter how hard to face,
Are facts, and the horrors taking place
In that little land, pledged to honor's creed,
Make your cause a luckless one to plead.
There are two sides? True. But when both are heard,
Our sad hearts echo a single word—
"Belgium!"

We are not misled by the savage tales
An invading army never fails
To have told of it. There are false and true,
And we want to render you your due.
But our hearts go out to that ravished land
Where a few grim heroes make their stand,
And our ears hear faintly, from overseas,
The wailing cry of those refugees—
"Belgium—Belgium—Belgium!"

BEATRICE BARRY.

ONLY GREECE'S KING FOR PEACE.

Though Idolized by His People, Constantine XII. Rejects Premier Venizelos, Who Spoke Their Will for War.

By ADAMANTIOS TH. POLYZOIDES.

Editor of Atlantis, the New York Greek Daily.

It is one of the rarest occurrences in a constitutional monarchy to see the King disagree with the policies of a Ministry supported by the national representation embodied in Parliament, which is the supreme power of the State. In Greece the Government is nominally appointed by the Crown, but in fact expresses the power and the will vested by the nation in the Parliamentary majority. Royal sanction and royal favor cannot keep in power a Government that lacks the confidence of Parliament. And if a Ministry has in its favor the majority of Parliament, the constitutional King can only cast out the Ministry at his risk and peril. The King as a rule seldom resorts to such procedure, and then only when he feels himself strengthened by a strong national sentiment, which is calling for a new Ministry and a new, more representative Parliament. In such a case the Crown appoints a new temporary Ministry, dissolves Parliament, orders new elections, and the Government is formed by the majority of this new Parliament.

But for a constitutional King to disagree with a Ministry which had the majority of Parliament and the whole nation in its favor, and this at a most critical moment for the country, is a phenomenon rarely seen in a constitutional kingdom. That is what happened in Greece when King Constantine accepted the resignation of Premier Venizelos.

For the Hellenic nation, these two names stand for a great King and a great statesman; they are identified with the most brilliant and the most glorious period of the modern Greek kingdom. Associated with the names of King Constantine and Premier Venizelos are the regeneration of Greece and the victories of two Balkan wars. Both are considered as national heroes in the same sense as, in Italy, King Victor Emmanuel II. and Camillo Benso Conté di Cavour are regarded.

Taking all this into consideration, one can imagine to what an extent Greek feelings were stirred on hearing that a disagreement arose between Constantine XII. and Mr. Venizelos, which ended in depriving Greece of the services of her most capable and most popular political leader and Premier. To say how deeply the Hellenic nation feels the loss of Mr. Venizelos is to give an idea of the gravity of the political situation which arose in Greece when King Constantine forced his Prime Minister to resign, just at the time when all the world was expecting to see Greece rising to the exigencies of her historical and national aspirations, and fighting for the accomplishment of her destinies.

The wars of 1912 and 1913 have taught the Hellenic nation that only by a bloody struggle is it possible to free that part of Hellenism which is suffering under a foreign yoke. In order to obtain freedom we must first have war. Common sense tells us that, if we have at heart the liberation of nearly four millions of our brethren in Asia Minor, we must not confine our activities to keeping strict neutrality while the final settlement of the Near Eastern question is being made by those who fight.

Had the Near East been left out of the European conflict, Greece by no means would be willing to enter the war. The policy of neutrality decided upon by the King and the Government, with the approval of all former Prime Ministers and party leaders whom the Crown had taken into consultation, would be still in force. When Turkey suddenly became involved in the European war it was apparent to Greece that her neutrality would be only temporary.

Today, while the allied fleets are smashing their way through the Dardanelles and while Constantinople is on the eve of changing hands, entry in the conflict becomes for Greece an imperial necessity.

This is what the Government of Mr. Venizelos thought; this is what the entire Hellenic Parliament thinks; this is what the party leaders, who on other questions are opposing the Government, think; this is what in entire unanimity the Hellenic press wants. Against this universal warlike policy in Greece King Constantine stands alone, favoring a policy of continued neutrality.

Is it possible for a constitutional King to do this without taking too big a risk? Yes, if he is popular, and it happens today that King Constantine is the most popular of all Kings, thanks to the extraordinary services he rendered to the Hellenic nation at the head of its armies in two successive and glorious campaigns. The army and the Hellenic nation adore King Constantine. His democratic manners, the constant care he takes for everything that concerns the welfare of his country and his people, have raised him far above the level of common Kings. In soul and in spirit he is Greek, like any other of the race. The ideals, ambitions, and aspirations of the Greek Nation are his. Besides this, he is known as Constantine XII., in direct continuation of the line of the Paleologi, the last of whom, Constantine XI., fell heroically, sword in hand, on the ramparts of Byzantium, when the Turks entered the gate of Romanos on the fateful day of May 29, 1453. Nearly five centuries have elapsed since the taking of Constantinople by the Ottoman hordes of Mohammed II. The Hellenic nation has survived a catastrophe which would have annihilated any other nation less tenacious of its faith and traditions, less courageous, and less hopeful in its future and its ideals, than the Greek.

During these five centuries the Greek Nation has lived strengthened by the conviction that Constantinople would once more become the capital of the Greek realm and that a Constantine would sit again on the restored Byzantine throne. This Constantine should be the present King of Greece. But it is this Constantine who, at the moment when the nation, represented by the most popular Government it ever had, asked him to lead the Hellenic armies to Constantinople, has refused to comply, thus declaring himself hostile to the most sacred aspirations of his people and to the most vital interests of his country.

Mr. Eleutherios Venizelos, who, it must be borne in mind, is the most conservative and the most cautious of all Greek statesmen, was the first to declare himself in favor of a neutral policy when the great European conflict broke out. He was the stanchest supporter of a policy of watchful waiting. But he saw the end of Greek neutrality when the war knocked at his country's door, leading Greece's golden opportunity by the hand. Mr. Venizelos was in favor of such neutrality as might help the Greek cause and interests, but he was quick to recognize that a neutral policy cannot be maintained indefinitely without at the end becoming harmful to the one who practices it. He saw that its limit had been reached when he was encouraged by the powers of the Triple Entente to join in the struggle against the Turk and help materialize the liberation of 4,000,000 Greeks who are as yet under the Sultan.

Mr. Venizelos explained to the King the reasons why Greece should join in the war on the Allies' side. Constantine, however, deemed it not sufficient to have only his Government's opinion of the course which the nation should follow. So he called to the palace in consultation the former Premiers, Theotokis, Rallis Dragumis, and others, with the result that these party leaders, although disagreeing with Mr. Venizelos on every other particular of his policy, found themselves in full sympathy with the Government as far as Greece's entry into action was concerned.

Following the insistence of the King on a continuance of a neutral policy, Venizelos tendered his resignation, which was accepted.

And now the great question arises, Why is it that King Constantine took a stand which put him in opposition not only to a Ministry indorsed by Parliament and the country but to the entire Hellenic nation as well?

The answer cannot be given at this moment. There has been some talk of King Constantine's being afraid to hurt the feelings of his brother-in-law, the German Emperor. But no Greek may be induced to believe as yet that the idolized Constantine XII. will ever think of sacrificing the Hellenic interests to Germany or any one else. There must be, therefore, other reasons that may explain the King's flat refusal to join in the war on the Allies' side. We may learn these reasons very soon. In the meantime Greece is a volcano of national enthusiasm in favor of the war. Mr. Venizelos is backed up by the whole nation. Parliament is with him, the press is with him, his erstwhile opponents are with him, the nation is with him, the army must needs be with him.

In order to appoint a neutral Ministry King Constantine has to face tremendous odds.

Already an ex-Premier, Mr. Alexander Zaimisr, a Peloponnesian statesman from Kalavryta, who succeeded Prince George as High Commissioner in Crete when that island was still under European control, and who lately was appointed President of the National Bank of Greece, has been charged by the King to form a neutral Ministry, has failed in the effort to do so, and had to face an indignant demonstration of the Athenian people disapproving his stand.

After this failure the King's choice of a Premier fell on Demetrius Gounaris, a young politician from Patras, which city he has represented since 1905 in Parliament, a lawyer and a distinguished orator, who has mostly occupied himself with financial studies, and was for a brief period Finance Minister under Mr. Theotokis in 1909. Mr. Gounaris has many personal sympathizers in Greece, but even his friends must concede that he committed a great blunder by undertaking to form a Ministry in opposition to Parliament, to all other parties and the entire nation. Mr. Gounaris, in trying to form a neutral Ministry in order to please the King, runs the chance of ruining his political future and is provoking one of the most serious internal conflicts that ever threatened Greece. But it is doubtful whether he will be able to get together such a Ministry. Leaving on one side the internal questions that may arise from the appointment of a neutral Ministry by the Crown, one thing is certain in the external relations of the kingdom, and that is that the Hellenic people, once having decided to take up arms and fight for the materialization of their ideals and the liberation of their brethren from the Turkish yoke, will do so in spite of everything and everybody, as behooves a nation which decides its fortunes under the shadow of the Acropolis of Athens, that ancient and glorious cradle of liberty.

Mr. Hart's Reason.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article, "Why Did He Change His Mind?" and referring to my experience in the jury box calls for a word of explanation. In the case referred to I was not the one who stood alone in his opinion. It was another juror, whom you rather aptly characterize as "an obstinate, pig-headed fellow," who remained "alone" in his opinion, and consequently caused a disagreement.

Allow me to clear the atmosphere as to what occurred in the courtroom in the Thaw case last Monday.

I was asked: "If you found yourself in a minority would you change your opinion in order to reach a verdict?" I replied: "Not unless it was a very small minority." The counsel then asked: "If you stood alone, would you change your opinion in order to reach a verdict?" My answer was, as the stenographer's notes will show: "In that case I should consider it right to submit to the judgment of the eleven jurors." I think your readers will agree with you that I "have a mind of my own, but am open to reason." JAMES HART.

New York, March 10, 1915.

"Billy" Sunday's Princeton Meeting

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In today's TIMES your Princeton dispatch gives an account of Mr. Sunday's meeting here that, according to many Princetonians, is not entirely accurate. According to all reports that have been made public in Princeton, whether from sources favorable or unfavorable to Mr. Sunday, the university students were entirely courteous to the speaker and his assistants. I understand Mr. Rhodeheaver asked the leader to sing a Princeton song and left the choice to him. As "Old Nassau" is rarely sung except at the end of a Princeton meeting, the leader chose a recently written football song as being more suitable then, when all were in a holiday mood.

At the end of the meeting it would have been impracticable as well as in doubtful taste to have sung any college song. The majority of men were moved too deeply then to turn their thoughts readily to singing a song, after all, foreign to the occasion. Not only was courtesy shown to Mr. Sunday, but such earnest approval of him and his teachings that at least 615 men shook his hand as a sign that they would endeavor to answer his appeal for men to lead moral and Christian lives. ROBERTS WILLIAMS.

Princeton, N. J., March 9, 1915.

Commerce School Enrolls 2,913.

The registration at New York University School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance has just closed and shows an additional February enrollment of 441 students, making a total of 2,913 enrolled. The increase over last year is 447. With these figures the school now leads the schools of commerce of the country by more than 1,000 students.

ROOSEVELT TOURS SHOPS FOR JOBLESS

Tells Newspapers They Must Appeal to Public for $80,000 to Carry On the Work.

PRAISES GARY'S EFFORTS

He Says Steel Corporation Has Set Example in Suspending Dividends in Order to Prevent Wage Cut.

Because the people of New York have failed to contribute the amount of money needed, by $80,000, to keep the emergency workshops for jobless men and women open until the middle of next month Colonel Theodore Roosevelt took up the talk of interesting more contributors yesterday. He led a large party of well-known men and women around the circuit of the shops. At the last shop he visited, which was in the Salvation Armys quarters in West Fourteenth Street, he ordered an elevator boy to take him "and all of the newspaper reporters" to a private office on the top floor.

Once up in the office, he locked the door so that all members of the Mayor's Committee on Unemployment, who were also members of the Roosevelt party, should be shut out. Colonel Roosevelt then brought his fist down emphatically upon a big mahogany table and said what he wished to emphasize was that the reporters simply had to write about conditions so that the people of the city would find it impossible to hold back their contributions. The Colonel was very emphatic about it.

"The press made this thing successful at the start," he said. "The papers must rally to its support again, for the funds of the Mayor's Committee are exhausted, and the emergency shops simply must not be allowed to close until Spring is fully opened."

Some one asked Colonel Roosevelt what he thought was the chief contribution of the workshops to the industrial situation of the present hard Winter.

Antidote for Agitation.

"Their chief contribution has been one that every good citizen should understand," he replied. "These workshops have proved the best antidote for the I. W. W. and other radical agitations based on hatred and unwisdom than—well, than any amount of preaching could ever do."

When a suggestion was made to the effect that some men refused to work, Colonel Roosevelt launched into a very emphatic denunciation of "hyphenated" Americans.

"I will recall to you," he said, "an American who was born abroad, but was every inch of him a man and an American. Who was pure United States. I mean Jacob Riis, for there was a man who had no hyphenated allegiance to the United States. He came to me when I was Police Commissioner and we worked together at the problem of abolishing the old police station lodging houses. In those lodging houses the bum, the loafer, the hobo, who did not want to work and who did not object to filth, was given an easy time. Yet by putting the self-respecting man to sleep alongside of the hobo on the police station floor you simply demeaned and disgraced him and broke what little was left of his failing spirit.

"We built the Municipal Lodging House to get rid of that problem. There is a great deal to be done still. All things can't be done at once. I would condemn these workshops in which wages are not paid, but merely a sum sufficient to keep up the vitality of the workers, if this were a normal year.

Asks Newspaper Help.

"You reporters must tell the people how wonderful the shops are. You know about the philanthropic proposition, where 93 cents is spent in getting 7 cents out of a dollar over to the person in need of food and clothes. Well, of each dollar spent on these workshops only 17 cents goes for material, and only 5 cents for all other overhead charges. The great bulk of the money goes directly to the person in need either as food furnished to him for luncheon or as money for his brief spell of work each day."

Former Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Unemployment, and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the United States Steel Corporation, entered the room to join in the conference between Colonel Roosevelt and the reporters.

Colonel Roosevelt took hold of Mr. Gary's coat lapel and addressed remarks to him personally about "the new statesmanship" in handling the unemployment problem from an employer's standpoint.

"Our leaders of industry," he said, "must learn that it is part of their duties to keep men employed just as fully as possible through the whole year. And in this connection I am glad to announce that the United States Steel Corporation has set the right example in passing one dividend in part and in passing all of another dividend in order that the men's wages might not have to be cut."

The Colonel's tour, from its beginning at 9:30 o'clock at the home of ex-Judge Gary at 856 Fifth Avenue to its close at the University Settlement at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, was characterized by one of the committee as a "long and pleasantly conducted picnic on wheels." In the Colonel's party were Mrs. James Speyer, Chairman of the Bundle Day Committee; City Chamberlain Henry Bruere, Miss Charlotte Boyd, who is in charge of the workshops; William Hamlin Childs, and a number of others.

REPORT BY PUBLIC LIBRARY.

12,000,000 Books in Circulation, Many in Business Houses.

The work of the New York Public Library, with its forty-five branches and 880 other agencies, including home, traveling, club, schol, and similar circulating stations, is reviewed in the annual report made public today. As an example of the wide diversity of interests to which the traveling library appeals the report mentions that fifty-four stations contribute to important work in big business houses. Three of these are in the offices of large insurance companies, in one of which 11,562 readings were reported. Four of the stations are in rest rooms of department stores.

Factory collections are maintained either by welfare departments or, as in some machine shops and piano factories, the books go directly to the workmen and the entire set is exchanged every two months. Two banks are supplied regularly with works on finance. A station was recently opened in the offices of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

Other books circulate in remote districts, such as farms, forts, army posts and naval stations. The aquaduct workers in Ulster County have one of the libraries, and nearer home the lighthouse keepers and longshoremen are provided for.

Nearly 12,000,000 books were used in the Public Library and its branches during the year, an average of more than two books for every man, woman, and child in the five boroughs. This does not include a large number of reference books used in the central and branch buildings. The library employs a teacher to give instruction in reading in the homes of the adult blind, for whom there are 26,224 books.

The Library School, which gives instruction for librarians, had seventy-seven students, representing twenty States and the District of Columbia, Canada, China, and Finland, and graduated twenty-three.

Hearing on Buildings Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—There will be a meeting of the Sub-Committee of the Senate and Assembly Committees on Cities at 10:30 o'clock on Saturday morning in the New York City Hall for consideration of the Lockwood-Ellenbogen bills, providing for consolidation of inspection of buildings in New York City.

R. R. M'CORMICK MARRIES DIVORCEE

Editor of The Chicago Tribune Weds Mrs. E. S. Adams in St. George's Church, London.

FOLLOWS SERIES OF SUITS

Publisher Filed Bankruptcy Claim Against Adams, His Former Friend, Who Sued Him for $100,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 10.—A cablegram from London announces the marriage today in the registry office of St. George's Church, Hanover Square, London, of Robert Rutherford McCormick, editor and publisher of The Chicago Tribune, and Mrs. Aime de H. Adams, also of Chicago. The wedding is the culmination of a series of lawsuits between Mrs. Adams's former husband, Edward S. Adams of Chicago and Lake Forest, and R. R. McCormick, who is President of the Tribune Company.

The bride is the divorced wife of Edward S. Adams and is the daughter of General Bernard J. D. Irwin, U. S. A., retired. She has a home in Lake Forest, where she has been a prominent member of the Onwentsia Club set, and is especially noted for her skillful horsemanship. At her wedding in London today her sister, Mrs. Arthur A. Small, wife of a Chicago physician, and Major H. Maitland Kersey of England were the witnesses and the only guests present at the ceremony.

Mrs. McCormick's divorce from her first husband, Edward S. Adams, was obtained on March 6, 1914, and the Illinois law prohibiting remarriage within a year was observed to the letter. Mr. McCormick, who for years had been on the most intimate terms with Mr. and Mrs. Adams and had been a member of their household both in Chicago and in Lake Forest, suddenly went abroad a few weeks ago, announcing to his friends that he was going to Petrograd to become a war correspondent. A week ago last Saturday Mrs. Adams sailed from New York for England. When this fact became known it was gossiped that a marriage between Mr. McCormick and Mrs. Adams would follow. Mr. Adams made no defense to his wife's suit for divorce, but several months later began proceedings to set aside the verdict, alleging that he had been misled and that by misrepresentation had been induced to let the case go practically by default.

Other litigation came in the wake of divorce proceedings. A petition in bankruptcy against Mr. Adams was filed by R. R. McCormick, who alleged that the former broker was indebted to him in large sums of money. Judge Landis recently rendered a decision giving first blood to McCormick. Mr. Adams also brought a suit against Mr. McCormick, claiming $100,000 damages.

WILL WED TELEPHONE GIRL.

John McTiernan, Member of Many Clubs, to Marry Miss K. M. Smith.

The marriage of John McTiernan of 545 West 125th Street and Miss Kathleen Marion Smith is to take place on March 29. Miss Smith has been employed as telephone operator at the Sherman Square Hotel for the last three years, and is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Smith of Bermuda.

Mr. McTiernan is the son of the late Colonel John McTiernan and belongs to many clubs and organizations in this city. He is 32 years old, and his fiancée is seven years his junior.

AID FOR BIDE-A-WEE HOME.

Many Well-Known Persons Attend Tea Dance at the Biltmore.

A successful tea dance was held yesterday afternoon in the large ballroom of the Biltmore, in aid of the Bide-a-Wee Home for Friendless Animals at 410 East Thirty-eighth Street. Several professional dancers appeared and many well-known people were present. Among those who purchased tickets were Mrs. James I. Banks, Mrs. W. D. Guthrie, Mrs. Alfred Tuckerman, Mrs. Winfield Scott, Mrs. James Gallatin, Mrs. C. B. Mitchell, Mrs. W. H. Peckham, Mrs. Charles H. Ditson, Mrs. John Beekman, Mrs. R. G. Remsen, Mrs. G. B. McClellan, Mrs. Le Roy King, Mrs. Maurice La Montagne, Mrs. Orme Wilson, Mrs. David Lydig, Mrs. F. K. Sturgis, the Misses Eleanor Hartshorne, Alice Sands, Ida Bliss, Emily Stevens, Ellen Glasgow, and Miss C. Ogden Jones.

Mrs. Henry Ulisses Kibbe is President of the Bide-a-Wee Home Association; Mrs. William Sakee Hofstra, First Vice President; Mrs. George H. Gould, Second Vice President, and Mrs. Ulysses Grant, Third Vice President; Miss E. R. B. Champion is the Secretary, and the Treasurer is F. G. Bevill Champion. The association has a country home for its animals at Merrick, L. I.

Miss Viola Kraus Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice J. Kraus of 28 West Seventy-sixth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Viola Kraus, to Victor Von Schlegell of this city. No date has been set for the wedding.

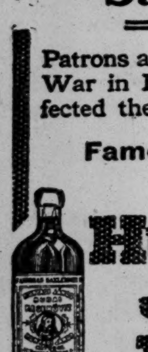
George W. Perkins in No Danger.

Palm Beach, it appears, was needlessly excited on Tuesday by the rumor that George W. Perkins, who had gone out with a fishing party, had been in danger of his life off Stuart, Fla., and had been "rescued." A telegram of inquiry to Mr. Perkins about his experiences brought this reply to THE TIMES last night:

> Stuart, Fla., March 10.
> We were only in a windstorm while fishing Monday. No accident or rescue. Any sensational story is absurd.
> GEORGE W. PERKINS.

Arts Club Dances in Costume.

The National Arts Club gave its annual Mi-Carême dinner and dance last night at the clubhouse, 14 Gramercy Park. There were about a hundred members and their friends at the dinner, all in carnival costume. A pageant and dance followed. Frank Bicknell was Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements.



Price unchanged Supply ample

Patrons are advised that the War in Europe has not affected the Supply of the Famous Natural Laxative

Hunyadi Janos Water

and that it can be obtained at all Drug Stores at the *same price as before.*

Hunyadi Janos Water has been recommended by physicians for over 50 years as a reliable remedy for

CONSTIPATION

Refuse Substitutes

DAY'S EXPORTS $10,000,000.

All Records Broken Yesterday for Shipments from This Port.

The Collector of the Port said last night that the exports yesterday from New York exceeded $10,000,000 in value, which was the largest amount ever recorded in any single day in the history of the Custom House.

The next highest figure was recorded on a day last week, when the exports amounted to $9,000,000.

SAMUEL BOWLES STRICKEN.

Veteran Editor of The Springfield Republican Very Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 10.—Samuel Bowles, editor and publisher of The Springfield Republican, was stricken at his home last night with what at first was believed to be cerebral hemorrhage. Later diagnosis does not confirm this report, and the attending physicians have not as yet given out a definite statement as to the nature of the illness.

It is said that Mr. Bowles has been under a severe nervous strain for some months, which, coupled with his age and rather frail condition of health, brought on the attack. Physicians late tonight were hopeful that he would rally.

NEW SWINDLE AT THEATRES.

Thieves Collect on Bogus C. O. D. Packages Sent to Actors.

When actors in the cast of "Sinners" went to the Playhouse in Forty-eighth Street to dress for their parts last night they found a notice posted behind the scenes warning them that the management no longer would receive and pay for any C. O. D. packages delivered at the theatre unless the actor to whom the package was addressed gave notice in advance from what business house the delivery was expected, and how much would be due on it. This notice disclosed a new swindling game, which, according to report, has been practiced on several theatres.

It has been customary for actors to order goods delivered C. O. D. at the theatres where they are working. The amount due has been paid at the box office and the package sent to the actor's dressing room. Not long ago a man dressed in the uniform of a department store took a package addressed to a popular actress to the theatre where she was appearing and claimed $20 in charges. The money was paid, and that night, when the actress opened the package, which she had not ordered, it was found to contain only old newspapers. Thieves continued their activities, always carefully choosing actors of high standing to whom to address their worthless packages.

MAY LOSE LITTLE THEATRE.

Ames Plans to Remodel House to Increase Its Capacity to 1,000.

If contemplated plans carry New York will lose her first and most luxurious intimate theatre before next season. Winthrop Ames is considering entirely remodeling his Little Theatre and making it into a playhouse of regulation size, seating upward of a thousand people. Plans have been drawn up, and whether or not the change is made will depend on the practicability of remodeling the present building.

The contemplated changes will necessitate a complete remodeling of the building. A balcony will be added, the auditorium greatly enlarged, and probably a new stage built. The work will be done in the Summer to allow the theatre to reopen next Fall.

LAST DAY FOR LENOX HILL.

Two Gifts of $20,000 May Come—Total Now $48,259.

The ten-day money raising campaign of the Lenox Hill Settlement will be brought to a finish today by the society women, business men, and neighborhood dwellers, who are seeking funds for a new building. Last night the total was $48,259, the various collecting teams having added $5,897 during the day.

It was rumored that two gifts of $20,000 each might be expected, provided the teams brought today's total up to $60,000. An announcement is expected at today's luncheon of the committee at the Hotel Savoy.

MISS ELSIE MORGAN WEDS.

Daughter of the Late C. L. Morgan Marries Dr. James H. Lawson.

Miss Elsie Morgan, daughter of the late Charles Leslie Morgan of this city, and Dr. James H. Lawson were married yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride, 122 East Eighty-second Street, the Rev. David Hearn officiating. Only the immediate families were present.

The bride had her sister, Miss Constance Morgan, as her only attendant, and Dr. John K. Adams of Orange, N. J., was best man.

Dr. Lawson is a graduate of Columbia University and is attending physician at several of the New York hospitals.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Arthur Page Brown has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Lucy Page Brown, to Harry McAfee, son of Mrs. C. William McAfee of San Francisco. Miss Brown resides with her mother at the home of her grandfather, former Judge Roger A. Pryor, 3 West Sixty-ninth Street. Her sister, Miss Katrina Page Brown, was married several years ago to Austin P. Moore of San Francisco.

Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the President, expects to attend the production of the bird masque, "The Sanctuary," of which she is a patroness, which is to be given on March 24 by the students of the Washington Irving High School, at 40 Irving Place.

Under the auspices of the Paul Jones Club, the junior committee of the Lafayette Fund gave a dance last night at the Vanderbilt. It was designated as "Full Moon Night," and there were several Mi-Carême carnival features introduced. Most of the guests came in black and white costumes.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Minott of 865 Park Avenue, who have been abroad since last Summer, returned on the Carpathia, and are at the Hotel Gotham.

Alfred Noyes, the poet, will be the guest of honor at the tea Mrs. James Speyer is to give on Tuesday, March 16, from 4 until 6 o'clock, at her residence, 1,058 Fifth Avenue. Mrs. Douglas Robinson, a sister of Colonel Roosevelt, will assist Mrs. Speyer in receiving.

Mrs. Robert R. Livingston of 11 Washington Square will give a dinner of twenty-two covers this evening for Miss Sara Delano and her fiancé, Roland Redmond, after which the guests will go to Mi-Carême Carnival at the Ritz-Carlton.

A Mi-Carême ball will be held at the Plaza this evening for the benefit of the free Montessori Tenement Schools of New York.

The North Carolina Society will hold a ball this evening at the Astor. The Society of Beaux Arts Architects will celebrate the opening of its new building in East Seventy-fifth Street tonight with an entertainment, followed by dancing.

The St. Christopher Guild, of which Mrs. W. W. Hoppin, Jr., is President, will hold a rainbow Summer sale on April 7 at the residence of Mrs. John E. Alexandre, 16 East Fifty-third Street. Miss Harriete Post will have charge of the tearoom.

Arnold Daly to Revive a Shaw Play.

Arnold Daly, who was responsible for George Bernard Shaw's first American vogue, has announced a short Spring season of some of the plays in which he was most successful. Mr. Daly has leased the Garrick Theatre, and on April 5 will revive "You Never Can Tell," in which he appeared for 150 performances in the same playhouse about ten years ago. If this play is well received others will be given.

Passengers for Copenhagen.

Some of those booked to leave today on the United States for Copenhagen are:

Mrs. C. H. Allen, Mrs. Maren Anderson, A. Benthron, the Rev. and Mrs. Arthur C. Boyce, Miss Mary Burgess, Peter Bartels, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Griffith, Miss Marie Sineck, and Capt. J. Wold.

ANTIS ARE ATTACKED BY MRS. FAVERSHAM

Julie Opp, the Actress, Has Stage Fright on Her First Speech for Suffrage.

OBJECTS TO SOLDIER'S VIEW

Englishman Told Her Husband She Must Expect to be Ill if She Talked "Votes for Women."

Mrs. Julie Opp Faversham made an extemporaneous speech for suffrage at a campaign tea in the kindergarten rooms of the Friends Seminary at Stuyvesant Square and Sixteenth Street, yesterday afternoon. The tea was held under the auspices of the Woman Suffrage Party of the Twelfth Assembly District. Mrs. Faversham said she was suffering from stage fright, but she did not show it.

She has lived in the Twelfth Assembly District for most of her life and played with the other children in the Square in her "pig-tail" days. As a slip of a girl she was known as the "Belle of Seventeenth Street." Mrs. Faversham said that the arguments of the antis had worried her so much that she was almost ill. One of the antis, she asserted, was an English friend of her husband who was now in the trenches.

The other day Mrs. Faversham said a few words for suffrage at the Cort Theatre, not enough to be called her maiden speech, and she once recited a poem at a suffrage meeting. She has also had an attack of pleurisy. The Englishman heard of this and wrote this to Mr. Faversham:

> Of course if you will let her go about making suffrage speeches you can't expect anything but that she will have pleurisy.

"You can see that he is an anti," said Mrs. Faversham. "He can't see that I have been working far beyond my strength taking care of my husband, my children, and my home.

"It is the spiritual side of the vote to which we must look," said Mrs. Faversham. "We must rouse men, who are so bound to the material, to look more to the spiritual.

"I have traveled, I have worked, and I have lived among working women, and wherever I have been I have found the utmost consideration from the suffragists, while the anti-suffragists have made themselves obnoxious. I have never found that a suffragist talked suffrage if you did not wish it, but you cannot shut up the antis. They have been particularly urgent with me, perhaps because I am before the public.

"And I want to say that it has been my experience, and that of my husband, that women, as we have known them, have shown themselves fitted for the vote. Women I have employed have been earnest, conscientious workers, always giving all that was asked of them and usually a little more than they should."

The Twelfth is a neighborly, "lend-an-eggbeater" kind of district, and at its campaign teas, in the old Friends Seminary, people of varied interests get together to drink tea, eat home-made cake, and drink a William J. Bryan temperance punch. Mrs. Florence Howe Hall, daughter of Julia Ward Howe, leader of the district, presided yesterday. Mrs. William Astor Chanler and Mrs. William J. Schieffelin poured tea, and among those present were: Mrs. Richard Aldrich, Mrs. John Brook Leavitt, Mrs. Rudolph Schirmer, Miss Emily Preston, Mrs. Helen Haskel Noyes, Mrs. Anna M. Jackson, Mrs. Eleanor Johnson, and relatives of politicians of whom the women are particularly proud. Miss Donahue, sister of Philip Donahue, Treasurer of Tammany Hall, was a guest yesterday, with Mrs. Michael J. Kelley, mother of Assemblyman Joseph Kelley of the district, and Miss Kelley. Mrs. J. Frederic Gillette, one of the leading workers of the district, who makes anything from a cake to a speech for the cause, and Mrs. Frederick Nathan, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, and Mrs. John Z. Lowe, Jr., made addresses.

MISS RUSSELL WOULD VOTE.

Actress Says Her Mother Was a Pioneer in the Cause.

It was Suffrage Day at the "Made in the U. S. A." Exposition in the Grand Central Palace yesterday, and one man was ejected from the building because he was over-emphatic in expressing his views at the anti-suffrage booth. Several women were asked to put forth their arguments with less force.

Those were not the regulars, however. The suffrage workers were too busy at their own booth in taking in votes and listening to Lillian Russell's explanation of "Why I Am a Suffragist." Many votes were deposited yesterday, and more men were found to be opposed to suffrage than women. At the end of the day it was found that 548 women had voted for suffrage and twenty-three against it. Of the men, forty-five opposed the ballot for women and 364 were in favor of it.

Miss Russell said she was born a suffragist, as her mother was a pioneer in the cause. In 1888 Miss Russell's mother ran for Mayor of New York and received seventeen votes.

Other speakers were Commissioner Katharine B. Davis, Miss Ethel Roberts, Dr. Frank Bohn, and Mme. Aimo Malmberg, a member of the Finnish Parliament.

"L'Amore dei Tre Re" Repeated.

At the Metropolitan Opera House last night Montezuma's "L'Amore dei Tre Re" was repeated last night, with the usual cast, including Miss Bori and Messrs. Ferrari-Fontana and Amato. Mr. Toscanini conducted.

Hammerstein Will Be Out Soon.

The condition of Oscar Hammerstein, who was operated on Tuesday at St. Luke's Hospital for a slight infection of the left foot, was reported as most satisfactory yesterday. It was said at the hospital that the impressario would be able to leave the institution within a few days.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Owen Davis's melodrama, "Sinners," being presented in the Playhouse will be acted in Petrograd in Russian if the present plans carry. Ivan Narodny, who represents the imperial stage here, is negotiating with William A. Brady for such a production.

Cyril Harcourt has begun a novelization of his English comedy, "A Pair of Silk Stockings," the current attraction in the Little Theatre.

Monday night has been set aside as Winter Garden night at the Chez Maurice.

Three plays will be acted by the pupils of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts at their sixth entertainment in the Empire Theatre this afternoon, "The Teeth of the Gift Horse," a one-act comedy by Margaret Cameron; "The Wages of War," a drama in three acts by J. Wiegand and Wilhelm Scharrelmann, and "The Temptress," a comedy in one act by Gustave von Moser.

"Nobody Home" is the title that has been given the musical comedy to be presented in the Princess Theatre Easter Monday. Lawrence Grossmith, Adele Rowland, and Mollie King are in the cast so far engaged.

June is the name Harry Carroll, the composer of popular songs, has given his new baby girl. June was the name of the girl in "The Trail of the Lonesome Pine," a the title that furnished Mr. Carroll with the motif for one of his song hits.

Cecil Yapp will succeed Ivan Simpson in the role of Mr. Capper, the English waiter, in "Inside the Lines" at the Longacre Theatre tonight.

A scale of prices from 10 to 50 cents will be established at the Hippodrome when the new policy of feature films begins. A continuous performance from 1 to 11 P. M., with a brief intermission for dinner, will be given daily.

Special features are being prepared for the benefit performance for the Widowed Mothers' Fund at the Vitagraph Theatre next Monday afternoon and night. In the afternoon the juvenile actors of the Vitagraph Company will be in charge, and at night the stars, headed by Charles Kent and Mary Maurice, will hold a reception on the stage.

MGR. O'CONNELL DIES AT 83.

Veteran Brooklyn Pastor Was Chaplain of a Confederate Regiment.

The Right Rev. Mgr. Joseph P. O'Connell, pastor of the Church of St. Mary Star of the Sea in Brooklyn for the last twenty-five years, died on Tuesday at the rectory of the church, at Court and Luqueer Streets, in his eighty-fourth year.

The associate pastor, the Rev. Martin O'Mally, who is on a visit to Chicago, was notified of his death, and will return immediately.

Mgr. O'Connell was born in Ireland, and after studying for the priesthood in Dublin, finished his preparation at the American College in Rome. He was a friend of Pope Leo XIII., who often referred to him as "my little American friend." Mgr. O'Connell was ordained in the Vatican by special order of the Pope in 1858, and shortly after came to this country. With his two brothers, also priests, he directed a college in Richmond, Va., until the civil war began, and then went to the front as chaplain of a Confederate regiment. Mgr. O'Connell was wounded in the battle, but went through the entire war.

After the war he came North at the suggestion of Pope Pius and joined the Church of Our Lady of Victory, later founding the Parish of St. Michael at Bay Ridge. Twenty-five years ago he was appointed to his last parish. In 1884 Pope Leo XIII. made him a Monsignor. He is survived by his brother, the Bishop of Richmond, and by two sisters, one a missionary nun in Tokio, Japan, and the other a nun in Charleston, S. C.

Brig. General Edward Harland.

Brig. General Edward Harland, a veteran of the civil war and President of the Chelsea Savings Bank of Norwich, Conn., died at his home in that city, on Tuesday, in his eighty-fourth year. He was born in Norwich and was graduated from Yale University in 1853, and two years later admitted to the bar of Connecticut. General Harland was a Captain of the Third Connecticut Volunteers at the outbreak of the civil war, and before the end of 1861 became Colonel of the Eighth Connecticut Infantry. He was made a Brigadier General of Volunteers in 1862, and served until the end of the war. General Harland was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives from 1869 until 1878, and a Probate Judge from 1862 until 1876.

Dr. Waldren B. Vanderpoel.

Dr. Waldren B. Vanderpoel, until he retired eleven years ago, a prominent physician of this city, died on Tuesday evening at his home at 81 Hobart Avenue, Summit, N. J., in his sixty-first year. He was born in this city and was a son of the late Jacob Vanderpoel, a member of one of the old Knickerbocker families and Dock Commissioner of New York from 1877 until 1883. Dr. Vanderpoel was graduated from Dartmouth College in 1876 and from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York University three years later. He took up the study of law in later life and was graduated from the New York Law School in 1901. Dr. Vanderpoel was a member of the Holland Society, the New York County and State Medical Societies, the Alumni of Bellevue Hospital, the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity of Dartmouth College. He left a widow and daughter.

Mrs. Augustine Birrell.

LONDON, March 10.—Mrs. Augustine Birrell, wife of the Chief Secretary for Ireland, died today. She was married in 1888, at that time being the widow of the Hon. Lionel Tennyson. Her maiden name was Eleanor Mary Bertha Locker, and she was the daughter of the late Frederick and Lady Charlotte Locker.

Obituary Notes.

JOSEPH H. WHITE, for many years head of the firm of White, Payson & Co. of Boston, selling agents for textile mills, died in Boston yesterday in his ninety-second year. He was a Director of the Mexican Central Railway.

GEORGE T. CRUTTENDEN, 39 years old, a member of the firm of C. L. Hudson & Co., brokers of this city, died at a private sanitarium in Philadelphia yesterday. Mr. Cruttenden was born in Brooklyn, but had lived in Elizabeth, N. J., for twenty-five years. He was a member of Fireside Council, Royal Arcanum, and the Elks of Brooklyn. He left a widow and four sons.

ROBERT JORDAN, a wealthy citizen of Port Jervis, N. Y., died yesterday in Augusta, Ga., where, with his wife and daughter, he was spending the Winter for his health. He was born in Gardiner, N. Y., in 1844. Mr. Jordan was a Mason and a former bank Director.

WILLIAM WARD GRANT, senior member of the real estate firm of Grant & Wilson at 154 Nassau Street, died yesterday at the Hudson Street Hospital as the result of a fall on the stairs of the Brooklyn Bridge Subway station. He was 62 years old, and death was caused by the fracture of his skull.

JOHN J. ANNIS, 64 years old, a retired policeman and a lifelong resident of Brooklyn, died at his home, 264 Wyckoff Street, on Tuesday. Mr. Annis had been a member of St. Agnes Roman Catholic Church since its organization and of the Eighth Assembly District Democratic Club. A widow survives him.

THOMAS G. HUGHES, brother of United States Senator William Hughes of New Jersey, and a prominent automobile dealer of Paterson, died in the General Hospital there yesterday, following an operation for ulcer of the stomach. Mr. Hughes was 40 years old. When a young man he was an athlete and won several bicycle riding races.

LOUIS STADHOLZ, a fire adjuster for many years, with offices at 68 William Street, is dead at his home, 601 West 160th Street, in his fifty-second year. He came to this country from Warsaw with his parents when 4 years old, and settled in this city. Mr. Stadholz was a member of Dirigo Lodge, F. and A. M., Olympic Lodge, Knights of Pythias, Yorkville Lodge, I. O. S. B., and Columbia Lodge, U. O. T. S.

CHARLES WILSON, a real estate dealer of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his residence, 490 Sixteenth Street, South Brooklyn, aged 67 years. Mr. Wilson was a native of Hetre, Norway, and was formerly in the lighterage business in Brooklyn. His wife and a son survive him.

ELIAS H. BLANCHARD, for thirty-seven years with the Creamer Iron Foundries in Brooklyn, died of heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 699 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, in his seventy-fifth year. Mr. Blanchard was born in Rockaway, N. J., and during the civil war he took part in the battles of Antietam, Fredericksburg, and Gettysburg. Mr. Blanchard was a member of Harry Lee Post, G. A. R., and the Congress and Fourth Assembly District Republican clubs. He is survived by his wife and a daughter, Mrs. Olie A. Feiraband, who was formerly a well-known soprano singer.

ABEL SHORT STURTEVANT, one of the oldest employes and for years the road representative of Fawnes Brothers, glove manufacturers, died of pneumonia on Tuesday at his home, 485A First Street, Brooklyn, in his eightieth year. Mr. Sturtevant was born in White River Junction, Vt., of old New England stock.

Sister MARY VINCENT FERRER, a teacher in St. Malachy's Roman Catholic Convent, Brooklyn, died on Tuesday in St. John's Hospital, Long Island City. She was born in Brooklyn twenty-five years ago, and was a daughter of Percy L. and Julia Turner.

Mrs. MARY A. TOBIN, widow of Peter C. Tobin, a retired silk hat manufacturer of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at her residence, 30 Ashland Place, Brooklyn, from heart disease. Mrs. Tobin was 70 years of age, and had lived in Brooklyn for more than fifty years. She left a son and daughter.

WILLIAM WILKENING, 53 years old, a retired liquor dealer of Brooklyn and formerly active in Democratic politics in that borough, is dead at his home, 1,602 Forty-first Street, Borough Park, from pneumonia.

NATHANIEL WILLIAM PALMER, a civil war veteran and long employed by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, is dead at his home, 394 Rugby Road, Flatbush, aged 67 years. Mr. Palmer was born in England, and during the civil war served with the 120th Regiment of New York Volunteers. He was a member of Moses F. Odell Post, No. 443, G. A. R., and left a son and two daughters.

Dr. WILLIAM PRANKARD, a retired physician who had practiced in Brooklyn for thirty years, died on Tuesday at his residence, 101 Park Avenue, Brooklyn, at the age of 84 years. Dr. Prankard had been blind since 1893, when he was compelled to give up his practice. He was born on the Isle of Jersey, England, and came to this country as a young man. He was educated in Brooklyn, and in 1870 was graduated from Eclectic Medical College with the highest honors. Dr. Prankard had been a Free Mason for the last sixty years and for three terms was Master of Palestine Lodge No. 204. He is survived by his widow, two daughters, and a son.

C. A. SCHIEREN DEAD, HIS WIFE IS DYING

Ex-Mayor of Brooklyn a Victim of Pneumonia, Which Prostrates Mrs. Schieren.

MERCHANT AND BANKER.

Was Active in Politics and Charities, and a Liberal Donor to the Lutheran Church.

Charles A. Schieren, former Mayor of the old City of Brooklyn, died yesterday morning at his home, 405 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn. Death was caused by pneumonia. In a room adjoining the one in which Mr. Schieren died, his widow, Mrs. Louise Bramm Schieren, lies unconsious from the same disease. Her son, Harrie V. Schieren, said late last night that her death was expected momentarily.

When it became evident that Mr. Schieren's death was near the members of the family were sent for and they remained with him until he passed away. There are three sons, Charles A. Jr., Harrie V. and G. Arthur, a daughter, Mrs. Albert H. Mathews, and a daughter-in-law, Mrs. Harrie V. Schieren.

Nearly two years ago Mr. Schieren was attacked with stomach disease and attendant complications. His condition became so serious that on Feb. 2, 1914, an operation was performed in the Long Island College Hospital. He went to his country home at Islip, L. I., after the operation and spent a long time in recuperating. His growing ill-health caused him to retire from practically all business affairs.

On Jan. 4, of this year, his son G. Arthur took him to Augusta, Ga., in the hope that the milder climate of the South might benefit him, but at the end of six weeks his condition became such that it was deemed advisable to return to Brooklyn at once.

Mr. Schieren grew gradually worse and finally took to his bed. On Friday of last week pneumonia developed in an acute form. He became unconscious on Saturday and remained so until the end.

Mrs. Schieren has suffered from heart disease for many years. She nursed her husband until on last Saturday she was stricken with pneumonia. Mr. Schieren was told of his wife's illness, but not that her condition was so serious. She was not told of the danger of her husband.

Funeral arrangements have not as yet been completed, but it has been decided that the Rev. S. G. Weiskotten, pastor of the Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, at Bedford Avenue and Hewes Street, where the Schieren family attended, will conduct services in Mr. Schieren's late home.

Charles A. Schieren was born near Düsseldorf, Germany, seventy-three years ago. With his parents, he came to this country in 1856, the family settling in Brooklyn. For a time the younger Schieren was in the employ of his father, who had established himself in the cigar business. In 1863, Charles A. Schieren obtained employment with a leather manufacturer in the "Swamp" section of Manhattan. Five years later, with a capital of $1,100, representing his savings, he engaged in the leather business for himself. Within a comparatively short time, his house became one of the largest in the trade in the United States. The firm of Charles A. Schieren & Co. established branch offices in Chicago, Philadelphia, and Boston, and large tanneries in Brooklyn, Cumberland, Md., Adamsbury, Penn., and Mount Union, Penn.

For many years Mr. Schieren had taken an active interest in political, religious, and charitable affairs in Brooklyn. His chief interest, religiously, was in the welfare of the Lutheran Church, to many societies of which he gave generous financial aid. Mr. Schieren, for more than twenty years, was active in the work of the Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Association, and had held office as a Director and member of the Advisory Board of that organization. He was also interested in the work of the Young Women's Christian Association, and had been a trustee of the Union for Christian Work, and a Director of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

Mr. Schieren was for several years Vice President of the Hide and Leather Bank of New York, a member of the New York Chamber of Commerce, trustee of the Germania Savings Bank of Brooklyn, and the Brooklyn Trust Company, and Director of the Nassau National Bank of Brooklyn. He was a member of the Hamilton and Germania Clubs, Brooklyn, and the Fulton, Down Town, Union League, and other clubs in Manhattan. Mr. Schieren was also a Vice President of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences. Several years ago he made a gift of $50,000 to the Lutheran Theological Seminary, Philadelphia, for the creation of a professorship there.

Mr. Schieren was a Republican. He was elected Mayor of the old City of Brooklyn in 1893, in a reform movement, by a big plurality, the late Mayor William J. Gaynor being elected a Justice of the Supreme Court for the first time in that year. The administration of Mayor Schieren was marked by many important civic improvements.

SLAB TO SUPPORT L. I. R. R.

Subway Under Great Concrete Mass at Flatbush Avenue.

In order to build the new subway in Brooklyn under the Long Island station at Flatbush Avenue without interfering with the operation of the Long Island trains, it is proposed that the railroad shall construct beneath its station a great slab of concrete. This will be interposed between the floor of the station and the roof of the subway and will be practically a new floor strong enough to bear any strain that is put upon it.

It is estimated that it will be about 500 feet long and will cost between $200,000 and $300,000.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

Brooklyn.

NEUMANN—PONTHIER.—March 6, Louise Ponthier to Frank Neumann.

ROSENSON—LEBENSTEIN.—March 9, Gertrude Lebenstein to Theodore Rosenson.

Long Island.

SELLMAN—BROZEK.—March 6, Long Island City, Rose Brozek to John J. Sellman, Jr.

VOGELSANG—MILLER.—March 6, Long Island City, Louise Miller to William Vogelsang.

Died.

ALBIN.—Mrs. Rose Albin, wife of Abe Albin and daughter of Nathan Lefkowitz, died Wednesday, March 10, 1915, aged 32. Funeral Friday, 10 A. M., 284 South 5th St., Brooklyn.

BARBER.—On Monday, March 8, 1915, at her residence, 21 West 30th St., Jennie Ray Barber. Funeral services at 710 8th Av., Thursday afternoon at half past five o'clock.

BIRDSALL.—On Wednesday, March 10, 1915, Samuel Adams Birdsall passed away in the 79th year of his age. Funeral at the Friends Meeting House, Plattskill, N. Y., Friday, March 12, 1915, at 2 P. M.

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Died.

BROWN.—Louisa, at her late residence, 4,112 Fort Hamilton Parkway. Funeral services at her late residence on Friday at 8 P. M. Interment Saturday morning, Woodlawn. Bridgeport (Conn.) papers please copy.

CAMERER.—Mathilde Lang, aged 76, widow of Julius E. Camerer, on March 9, at her residence, 42 West 93d. Funeral private.

COLE.—William Washington Cole, at Hotel Biltmore, of pneumonia, aged 66 years. Interment private. Friends please omit flowers. Notice of funeral later.

CURRY.—On March 10, 1915, James S. Curry, in his 74th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 323 West 33d St., Friday morning, March 12, at 11 o'clock.

DAVIES.—Barry, beloved husband of Louisa Davies, in 81st year. Notice of funeral hereafter. Newark papers please copy.

DOTY.—On Wednesday, March 10, 1915, Ethan Allen, beloved husband of Elizabeth L. Doty. Funeral services at his late residence, 736 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, Friday, March 12, at 8 P. M. Fitchburg, (Mass.,) papers please copy.

FORBES.—On March 10, Rebecca T., wife of William J. Forbes and daughter of the late Henry Rowland. Funeral service at her home, No. 113 Willow Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday, March 11, at 11 A. M. Funeral private.

FRANC.—Carl Benjamin Franc, brother of Otto H. and Hermann K. Franc, at Goldroad, Ariz., on Monday morning, after a short illness. Funeral service will be held at 650 10th St., Brooklyn, Saturday, at 2 P. M.

GLUGOWSKI.—On Tuesday, March 9, 1915, at 1 P. M., Gustave J., beloved husband of Ernestina Glugowski, (nee Weiss,) in his 65th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral service on Friday, 12th inst., at 10:30 A. M., at his late residence, 1,833 Clinton Av., near 175th St., Bronx.

GREENBERG.—Suddenly, March 9, at his residence, West New Brighton, Jacques P. Greenberg, beloved son of Augusta P. Greenberg and the late Albert Greenberg. Funeral services Thursday, March 11, 2 P. M., at Beth-Olom Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

HALL.—On Wednesday, March 10, Maud, beloved daughter of Samuel J. and Jeanette Crist Hall, after a short illness at residence of her parents, 2,040 7th Av. Funeral notice hereafter.

HAM.—On March 9, Antoinette Chevalier, widow of John C. Ham. Services from the residence of her niece, Miss L. Nettie Chevalier, 53 East 126th St., Thursday, March 11, 7:30 P. M. Interment, Woodlawn.

HOLSTEIN.—Harry, on Wednesday, March 10, beloved husband of Rebecca, (nee Levy,) father of Moise, Beatrice, and Dorothy, brother of Sadie Silberman, Hattie Quint, Noah and Leo Holstein. Funeral from his late residence, 480 East 15th St., Flatbush, at 1 P. M. Friday.

MANNING.—On Tuesday, March 9, 1915, Robert F. Manning, elder son of David F. and Mary G. Manning. Funeral services at the residence of his parents, No. 91 Remsen St., Brooklyn Heights, on Thursday evening, March 11, at 8 o'clock. Interment private at Plainfield, N. J.

MUIR.—On Wednesday, March 10, 1915, at her residence, 272 Ryerson St., Brooklyn, Annie E. Muir. Funeral services at 8 o'clock Thursday evening. Interment private.

MULLIGAN.—Entered into rest Tuesday morning, March 9, 1915, at Astoria, N. Y., Julia Strong, daughter of the late William and Ellen Wikoff Mulligan. Services at the Church of the Redeemer, Thursday, March 11, at 3 P. M.

ORVIS.—On Monday, March 8, 1915, Charles Eustis Orvis, son of the late Joseph U. and Mary E. Orvis. Funeral services at St. Thomas's Church on Thursday morning, March 11, at 11 o'clock.

ORVIS.—Society of Colonial Wars in the State of New York, office of the Secretary, 43 Cedar St., New York. The members of this society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late associate, Charles Eustis Orvis, at St. Thomas's Church, Thursday morning, March 11, at 11 o'clock.

WILLIAM WHITEHEAD LADD, Governor.
FREDERICK DWIGHT, Secretary.

ORVIS.—Members of the New York Historical Society are requested to attend the funeral services of our late associate and member of the Executive Committee, Charles Eustis Orvis, at St. Thomas's Church, on Thursday morning, March 11, at 11 o'clock. Fancher Nicoll, Recording Secretary; John A. Weekes, President.

PAYNE.—On March 10, 1915, Frederick W. Payne. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 18 Duncan Av., Jersey City, on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

PARKES.—On March 9, 1915, Mary A. Parkes, aged 76 years. Services at her late residence, 790 Riverside Drive, Thursday evening, March 11, at 8:30 o'clock.

PHILLIPS.—In Marshfield, Mass., March 10, Mathilde H. Phillips, aged 72 years. Funeral from her late residence Friday, March 12, at 2:30 P. M.

RIEFF.—Frank I., on Tuesday, March 9, at 50 Duncan Av., Silver Lake Heights, Staten Island. Funeral service Wednesday evening, March 10, at 8 o'clock. Funeral private. Thursday, 2 o'clock.

RUSSELL.—At Freeport, L. I., March 9, 1915, Samuel Henry Russell. Funeral from his late residence, South Side Av., Freeport, on Friday, March 12, at 2 P. M.

SCHIEREN.—On Wednesday, March 10, 1915, at his late residence, 405 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, Charles A. Schieren, in his 74th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SHORTT.—William Allaire, son of the late Rev. William Shortt and Amanda Haggerty Shortt, on Tuesday, March 9, at his residence, 218 St. Paul's Avenue. Services at St. Paul's Church, St. Paul's Av., Tompkinsville, S. I., Thursday, March 11, at 10:30 A. M.

SKINNER.—On Tuesday, March 9, 1915, at his home in Stillwater, Sussex Co., N. J., after a long illness, William Erskine Skinner, eldest son of the late Rev. John Skinner, D. D., and Elizabeth Kirkwood Taylor Skinner, in the 84th year of his age. Funeral services at his late home in Stillwater on Saturday, March 13, at half-past 1 o'clock. Interment at Newton.

SMITH.—Charles Royal, aged 19 years, of Somerville, N. J. Funeral will be held from the home of his mother, Mrs. Laura Smith, 102 West End Av., on Thursday, March 11, at 2:30 P. M. Friends of the family are invited to attend. Carriages will meet train leaving Liberty St., Jersey Central R. R., at 1:10 P. M.

STONE.—Suddenly, on March 8, Arthur G., husband of Cornelia Williams Stone, in his 55th year. Funeral services at the Marcy Av. Baptist Church, Marcy Av., between Putnam and Madison Sts., Brooklyn, Thursday at 8 P. M.

STONE.—BUILDING TRADES EMPLOYERS' ASSOCIATION. The attention of members is called to the decease of Mr. Arthur G. Stone. He was an active member for twelve years and served on the Finance Committee. Fneral services will be held on Thursday, March 11th, at 8 P. M., at Marcy Av. Baptist Church, corner of Marcy and Putnam Avs., Brooklyn.

CHAS. J. KELLY, Chairman Board of Governors.
SAM'L B. DONNELLY, Secretary.

TOWNSEND.—On Wednesday, March 10, 1915, at his residence at Glen Head, L. I., in his 74th year, George Hewlett Townsend, son of the late Stephen Hewlett Townsend and Jean Garvey Townsend. Notice of funeral hereafter.

VAIL.—March 10, 1915, Nahlon N. Vail, at Orlando, Fla. Notice of funeral hereafter, from his late residence, 580 Irvington Av., South Orange, N. J.

VANDERPOEL.—At Summit, N. J., on March 9, 1915, Waldron B. Vanderpoel, M. D., in his 61st year. Solemn high mass of requiem, at St. Teresa's Church, Summit, N. J., on Friday, March 12, at 9:30 A. M. Interment at Greenwood.

WELLS.—On Tuesday, March 9, 1915, at her late residence, 29 Monroe St., Jeanie Roberts, in her 58th year. Funeral service at the Unity Church, corner Gates Av. and Irving Place, Brooklyn, Thursday, March 11, at 2 o'clock.

WILLIAMSON.—March 10, George, aged 68. Funeral Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av., 19th St. Time later.

WOOD.—On March 10, 1915, Ralph Pratt, son of the late Albert H. Wood and Caroline M. Aiken. Funeral private. Interment at Albany Rural Cemetery. Albany papers please copy.

ARMSTRONG.—George, 864 East 175th St., March 8, aged 58.

BOHLMAN.—Frederick, 590 West 172d St. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

CAREY.—William, 163 East 83d St., March 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

CLEARY.—Peter A., 120 West 61st St., March 8, aged 1.

CLYNE.—Anna, 338 West 51st St., March 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

CONDON.—Mary A., 161 Edgecombe Av., March 9.

DANIELS.—Henry C., 138 West 96th St., March 9. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

ERDMANN.—Carl, 290 East 163d St., March 8, aged 73. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

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681 Fifth Ave., near 54th St., New York.

Died.

FAXEN.—Mary, 389 Canal St., March 8.

GAIMARI.—Michael J., 56 Madison St., March 8. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

GOIARDIN.—Ernest, 1,526 Washington Av., Bronx, March 8. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GOFF.—William T., 161 East 112th St., March 8. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

HABERTHUR.—Louise, 480 East 143d St., March 9, aged 68. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HENNE.—William F., 2,182 Washington Av., Bronx, March 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HYDE.—Mae L., 490 St. Nicholas Av., March 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

KEEGAN.—Thomas, 232 West 10th St., March 8.

LOHMANN.—Anna M., 323 9th Av., March 9, aged 36. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LYCKBERG.—John H., 27 Bridge St., March 9. Funeral today.

McGINN.—Catherine, 215 East 95th St., March 8.

McGOVERN.—John H., 435 West 56th St., March 9. Funeral today.

McGOWAN.—John F., 1,159 Clay Av., Bronx, March 8, aged 20. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

McLOUGHLIN.—Thomas, 151 Madison St., March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

McNAMARA.—Michael, 249 Hudson St., March 8. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

MANLEY.—John, 511 West 165th St., March 8. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MANNLE.—Robert F., 341 East 45th St., March 8. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MEYER.—Clemens, 75 West 47th St., March 8, aged 78. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

MURPHY.—Alice M., 564 West 183d St., March 9. Funeral private.

O'KEEFFE.—Elizabeth, 1,554 Minford Place, Bronx, March 8. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

O'SHEA.—Anastasia, 316 East 94th St., March 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

PENNY.—William, 150 West 13th St., March 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ROUNDS.—Mary A., 643 East 227th St., March 9.

SCHWARZ.—Joseph, 1,669 3d Av., March 9, aged 47. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

SMITH.—Frank, 344 East 123d St., March 9.

STEEGER.—Jacob A., 730 8th Av., March 8, aged 21.

WALL.—Peter J., 116 West 101st St., March 8, aged 62. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

ANNIS.—John J., 264 Wyckoff St., March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

BEATTIE.—Ida, 86 Stone Av., March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

CINCOTTA.—Frank, 218 5th Av., March 9. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

COUGHLIN.—Marietta, Norwegian Hospital, March 9.

CRANE.—Emily, 218 Hudson Av., March 8, aged 82.

DOLEN.—Arthur S., 205 Park Place, March 9.

DRESS.—Elizabeth, March 9, aged 27. Funeral 163 Russell St., tomorrow, 2 P. M.

DUNN.—Jane, 1,581 Bergen St., March 8. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ENNIS.—John G., 264 Wyckoff St., March 9, aged 65.

FLANNIGAN.—Mary, 257 23d St., March 8.

FORBES.—Rebecca T., 113 Willow St., March 10. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

GEITZ.—Anna M., 1,279 Hancock St., March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

GERER.—Florence, 2,619 Atlantic Av., March 9, aged 37. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GERNER.—Caroline, 189 Sumpter St., March 8, aged 81.

GRIMES.—Patrick, 3 1st Place, March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

HASS.—Anna D., 90 Cumberland St., March 9. Funeral service today.

HILL.—Margaret, 104 Kosciusko St., March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

KAUFFELD.—Mary M., 273 Chauncey St., March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

KENNEDY.—Edward, 123 Van Sicklen Av., March 9. Funeral tomorrow.

KERMAN.—Lillian L., 175 Norman Av., March 8.

KLEIN.—Elizabeth, 24½ Ten Eyck St., March 10, aged 73.

McALEISE.—Daniel, 218 Eagle St., March 9. Funeral today.

McMANUS.—Thomas J., 76 Hicks St., March 8. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MALONE.—John F., 1,681 Dean St., March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MARTIN.—George, 865 Bay Ridge Av., March 9. Funeral private.

MONTGOMERY.—Mary A., 503 St. Mark's Av., March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

PRANKARD.—Dr. William, 101 Park Av., March 9. Funeral service today.

ROBERTSON.—Mary, Kings County Hospital, March 9. Funeral today.

ROHAN.—Nellie, Eastern District Hospital, March 8.

SCHMITT.—Louis, 230 Suydam St., March 9. Funeral March 13, 9 A. M.

SPITZ.—Richard, 49 Butler St., March 8, aged 45.

STURTEVANT.—Abel S., 485A 1st St., March 9, aged 80. Funeral private.

TOBIN.—Mary A., 30 Ashland Place, March 9, aged 70.

WALPOLE.—Edward L., 817 Hancock St., March 8, aged 48.

WELSH.—Florence, 182 Maple St., March 9, aged 4 months.

WILSON.—Charles, 490 16th St., March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

ALT.—Maria, 629 Garden St., Hoboken, March 9, aged 82. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

BRIDGEN.—Catherine M., 31 Hobson St., Newark, March 9.

CONDON.—Joseph, Hoboken, March 8. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

COPERTINO.—Giuseppena, 22 Whyte St., Jersey City, March 9. Funeral tomorrow.

DAEMS.—Gommera, 618 Palisade Av., Jersey City, March 8, aged 77.

DAVIS.—Alfred F., 9 Calumet St., March 8. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DEVLIN.—Bernard, 189 Randolph Av., Jersey City, March 9. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

FERGUSON.—William, Jersey City, March 10. Funeral notice later.

FOX.—Charles, Newark, March 9, aged 23. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

HAMMERLE.—John, 74 Vroom St., Jersey City, March 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

HITT.—Johanna A., 250 Belleville Av., Newark, March 10, aged 68.

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Corsets	3.85 up

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Died.

JENSEN.—August, Jersey City, March 8. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

JOHNER.—Eugene, 50 St. Paul's Av., Jersey City, March 8.

JONES.—John, 60 Vincent St., Newark, March 10.

LEVIS.—Sophia, 33 Springfield Av., Newark, March 10. Funeral tomorrow.

McGEOUGH.—John, 712 Bergen St., Newark, March 9. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MOLTZ.—Frederick C., 106 Washington St., Hoboken, March 9, aged 90.

MOORE.—Margaret, 134 South St., Newark, March 9.

MOORE.—William, Newark, March 9. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

O'CONNELL.—William, 165 Warren St., Newark, March 9.

PALMER.—Margaret, 912 Malone St., West Hoboken, March 8, aged 48.

REILLY.—Patrick, 188 South 11th St., Newark, March 9.

ROYCE.—Andrew J., 149 Pennsylvania Av., March 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHWARZER.—William D., 322 Park Av., Hoboken, March 8, aged 11. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SEGUINE.—Angeline, 6 Elwood Av., Newark, March 9.

SHAW.—Albert, 1,038 Willow Av., Hoboken, March 8, aged 11. Funeral today.

SULLIVAN.—Margaret, 79½ Bank St., Newark, March 10.

VALLA.—John, 322 Madison St., Hoboken, March 9.

VAN ANTWERP.—Libby, 679 Summit Av., Jersey City, March 9. Funeral today.

WALTERS.—Mary, 23 St. Francis St., Newark, March 9.

WOLFF.—Joseph, Newark, March 8. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

Long Island.

BAKER.—Alexander J., Jamaica, March 8, aged 39.

CHRISTONKO.—Ignatius, 946 10th Av., Long Island City, March 8, aged 1.

FORSYTHE.—W. Howard, Flushing, March 8. Funeral private.

HARTE.—Cecilia A., Elmhurst, March 9. Funeral tomorrow.

MOEBIUS.—William, Morris Park, March 8, aged 83.

MEYER.—Otto, College Point, March 8, aged 59.

MORRISON.—William M., Baldwin, March 9, aged 31. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.

O'BRIEN.—Patrick, Laurel Hill, March 7, aged 45.

SCHNEIDER.—William G., Maspeth, March 8, aged 40.

SKELLY.—Margaret, Blissville, March 8. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

TURNER.—Mary F., Flushing, March 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

WALLEY.—Kate H., Jamaica, March 8. Funeral today, 3:30 P. M.

Westchester County.

SILVER.—David, North Tarrytown, March 9, aged 74.

In Memoriam.

CASHMAN.—Alice C., in memory of; died March 11, 1911.

CULHANE.—Alice, mass, Holy Family Church, Brooklyn, today.

HUGHES.—Edward, mass, St. Joseph's Church, Brooklyn, today, 8 A. M.

KELAHER.—Fergus T., mass, St. Joseph's Church, Jersey City, today, 8 A. M.

McEVOY.—John F., mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 8 A. M.

NASH.—J. Francis, in memory of; died March 11, 1914.

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COLUMBIA MASS MEETING 600 TO 6 FOR FOOTBALL---BASEBALL---BOXING---BILLIARDS---GOLF

COLUMBIA VOTES TO SUPPORT FOOTBALL

Rousing Mass Meeting Asks Authorities to Restore Game on Probation.

Few opponents of football put in an appearance at the mass meeting held at Columbia University last night, and there is now little chance that the plans for the restoration of football at the college will fail. The students, by a vote of 600 to 6 agreed to uphold the plans drawn up by the University Committee on Undergraduate Organizations.

The college Faculty now have little to find in opposition to the plans for the reinstatement of the sport. It was at their request that last night's meeting was held in order to test the students on their willingness to support a football team playing under the restrictions contained in the plans outlined and upon their readiness to furnish financial support. On both of these points the students reassured the Faculty and there could be no doubting their sincerity.

After the entire plan was laid before the meeting by Frank D. Fackenthal, Secretary of the university and Chairman of the University Committee on Student Organizations, discussions were called for. The main restrictions under which the game, if restored, must be played are that the candidates will be limited to the college division, with no students eligible who are taking their major studies in professional work; that Yale, Harvard, Cornell, Pennsylvania, and Princeton shall not appear on the schedule of the Columbia team, and that the restrictions remain in effect for five years, during which the game will remain on trial.

The undergraduates expressed their enthusiastic approval of this trial plan. It is felt by them that the plan provides with foresight for the restoration of the sport upon a basis which will insure its ultimate success. This was the general purport of the little discussion that was voiced at the meeting. When the final vote was taken it showed 600 in favor of the restoration of the game under the plan of the University Committee, and there were only six who put in a dissenting vote.

The next step is for the Faculty Committee to make its report. The entire committee was present. The committee is made up of Professors Erskine, Hervey, Hayes, Hawkes, McCastline, McGregor and Jacobi. The committee will be largely guided by the vote of the undergraduates, and if their report is favorable it, with the report of the University Committee on Student Organizations, will be placed before the University Council, which will take final action with the University Committee on Student Organizations.

The University Council will meet on April 20. No statement was made by any of the authorities after the meeting, and a report is not due until the Faculty Committee makes its report some time this month.

The undergraduates were enthusiastic at the showing which was made at the meeting. The assembly was formally that of the College Forum, but undergraduates from other departments attended, and the meeting was not limited to the collegians. The vote, however, was taken only of the actual students in the college department present. The great majority of the entire registration of the college were present.

Amateur Baseball League Dates.

The schedule of the Amateur Baseball League was announced yesterday by Secretary A. S. Williams of the Montclair A. C. In the league this season will be the Crescent A. C., Montclair A. C., Commonwealth Club, Englewood Field Club, and the Staten Island C. and T. Club. The Seventh Regiment team was a member of the league last year, but dropped out because they could not conform with the rule requiring each club to have its own grounds. The teams of the various clubs include many of the former Eastern college stars. The schedule:

June 5, Montclair vs. Englewood, at Englewood; Staten Island vs. Commonwealth, at Staten Island. 12, Crescent vs. Montclair, at Bay Ridge; Englewood vs. Commonwealth, at Commonwealth. 19, Montclair vs. Commonwealth, at Montclair; Englewood vs. Staten Island, at Englewood. 26, Crescent vs. Englewood, at Englewood; Montclair vs. Staten Island, at Montclair.

July 3, Staten Island vs. Crescent, at Staten Island; Commonwealth vs. Montclair, at Commonwealth. 5, Crescent vs. Staten Island, at Bay Ridge. 10, Commonwealth vs. Crescent, at Commonwealth; Englewood vs. Montclair, at Montclair. 17, Montclair vs. Crescent, at Montclair; Englewood vs. Staten Island, at Englewood. 24, Englewood vs. Crescent, at Bay Ridge; Staten Island vs. Montclair, at Staten Island. 31, Crescent vs. Commonwealth, at Bay Ridge.

Aug. 7, Englewood vs. Montclair, at Englewood; Commonwealth vs. Staten Island, at Commonwealth. 14, Crescent vs. Staten Island, at Bay Ridge; Commonwealth vs. Englewood, at Commonwealth.

Sept. 4, Commonwealth vs. Staten Island, at Commonwealth; Montclair vs. Crescent, at Montclair. 11, Commonwealth vs. Montclair, at Commonwealth; Englewood vs. Crescent, at Englewood. 18, Crescent vs. Commonwealth, at Bay Ridge; Staten Island vs. Englewood, at Staten Island. 25, Montclair vs. Staten Island, at Montclair; Commonwealth vs. Englewood, at Englewood.

Victory Closes N. Y. U. Season.

New York University's basket ball team ended its season last night by defeating Wesleyan in a close, fast game by a score of 24 to 19. The score at the end of the first half was a tie, 13 to 13. At the beginning Wesleyan had the better of the argument, as N. Y. U. was playing with substitute forwards. When the regulars went in the Violet team became more aggressive. The line-up and summary:

N. Y. U.	Position	Wesleyan.
Levine	Right forward	Eaton
Farrer	Left forward	Harmon
Bloch	Centre	Ash
Cummings	Right guard	Still
White	Left forward	Richards

Field Goals—White, (3,) Levy, Farrer, Harmon, (2,) Kingsley, (2,) Eaton. Foul Goals—White, (12,) Harmon, (0.) Substitutions—Levine for Levy, Carlin for Levine, Doggett for Farrer, Kranchfeld for Bloch, Wilkinson for Ash, Kingsley for Still. Referee—Mr. O'Shea, St. John's. Time of Halves—Twenty minutes each.

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MULLEN STOPS YANNIGANS.

Leaps and Grabs Liner That Ends Game with Two on Bases.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 10.—A fancy catch by Charley Mullin prevented Bill Tamm, a New York youngster, from being a hero and likewise prevented the Yankee Yannigans from ringing up the first victory when Donovan's regulars clashed with Duke Farrell's second team at Athletic Park today. The score was 3 to 2 in favor of the regulars at the end of the six-inning battle, which was featured by plenty of fancy fielding and a most decided absence of hitting.

Mullen accomplished his telling performance in the sixth inning, when, with two Yannigans safely laid away and two more occupying second and third bases, Tamm lined hard and fast toward right field. Mullin's leap was perfectly timed, and when he came back with the ball tightly encased in his glove the last hopes of the Yannigans went glimmering.

During the abbreviated struggle Manager Donovan, who called balls and strikes, put all his athletes to work with the exception of four pitchers—Fisher, Cole, McHale, and Lewis. Each team used three boxmen, with Piez and Brown, who started the battle, doing the most work. They worked three innings, and left nothing but ciphers on the scoreboard when they departed.

It was against Ray Keating that the regulars rang up their victory. Keating succeeded Brown in the fourth and two passes, a wild pitch, Keating's poor throw on Boone's sacrifice and singles by Mullin and Peckinpaugh netted three runs. This inning ended Keating's labors and Warhop went along safely through the next two chapters, not allowing either a hit or a run. The teams lined up as follows:

Regulars—Maisel, third; High, left field; Cree, centre field; Pipp, first base; Mullin, first base; Boone, second base; Peckinpaugh, shortstop; Cook, right field; Sweeney, catcher; Schwert, catcher; Piez, pitcher; Caldwell, pitcher.

Yannigans—Daley, centre field; Aragon, shortstop; Hartzell, left field; Kelly, first base; Baumann, right field; Tamm, third base; Truesdale, second base; Pickering, catcher; Nunamaker, catcher; Brown, pitcher; Keating, pitcher; Warhop, pitcher.

Score by innings:

							R.	H.	E.
Regulars	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	4	0
Yannigans	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	3	1

KAUFF WANTS TO BE GIANT.

But He Is in Such Complications That There Is No Chance.

Benny Kauff, the speed boy of the Federal League, who slugged his way to a .366 batting average with Indianapolis last season and aided that team to a pennant, is very anxious to become a member of the Giants. When Manager John J. McGraw realized that Kauff stole seventy-five bases last season, which is more than Fritz Maisel pilfered when he led both major leagues, he thought that Kauff might be a good man for the Giants.

In fact, the officials of the New York Club thought quite seriously of trying to get Kauff some time ago, but they would not take him from the Federal League under any circumstances. If Kauff had got back into the good graces of organized ball by making peace with the Indianapolis Club of the American Association, the organization from which he jumped to the Federal League, he might have had a chance of wearing a Giant uniform next season.

Kauff during the past Winter has received much fame for his great work with Indianapolis last season and is now anxious to put this big reputation to good use. In a letter to a friend in this city, an Indianapolis pal of Kauff's admitted that Kauff wanted to get back to organized baseball. He thinks that he has progressed as far in the Federal League as is possible for any player to advance and is anxious to try his talent in the big show. He says he is willing to jump the Federal League now if he has an opportunity of getting with the Giants.

Secretary Foster stated yesterday that the Giants had never taken any steps to get Kauff, although he was considered as a possibility. His status with the Federal League as a "jumper" was such, however, that the Giants would not tamper with him. So Kauff missed a golden opportunity by not trying to be reinstated with the American Association.

TO COMPROMISE SUIT.

Kansas City May Be Retained in Federal League—Case Adjourned.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Judge Jesse A. Baldwin continued today further hearing of the suit for injunction brought by the Kansas City baseball club to restrain the Federal League from transferring the Kansas City club franchise to Newark, N. J., until next Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The continuance was granted at the conclusion of the examination of witnesses to give Attorney E. E. Gates, representing the Federal League, an opportunity to confer with Harry Sinclair, to whom the franchise was transferred in an attempt to induce him to consent to operate in Kansas City this year. The effort to compromise the dispute came as a result of a conference held by representatives of both sides last night at the suggestion of Judge Baldwin.

Attorney Gates said he was not prepared to say what the outcome of his proposed conference would be. If no agreement is reached, closing argument of counsel will be made next Monday and the case taken under advisement by Judge Baldwin.

Narrow Escape of Baseball Writers.

Special to The New York Times.

BROWNS WELLS, Miss., March 10.—Manager Magee gave the Brookfed squad their first signal practice this afternoon in preparation for their first exhibition game on Saturday with the Millsaps College nine at Jackson. The morning session was devoted almost entirely to bunting practice, the manager giving special attention to his staff of eight twirlers in an effort to make them valuable batsmen. The entire squad is beginning to limber up. The only one to complain thus far of any severe soreness is Al Holt, who is endeavoring to land the job of regular shortstop. He believed that he had "charley-horse" in his left leg. After he had his limb rubbed by Trainer Samuels, however, he took his place upon the diamond, displaying renewed liveliness in that member. The five correspondents, T. Reilly, G. Christie, B. Yoell, L. Cohen, and R. H. Roney, who "cover" the doings of the Brookfeds' camp, narrowly escaped severe injury this evening when the automobile which was conveying them to Hazlehurst was ditched on the brink of a twenty-foot embankment on a narrow part of the road. This move was made by the chauffeur, John Wise, a skillful driver, in order to avoid running head-on into a pair of frightened mules.

Fitzpatrick Balks at Bench Warming.

BOSTON, March 10.—Eddie Fitzpatrick, third baseman of the Toronto International League team, has refused to join the Boston Nationals, which bought him from Toronto. In a letter received by President Gaffney of the Braves today, Fitzpatrick said that he did not care to accept the financial terms offered, and was not pleased with the prospect of sitting on the bench most of the Summer. He asked Gaffney to arrange with the Toronto management for his return to that team.

Cubs Beat Athletics Again.

TAMPA, Fla., March 10.—The Chicago Nationals again defeated the Philadelphia Athletics, 7 to 3, here today in the second game of the exhibition series. The hitting of Zimmerman, Saier, and Walsh featured. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	7	10	1
Philadelphia	3	9	1

Batteries—Pierce, McConnell, Lavender, Archer, Hargrave; Shawkey, Meyers, McAvoy, Schang.

ONLY LOCAL TALENT IN ATLANTIC LEAGUE

To Play in Two Divisions and Winners to Play for the Championship.

The Atlantic League held a breezy meeting yesterday, assembling high up where the wind blows in the Woolworth Building. At the start, it must be stated that the League is not going to blow up, as has been rumored, but rather it is going to branch out and become a league which will be an entirely new kind of a baseball project in these parts.

Instead of being one league, it is going to be two leagues. It will be divided into two sections, a northern league and a southern league. Each section will be independent of the other, and when each completes its season the two calico winners will play a little world's series of their own. It may be held in the Yale Bowl or any other place where a large crowd can be accommodated.

Here's the idea: Going back to first principles in baseball, each city in the two sections of the league will be represented by only local talent. That, you see, will stir up local pride and hatch a lot of irrepressible baseball fans.

All the professional players now with the league will be released, and, of course, will be declared free agents. With this surplus of players on the market, there is an excellent chance that the playing strength of the Giants and the Boston Braves may easily be increased during the coming season if Managers McGraw and Stallings want to take advantage of this bargain day state of affairs.

The northern section of the League will include the following towns: Middletown, Poughkeepsie, Newburgh, Schenectady, Kingston, and Glenns Falls, while the southern section will include Long Branch, Asbury Park, Perth Amboy, Paterson, Elizabeth, and another Jersey town yet to be chosen.

The clubs, when organized with local talent, will play on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, and the schedule will be drawn up at a meeting to be held high up in the Woolworth Building on April 19. The season will open for business on April 29.

The baseball sages who met yesterday and evolved this great idea were President Rosslyn M. Cox of Middletown, N. Y.; Dr. Carlos L. Henriquez of Long Branch, Max Gibian and Bill Pfau of Perth Amboy, Dick Coogan, the old Giant player, of Paterson; W. L. Van Kluck of Middletown, William Beatty of Poughkeepsie, and E. C. Landgraft of Danbury.

There is one thing that the two-ply Atlantic League will try to avoid when the two sections clash for the championship, and that is to eliminate a ticket scandal with the speculators, such as has made a blot on our national game in the world's series of the past. A good idea.

GIANTS PLAY IN MUD.

Cold, Cloudy, and Cheerless Day for Ball Tossers at Marlin.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, March 10.—Today the Giants experienced their fifth consecutive day of weather conditions far removed from those considered ideal for baseball development. Such lengthy spells of weather inclemency are rare in Texas, and this is the longest stretch of the sort the Giants ever went against here. There was sufficient improvement to allow two sessions of practice at the field, but it was a cloudy, cheerless, and cold day, and the rudimentary details of pitching and batting occupied nearly all of the considerable time that McGraw had his men at the park. In fact, in the week and a half that the squad has been in camp there has been nothing but rudiments. There hasn't been enough of warm weather to go beyond elementals, to development of team plays, or other complexities.

For the youngsters this morning there were nearly two hours of work and for the veterans an hour and a half. The field was too muddy in the morning for anything but pitching and batting. The men just stepped up and batted and stepped aside until their next turn.

Larry McLean handled the backstop department in the afternoon fielding practice and did his first throwing since his arrival. If one or two of his young catchers live up to promise, McGraw will have unusual strength behind the bat with McLean, Meyers, Johnson, Smith, Marshall, and Wendall to choose from. The last named has made a strong impression on the manager.

Two quartets took infield practice in the afternoon, one having Holke, Brainard, Beatty, and Reed as its component parts, and the other being the regular cordon, save that Grant was at second instead of Doyle.

Superbas Work on New Infield.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTONA, Fla., March 10.—President Ebbets and Manager Robinson were the happiest men in Daytona today. Instead of the athletes making the best of conditions in the outfield, as they have been forced to do since their arrival, they got in a good workout on the diamond. The work on the infield of the last two days has improved it greatly. At the afternoon session Daubert, Cutshaw, O'Mara, and Schultz were moved over on the diamond and gave a fine exhibition of fielding for nearly an hour. Schultz's work at third was a revelation to the other members of the team. The blond boy got everything that came his way, and his throwing to first base was perfect. Toward the end O'Mara's leg, which he broke last year, gave signs of a slight weakness. In the morning Jack Coombs had the young pitchers out by themselves for over two hours.

Newark Federal League Dinner.

The committee in charge of the arrangements for the "Dollar Dinner" to be held in honor of the Newark Federal League team organized yesterday by electing Charles P. Gillen Chairman.

The dinner will be held on the Saturday evening prior to the opening of the home season here, probably April 17. As 2,000 fans are expected to attend the affair will probably be held in the First Regiment Armory, Newark.

Senators Defeat Virginia Students.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., March 10.—The Washington Americans lined up in their first game of the season here today and defeated University of Virginia, 7 to 4. A double by Gandil was the only extra base hit made by the big leaguers. A double play by the Virginia infield, with three on bases and Gandil at bat featured.

Seton Hall College Baseball.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., March 10.—Manager Leo Dineen of the Seton Hall College baseball team today announced the schedule for 1915. Twenty-one dates appear on the list. Of this number fourteen games will be played at Setonia Field.

Manus John Fish, Jr., last year's captain, was elected leader of this year's nine at a meeting today of the baseball squad. Coach Dave Driscoll expects to give the candidates some outdoor practice in the course of a week. Indoor work is being held every afternoon. The schedule:

April 9—Ursinus, at South Orange; 13—Colgate, at South Orange; 14—Lehigh, at South Bethlehem, Penn.; 16—Dartmouth, at South Orange; 21—West Point, at West Point; 23—Niagara, at South Orange; 24—Brooklyn College, at South Orange; 28—Holy Cross, at Worcester, Mass.

May 1—College of the City of New York, at South Orange; 5—Lebanon Valley College, at South Orange; 8—Crescent A. C., at Brooklyn; 13—Holy Cross, at South Orange; 18—Mt. St. Joseph's College, at South Orange; 19—Lafayette, at Easton, Penn.; 20—Muhlenberg, at Allentown, Penn.; 21—Trinity, at South Orange; 27—Muhlenberg, at South Orange; 31—Manhattan, at New York.

June 1—Chinese University, at South Orange; June 3—Syracuse, at South Orange; 5—Manhattan, at South Orange.

CANOES TO RACE ON HARLEM

Rowing Association Provides for Events in Regatta on May 31.

The New York Rowing Association last night voted to invite the American Canoe Association to hold its regatta in conjunction with the Memorial Day regatta on the Harlem, which this year will be on May 31 on account of May 30 coming on Sunday. The canoe association's representatives were at the meeting of the stewards and officers at the New York A. C. and spoke in such glowing terms of canoe racing that they were immediately taken in. Clemens Schroeder of the Atlantic Division of the organization told the members many things about canoe racing on New York and New Jersey waters that they never knew before.

He said that there were fifteen canoe clubs and about 6,000 canoes in the waters about New York. He stated that canoe racing was becoming very popular and predicted that the races would attract many people to the Speedway course on Memorial Day. The canoeists plan to have eight races of one-half and one mile distance. The racing canoes can cover the mile in about eight minutes. The events include one-man single and double blades, single and double tandems, and single and double club fours.

The rowing association also decided on its program, which will include thirteen events, as follows: Junior single shells, association single shells, intermediate single shells, and senior single shells; junior and interdemiate double shells, junior four gig for the Rogers Cup, senior and junior quadruple shells, junior and senior four barges, and junior and senior eights.

It was also decided to have a junior eight-oar gig race for high schools. The high school gig event last year for fours attracted seven entries, and it is believed that the eights will be even more popular. Dickinson, Flushing, Commerce, and Fordham Prep have already signified their intention of entering. The length of the race will be one mile instead of a mile and a quarter as heretofore.

At the suggestion of President Richard Sturke, the stewards voted that only four shells would be raced on the course in any event. If there are more than four entries, the race will be decided in heats. President Sturke stated that the Harlem River course was too narrow for more than four crews and in the past the crews drawing the bad positions had no chance whatever of winning. The course will also be patroled this year in order to keep driftwood out of the course of the racing shells.

DOUBTS OLYMPIC MEETING.

Count Clary Thinks There Can Be No Games Before 1920.

PARIS, March 10.—Regarding a report from Stockholm quoting the President of the German Olympic Games Committee as authority for the statement that Germany is making official preparations to hold games in Berlin in 1916 for representatives of the nations allied with her in the present war, as well as those of neutral countries, Count Clary, President of the French National Sporting Committee and President of the French Olympic Games Committee, gives the following views:

"It may seem a trifle premature to speak now of the possibility of Olympic games in 1916, and if the German committee has assurances that its allies will participate, we doubt that neutral countries will do so. We refuse to believe that the International Olympic Committee will allow the Olympic games to be organized next year in one of the two empires which were responsible for the sanguinary war in Europe, and we do not think there can be an Olympic meeting before 1920."

Count Clary, in his statement, called attention to the fact that various newspapers had published the report that the President of the International Olympic Committee, Baron Pierre de Coubertin, had asked the official athletic bodies in the United States to arrange for the holding of the Olympic games in that country in 1916, but made no comment thereon.

WANT OLYMPIC GAMES.

Philadelphians Plan for City to Build Stadium to Seat 100,000.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—A city-owned athletic stadium, available for the 1916 Olympic games, is the object of a campaign which began today when news came from Paris that the next world's athletic carnival would be held in this country.

A committee of Philadelphia business men at once addressed a cablegram to the International Olympic Committee, asking for the assignment of the famous games. This is the first step in a vigorous and definite program for bringing the games to Philadelphia.

The ability of the city to handle the games will depend upon the erection of a stadium seating from 75,000 to 100,000 persons. Such a structure has been talked of more or less indefinitely for months.

Bonhag's Boys Are Favorites.

There will be more than 400 boys competing in the annual interscholastic meet of Hamilton Institute on Saturday afternoon at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, among them being the best athletes from Barnard, Fordham Prep, St. John's Prep, Erasmus, Poly Prep, Manual, Bloomfield, and Horace Mann. The relay races are very popular, twelve teams having entered for the half mile, nine for the mile, and seven for the Albert mile. The Hamilton team is expected to win the half mile relay and George Bonhag, who has the track team in charge, says that they will hang up a new indoor record.

Want Deciding Game Official.

It is probable that the basket ball game to be played between Stuyvesant and Commerce High School teams will be postponed until after the meeting of the High School Games Committee, which will be held on Tuesday of next week. At the committee's meeting action will be taken on the proposal to give official sanction to the deciding game of the league and to award the city championship to the winner. The Basket Ball League, which was formed previous to the opening of the season, is only a semi-official organization in that it has the permission of the High School Games Committee and plays under Public School Athletic League rules, but it has no right to officially decide the championship.

Berkeley Downs Columbia Grammar.

The Berkeley School basket ball team defeated the Columbia Grammar five on the former's court yesterday by the score of 34 to 15. The fast teamwork of Berkeley seemed to completely dazzle the visitors.

Brush for Yale 'Varsity Eights.

NEW HAVEN, March 10.—A five-mile brush on the Quinnipiac River between the first and second 'Varsity eights was the feature of the Yale crew training today. Both crews rowed about twenty-four strokes to the minute. The stroke was raised on the last stretch and both shells finished neck and neck. Owing to the illness of Morse, Adams stroked the 'Varsity eight and Howe stroked the second.

Aiken Beats Cavalry Poloists.

Special to The New York Times.

AIKEN, S. C., March 10.—Aiken won the Southern Circuit polo cup today in one of the hardest fought games ever seen on the field, the score being 10 to 9¼. They allowed the Fifth Cavalry nine goals by handicap, and did not score the winning goal until the last period. Lieut. Groninger received a nasty fall and was knocked unconscious and was unable to continue, Lieut. Heffener taking his place. He also got a spill, but was only shaken up, and after a few minutes' rest was able to continue. The line-up:

FIFTH CAVALRY.	AIKEN.
1—Lieut. Sheridan.	1—F. A. Clarke.
2—Lieut. Milliken.	2—E. W. Hopping.
3—Capt. Forsythe.	3—Alexander Brown.
Back—Lieut. Gronninger.	Back—W. Phelps.

Goals scored: Cavalry—Cavalry, Sheridan. Aiken—Clarke, (2,) Hopping, (5,) Brown, (3,) Phelps. Fouls—By Clark, Hopping, and Groninger. Safety by Forsythe. Referee—Harold Hayes.

WELSH AND RITCHIE AWAIT THE SIGNAL

Lightweights Will Battle Ten Rounds Tonight Before Record Crowd at Garden.

Freddie Welsh, lightweight champion of the world, and Willie Ritchie, a challenger for the title, will box ten rounds tonight at Madison Square Garden, and no bout in recent years has created more general interest. The champion, who has been training at Oceanport, N. J., ended a strenuous season of hard work last night and will arrive in New York City about noon today, while Ritchie indulged in light exercise at Grupp's Gymnasium in Harlem, which has been his stamping ground for the last two weeks.

The former title holder realizes the hard task he has assumed, and has gone about his work in a business-like fashion. He will endeavor to regain the title he lost in London last July, but to do this he must either win by the knock-out route or decisively outpoint the champion. The former contingency is not improbable, but Ritchie must show more skill and speed in the Garden ring than he has in training if he accomplishes the latter.

There is a general impression, in which Ritchie joins, that the Californian will have a much better chance to win this time than in London. Welsh was familiar with the English rules and method of conducting bouts, and was in the land of his birth. This Ritchie feels handicapped him somewhat. In that bout Welsh had all to gain and nothing to lose, while tonight the boxers have their positions reversed, and it is Ritchie who will go into the ring with the feeling of confidence born of long ring experience, and with no title to be lost by him.

It is an open question whether Welsh's many bouts during the last four months has not caused him to slow up somewhat. For a time he was averaging three bouts in two weeks, and just before he started training for Ritchie he showed unmistakable signs of going stale. Those who have seen him work at Oceanport, however, say he is just as clever and fast as ever in spite of his continued training.

Ritchie is a dangerous man in the ring. While not as clever as Welsh he makes up for this with his punching ability, while he is a rugged boxer and able to rough it in addition to taking punishment. The former champion has frequently shown to advantage before clever men, and he is willing to take a punch to get one home he is always to be feared as an opponent.

In spite of the outspoken impression that he will be outpointed, Ritchie is in no way discouraged. He feels that this fact rather favors him than otherwise. It relieves him of the worry of overconfidence on the part of his friends and leaves him with more freedom of action while in the ring. With the ordinary boxer Ritchie would be rated as a clever man, but when opposed to a boxer of Welsh's skill and speed he suffers by contrast, and is made to appear somewhat slow. This is a mistake, as Ritchie knows a whole lot of the scientific end of the boxing game and has years of experience to back it up.

When both boxers finished their training yesterday they were at the required weight—135 pounds. They will weigh in at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and then return to their hotels to rest up until it is time to leave for the Garden.

The preliminaries, which will start at 8:45 o'clock, bring together Phinny Doyle and Willie Doyle for six rounds and Harry Thomas and Johnny Drummio for ten rounds. The advance sale reached the $10,000 mark last night, and a record house is looked for by Manager Jimmy Johnston.

JOHNSON FIGHT ON SUNDAY.

Promoter Curley Changes Date of Heavyweight Battle to April 4.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Cuba, March 10. — Jack Curley, promoter of the Jack Johnson and Jess Willard heavyweight fight for the championship of the world, announced tonight that the battle would take place on Sunday, April 4, at 11 o'clock A. M. at the Oriental racetrack here.

Kid Lewis tonight defeated Frankie Mack in twenty rounds at the Stadium.

JESS WILLARD BALKS.

Not Going to Havana for Bout Until Financial Matters Are Adjusted.

EI PASO, Texas, March 10.—Jess Willard arrived here today from Los Angeles and declared that as far as he was concerned his match with Jack Johnson at Havana, Cuba, had not been arranged definitely. The matter of finances had not been adjusted to his satisfaction, it was learned.

Negroes in Uninteresting Bouts.

It was negro night last night at the Olympic Athletic Club in Harlem, where the management, adhering strictly to the Boxing Commission's rule regarding the staging of mixed bouts, gave the colored contingent of the game an opportunity of displaying their skill. There was enough boxing to satisfy the most exacting, but none of the three ten-round features went the limit. In the main event Young Langford, who was substituted for Wee Wee Barton at the last minute, was forced to lower his colors to Battling Marshall in the second round, when the latter landed a left-hand blow to the jaw which sent Langford sailing through the ropes and convinced him that further argument on his part was useless.

In the semi-final bout, scheduled for ten rounds, Battling Chuck administered such a beating to Kid Thornton in three rounds that the referee stopped hostilities and waved the latter to his corner. The other bout was the longest of the three and went eight rounds before either of the contestants found a vulnerable spot for his punches. Battling Gans won the honors in this fiasco by cleanly knocking out Kid White in the eighth session with a hard right-hand blow to the chin.

Harvard Wrestlers Easy for Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 10.—Yale's wrestling team had no trouble in defeating Harvard, in the annual dual meet here tonight, 13 to 4.

Ohio Boxing Bill Defeated.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 10.—The Nieding bill, authorizing the creation of a State commission to be composed of three members to license and regulate boxing contests, was defeated in the lower house of the Legislature here today. Under the present law boxing bouts are under the supervision of Mayors and Sheriffs.

Central Beats Bedford at Polo.

In the indoor polo match played last night at the Central Park Riding Academy, the home team defeated the Bedford Riding Club three by 3 to 1. Fifty pairs took part in the musical ride, which was one of the largest of the season. The Jue de Barre was won by L. Werner; L. Loeb was second, with Charles Dubro third.

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GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.
SOLD EVERYWHERE

BROOKLYN POLO VICTORY.

Riding and Driving Club Team Beats Durland's 9 to 6 1-2.

The Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club polo team defeated the Durland's trio last night at Durland's Riding Academy. The score was 9 to 6½. The match was one of the fastest played this season, and in the excitement of the contest a number of fouls were committed, some of which were called by the referee.

The Brooklyn team was penalized two half goals for crossing, while the Durlands lost half a goal. In the second half J. Kiley received a severe cut across the face from a mallet wielded by one of his opponents. He had to retire from the game, and Harry Kopke took his place. The Brooklyn representatives were better mounted, and showed superior team work. The match was the beginning of the second series for the trophy donated by William C. Leeming. The winners of last night hold the first leg.

A silver cup offered by Count B. F. S. Gregory for the best saddle horse, 15.2 and over, to be ridden by amateurs, went to Mrs. Charles Allaire's Champ Clark. Mrs. Gerkin, mounted on the bay gelding Kaiser, was second, while Miss Dorothy Webb, riding Chesterfield, was third. At the request of the exhibitors the donor of the trophy was asked to judge the class, to which he consented.

FLORIDA STATE GOLF.

Four Metropolitan Players Survive for the Semi-Finals.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 10.—Four Metropolitan golfers are left in the semi-finals of the Florida State Golf Championship as a result of the second round of match play today. Two more from that district are left in each of the second and third flights, and one is to be found in the fourth. D. W. Paige and F. C. Inman, New York tennis players, are survivors in the third flight, and V. B. Hubbell, South Shore, was a fourth division winner. Summary:

Second Round.—H. Pemberton, Cranford, defeated H. P. Farrington, Woodland, 1 up; W. H. Smith, Oakland, defeated L. H. Butt, national, 4 and 3; C. E. Van Vleck, Montclair won over David Wagstaff, Tuxedo, by default; J. R. Hyde, South Shore, defeated C. H. Geist, Seaview, 3 and 2.

Second Flight.—W. T. Stewart, Garden City, defeated L. H. Weaver, Columbia, 1 up; A. F. Southerland, St. Andrew's, defeated W. J. Hyde, South Shore, 1 up; J. D. Johnson, Philadelphia, defeated D. C. Murray, Utica, 1 up; A. F. Huston, St. Davids, won from J. N. Reiber, Philadelphia, by default.

Interscholastic Golf Tourney.

The matches in the interscholastic golf championship will commence May 1, and the tournament to decide the championship will be a round robin affair. The Interscholastic Golf League, which held a meeting yesterday at De Witt Clinton High School, elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, Mr. Schriber, Townsend Harrris Hall; Vice President, Mr. Rohdenberg, De Witt Clinton; Secetary, Mr. Oberndoerfer, Commerce; Treasurer, Mr. Hicks, Stuyvesant; Press Agent, Mr. Oberndoerfer, Commerce. A foursome match was arranged for Saturday with Rohdenberg and Saxon of De Witt Clinton against Oberndoerfer of Commerce and Schriber of Townsend Harris Hall. It was also decided that in the championship golf play each team's average medal score should count instead of the customary match scores.

Plans for More Golf Tourneys.

Dates for two more golf tournaments were announced yesterday. Francis Ouimet, the national amateur champion, and Charles Evans, Jr., the Western title holder, have promised to visit this district to compete at Sleepy Hollow July 15 to 17 in the club's annual invitation tournament.

The other club which gave out the time for its Spring tournament was the Country Club of Atlantic City, at present the first event of the Northern season. However, it is not unlikely that Seaview and Lakewood will select dates prior to the Northfield gathering. Seaview probably will choose a time around Easter, with another day under consideration, as was the case in January. Lakewood, unless plans go astray, is likely to take a time between the two South Jersey gatherings.

Oakland Golf Club's Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Oakland Golf Club will be held at Delmonico's on March 17. Five Governors to serve for two years will be elected, the official ticket showing the names of J. V. Davies, R. H. E. Elliott, F. P. Logan, L. B. Malone, and P. H. Moore. The financial statement of the club for the year ended Feb. 28 shows a surplus of $9,602.83, which is several hundred dollars more than credited in the report of a year ago.

Tigers Water Polo Champions.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 10.—Princeton won the intercollegiate water polo championship tonight by defeating Pennsylvania, 40 to 15. Pennsylvania took the swimming meet by a score of 33 to 20. Nourse was the star of the Tigers in water polo, scoring all except one of Princeton's goals. Shyrock's work for Pennsylvania was the feature of the swimming. The summary:

220-Yard Relay.—Won by Princeton, (Lester, Delacey, Selbie, Madden.) Time—1:49 4-5.

50-Yard Dash.—Dead heat for first between Shyrock, Pennsylvania, and Delacey, Princeton; third, Madden, Princeton. Time—0:26 3-5.

220-Yard Swim.—Won by Hughes, Pennsylvania; second, Shyrock, Pennsylvania; third, Lester, Princeton. Time—2:46 4-5.

100-Yard Dash.—Won by Shyrock, Pennsylvania; second, Masten, Pennsylvania; third, Lester, Princeton. Time—1:02 4-5.

Fancy Diving.—Won by Coons, Pennsylvania; second, tie between Freissel and Brereton, Princeton.

Plunge.—Won by Lepmann, Pennsylvania, distance 74 feet; second, Shoemaker, Pennsylvania, 66 feet 6 inches; third, Shipman, Princeton, 61 feet. Record for tank.

Swim Record in New Tank.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., March 10.—Rutgers' new $30,000 swimming pool was opened this evening with a galaxy of stars in competition. The principal performance was by the New York A. C. relay team of six men, each man swimming 50 yards. This team, consisting of W. Ramme, H. E. Vollmer, N. T. Nerich, H. C. O'Sullivan, R. W. Bennett, and J. H. Reilly, negotiated the distance in 2:37 1-5, beating the American record by five seconds. J. C. Wheatley of New York A. C. failed in his attempt to break the record in the 500-meter race, his time being 7:05 4-5. Arthur McAlleenan of Yale won the fancy diving contest with a wonderful exhibition. He scored 103 points, a new intercollegiate record. The Junior 100-yard metropolitan championship was won by H. C. O'Sullivan, Jr., of New York A. C. Time, 1:02 2-5. T. H. Cann, High School of Commerce, was second and Curren, New York A. C., third.

The 50-yard handicap was won by C. R. Nunn, Prudential A. C., Newark, in 0:30; Walter Ramme, New York A. C., was second, and Reilley, New York A. C., third.

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MAYER TOPS ALL IN CLASS A BILLIARDS

Wins Fourth Game Without a Defeat and Makes the Best Average.

STNDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	HighRun.	HighAv.
J. Mayer	4	0	118	20
E. M. Gardner	3	2	75	14 8-28
J. F. Poggenburg	3	1	74	13 23-29
C. Heddon	3	3	66	14 22-37
R. M. Lord	2	2	50	11 18-21
E. L. Milburn	1	4	63	11 22-23
C. Huston	1	5	71	8

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—Joseph Mayer of this city bettered his high average record in the national amateur Class A billiard tournament in this afternoon's game when he won from Charles Heddon of Dowagaic, Mich., 400 to 164 in twenty innings. Mayer's high run was 73. Heddon's best effort was 31 and his average 8 4-20.

Mayer gave one of the best exhibitions of balk-line nursing and dead-ball carom shots of the tournament. He took the lead in the opening inning, making 5 to his opponent's 4, and then ran 22 in his second attempt. The Westerner, who had been showing the most consistent form of any of the contestants, forged ahead in the fifth inning when he made a high run of 31, in which many well-executed massé shots figured. Mayer, however, got the balls together in the seventh and ran 20, 10, 29, 27, and 19 in five consecutive innings. After registering a miss in the twelfth, he gathered blocks of 23, 47, and 26 in the next three attempts, and ended the game with runs of 64, 73, and an uncompleted 21.

It was Heddon's final game of the tournament, during which he defeated Poggenburg, the international champion; R. N. Lord, the young Chicago star, and Corwin Huston of Detroit, and lost to E. W. Gardner, the title holder, and E. L. Milburn, the Southern champion. Mayer has four victories to his credit and no defeats. His remaining opponents are Gardner and Poggenburg. Summary:

Mayer—5 22 1 3 0 0 20 10 29 27 19 0 23 47 26 4 6 64 73 21. Total, 400; high run, 73; average, 20.

Heddon—4 5 0 0 31 0 1 8 11 27 2 10 0 2 1 10 0 22 6 19. Total, 164; high run, 31; average, 8 4-20.

Playing in excellent stroke, J. F. Poggenburg, New York, tonight defeated Edward W. Gardner of the same city, 400 to 245. Poggenburg gathered 74 for his high run and averaged 13 23-29. Gardner's best effort was 50, and his average 8 13-29.

Poggenburg played a sensational game tonight, and all the breaks seemed to favor him, while hard luck camped on the trail of his opponent. Time after time Gardner made wonderful shots, but the ivories always lined up in bad position. A brilliant exhibition of speed, nursing, and banking gave Poggenburg 74 points in the ninth inning. Gardner also displayed excellent nursing qualities, and closed his high run of fifty in the eighth inning with a hard double cushion bank.

It was "New York" night and a large delegation came over to witness the match. Summary:

Gardner—6 6 9 0 37 3 0 50 0 2 2 0 0 35 11 3 0 10 1 7 0 3 26 7 1 1 16 7 2. Total—245. Average, 8 13-29; high run, 50.

Poggenburg—9 38 5 1 3 20 0 53 74 0 28 0 9 3 26 0 0 6 3 4 0 9 48 0 1 17 21 9 13. Total—400. Average, 13 23-29; high run, 74.

MONTGOMERY TAKES LEAD.

English Billiard Champion Passes Hayman in Dewar Trophy Match.

John Montgomery, the American English billiard champion who is playing a two-thousand-point match with George Hayman, holder of the Dewar Trophy Shield, passed Hayman in the second block of the match at Doyle's Academy last night and the total score now is 1,348 to 1,342. Montgomery is giving Hayman a 200-point handicap, and at the end of the first block played Tuesday night the score was 802 to 600 in favor of Hayman. Montgomery last night not only overcame the big handicap, but also passed his opponent in the scoring, but it was a long, tedious process requiring ninety-one innings of play and four hours of time.

Both men played an extremely cautious game, and several times forfeited a point in order to make a safety play. Hayman was a consistent point getter and played a steadier game than the American champion. His scores were not as high as Montgomery's, but they were made with more regularity, Hayman drawing blanks in only twenty-three innings, while Montgomery failed to score in thirty-four innings.

The play started with Hayman 202 points ahead of Montgomery, and in the second inning he increased this lead to 205, and the two men played about an even game thereafter until the forty-fifth inning. Hayman kept an average lead of about 200, and at the forty-fifth inning he had a lead of 209, the largest of the match. From this point on Montgomery started to forge to the front and his position play drew forth much applause from the gallery. He executed some wonderful carroms, and when he had gathered the balls generally made a substantial run.

The high runs were: Hayman—38, 37, 32, 28; Montgomery—47, 43, 38, 34. Hayman had an average of 6 and Montgomery's average was 8 20-91.

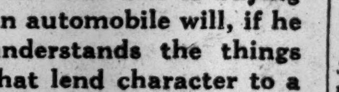
THREE-CUSHION BILLIARDS.

John Daly of New York One of Victors in Chicago Tournament.

CHICAGO, March 10.—William Huey of Chicago defeated John Hahman of Minneapolis in the first game of today's play in the world's championship three-cushion billiard tournament by a score of 50 to 46, in seventy-one innings. Huey's high run was six and Hahman's five.

John Daly of New York defeated Jess Lean of Chicago, 50 to 36, in eighty-two innings. Daly's high run was three and Lean's four.

George Moore of New York defeated John Eames of Denver, 50 to 38 in seventy-four innings, his high run being 5, Eames ran 4. In the second evening game, Joe Capron of St. Paul defeated Charles Morin of Chicago, 50 to 48 in ninety-five innings. Each had a high run of 5.



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THE FASTEST AUTO TRACK.

Work on Sheepshead Speedway Will Begin in a Few Days.

The Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corporation, which has been organized and chartered by the State to hold automobile races and sporting events at the Sheepshead Bay race track, will hold its first meetnig today or tomorrow for the election of officers and the adoption of plans which it is expected will make Sheepshead Bay the centre of motor racing in this country.

J. C. Nichols, who has been the prime mover in the enterprise, returned from Indianapolis yesterday. During his stay in that city he engaged the engineers of the Indianapolis motor speedway to construct the two-mile track at Sheepshead Bay. It is intended to make the track the fastest in the world, and cars will be able to cover 110 miles an hour over it. The Indianapolis speedway limit of speed is 75 miles an hour, but with the more modern ideas of construction it is expected that this will be increased by one-third.

Although the plans have been carefully guarded, it is understood that some of the best features of the famous Brooklands track in England will be incorporated in the Sheepshead Bay speedway, while the defects in the Indianapolis speedway will be avoided. The grandstand, which will extend along the home stretch, will accommodate 50,000 persons.

The promoters will not confine themselves to automobile races, and big sporting events will be staged at the track. These will include motor cycle, cycle car, and bicycle races. It is also probable that open air automobile shows will be included in the list of features.

It was announced yesterday that with the election of officers the plans of the corporation would be announced, but no indication of the probable officers was allowed to get outside of the office of the corporation. The only names which appear as Directors are Louis P. Reeder of Brooklyn, G. H. Brevillier and A. M. Fowler of Manhattan. J. C. Nicholls, who is identified with the automobile industry on Broadway; Samuel A. Miles, manager of the Automobile Show, and Mr. Weed have been mentioned as being prominently identified with the project.

Auto Mechanician Injured.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 10.—Clarence Lambkin, a mechanician, was probably fatally injured today when a racing automobile being tuned up by Arthur Jonas skidded and tore through the fence of the Venice race course. Lambkin was picked up in a vacant lot seventy-five feet from where the car left the course. Jonas was not seriously injured.

Boston Terrier Show.

At a meeting of the Bench Show Committee of the Boston Terrier Club of New York yesterday afternoon at the Gregorian it was decided to hold the next annual show of the organization June 19 at Gedney Farms, White Plains. It was originally intended to have a two-day show at the McAlpin, April 23 and 24, but the out-of-town feature appealed to the committee and the change to Gedney Farms resulted. Generally the club show had been held in the city, but five years ago a successful event was staged at Bronxville.

Great Hockey Battle Tonight.

The Amateur Hockey League championship will be decided tonight, when the St. Nicholas S. C. and the Boston A. A. meet in the final league game of the season at the St. Nicholas Rink. Each team has won six games and lost one. The St. Nicks, present holders of the title, lost their only game to the Hub seven, while the Bostonians lost their only contest to the Hockey Club, which they later defeated. The St. Nicks lost in Boston and Boston lost its game on the local rink. While the St. Nicks are slight favorites in the betting, Boston hockey fans look for their team to carry off the championship. The Bostonians play a splendid combination game, but in their last few contests the St. Nicks have shown a marked improvement in their team play. In addition, they have individual stars who are thought by hockey fans to be better than the pick of the Boston team.

Before we land in the middle of Spring—

Spring overcoats.

Styles—a variety that does us proud: Raglans; "regulars"; shapely coats; some with peaked lapels.

Special styles for young men—for instance, one that's braided.

Others with velvet collars.

Many that "button through."

Fabrics—a wide range of rough cheviots; coverts; novelties—a herringbone Scotch homespun, for example.

Sizes—all sizes up through 46 chest; some up through 54; among the latter, *"Scotch Mists."

Spring overcoats, $18 to $40.

*Registered trade mark.

Spring suits—but that's another story.

Spring hats, shoes and furnishings.

An added convenience!
Our new store at Fifth Avenue and 41st Street, with an entrance on 42nd Street, is now open.
Making four stores at your service.

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ASSIGNEE'S STOCK OF
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C. M. MOSEMAN & BRO.,
126 & 128 Chambers St.
46 Years in This Business.
No Offer Refused.

CREATED VOTERS FROM DIRECTORY

Terre Haute Employes Tell How They Made Out Registration Blanks.

MAYOR PLANNED BIG COUP

Witness Says He Was Told to Place Revolvers in Pockets of Republicans in One District.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 10.—Many were the ways in which voters were manufactured in Terre Haute last Fall, as related by Government witnesses today in the trial of Mayor Donn M. Roberts and twenty-seven others, charged with election frauds.

"When I ran out of cards," testified Walter Cordes, a city employe. "I made men out of my imagination. I gave them a name, an age, and set out the place of their birth."

He said he made out several hundred applications. When he couldn't think of names he took a city directory, got the Christian name from the front of the book, the surname from the back part, and joined the two, creating a voter.

Harry Forebeck, another employe, told of manufacturing about 200 voters. He bore out Cordes's statement that while the two were in the room in the City Hall, making out registration applications, Roberts knocked on the door and summoned Cordes.

The witnesses testified that they received their orders and material from Edward Holler, Chief of Police. Cordes said that Roberts told him to go to Holler for instructions. Holler has pleaded guilty.

While Cordes was being cross-examined regarding the voters he had manufactured, ex-Congressman A. O. Stanley indicated that the defense might contend that the cards, from which the applications were made, were part of an elaborate card index of the voters of Terre Haute. He said it was legal and the custom in some places to maintain such a system. Judge A. B. Anderson, who is presiding, told him "not in Indiana."

Mr. Stanley also moved that the testimony of Cordes be excluded from the record on the ground that he had not requested to testify.

"That same questioin was up in the dynamite conspiracy case," said the Court. "McManigal did not request to testify, but his testimony was not excluded and the verdict of this court has since been sustained by the highest court. Proceed. We are not here to play a game. What we want is facts."

Frank S. Roby, who made the opening statement for the defense, said that Judge Eli H. Redman, one of the defendants, had not acted as a collector of the "slush fund," as asserted by District Attorney Dailey, and that he was innocent of any violation of the Federal or State laws.

Claud Patton, a former assistant superintendent of cemeteries in Terre Haute and one of the eighty-eight who have pleaded guilty, testified that on election day he called on Mayor Roberts in the Democratic headquarters and told him that he "wasn't able to put anything over in Precinct C of the Fifth Ward, as the Republicans were too well organized there." Roberts told him to go to Holler and "get something to put in their (Republicans') pockets" and have them arrested for carrying concealed weapons. He said Holler gave him three revolvers, one of which was exhibited in court, but the scheme failed, as James Kennedy, the Election Sheriff, refused to handle the weapons. He said Roberts told him the "bunch in your precinct are quitters."

DISCUSS ELECTRICITY CUT.

Commission Thinks New Business Will Offset Lower Rate.

The Public Service Commission expects to hold a conference today with the officials of the New York Edison Company over the cut in the rate of electricity from 10 to 8 cents a kilowatt hour which it has decided to order. No intimation has yet been received by the commission from the company as to its willingness to accept this order.

It was said yesterday that the increase in the use of electricity in the ctiy in the last seven years has been so great that it is to be expected that the reduction of rates would be largely offset by the increase in business.

For the year ending June 30, 1907, just before the commission took office, there were 84,474 consumers of electricity in the city, who paid the electric companies $19,307,915.75 for 424,060,501 kilowatt house, as compared with 987,752 gas consumers, who paid $30,750,910.61 for 32,754,981 cubic feet of gas.

For the year ending Dec. 31, 1914, the electric companies sold 651,235,101 kilowatt hours for $32,897,659.80, while the gas companies sold 42,731,869,000 cubic feet for $34,835,210.64. This shows that while the sales of gas in the last seven years have increased by $4,000,000, those of electricity have gone up by more than $13,500,000. It is estimated by the commission that in 1914 the expenditure on gas in the city was $6.70 per capita and on electricity $6.32.

LECTURES ON POLICE WORK.

Woods Adopts New Plan to Instruct Inspectors and Captains.

Police Commissioner Woods announced yesterday that he had arranged for a number of lectures on police work, to be delivered before the Inspectors and Captains of the department in the trial room at Police Headquarters. This plan of instruction in executive police work, while never before tried in New York, has for years been part of the system in the larger European cities.

Chief Magistrate McAdoo will deliver the first lecture next Friday on "The Police and the Magistrates." Other lectures will be: March 16, Raymond B. Fosdick, "European Methods of Identification"; March 23, Chief Inspector Max F. Schmittberger, "Handling Riots"; March 26, Raymond B. Fosdick, "European Methods of Police Organization"; March 30, Acting Chief Surgeon Edward T. Higgins, "The Policeman's Health"; April 2, Martin W. Littleton, "Criminal Law"; April 6, Raymond B. Fosdick, "Striking Differences Between the European and American Police"; April 9, Inspector Joseph A. Faurot, "Finger Printing," and April 13, District Attorney Charles A. Perkins, "Evidence."

ACT ON CENTRAL PARK WEST

Trolley Line Ordered to Show Why It Shouldn't Move Its Tracks.

Supreme Court Justice Gavegan signed an order yesterday calling on the New York Railways Company to show cause today why it should not be compelled to remove the northbound car rails on Central aPrk West to the west of the south-bound rails. Corporation Counsel Polk applied for the order. He said that in 1913 the Board of Estimate adopted a resolution requiring the relocation of the tracks to widen the roadway on the eastern side of the thoroughfare seven feet.

The railroad company was allowed ninety days to begin the work of relocating the track. The company asked for an extension of five months, but failed to get it. Then the company suggested that the city should pay half the cost of the change, that was estimated at $352,000. This suggestion was rejected.

Mr. Polk said that the north-bound car track was so near the curb that it had caused great confusion in traffic and many collisions.

SUE WOMAN ON STOCK DEAL

Hornblower & Weeks Say She Did Not Deliver on Selling Order.

The banking firm of Hornblower & Weeks has brought suit in Wisconsin against Mrs. Emma Wilkinson of Ashland, Wis., to recover money the firm alleges was lost by the sale of stock on her order, which she failed to deliver.

The stock was some 8,000 shares of Jumbo Extension Mining shares, which were sold on the Curb last November between 80 and 84 cents each. A few days later the firm had to buy back an equal amount to make deliveries against its sales, and by that time the quotation was well above $1. It was figured at the time of Mrs. Wilkinson's entrance into the market that the brokers were out about $5,000.

The depositions of clerks in Hornblower & Weeks's office and of the Curb brokers who bought the stock will be taken today on a court order. The firm is under obligation to prove every step of its contention that the shares were distributed exactly as ordered by Mrs. Wilkinson. It is understood that the defense is being built upon the allegation that a telegram canceling the selling order was sent by the defendant in time to stop the sales and was not obeyed.

The plaintiffs some time ago got attachments against stocks owned by Mrs. Wilkinson, it was said yesterday, to a market value of about $20,000. The suit will come to trial in Ashland in a few days.

TO OBEY NEW ALIEN LAW.

Subway Contractors Will Hire Men Under Amendment's Terms.

The subway contractors prepared yesterday to recruit their forces to full strength in accordance with the amendment to the alien clause of the labor law. At a meeting at the Hotel Manhattan they agreed to employ citizens for all their jobs as far as possible.

At the same time Edward M. Grount, counsel for the General Contractors' Association, pointed out that there was a double question involved in the eligibility of citizens for subway work. They must be not only willing to take the jobs, but they must also be fitted for them.

The General Contractors' Association will take an appeal to the United States Supreme Court in the case of C. A. Crane, who was fined $200 for employing aliens on a small city contract. They consider this a more important case than the taxpayers' suit brought by William E. Heim against the Public Service Commission; for it brings up the question of alien labor as it affects all public works, while the Heim action deals only with subway contracts.

The Board of Trade and Transportation adopted a resolution yesterday approving the amendment of the alien labor clause, saying it would relieve "intolerable" conditions now existing in the city.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the fourth week of February show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those showing gains and those showing losses being stated separately:

Twelve roads	$3,879,861	+$277,779
Fifteen roads	6,670,673	— 963,603
Total, (27 roads)	10,550,534	— 685,824

BANGOR & AROOSTOOK for January—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	$335,908	$315,647	$30,261
Net	137,002	94,754	42,248
Surp. aft. chgs.	36,760	†2,467	39,227
7 mos. gross	2,039,789	2,097,964	*58,175
Net	644,079	708,581	*64,502
Def. aft. chgs.	17,722	‡47,950	65,672

*Decrease. †Deficit. ‡Surplus.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN SUGAR REFINING for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Sugar prof.	2,791,050	1,015,853	4,432,262
Int. & divs	2,561,980	3,169,135	3,006,791
Prof. on inv.	786,359	......	49,076
Tot. net prof.	6,139,390	4,184,989	7,488,130
Dividends	6,299,972	6,299,965	6,299,965
Depreciation	821,113	1,127,768	1,937,855
Sundry res.	924,114	856,731	688,932
Tot. deduct.	8,045,199	8,284,464	8,926,752
Def. for year	1,905,809	4,099,475	1,438,622
*Credit	707,179	903,280	1,816,651
Prev. surp.	18,229,425	21,425,621	21,047,590
Total surp.	17,030,794	18,229,425	21,425,620

*Amount of appropriations for improvement of plants expended on new construction during year and offset in depreciation on plant and equipment.

AMERICAN TOBACCO CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

Total sales	69,339,083	69,516,932	67,950,257
Net earnings	9,045,046	8,755,709	10,123,885
Divs. from cos. part of whose stock is own'd	1,756,773	3,368,862	1,626,223
Int. on loans, &c	385,087	699,175	727,449
†Mis. income	650,025	1,897,891	3,453,106
Total income	11,836,930	14,721,638	15,930,663
Int. on bonds	203,316	232,103	486,702
Balance	11,633,614	14,489,535	15,443,961
Pref. divs.	3,165,672	3,171,458	3,201,298
Balance	8,467,942	11,318,076	12,242,662
Com. divs.	8,048,480	8,048,080	3,018,180
Balance	419,462	3,269,596	9,224,482
Prev. surplus	37,304,287	40,071,050	40,095,048
Total surp.	37,723,749	43,340,646	49,319,536
‡Ext com div. (cash)	....	6,036,360	8,048,480
Imp. Tob. Co. distrib.	1,753,143	....	....
Ext. com. div. (Am. M. & F. stock)	....	....	1,200,000
P. & L. surp.	35,970,606	37,304,287	40,071,050

†Income from sundry other sources, including income from securities which, under decree of court, have been sold or distributed, profit from those sold, and income from securities of Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. and P. Lorillard Co. held for the account of this company pending exchange as ordered by court.

‡Paid from cash realized from depreciation of securities ordered by courts.

GENERAL RAILWAY SIGNAL COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

Net earnings	354,570	950,148	546,405
Dividends	300,000	345,000	......
Balance	54,570	605,148	306,405
Prev. surplus	1,213,990	765,625	500,104
Total surplus	1,268,560	1,370,773	806,509
Transfer to depreciated res.	52,728	156,783	40,884
P. and L. sur.	1,215,832	1,213,990	765,625

GEORGIA RAILWAY & POWER for January—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	560,305	505,087	55,217
Exps. & taxes	331,317	298,475	32,842
Net earnings	228,987	206,612	22,375

LACKAWANNA STEEL COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross sales and earnings	16,281,639	29,879,275	27,266,376
Mfg. cost and oper. exp.	14,057,189	23,008,546	22,296,737
Inc. fr. mfg. and oper.	2,224,450	6,870,730	4,969,638
Other inc.	338,489	749,345	743,760
Total inc.	2,562,939	7,620,074	5,713,407
Gen. exp. tax disc., &c.	981,560	1,014,313	807,965
Net earn.	1,581,378	6,605,762	4,905,442
Int., rent, and royalties	2,167,186	2,187,671	2,182,848
Deficit	585,808	*4,418,091	*2,722,594
Skg. fd. dep. and renew.	1,066,637	1,662,208	1,718,783
Deficit	1,652,445	*2,755,883	*1,008,811
†Spec. prof.	......	267,200	......
Deficit	1,652,445	*3,023,083	*1,008,811
Dividends	350	347,526	......
Deficit	1,652,795	*2,675,557	*1,008,811
Prev. surp.	7,514,876	4,839,319	3,830,507
Fire loss	84,625	......	......
P. & L. sur.	5,777,457	7,514,877	4,839,319

*Surplus. †Special profit from sale of capital assets of subsidiary companies.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
Net earn.	2,476,292	2,458,306	2,492,238
Pfd. divs.	1,705,732	1,705,732	1,705,732
Balance	770,560	752,574	786,501
Com. divs.	619,662	619,662	619,662
Surplus	150,898	132,912	166,839
Prev. surplus	5,201,332	5,068,420	4,901,581
Total surplus	5,352,230	5,201,332	5,068,420

PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC for January—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	$1,694,311	$1,592,748	$101,563
Net aft taxes and maint'ce	910,204	808,389	101,815
Balance aft int	556,556	450,201	106,355

PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

Gross earn.	17,220,504	16,202,338	1,018,166
Op. exp., mt. and taxes	8,913,922	9,331,206	*417,284
Net earnings	8,306,582	6,871,131	1,435,451
Int. charges	4,191,401	3,902,045	289,356
Balance	4,115,181	2,969,086	1,146,095

*Decrease.

PITTSBURGH COAL CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
†Net earn.	$4,201,070	*$6,421,703	*$5,692,429
Res. for depr. and paym't of bond prem.	2,014,316	*2,839,295	*2,790,922
Int. on bonds	815,695	856,139	876,024
Total deduc.	2,830,011	3,695,434	3,666,946
Surplus	1,371,058	2,726,269	2,025,485
Pfd. divs.	1,353,590	1,353,590	1,353,590
Surplus	17,469	1,372,679	671,892
Prev. surp.	10,526,112	9,153,433	8,481,541
P. & L. surp	10,543,581	10,526,112	9,153,433

*Including earnings and reserve of the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal & Coke Co.

†After deduction of operating expenses, taxes, interest on bonds of subsidiary companies, &c.

SAYS ROADS MAKE NO PROFIT ON GRAIN

Freight Rates on Crop Have Been Steadily Going Down, Traffic Manager Testifies.

WANT ONE-CENT INCREASE

Consumer Would Ultimately Pay the Added Expense, the Witness Admits.

CHICAGO, March 10.—That freight rates on grain have steadily been going down in recent years so that the railroads cannot make a profit on carrying the crop in spite of an upward tendency in the market values of these commodities was the testimony given by Frank P. Eyman, Assistant Freight Traffic Manager of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, at the Interstate Commerce Commission's hearing of the Western freight case today. The roads are asking that the rates on grain from points between the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers and Chicago be increased 1 cent a hundred pounds.

Clifford Thorne, Chairman of the Iowa State Railroad Commission, and A. E. Helm, representing Kansas shippers, asked the witness whether, if the increases were granted, the farmer or the consumer would have to pay the difference. Mr. Helm replied that, so far as he could learn, the farmer did not pay the freight, but rather that the speculator and ultimately the consumer paid it.

The witness asserted that the downward tendency in rates had not been reflected in the market values. He introduces figures to show that the loss and damage claims on grain were much higher than those on other classes of carload freight.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railroad considered alone, he said, would increase its revenue $120,000,000 yearly if the proposed higher rates on grain were allowed.

E. B. Boyd, Chairman of the Western Trunk Line Committee, was cross-examined by A. E. Helm of Kansas, representing the protesting shippers. The railroads, through Mr. Boyd, had sought to show that the Western railroads were required to carry grain and grain products at a rate much lower than Eastern rates, and that the proposed Western increases were intended to equalize the rates and also to give the Western roads more revenue.

Mr. Helm in comparing Eastern and Western grain rates asked the witness whether it was not a fact that the Western roads were showing up favorable. Mr. Boyd asserted the reverse was true, and produced figures which, he said, proved the railroads' contention.

Mr. Boyd explained that export rates were adjusted so as to enable the Eastern ports to compete with the Gulf ports.

"As a matter of fact the price which the farmer received is not materially affected by rates," he said. "The farmer mostly fixes the price at which he is willing to sell and then waits till the markets grow to that price. Then the buyer pays the freight. Greater influences than rates, as for instance, the European war, determine prices."

SAYS ROADS ARE PROSPERING.

W. J. Lauck Quotes Officials at Arbitration Hearing.

CHICAGO, March 10.—A compilation asserting that the railroads have been prosperous in the last few years, that the prospect for them and for other industries in 1915 is good, and noting a change of sentiment in favor of the railroads, was introduced today at the arbitration of the wage demands of the enginemen of Western railroads. It was the last of the many statistical exhibits analyzed by W. J. Lauck, who was excused from the witness stand, and was the final word of the brotherhoods on the ability of the railroads to pay the increases requested.

The end of the arbitration hearing, said to be the most prolonged on record and the most thorough in its investigation of every phase of the railroad business, is believed to be in sight and the Board of Arbitration probably will render an award April 20.

"Western railroads," said Mr. Lauck, "are already feeling the effects of returning prosperity, a condition which may be gathered from the statements of railroad Presidents. President Mudge of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific last Fall predicted that this Winter would be the best in its history, if general traffic picked up. His November earnings were greater than those of the same month a year prior.

"President Newman Erb of the Minneapolis & St. Paul road is quoted as saying the 1914-1915 earnings of his road were the greatest in its history. In January the Denver & Salt Lake road was earning $7,000 a mile, with promise of $10,000 within three years."

Mr. Lauck quoted officials of the Northern Pacific, the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Chicago & Northwestern, the Union Pacific, the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and other roads, or analyzed their financial reports to show that they regarded the business outlook as cheerful.

IMPORTERS MAKE PROTEST.

Free Shipment of Dyes, Chemicals, and Fertilizers Sought.

At a special meeting of the National Association of Importers held yesterday at 165 Broadway and called for the purpose of considering the announcement of Premier Asquith that Great Britain might declare an embargo against goods of German origin, a resolution was unanimously passed petitioning the Department of State to obtain a modification of such embargo announced or contemplated, so that the free passage of dyestuffs, chemicals and fertilizers to the United States may be permitted.

A copy of the resolution was sent to Secretary Bryan. The formal resolution contains a number of preambles setting forth, among other things, that a number of the products of Germany and Austria are vitally necessary to the industries of the United States and to the livelihood of many of its citizens. It is pointed out that a cessation of imports of dyestuffs, chemicals and fertilizers from the two countries named will cause the stoppage of many factories here to the serious detriment of the United States.

A general discussion took place as to the new clauses which had been or may be inserted in war risk insurance policies, together with the effect of existing clauses on possible contingencies arising through the changing aspects of the war.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Arthur C. Mickens, H. C. Berner, and F. A. Morrell, Jr., have been elected members of the Consolidated Stock Exchange.

N. W. Halsey & Co., and Harris, Forbes & Co., have bought from the Pacific Gas & Electric Co. $2,000,000 general and refunding mortgage bonds, which are at present deposited as collateral for notes of the company maturing Dec. 15, 1915. The bankers expect to buy the balance of $3,000,000 of the issue of bonds within a few months, a procedure which will involve the retirement of the notes.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Directors of U. S. Industrial Company yesterday the following officers were elected: Chairman of the Board, Julius Kessler; President, Frederic M. Harrison; Vice President and Secretary, James P. McGovern; Treasurer; C. A. Flynn; Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer, Joseph Malone.

Carl E. Steere, for many years in the commercial paper brokerage business in New York and Boston, has joined the firm of Salomon Bros. & Hutzler.

C. R. Hudson, formerly Vice President of the National Railways of Mexico, will assume charge of the New York offices of the National Railways at 25 Broad Street.

The United States Gypsum Company reports net earnings of $900,593 in 1914, as compared with $778,812 a year before. The company's surplus on Dec. 31 was $1,676,483.

COLORED COTTON GOODS.

Sale of Some of Them Is Affected by the Lack of Dyestuffs.

A good business is reported in this market on dress ginghams, with prices firm at levels which have stood for some time. Staple ginghams are active and higher, the better grades having been advanced a half cent a yard since the first of the year and the cheaper constructions about three-eights of a cent.

Plaids are low in price and are being taken well by the trade in the South and Southwest. Prints are moving well, considering the season and the limitations set on business by the unsettled situation in dyestuffs. Chambrays are uneven as to price, and none too active. The movement of the heavy grades of these goods is being adversely affected by the lull in the work-shirt trade. Madras shirtings are in better demand.

Denims are hardest hit by the shortage of coloring matter, and leading producers of these goods are unwilling to take orders which they cannot cover with the dyestuffs they have on hand. These supplies are small generally.

Outings are quiet. There is little reason to look for much activity in them for some time to come, as the bulk of the buying for the Fall season has been done. Prices on these goods are much lower than the mill men think they should be, but there is no great prospect of their being advanced during the remainder of this season.

STATE MAY BUY RAILROAD.

Gov. Johnson Wants California to Take Over Western Pacific.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 10.—Gov. Johnson has initiated a movement for the purchase by the State of California of the Western Pacific Railroad, now in the hands of receivers. This announcement was made after the Governor had held a conference with Rudolph Spreckels, a San Francisco financier, from whom the original suggestion of State ownership came, and Charles S. Wheeler of San Francisco, an attorney for the Western Pacific.

"At the conference a plan was adopted for the State to purchase the road," said Gov. Johnson. "The details we shall proceed at once to work out. We decided that the movement should be begun immediately. It is my idea that with California owning and operating a great transcontinental railroad the State will he always assured of commercial freedom."

WESTERN R. R. DEPOSITS.

Time for Turning in Stock Extended to March 27.

The Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad Company's Protective Committee for the common and preferred stock, of which Jules B. Bache is Chairman, has received on deposit a substantial majority of the outstanding capital stock, it was announced yesterday. Another call for deposits has been issued, and the time has been extended to March 27.

The road went into the hands of a receiver in October, 1914, and in January of this year a foreclosure suit was brought under the collateral trust mortgage. The Empire Trust Company is depository under the readjustment agreement. The New York Stock Exchange has been asked to list the certificates of deposit.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday by Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers, Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street:

82 shares Canadian Pacific R. R. Co., $100 each, 160½.

10 shares Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad preferred, $100 each, 27⅛.

5 shares Mercantile National Bank, in liquidation, dividends to May 19th, 1914, paid, $25 lot.

$4,000 West Shore Railroad Company first mortgage 4 per cent. registered bonds, due 2361, guaranteed, interest January and July, 88¼.

$2,000 New York Central & Hudson River Railroad, Lake Shore collateral 3½ per cent. bonds, due 1998, non-assenting, interest February and August, 72¼.

$2,000 Peoria & Eastern Railway Company first consolidated mortgage 4 per cent, fifty-year bonds, due 1940, interest April and October, 67.

$2,500 Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due 1990, interest June and December 77½.

$2,000 Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad second mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due 1990, interest February and August, 58½.

$2,000 Adams Express Company collateral trust fifty-year 4 per cent. bonds, due March, 1948, interest March and September, $500 each, 72.

$4,000 Adams Express Company collateral 4 per cent. distribution gold bonds of 1907, due June, 1947, interest June and December, 69⅞.

2 shares United Surety Co., $100 each, $25 lot.

20 shares Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, $50 each, 80½.

30 shares Amphion Academy Company of Brooklyn, Broadway Trust Company deposit receipt, $50 each, $4 per share.

20 shares Toledo, Peoria & Western Railway Company, $100 each, $85 lot.

100 shares Trenton Potteries Company common, $100 each, 4⅛.

12 shares National Bank of Commerce, $100 each, 166.

2 shares Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Company, $100 each, 295.

100 shares Brooklyn City Railroad Company, $10 each, 178.

8 shares Standard Milling Company common, $100 each, 46⅛.

93 shares Franklin Trust Company, $100 each, 260.

4 shares Utica, Chenango & Susquehanna Valley Railroad Company, $100 each, 137¾.

4 shares Morris & Essex Railroad Company, $50 each, 167⅛.

4 shares New York, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, $100 each, 140.

4 shares Delaware & Hudson Company, $100 each, 148.

6 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company preferred, $100 each, 123⅝.

6 shares Consolidated Gas Company of New York, $100 each, 117½.

4 shares Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Railway Company preferred, $100 each, 60¼.

4 shares Western Union Telegraph Company, $100 each, 64.

4 shares American Telegraph and Cable Company, $100 each, 58¼.

5 shares Interborough-Metropolitan Company common voting trust, $100 each, 12½.

4 shares Interborough-Metropolitan Company preferred, $100 each, 58⅞.

5 shares Union Pacific Railroad Company preferred, $100 each, 79¾.

4 shares Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company preferred, $100 each, 55⅝.

5 shares Pullman Company, $100 each, 151.

5 shares Delaware & Bound Brook Railroad Company, $100 each, 180¼.

5 shares Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company preferred, $100 each, 131.

4 shares Chicago & North West Railway Company common, $100 each, 122½.

4 shares Chicago & North West Railway Company preferred, $100 each, 166¼.

$1,000 Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company second mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due July, 1941, interest January and July, 80⅝.

$200 Keokuk & Des Moines Railway Company first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due October, 1923, interest April and October, $100 each, 69.

15 shares New York Staats Zeitung, $750 per share.

300 shares Mitchell Publishing Corporation, $100 each, $3,650 lot.

10 shares New York Dock Company preferred, $100 each, 15.

$118 Canada Copper Corporation 6 per cent. debenture bond scrip, due 1924, $45 lot.

88 shares Greeley Square Hotel Company common, $850 lot.

88 shares Greeley Square Hotel Company common, $825 lot.

300 shares Turner Realty Associates, $100 each, $10 per share.

$5,000 Stephensville North & South Texas Railway Company first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due July, 1940, 55.

25 shares Kern Horse Remedy Company, Inc., $100 each, $10 lot.

225 shares Second Avenue Railroad Company, $100 each, $75 lot.

20 shares Little Italy Realty Company, $100 each, $16 lot.

$250,000 Bahia Tramway, Light & Power Company first mortgage fifty-year 5 per cent. gold debenture bonds, due November, 1915, (May, 1914, and subsequent coupons attached;) £25,000 Bahia Tramway, Light & Power Company note, $2,500.

$2,000 New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad first refunding 5 per cent. bonds, due 1937, coupons January and July, 88¼.

$5,000 Pere Marquette Railroad refunding mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due July, 1955, Bankers Trust Company certificate of deposit, 5.

163 shares First National Bank of Brooklyn, $100 each, 265.

1 share Lincoln Trust Company, $100, 105.

5 shares New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company, $100 each, 83½.

1 share Chicago & Great Western Railroad preferred, $100, $16 lot.

135 shares Lord & Taylor first preferred, $100 each, 20.

20 shares New Yorker Staats Zeitung, $600 per share.

25 shares New Yorker Staats Zeitung, $1,000 per share.

STEEL LIQUIDATION ABROAD NOT HEAVY

Only 84,558 Shares Out of a Total of 1,587,079 Held on June 30 Sold.

ENGLAND UNLOADED MOST

Disposed of Enough to Account for All of the Preferred and Nearly All of the Common.

The comparative foreign holdings of United States Steel shares on June 30 and Dec. 31 of last year do not indicate the heavy liquidation of American stocks in general that was thought in some quarters to be taking place at that time, which extended three weeks beyond the reopening of the Stock Exchange. More recently there has been considerable liquidation in a wide variety of American stocks, mostly in small lots, but reaching a pretty large total.

The number of common shares held abroad dropped only from 1,274,247 on June 30 to 1,193,064 on Dec. 31, or 81,183 shares. Those sold by England alone, 77,891, would almost account for the total, and they were less than 10 per cent. of England's holdings. Those of Scotland, Ireland, and Wales actually increased. The only other considerable seller was Holland, whose holdings were reduced from 356,945 to 342,645. Those of France fell off about 4,500 shares, while Germany, whose holdings were small, showed an increase of a few shares. Increases were also shown by Belgium, Canada, and Switzerland. In most of the other countries there were only small fluctuations, up or down.

Holdings of preferred shares in foreign countries dropped from 312,832 to 309,457, or but 3,375 shares. Here England accounted for more than the total, showing a reduction of 5,282. Scotland, Ireland, and Wales increased their holdings slightly. So did France and Switzerland, while Austria nearly quadrupled hers. Germany, Italy, and Spain showed small decreases.

Here are the figures in detail for all foreign countries:

	—Dec. 31, '14.—		—June 30, '14.—	
	Common.	Preferred.	Common.	Preferred.
Africa	2	58	1	58
Algeria	340	75	290	75
Argentina	8	11	9	17
Australia	3	484	23	484
Austria-Hun.	690	2,086	704	586
Belgium	3,509	697	1,539	773
Bermuda	46	21	45	4
Brazil	18	31	17	22
Brit. India	17	81	16	81
Canada	54,259	34,673	43,129	35,794
Central Am.	382	146	280	145
Chile	8	12	7	10
China	13	42	9	42
Denmark	..	40	..	40
Egypt	..	140	..	140
England	710,621	174,906	788,512	180,188
France	64,537	36,749	68,948	36,406
Germany	2,664	3,252	2,633	3,546
Gibraltar	100	..	100	..
Greece	..	38	..	38
Holland	342,645	29,000	356,945	28,740
Ireland	2,991	4,119	2,352	3,954
Italy	146	1,678	165	1,692
Japan	5	81	5	81
Malta	75	405	75	405
Mexico	300	235	325	283
Morocco	..	7	..	7
Norway	70	27	60	27
Peru	..	5	..	5
Portugal	190	120	190	120
Russia	10	43	10	40
Scotland	4,208	13,747	3,688	13,385
Serbia	..	220	..	220
Spain	1,225	432	1,295	632
Sweden	1	1,137	36	1,137
Switzerland	1,470	2,617	465	2,540
Turkey	16	100	16	100
Wales	623	1,068	548	548
West Indies	1,872	874	1,810	517
Total	1,193,064	309,457	1,274,247	312,832

The discontinuance of dividends on Steel common will mean incidentally a stoppage of a considerable flow of American money to foreign lands. On the basis of the shares held at the end of the year nearly $6,000,000 would have gone out this year, or at the rate of about $115,000 a week. The same is true proportionately of the considerable number of other corporations that have passed or reduced their dividends since the war began, and in the aggregate this factor has contributed—and until the dividends are restored it will continue to contribute—substantially to the growing advantage of this country in international finance.

BUYING OF STEEL SLACKENS.

Corporation Reports Unfilled Orders for 96,800 Tons in February.

The Steel Corporation's gain in unfilled orders in February was 96,800 tons, with a total of advance business booked at the end of the month of 4,345,371 tons. As compared with an increase of approximately 412,000 tons in January, the showing was considered somewhat disappointing in trade circles, although it had been a matter of general knowledge that buying had slackened in the second half of February. Early estimates had put the probable increase at about 200,000 tons.

A factor in the shrinkage from January's upturn was the shorter month. Another, evidently, was a large volume of shipments in the final week which worked to reduce the amount of orders previously reported upon. It is figured that shipment throughout the month was at the rate of 65 per cent. of capacity, an increase of about 5 per cent. over January's rate.

NEED STEEL FOR SHIPS.

But the Market Is Quiet in Other Directions.

The demand for steel in the shipbuilding industry continues heavy, according to reports in the trade this week, while the market in other directions appears to be quiet. The Iron Age says:

> While buying by manufacturing consumers of iron and steel has been light this month, the expectation is that the present rate of operations will hold through March, and there is the hope that Spring demand will be a factor by April.
>
> The Steel Corporation's steel works are running this week at 67 per cent. of ingot capacity. The Homestead plan is not supplied with orders insuring full outpput for several months, as widely published. Just now 85 per cent. of its steel capacity is active, but this is due to special plate orders for pipe work.
>
> Fresh war orders for barb wire and shrapnel steel have come just as there were predictions of the tapering off of that business. In both lines 40,000 to 50,000 tons has been closed for export this month. A good-sized plate order has been taken for Japan for shipment from Chicago, and Japan has also placed 1,500 tons of galvanized sheets here.
>
> Work is still pouring in upon Eastern shipyards. The latest orders are for five vessels, for which Pittsburgh will furnish 15,000 to 20,000 tons of plates and shapes. Inquiries for five or six more have come up this week. Lake shipyards have just had inquiries for two ore vessels, representing 6,500 tons of steel.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> Small changes still are observable in iron and steel conditions. While further gains in new business are not conspicuous, it likewise is manifest that recession is not taking place. The situation appears to be that what progress has been made is being maintanied, but that the forward movement at present is less pronounced. The Steel Corporation's bookings in February of something less than 100,000 tons was netted against shipments which were 50 per cent. better than in January. Structural conditions are more promising, and March lettings promise to be the best in six months. The Atlantic Coast shipbuilding industry continues at the height of a remarkable activity.

Staats-Zeitung Stock at Auction.

Three lots of New Yorker Staats-Zeitung stock sold at auction yesterday at the Exchange salesroom, 14 Vesey Street. Twenty shares sold at $600 a share, twenty-five at $1,000 each, and fifteen shares at $750 each. Three weeks ago twenty-five shares sold at auction at $750 each.

STEEL TRADE'S WORST YEAR

War and Tariff Cut Profits in 1914, Head of Lackawanna Co. Says.

Gross sales of the Lackawanna Steel Company in the year ended Dec. 31 of $16,281,639 were $13,500,000 less than in the year before. After paying expenses of operation, bond interest, and rentals a deficit of $585,808 remained, as compared with a surplus of $4,418,091 in 1913. Surplus was drawn upon to provide for depreciation and preferred stock dividends, leaving a final profit and loss surplus of $5,777,475, in contrast with $7,514,877 at the end of 1913.

President E. A. S. Clarke said in the annual statement that the returns in 1914 were the worst in the steel trade of the country since the company was formed. The tariff, through its possible influence on competition from abroad, kept prices down, he asserted, and the war struck another blow at the industry.

SUGAR EARNINGS GAIN.

American Company Reports Increase of $1,954,000 for 1914.

The American Sugar Refining Company earned a net income last year of $6,139,389, as compared with $4,184,989 in 1913. Credit adjustments added $707,179 to this total. The company set aside $821,112 for depreciation and $924,114 for reserve, and in order to pay dividends, amounting to $6,299,973, was compelled to draw upon accumulated surplus to the extent of $1,198,630. In the preceding year $3,196,196 was taken from surplus for the same purpose.

The balance sheet showed cash on hand of $19,110,779, a gain of $1,523,000. The profit and loss surplus at the end of the year amounted to $17,031,795, as compared with $17,587,854 a year before.

Stockholders at the annual meeting yesterday increased the Board of Directors from eleven to twelve members, electing Earl Babst of the National Biscuit Company to the new place.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Andes	.06	Kentucky Con.	.03
Belcher	.34	Mexican	.37
Best & Belcher	.06	Occidental Con.	.85
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.11
Caledonia	.29	Overman	.10
Chollar	.02	Potosi	.02
Confidence	.22	Savage	.05
Con. Cal. & Va.	.15	Seg. Belcher	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.10
Crown Point	.33	Union Con.	.21
Gould & Curry	.03	Utah Con.	.02
Hale & Norcross	.04	Yellow Jacket	.51
Justice	.03		

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	4.90	C. O. D.	.05
Jim Butler	.7	Comb. Fraction	.08
McNamara	.04	G'field Con. M.	1.55
Midway	.18	G'field Merger	.22
Mizpah Exten.	.33	Jumbo Exten.	1.00
North Star	.14	Lone Star	.07
Rescue Eula	.10	Silver Pick	.08
Tonopah Exten.	2.80	Vernal	.05
Tonopah Merger	.09	Nevada Hills	.24
West End	.03	Round Mountain	.36
GOLDFIELD.		MANHATTAN.	
Atlanta	.32	Manhattan Con.	.02
Booth	.20	Man. Big Four	.05

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	8½	9	Jackpot	6½	8
Elkton	45	46	McKinney	30	35
El Paso	125	160	Old Gold	..	1½
Findley	3⅛	3½	Portland	115	119
Gold Dol.	3⅞	4	Vindicator	130	160
Isabella	16½	17	Rav. B. H.	3½	4

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

[No. 2,370.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1915:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$97,768,992.86
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		3,676.13
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		450,000.00
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	$50,000.00	
U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings (par value)	200,000.00	
		250,000.00
Other bonds pledged to secure postal savings		2,984,660.00
U. S. bonds owned unpledged (par value) 4 per cents		500,000.00
U. S. bonds loaned		300,000.00
Premium on bonds used for circulation	$29,570.30	
Premium on other U. S. bonds	68,997.39	
		98,567.69
Bonds, securities, etc., pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (U. S. postal savings excluded)	$2,144,811.00	
Other bonds, securities, etc., owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same	18,021,757.18	
		20,166,568.18
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank, $600,000.00; less amount unpaid, $400,000.00	$200,000.00	
All other stocks, including premium on same	202,065.92	
		402,065.92
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	$10,118,529.44	
Due from banks and bankers (other than Federal Reserve Bank)	2,502,878.13	
Customers' liability—letters of credit	389,494.13	
Outside checks and other cash items, $41,796.17; fractional currency, nickels and cents, $1,286.48	43,082.65	
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank	532,505.09	
Exchanges for Clearing House	5,169,604.64	
Notes of other national banks	116,500.00	
Federal Reserve notes	42,500.00	
Lawful money reserve in bank:		
Specie	14,518,795.10	
Legal-tender notes	4,677,611.00	
		38,111,500.18
Customers' liability—account of loans		9,418,131.89
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent. on circulation)		22,500.00
Customers' liability for bills accepted		2,500,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		179,000.00
Total		$173,155,662.85

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$5,000,000.00
Surplus fund		5,000,000.00
Undivided profits, $5,268,269.31; reserved for taxes, $15,335.64	$5,283,604.95	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	580,314.81	
		4,703,290.14
Circulating notes		450,000.00
Due to banks and bankers	$97,758,537.25	
Letters of credit	399,070.28	
Dividends unpaid	25.00	
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check	38,782,001.05	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	1,414,037.16	
Certified checks	1,631,048.76	
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,197,161.91	
United States deposits	67,911.95	
Postal savings deposits	2,644,710.46	
State, county, or other municipal deposits	589,737.00	
		145,484,240.82
Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice		600,000.00
Loans for account of customers		9,418,131.89
Bills accepted		2,500,000.00
Total		$173,155,662.85

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, H. M. CONKEY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. M. CONKEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of March, 1915.

S. S. SHAW, Notary Public.

Kings Co. certificate, filed N. Y. Co. Commission expires March 30th, 1916.

Correct—Attest:
A. B. HEPBURN,
ALBERT H. WIGGIN, } Directors.
FRANCIS L. HINE,

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

[No. 9,360.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Union Exchange National Bank of New York,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$7,732,921.87
Overdrafts, unsecured		49.60
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		400,000.00
Other bonds pledged to secure postal savings		459,342.89
Bonds, securities, etc., pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (U. S. postal savings excluded)	$15,000.00	
Other bonds, securities, etc., owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same	879,008.76	
		894,008.76
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$102,000.00	
Less amount unpaid	68,000.00	
	$34,000.00	
All other stocks, including premium on same	1,500.00	
		35,500.00
Furniture and fixtures		7,000.00
Other real estate owned		56,654.04
Due from Federal Reserve Bank		707,541.47
Due from banks and bankers (other than included in 12 or 13)		668,321.10
Outside checks and other cash items, $5,131.74; fractional currency, nickels and cents, $2,482.92		7,614.66
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		28,917.56
Exchanges for Clearing House		290,488.94
Notes of other national banks		70,000.00
Lawful money reserve in bank:		
Specie	$700,000.00	
Legal-tender notes	160,000.00	
		860,000.00
Amount paid on account of subscription to $100,000,000 gold fund (subscribed, $48,335;) less amount, if any, returned to subscriber		....
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent. on circulation)		20,000.00
Total		$12,238,360.89

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		700,000.00
Undivided profits	$321,033.97	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	51,386.58	
		269,647.39
Circulating notes		400,000.00
Due to bank and bankers (other than included in 5 or 6)	$1,377,106.36	
Dividends unpaid	108.00	
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check	7,827,364.81	
Certificate of deposit due in less than 30 days	65,287.30	
Certified checks	21,418.57	
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,544.50	
Postal savings deposits	423,660.00	
State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by item 8 of "Resources"	1,366.43	
		9,719,855.97
Time deposits:		
Certificates of deposit due on or after 30 days		40,057.53
State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by item 8 of "Resources"		96,057.53
Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice		56,000.00
Liabilities other than those stated above, letters of credit		52,800.00
Total		$12,238,360.89

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, DAVID NEVIUS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

DAVID NEVIUS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of March, 1915.

SAMUEL HEYMAN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
GEO. A. PLIMPTON,
CHARLES H. SABIN, } Directors.
ARTHUR D. WOLF,

[NO. 8,926.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BRONX NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1915:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$940,444.22
Overdrafts, unsecured		5,198.04
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation, (par value)		50,000.00
Other bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits		7,673.75
Premium on bonds used for circulation		1,200.00
Bonds, securities, etc., pledged as collateral for State or other deposits, (U. S. postal savings excluded)	26,562.50	
Other bonds, securities, etc., owned unpledged (other than stocks,) including premiums on same	81,157.65	
		107,720.15
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$24,300.00	
Less amount unpaid	16,200.00	
		8,100.00
Banking house	$75,248.33	
Furniture and fixtures	7,135.14	
		82,383.47
Other real estate owned		11,709.07
Due from Federal Reserve Bank		69,871.90
Due from banks and bankers, (other than above)		97,527.00
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		3,690.29
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		8,147.08
Exchanges for Clearing House		113,003.92
Notes of other national banks		40,000.00
Lawful money reserve in bank:		
Specie	$75,837.50	
Legal-tender notes	59,560.00	
		135,397.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (not more than 5 per cent. on circulation)		2,500.00
Foreign exchange		35,181.97
Total		$1,719,748.36

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$200,000.00
Surplus fund		205,000.00
Undivided profits	$59,123.83	
Reserved for taxes	901.92	
Reserved for interest	1,547.42	
	61,573.17	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	238.83	
		61,334.34
Circulating notes	$50,000.00	
Less amount on hand and in Treasury for redemption or in transit	1,200.00	
		48,800.00
Due to banks and bankers	$27,040.80	
Dividends unpaid	46.00	
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check	966,062.31	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	54,200.83	
Certified checks	10,500.00	
Cashier's checks outstanding	7,788.15	
Postal savings deposits	5,298.79	
State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by bonds, securities, etc.	25,000.00	
		1,095,936.88
Rediscounts with Federal Reserve Bank		108,677.14
Total		$1,719,748.36

State of New York, County of Bronx, ss.: I, HARRY KOLBE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

HARRY KOLBE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of March, 1915.

ROBT. H. BERGMAN, Notary Public, Bronx Co.

Correct—Attest:
F. A. WURZBACH,
GEORGE W. FENNELL, } Directors.
CARL WURM,

March 14th

Statements of out-of-town National Banks will be published Sunday, March 14th.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print"

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

[No. 1,499.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE CHEMICAL NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4, 1915:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$31,545,534.44
Overdrafts, unsecured		10,810.39
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		450,000.00
Other bonds, securities, &c., owned unpledged (other than stocks,) including premiums on same		864,000.00
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank	$600,000.00	
Less amount unpaid	400,000.00	
	$200,000.00	
All other stocks, including premium on same	101,734.59	
		301,734.59
Banking house		980,000.00
Due from Federal Reserve Bank		2,274,111.04
Due from banks and bankers (other than above)		249,955.95
Outside checks and other cash items, $16,724.11; fractional currency, nickels and cents, $6,330.00		23,054.11
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		64,700.51
Exchanges for Clearing House		1,634,732.74
Notes of other national banks		52,000.00
Federal Reserve notes		10,000.00
Lawful money reserve in bank:		
Specie	$2,508,561.00	
Legal-tender notes	1,285,322.00	
		3,793,883.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent. on circulation)		22,500.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		56,000.00
Total		$42,083,016.77

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$3,000,000.00
Surplus fund		7,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$881,862.81	
Reserved for taxes	23,772.69	
	$905,635.50	
Less current expenses paid	2,851.48	
		902,784.02
Circulating notes	$450,000.00	
Less amount on hand and in Treasury for redemption or in transit	1,000.00	
		449,000.00
Due to banks and bankers		4,644,391.76
Dividends unpaid		3,817.50
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check	25,144,933.42	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	100,582.50	
Certified checks	130,662.81	
Cashier's checks outstanding	605,759.97	
		25,981,938.70
Federal income tax withheld		1,420.69
Letters of credit		88,626.10
State bank circulation outstanding		10,838.00
Total		$42,083,016.77

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, FRANCIS HALPIN, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

FRANCIS HALPIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of March, 1915.

EDWD. P. BROWN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
FREDERIC W. STEVENS,
W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT, } Directors.
ARTHUR ISELIN,

[No. 7,203.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE COAL & IRON NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, 1-99,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4, 1915:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$4,443,013.38
Overdrafts, secured, $178.06; unsecured, $746.15		924.21
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		400,000.00
U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)		10,000.00
Other bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$50,000	
Other bonds pledged to secure postal savings	278,500	
		328,500.00
Bonds, securities, &c., owned unpledged, (other than stocks,) including premiums on same		2,101,779.58
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank, $72,000; less amount unpaid, $48,000		24,000.00
Due from Federal Reserve bank		511,323.74
Due from banks and bankers (other than included in 12 or 13)		667,978.95
Fractional currency, nickels and cents		1,803.85
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		45,797.55
Exchanges for Clearing House		265,829.61
Notes of other national banks		15,600.00
Federal Reserve notes		2,300.00
Lawful money reserve in bank:		
Specie	$373,198.25	
Legal-tender notes	116,210.00	
		489,408.25
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent. on circulation)		20,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer		85,000.00
Total		$9,413,259.12

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		200,000.00
Undivided profits	$468,712.79	
Reserved for taxes	1,934.78	
	$470,647.57	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	27,257.58	
		443,389.99
Circulating notes		400,000.00
Due to banks and bankers (other than included in 5 or 6)		2,034,103.39
Dividends unpaid		3.00
Demand deposits:		
Individual deposits subject to check	$4,851,008.05	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days	17,503.54	
Certified checks	114,148.77	
Cashier's checks outstanding	90,929.49	
United States deposits	7,212.30	
Postal savings deposits	248,103.00	
		5,328,905.15
Liabilities other than those above stated: war tax stamps		6,857.50
Total		$9,413,259.12

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, ADDISON H. DAY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ADDISON H. DAY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of March, 1915.

[Seal.] JOHN W. WHITELEY, Notary Public Westchester County. Certificate filed in New York County, New York County No. 118, New York Register No. 6196.

Correct—Attest:
J. A. MIDDLETON,
W. G. BESLER, } Directors.
FRANK D. WILSEY,

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 4th, 1915:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$72,707,986.12
Overdrafts		1,819.26
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		5,077,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		10,190.00
Bonds, securities, &c.		47,391,457.25
Federal Reserve Bank stock		500,000.00
Banking house		1,750,000.00
Customers' liability account acceptances		750,000.00
Customers' liability account letters of credit guaranteed		6,000.00
Specie	$13,086,708.53	
Legal-tenders and banknotes	1,160,805.00	
Due from Treasurer of U. S.	124,012.30	
Exchanges	4,769,901.49	
Due from banks	357,230.31	
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	9,154,978.19	
		28,653,635.91
		$156,849,088.54

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$10,000,000.00
Surplus		15,000,000.00
Undivided profits		5,991,305.95
Circulation		5,077,000.00
Deposits, banks	$68,700,616.24	
Deposits, individuals	49,498,166.35	
Deposits, U. S.	1,000.00	
		118,199,782.59
Reserve for depreciation		1,500,000.00
Bonds borrowed		325,000.00
Acceptances		750,000.00
Letters of credit guaranteed		6,000.00
		$156,849,088.54

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, C. D. BACKUS, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. D. BACKUS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of March 1915.

HERBERT F. CHRISTIE, Notary Public, N. Y. Co. No. 550.

Correct—Attest:
WILLIAM H. MOORE,
A. B. HEPBURN, } Directors.
FRANCIS L. HINE,

Chesapeake & Ohio 5% NOTES
Pay 7½%
These notes are secured by pledge of mortgage bonds, and are followed by $63,000,000 stock.
The earnings of this company are equal to nearly three times the interest requirements of this issue.
We recommend their purchase. Further details on request.
Plympton, Gardiner & Co
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Down a Little Further—Unexpectedly High Price Bid for New York State Bonds.

Reactionary tendencies again prevailed in stocks yesterday, but the net decline in the average price of the more active stocks was confined to a small fraction. There were somewhat more than the usual number of wide net changes for the day, but by no means all of these were on the side of declines. The regular reaction was accompanied by a considerable diminution in the volume of trading. Yesterday's market helped to emphasize the fact that has been patent for some time past that there was no great pressure of stocks upon the market. In some trading quarters efforts were made to carry prices down yesterday and the meagerness of the results attained indicated strikingly the underlying strength of the market. At the same time appreciation of the fact that perhaps too great emphasis had been laid on the recent peace talk was a continuing factor in causing the moderate set-back to which the market was subjected.

The financial event of the day was the public bidding for the $27,000,000 issue of New York State 4¼s. One of the syndicates which bid for the entire issue offered 103.459 for the bonds, which was a price substantially higher than had generally been expected the previous day. This found reflection in the "when issued" trading in these bonds, in which the price was advanced half a point over the previous day's high price. Another probable contribution to the security sales being made here by foreign nations was talked of, namely, the sale of a block of bonds by Uruguay. A further reflection of the flotation of the Swiss loan here was found in another rise in Swiss exchange, which was suggestive of the influence which would be exerted upon sterling exchange by the establishment here of the credits about which there was recently a good deal of discussion. No formal steps in that direction have been openly taken, although the understanding has been that credits on a considerable scale have been opened privately for London bankers. Some estimates yesterday on the amount of German bonds which are being taken here ran into pretty large figures, although definite confirmation for these was lacking. The subscriptions may well have reached an amount sufficient to be a measurable factor in the recent hardening of German exchange. Other factors bearing importantly on the exchange position were revealed in the foreign trade record for the first week of the month, which showed an excess of exports only moderately smaller than the record figures for the early part of last month. The cotton exports for the day were again very large, measured by the cotton shipments at this time last year. In the cotton market option prices moved erratically, closing at a decline of over 3 cents.

The steel trade contributed an important item of information in the shape of the Steel Corporation's unfilled tonnage figures, which showed an increase of 96,800 tons in unfilled orders during February. This seems small by comparison with the increase of over 500,000 tons recorded in December and over 400,000 tons in January, but these figures have to be considered in the light of the large increase in shipments in February as compared with either of the two preceding months. Had the shipments last month been on the low scale of output reached at the worst of the November-December period, and incoming orders what they actually were, yesterday's statement would probably have shown an increase well over 400,000 tons. It would appear that an increase in shipments rather than a falling off in new orders accounts for yesterday's showing, which on its surface was much less favorable than the report for either of the two preceding months. It was in respect only to the net increase that the tonnage statement was unfavorable, however, as the total of orders on hand at the end of February was the greatest for any month since March last year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

State Bond Prices Compared.

Considered from the income-yielding basis, the State 4¼s yesterday were sold at Albany to the banking syndicate at a higher rate than the 4½s last year. This would seem to speak well for the buyers' confidence in the present bond market, for it will be recalled that in January, 1914, investors were distinctly eager for high-grade securities. Bond men figured that, making allowance for the different maturities of the parcels in the $27,000,000, the yield on the selling price was 4.08 per cent. On the former transaction the yield at a price of 106.07 was 4.20. Irrespective of the human equation involved in the placing of bids there is another human factor which has the tendency of making a relatively higher price for a 4¼ per cent. bond than a 4½ per cent. bond of the same class. This is the desire of investors to buy securities which show the least possible decline from the purchase price as they sink toward par when the day of maturity draws near, provided that they sell above par.

⁂

City Bonds Active Through Sentiment.

Anticipation of a heavy demand for the State bonds was reflected in the strength and activity of New York City issues on the Stock Exchange. The 4¼s of 1964 changed hands to the amount of $210,000, a block of $100,000 being recorded on the tape a few minutes after news came that the State issue would go at a figure well above 103. The City bonds at 99⅞ showed a gain for the day of ¼. The difference between this quotation and 104¼, the possible price at which State bonds will be offered the public, shows something of the public's estimation of the investment worth of two issues bearing the same rate of interest.

⁂

Cold Weather Helped Shipments.

A few cold days toward the end of February enabled the anthracite coal trade to make a better display of shipments for the month than a year before. The total sent out from the mines was 4,275,107, a gain of 153,656 tons over February, 1914. The Lehigh Valley carried 887,267 tons, the Reading 693,745 tons, and the Lackawanna 630,246 tons, these three roads leading the group of anthracite lines from mine to tidewater during the month.

⁂

Captured Securities.

Bankers were inclined to doubt that English authorities were contemplating the seizure of German-owned American securities when found in the mails directed to this side from Germany, as reported yesterday. Some held that if the bonds were being sent here for delivery on a sale already made they could be properly considered the property of an American at the time of seizure. Others said that securities so removed from their proper channels would be worthless to the party taking them, for their sale could be stopped by wireless or cable. Also, it was said, that bonds captured could ultimately be replaced by the issuing concern upon presentation of proof that the originals had been reverted from their proper owners.

⁂

Tobacco Company Earnings.

Published results of the past year in the tobacco business show that the American Tobacco Company fared relatively better in point of profits from the sale of its goods than two of its leading contemporaries. The company's products brought $280,337 more in net income than in 1913, while the Liggett & Myers net dropped back more than $1,000,000 and the Lorillard Company's recession was in excess of $858,000. The upturn in revenue from its goods alone was not, however, the item of primary importance in the American Company's return for 1914. Recessions in income from investments stood forth prominently in the summary of results, and worked to make a considerably more unfavorable showing than the previous year's report.

Swiss Notes Sold Out Early.

The $15,000,000 Swiss 5 per cent. notes offered to the public yesterday by Lee, Higginson & Co., the Guaranty Trust Company and N. W. Halsey & Co. were all sold. Of the $5,000,000 one-year notes, the majority had been disposed of before the close of the business day on Tuesday, and the remainder, with the $10,000,000 notes of longer maturity, were placed before 2 o'clock.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	175,229
Same day last year	272,256
Year to date	11,164,092
Same period last year	18,731,213
Average price and change 50 stocks	61.47 — .09
Same day last year	69.39 — .14

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	64.68	Jan. 22	58.99	Feb. 24
Same period last year	73.30	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3
Range year 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Note.—In stocks of which odd lots were traded in yesterday at prices higher or lower than the range on 100 share lots the range on odd lots is shown separately.

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
30½	30⅝	600	Alaska Gold Mines	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	30½	...
33	35	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	34½	34½	34	34	—1
54⅞	55	3,825	Amalgamated Cop	54¾	55¼	54½	54⅞	...
39¼	39½	1,660	Am. Beet Sugar	39⅝	39⅝	39⅜	39½	— ¼
28	28⅛	900	Am. Can	27⅞	28¼	27⅝	28	+ ⅜
94½	95¾	100	Am. Can pf.	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	— ⅝
41¾	43½	100	Am. Car & Fdry	41½	41½	41½	41½	—1½
112⅝	113⅜	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	113	113	113	113	+ ¼
112⅝	113⅝	15	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	...
80½	81¾	20	Am. Coal Products	81¾	81¾	81¾	81¾	...
45	47	200	Am. Cotton Oil	46	46	46	46	...
86	90	100	Am. Express	89	89	89	89	—1
26¼	27	100	Am. H. & Leath. pf.	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	+ ¼
27½	28	2,150	Am. Ice Securities	28⅝	28½	27¾	27¾	— ¾
9⅞	9¼	400	Am. Linseed	8½	9	8½	9	+1
20½	21	200	Am. Locomotive	21	21	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅝
20½	21	10	Am. Locomotive	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	...
4	5	40	Am. Malt	5	5	5	5	...
63⅞	64	2,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	63¾	64½	63¾	64	+ ⅛
101¾	102¼	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	103	103	102⅝	102⅝	— ⅜
102¾	103½	1,825	Am. Sugar Refin	102	103½	102	103	+1¼
110	114	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	111	111	111	111	— ½
58	60	100	Am. Tel. & Cable	59	59	59	59	+ ¼
58	60	56	Am. Tel. & Cable	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼	...
120⅝	120⅝	200	Am. Teleph. & Tel	120½	120½	120½	120½	...
222	222½	600	Am. Tobacco	223¼	224	222	222	—1⅞
107	108½	200	Am. Tob. pf., new	107	107	107	107	...
26¼	26½	500	Anaconda Cop. Co.	26½	26½	26¼	26¼	— ¼
95⅞	96	1,900	Atch., Top. & S. F.	95¾	95⅞	95¼	95⅞	+ ¼
98	98½	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	98¾	98½	98¼	98½	...
91	94	25	Baldwin Loco. pf.	94	94	94	94	...
67	67⅞	1,821	Baltimore & Ohio	67	67¼	66⅞	67	— ½
68	68½	100	Baltimore & O. pf.	68	68	68	68	— ¼
55¾	56	1,300	Bethlehem Steel	56¼	56⅝	55¾	55⅝	...
87⅛	87½	300	Bklyn Rapid Tran	87	87⅞	87	87⅞	+ ⅜
127	129	15	Bklyn Union Gas	129	129	129	129	...
17⅛	17⅜	200	California Petrol	17	17¼	17	17¼	+ ¼
48¾	51½	305	California Pet. pf.	50	50	48⅝	48⅝	—1⅛
159¼	160½	3,800	Canadian Pacific	159¼	161¼	159¼	160	+ ¾
33¾	34	1,400	Central Leather Co.	33¾	34	33½	33⅝	— ⅞
116	118	3	Cent. & So. Am. Tel.	118	118	118	118	...
41⅞	42½	100	Chesapeake & Ohio	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞	— ⅛
10½	11	100	Chi. Great Western	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	...
28½	29⅝	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf.	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	+ ½
28½	29⅝	50	Chi. Gt. West pf.	29½	29½	29½	29½	...
87	87⅜	400	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	87¼	87¼	87⅛	87⅛	— ⅜
22½	23½	1,660	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	23	23⅜	22⅝	23	+ ¼
35⅝	36	400	Chino Copper	36	36	35⅝	36	+ ¼
115	116	600	Consolidated Gas	116	116¼	115⅝	115⅝	—1⅞
44	47	100	Continenteal Can	46	46	46	46	...
90	92	11	Continental Can pf.	91½	91½	91½	91½	...
11	11¼	8,725	Corn Products Ref.	10¾	11⅜	10⅝	11⅛	+ ¾
70⅞	71⅝	1,500	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	69½	71¾	69½	71¼	+1¾
91	93	300	Cuban-Am. Sug. pf.	93	93	93	93	+3
145	147	400	Delaware & Hud.	147	147	146⅞	147	+2
6½	6⅝	100	Den. & Rio Grande	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ¼
113½	114¼	100	Detroit Edison Co.	114¼	114¼	114¼	114¼	+2¼
113½	114¼	10	Detroit Edison Co.	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	...
60	..	100	Detroit United Ry.	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	...
22	22⅛	2,800	Erie	22	22¼	21¾	22⅛	+ ⅛
35⅝	36⅛	1,650	Erie 1st pf.	35½	36⅝	35½	36⅝	+ ¾
28	29	100	Erie 2d pf.	29	29	29	29	...
..	22	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	22	22	22	22	—4
180	186	100	General Chemical	185	185	185	185	—7½
180	186	10	General Chemical	186	186	186	186	...
107	107½	100	Gen. Chemical pf.	107½	107½	107½	107½	+1
107	107½	62	Gen. Chemical pf.	107	107⅝	107	107⅝	...
139½	140½	100	General Electric	140	140	140	140	— ¾
92	93	100	General Motors	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	— ¾
94¼	96	100	General Motors pf.	95½	95½	95½	95½	+1⅛
31	31¼	300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	31	31¾	31	31¼	+ ¾
97½	99	200	Goodrich pf.	98½	98½	98½	98½	+1½
115½	116	1,000	Great Northern pf.	115¼	115⅝	115¼	115½	— ⅛
31½	31¾	500	G. N. certs. ore prop.	31	31½	31	31½	...
50¼	51	100	Guggenheim Explor.	50	50	50	50	—1
102	104	500	Illinois Central	103⅝	103⅝	103	103	—1
20	20⅛	600	Inspiration Copper	19⅞	20⅛	19⅞	20⅛	+ ¼
12¾	12⅞	700	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	12½	12¾	12½	12¾	+ ⅛
59	59¼	2,110	Inter.-Met. pf.	59	59⅝	59	59⅛	...
93	95	300	Int. Harvester, N. J.	95⅝	95⅝	95	95	+2
62	72	100	Int. Harvester Corp.	70	70	70	70	...
22	22½	200	Kansas City South	22⅝	22⅝	22	22	— ¾
56	57⅛	100	Kan. City South. pf.	56	56	56	56	+ ¾
56	57⅛	21	Kan. City South. pf.	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛	...
110	112	300	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	111	111	111	111	+ ⅝
28⅛	32	100	Lackawanna Steel	29	29	29	29	+ ½
97	98	100	Laclede Gas	97	97	97	97	—1
135	135¼	800	Lehigh Valley	134½	135¼	134½	135¼	+ ⅝
214	218	100	Liggett & Myers	215	215	215	215	—5½
118	120	200	Liggett & Myers pf.	118½	118½	118½	118½	...
..	181	100	Lorillard (P.) Co.	180	180	180	180	—2
114	118	100	Loril., (P.,) Co. pf.	117	117	117	117	—1
113	114	100	Louis. & Nash	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝	+ ⅝
113	114	10	Louis. & Nash	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	...
125	129	200	Manhattan Elev	128	128	128	128	...
30¾	30¾	3,550	Maxwell Motors	30	31¼	30	30¼	+1¼
71⅛	71½	3,800	Max. Motors 1st pf.	70¼	71½	70	71½	+1½
28½	28¾	3,500	Max. Motors 2d pf.	28	28⅞	28	28⅝	+1
66¾	67	1,700	Mexican Petroleum	67	67¼	66½	67	...
20⅝	20½	1,040	Miami Copper	20	20½	20	20½	+ ¼
15½	16	400	Minn. & St. Louis	16	16	15½	15¾	— ⅝
40½	41½	120	Minn. & St. L. pf.	40	40	40	40	—3
113½	114½	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	114½	114½	114½	114½	— ¼
26¾	28	100	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	27½	27½	27½	27½	+ ½
26¾	28	23	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	27½	27⅝	27½	27⅝	...
11⅞	12	11,800	Missouri Pacific	12⅞	12½	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅜
49	49½	1,100	Montana Power	50	50	49½	49½	— ⅝
166½	168	30	Morris & Essex	166¼	166¼	166¼	166¼	...
10½	11	100	Nat. En. & St. Co.	10¾	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	— ¼
53½	54	300	Nat. Lead Co.	53¾	53¾	53½	53½	— ½
4½	6	100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅝
12½	13	100	Nevada Con. Cop.	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	...
12½	13	25	Nevada Con. Cop.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	...
83½	84	300	N. Y. Central	83⅝	83⅝	83½	83½	— ⅛
51½	51⅞	5,300	N. Y., N. H. & H.	52	52¾	51¾	51¾	— ⅝
101½	102	200	Norfolk & Western	102	102	102	102	— ⅛
101½	102	85	Norfolk & Western	102⅛	102⅛	101	101	...
102¾	103¼	900	Northern Pacific	103¼	103¼	102⅞	103	— ⅝
105¼	105½	1,600	Penn. R. R.	105⅛	105½	105	105½	+ ⅛
119½	120½	200	People's Gas, Chi.	120	120	120	120	+ ⅛
20	20½	225	Pittsburgh Coal	20	20¼	20	20¼	+ ¾
91	91½	1,600	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	90	91	90	91	+3
25¾	26	200	Pressed Steel Car	26	26	26	26	— ¼
25¾	26	70	Pressed Steel Car	23	26⅛	26	26⅛	...
86	88	350	Pressed Steel C. pf.	86	86⅛	86	86	—2
1	1¾	300	Quicksilver	1⅜	1¾	1⅜	1¾	+ ⅝
1¾	2¾	200	Quicksilver pf.	1⅝	2	1⅝	2	+ ½
19⅝	21	25	Railway Steel Sp.	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	...
17⅛	17½	400	Ray Con. Copper	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	...
144⅞	145	19,900	Reading	145	145⅝	144⅝	145	— ¼
76½	77	220	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	77	77	77	77	— ¼
13¼	14¼	100	Seaboard Air Line	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	+ ¼
33¼	34	200	Seab. Air Line pf.	33⅜	33⅜	33¼	33¼	—1⅝
203	205	300	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	203⅛	203½	203⅛	203⅛	+ ⅛
84	84¼	3,300	Southern Pacific	84⅛	84½	83⅞	84⅛	— ¼
15⅝	16	300	Southern Railway	15⅝	15¾	15½	15½	— ¼
45	46	100	Standard Milling	46	46	46	46	+ ⅜
45	46	10	Standard Milling	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	...
46¼	47¼	2,200	Studebaker Co.	46¾	48	46½	47	...
92½	95	100	Studebaker Co. pf.	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	+ ⅞
27¾	28	800	Tennessee Copper	27¾	28	27¾	27⅞	+ ¼
133½	135	100	Texas Co.	135	135	135	135	...
133½	135	50	Texas Co.	133	133	133	133	...
52⅞	53	10,800	Third Avenue	52	53⅛	51¾	52⅞	+ ⅞
52⅞	53	60	Third Avenue	51⅝	52⅞	51⅝	52⅞	...
64	66	100	Underwood Typew.	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾	— ¼
99	100	100	Underw. Typew. pf.	100	100	100	100	—3
5⅛	5⅞	400	Union B. & P. Co.	5½	5½	5½	5½	...
120	120⅛	10,050	Union Pacific	120	120¾	119¾	120	...
78	80	250	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf.	77¾	78⅛	77¾	78⅛	— ⅛
55	56	200	U. S. Rubber	55¼	55¼	55⅛	55⅛	—1¼
45	45⅛	22,600	U. S. Steel	45⅛	45⅜	44¾	45	— ¼
53	53½	1,200	Utah Copper	53	53¼	53	53⅛	...
86	90	100	Wells-Fargo Exp.	88	88	88	88	—2
21¾	22½	500	Western Maryland	22¾	22¾	22	22¼	...
63½	64	1,000	Western Union Tel.	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾	— ⅛
68⅜	68½	800	Westingh. E. & M.	68⅝	68⅝	68¼	68½	— ½
118	120	100	Westingh. 1st pf.	119	119	119	119	+1
101	102	700	Willys-Overland	100⅜	101	100⅜	101	...
97¼	98¼	100	Willys-Overland pf.	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	+ ¼
104½	104⅞	2,350	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co.	103⅞	104¾	103¼	104½	+1½
116½	118⅛	100	Woolw. pf., x d.	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼	— ½

LONDON MARKET ACTIVE.

Good Trading in War Loan Issue—Oil Shares in Demand.

LONDON, March 10.—Money and discount rates were quiet today. Bar silver advanced ½d owing to lack of supplies from America and small Indian buying orders.

The feature on the Stock Exchange was the large business done in oil shares and a broadening demand for South African gold mines at firmer prices. Gilt-edged securities, especially colonial bonds, were wanted by investors and the war loan was active. Japanese and Brazilian bonds were the most active in the foreign section.

American securities failed to maintain yesterday's improvement and closed easy.

Paris Prices Firm.

PARIS, March 10.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 71 francs 25 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 25 francs 35 centimes.

Sloss-Sheffield Earnings Drop.

The Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company reports a gross income of $4,708,521 in the year ended Nov. 30, a decline of $618,033 from the preceding year's record. Net earnings of $761,193 showed a recession of $259,640. President J. C. Maben says in the annual statement that the company declined to meet the exceedingly low prices prevailing for iron at some periods of the year, and this fact was reflected in reduced earnings.

Central's Bond Subscriptions.

Stockholders of the New York Central will have until April 27 to subscribe for the new $100,000,000 convertible 6 per cent. bonds, and fractional warrants may be exchanged for full warrants until April 23. Stockholders may subscribe to the extent of 40 per cent. of their holdings.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading in Mining Stocks in Much Larger Volume—Bonds Active and Firm.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to $244,353 shares of stock and $610,000 of bonds. In addition, there were sales of 4,200 rights. The sales of the stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 15,375; oils, 318, and mining, 228,660. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
740	I. R. T. ctfs.	6½	7	6½	6½
50	K. Spring. T.	112	112	111	111½
30	K. S. T. n. 1st pf.	83½	83½	83½	83½
70	Natl. C. & S.	54	54	54	54
170	N. C. & S. pf.	97¼	97¼	97	97
5,015	C. of R. & H.	7¼	7½	7¼	7⅜
400	R. & Heg. Co.	6¼	6¼	6⅛	6⅛
1,500	Sterling Gum.	3½	3⅝	3½	3½
4,200	Un. C. S. new.	9⅝	9⅝	9¼	9⅝
100	U. C. S. pf., new	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
2,000	Un. P. S., new	3⅞	3½	3⅞	3⅞
1,100	†World Film.	5	5	4⅞	4⅞

RIGHTS.

4,200	N. Y. C. r.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
8	Atlantic Ref.	550	540	540	+2
15	Buck. P. L.	108	108	108	+2
20	Contin'al Oil	223	222	222	—1
10	Illinois P. L.	127	127	127	+1
50	Ohio Oil	131	130	130	—1
45	Pierce Oil	13¼	13	13	— ½
35	Prairie O. & G.	228	225	228	+3
10	Pr. P. L., w. i.	147	147	147	...
5	Solar Ref.	235	235	235	—3
5	S. Penn Oil	267	267	267	+3
35	St'd O. of Cal.	293	291	292	+1
10	St'd O. of Ind.	406	405	406	+1
10	St'd O. of N. J.	393	392	392	...
5	St'd O. of N. Y.	191	191	191	+1
55	Union T. L.	83	81	82	...

MINING STOCKS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
79,500	*†Atlanta	31½	35	31½	33
300	Braden Cop.	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6¾
100	Butte & Sup.	48¼	48¼	48¼	48¼
700	Caledonia	74	76	74	76
1,500	Con. Ariz. Sm.	¼	¼	¼	¼
1,500	*C. O. D. Con.	7	7	6	6
10	Con. C. Mines.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
16,300	*Dia. B. Butte.	3	3	3	3
100	First Nat. Cop.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,200	*Florence	54	58	54	57
1,700	Goldfield Cons.	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝	1 11-16
15,700	†Goldf. Merg.	22	23½	22	23
80,600	*Jumbo Ext.	95	1.06	88	1.06
1,200	Kerr Lake	4⅝	4 11-16	4⅝	4 11-16
3,000	‡Kewanas	17	18	17	18
100	La Rose Con.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
500	Lone Star	7½	7½	7½	7½
1,800	*McKin.-Dar.	48	50	48	48
3,000	*MacNamara	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
200	*New. U. Bing.	37	37	37	37
340	NipissingMines	5⅝	5⅝	‡5½	5⅝
3,500	*†Oro	10	10	10	10
1,200	Std. Sil.-Lead.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
4,000	Stewart	1⅞	1⅞	1 13-16	1⅞
210	Tono. Belmont.	4¾	5	4¾	5
700	Tonopah Ext.	2 13-16	2⅞	2 13-16	2⅞
1,200	*Tono. Merger	39	40	39	39
3,000	*Tono. Midway	14	15	14	14
300	*Tono. Mizpah.	32	32	32	32
2,000	*Tono. Res. Eula	11½	11½	11½	11½
1,200	W. End Con.	52	53	52	53
1,800	*W. End Ext.	3½	4	3½	4
200	Yukon Gold M.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾

BONDS.

$600,000	N. Y. State 4¼s, w. i.	103⅞	104⅝	103⅞	104¼
10,000	W. Pac. 5s, flat	31	31	30	30

*Sells cents per share. †Unlisted. ‡Odd lot.

Note.—Not reported Tuesday, 100 Houston Oil at 10¾; 1,000 United Profit Sharing at 3⅞.

⁂

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in, compared with those of the previous day:

	March 10. Bid.	Asked.	March 9. Bid.	Asked.
British-Am. Tob. Co., ordinary	17¾	18	17¾	18
British-Am. Tob. Co., ordinary bearer	18½	18¾	18½	18¾
Electric Boat	33	36	33	36
Electric Boat pf.	53	57	53	57
Houston Oil	9	11	9	11
Houston Oil pf.	53	55	53	55
Int. Mer. Marine	1	1¼	1	1¼
Int. Mer. Marine pf.	4½	4¾	4½	4¾
Kelly Springfield Tire new 2d pf.	118	125	118	125
Lehigh Val. C. S. Co.	156	162	156	162
Man. Transit	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marconi of America	2⅝	[illegible]	2⅝	[illegible]
N. Y. Transportation	8	9	8	9
Savoy Oil	5	6	5	6
Tobacco Products	55	60	55	60
Tobacco Products pf.	91½	93	91½	93
U. Cig. S. Co. of Am.	90	94	90	94
U. Cig. S. Co. of Can.	1⅞	2⅛	1⅞	2⅛
Wayland Oil & Gas	3¼	3⅝	3¼	3⅝

MINING STOCKS.

Beaver Con	26	30	26	30
Blue Bell	3	4	3	4
Blue Bull	5	6	6	6½
Buffalo Mines	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
Canada Copper	[illegible]	1	[illegible]	⅞
Caribou Cobalt	45	55	45	55
Comb. Fraction	7	9	8	9
Con. Nevada-Utah	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Crown Reserve	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
El Paso Con.	1⅞	[illegible]	1¼	[illegible]
Gold Hill	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Greene-Cananea	26½	27½	27	27½
Greenwater	3	5	3	5
Halifax Tonopah	35	40	35	40
International Mines	20	25	20	25
Mines of America	2	2¼	2	2½
Nevada Hills	25	28	25	28
North Butte Dev.	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
South Utah Mines	10	15	10	15
Tonopah Mining	7½	7¾	7½	7¾
Tularosa	⅛	[illegible]	⅛	[illegible]
Tuolumne Copper	25	30	25	30
White Knob Cop. pf.	1¼	1½	1¼	1½

BONDS.

Braden Copper 6s	139	141	139	141
Calaveras 6s	115	125	115	125
Can. Pac. 6% Notes	102½	103¼	102½	103¼
Chicago El. 5s	94	98	94	98
Gov. of Argen. 6s (a)	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞
Gov. of Argen. 6s (b)	100¼	100¾	100¼	100¾
Gov. of Argen. 6s (c)	100¼	100½	100¼	100½

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	30 or Less.	30 to 60.	60 to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	4	4	4½	5
New York	4	4	4½	5
Philadelphia	4	4	4½	5
Cleveland	4	4	4½	5
Richmond	4½	4½	4½	5
Atlanta	4	4	4½	5
Chicago	4	4	4½	4½
St. Louis	4	4	4½	5
Minneapolis	4	4	4½	5½
Kansas City	4	4½	5	5
Dallas	4	4	4½	5½
San Francisco	4	4	4½	5

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days....2¼@2¼
Ninety days....2⅜@2½

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renew. Rate.
On call	2	1¾	1⅞	2

	60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
On time	2½@2¾	2¾@3	3¼@3½

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.
4 months....3½@3¾
6 months....3¼@4
Sixty to ninety days....3¼@3½
Other Names.
4 months....4
6 months....4 @4½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Cable and Sight Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.80½	$4.80¼	$4.80¼
Cables	4.81	4.80¾	4.80¾

Closing Rates.

	Demand (or check.)	Cable
London	$4.80¼	$4.80¾
Paris	5.26¾	5.26
Berlin	.82⅝	.83⅛
Austria	..	15.40
Holland	.39⅝	.39⅞
Italy	5.75	5.74
Russia	..	.41⅜
Switzerland	5.35	5.34

South American Rates.

	Demand (or check.)	Cable
Buenos Aires	.4220	.4230
Rio	.25⅞	.26

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.78½	$4.77⅝	$4.78¼	$4.77½

New York Clearing House exchanges, $247,450,544; balance, $13,984,461; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $426,644.

The local banks have lost $2,602,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 50c premium; Minneapolis, 30c premium; Cincinnati, 10c discount; Montreal, $6.87½ premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver in London, 24 1-16d, up ⅜d; in New York, 51c, up 1c.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	105	115	105	115
American Cigar pf.	97½	99	97½	99
Am. Mach. & Fdy.	65	73	65	73
Conley Foil Co.	275	300	275	300
Johnston T. F. & M.	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young	150	160	150	160
J. S. Young pf.	106	108	106	108
MacAndrews & F.	170	177	170	177
MacAndrews & F. pf.	99	101	99	101
P. R.-Am. Tobacco	215	225	215	225
P. R.-Am. Tob. scrip	163	175	163	173
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	280	290	280	290
R. J. Reynolds T. pf.	118	119½	118	119½

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales March 10, 1915	$2,463,000
Same day last year	2,168,500
Year to date	121,994,000
Same period last year	181,321,500
Average price and change 40 bonds	82.80 — .18
Same day last year	88.16 — .05

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	83.97	Feb. 4	81.51	Jan. 2
Same period last year	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3
Year 1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

U S 2s, reg
100,000....98⅝
500....98½
4s, reg
20,000....109½
Rep of Cuba, 5s 1904
4,000....93¾
6,000....94⅛
N Y Canal 4½s
21,000....109
N Y City 4s, 1957, reg
2,000....93
4s, 1959
4,000....95½
4¼s, 1964
100,000....99⅝
30,000....99⅝
50,000....99⅞
20,000....99¾
1,000....99⅞
4½s, May, 1917
1,000....100⅝
4½s, May, 1957
100....104¼
Nov, 1957
2,000....104⅝
1,000....104½
4½s, 1963
1,000....104½

Am Ag Ch cv 5s
2,000....100⅞
Am Sm secur 6s
7,500....104½
4,000....104½
Am T & T cv 4½s
16,000....99
6,000....98⅞
col 4s
3,000....87¾
Am Tob 4s
2,000....97¼
Am Wr Pap 5s
1,000....61⅞
Armour & Co 4½s
2,000....91¾
14,000....92
At, Top & S Fe gen 4s
6,000....91⅞
11,000s20f....91¾
9,000....91⅞
7,000s20f....91¾
5,000....91⅞
2,000....91⅞
5,000s20f....91⅝
adj 4s
3,000....83
cv 4s, 1960
10,000....95⅝
cv 4s, 1955
1,000....95½
At, T & S Fe 5s
1,000....101¼
5,000....101⅜
25,000s5....101¼
trans S L 4s
5,000....87
Atl C L 1st 4s
1,000....90½
Balt & Ohio g 4s
1,000....88¾
8,000....88⅝
conv 4½s
6,000....85⅛
6,000....85¼
3,000....85
500....84¾
Sowest div 3½s
10,000....89
1,000s20f....88½
Beth St ext 5s
5,000....100
1st & ref 5s
8,000....87⅞
B R T g 5s
2,000....101¼
3,000....101
5s, 1918
13,000....99¾
7,000....99⅝
Bkl Un El 1st 5s
1,000....100¼
1,000....100½
stamped
5,000....100⅝
C of Ga Ry cn 5s
1,000....101
Cent Leath 5s
3,000....98⅞
2,000....99
8,000....98¾
Cent Pac gtd 4s
1,000....87⅛
44,000s20f....87
3,000....87⅛
42,000s20f....87
3,000....87⅛
Ches & U con 5s
5,000....103⅝
Ches & O gen 4½s
2,000....86¼
4,000....86
Chic & Alt 3½s
4,000....39¼
1,000....39½
C, B & Q gen 4s
3,000....90¼
5,000....90⅛
joint 4s
10,000s20f....95⅞
8,000....96
23,000....95⅞
17,000....96
23,000....95⅞
5,000....96
registered
35,000....95⅝
Ill div 4s
2,000....94
Nebr ext 4s
4,000....96¼
Chic & E Ill ref imp 4s
1,000....27⅛

Ch, M & St P gen 4s, ser A
6,000s20f....89½
4s, 1934
5,000....87½
gen 4½s
6,000....100½
conv 4½s
500....96⅝
1,000....96¼
cv 5s, Ser B, s rects, full paid
8,000....101½
25,000....101⅝
22,000....101½
1,000....101⅝
1,000....101½
20,000....101⅝
5,000....101¼
19,000....101⅝
14,000....101¼
2,000....101⅜
3,000....101½
refund 4½s
11,000....88¾
Chi & N W 5s, interim ctfs
5,000....109¼
gen 4s, stamped
1,000....92½
gen 3½s
2,000....80¼
Chi Rys 5s
1,000....96
C, R I & P Ry deb 5s
6,000....56½
C, R I & P gen 4s
1,000....83
1,000....83⅛
C, R I & P Ry ref 4s
1,000....66¼
2,000....66½
1,000....66¼
C, R I & P R R 4s, Cent Tr ctfs
20,000....23
20,000....22½
C, L & Wh 1st 5s
2,000....103½
Col & So ref & ext 4½s
2,000....82⅝
Con Gas conv 6s, sub rects f p
11,000....112¼
1,000....112⅜
6,000....112½
5,000....112⅞
Corn Prod Ref, San Fran 5s, 1931
2,000....96¼
San F 5s, 1934
10,000....93½
Del & Hud 1st & ref 4s
3,000....94⅝
1,000....94¾
Denver & Rio Gde 1st & ref 5s
2,000....47½
con 4s
2,000....74¾
2,000....75
Det Un Ry con 4½s
5,000....73⅛
1,000....73½
1,000....73⅝
5,000....73½
2,000....74
1,000....75½
5,000....76
1,000....76⅝
2,000....77
2,000....78
5,000....78½
1,000....78¼
1,000....78½
2,000....78¼
1,000....78¼
1,000....78⅞
7,000....79
Dis Secur Corp 5s
1,000....49⅝
7,000....49
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s
1,000....87½
Erie Pa col tr 4s
2,000....87½
Erie cv 4s, Ser A
10,000....62⅞
6,000....62¾
conv 4s, Ser B
3,000....64½
1,000....64⅜
10,000....64⅛
5,000....64⅛
Gen Elec deb 5s
1,000....103
Gen Motors 6s
2,000....101¼
Gulf & Ship I 5s
1,000....87
Hudson & Man 1st & ref 5s, Series A
5,000....75
adj inc 5s
4,000....27¼
Ill Central ref 4s
3,000....86¼
Ill Cent & C, St L & N O jt 5s, Ser A
1,000....99⅞
Insp Con Copper cv 6s, 1919
5,000....100⅝
conv 6s, 1922
1,000....102¾
4,000....102½
10,000....102⅝
Inter-Met 4½s
5,000....75½
10,000....75¾
12,000....75½
2,000....76⅝

Indiana Steel 5s
1,000....99⅝
1,000....99½
I R T 1st & ref 5s
1,000....98
Inter Paper 6s
8,000....101
Iowa Central ref 4s
2,000....53
1,000....52½
2,000....53⅜
1,000....53¼
2,000....53⅝
2,000....53
2,000....53¼
Kan City So 5s
1,000....89¼
1,000s5f....88⅞
Kan City So 3s
3,000....67½
Lacka Steel 5s, '23
2,000....91
L S & M So 4s, '28
1,000....91½
1931
10,000....90¼
4,000s20f....90¼
24,000....90⅞
Lehigh Val con 4½s
5,000....97¼
Liggett & M 7s
18,000....123
1,000....122¾
Liggett & M 5s
12,000....100⅛
Long Island con 5s
6,000....103⅝
Lorillard Co 5s
1,000....100
Louis & N unif 4s
10,000....92
2,000....91¾
Milwaukee & Nor 1st ext 4½s
1,000....100⅛
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s
4,000....56
Mo, K & T 1st & ref 4s
1,000....52¼
Mo Pacific 1st 6s
1,000....100
5s, 1917
5,000....93
22,000....93½
5s, 1920
1,000....90
Mo Pacific 4s
20,000....49
2,000....48½
8,000....48⅝
7,000....49
1,000....43¼
3,000....49⅝
conv 5s
2,000....49
8,000....49¼
5,000....48
Mont Power 5s, Series A
9,000....91½
500....91½
Morris & Es 1st & ref 3½s
10,000....84⅛
Natl Tube 5s
3,000....98⅛
N Y Cent deb 6s, when issued
97,000....101⅝
135,000....101½
9,000....101⅝
81,000....101½
gen 3½s
2,000....80½
2,000....80
N Y G, E L, H & P pur mon 4s
4,000....83⅛
2,000....83¾
N Y, N H & H cv deb 6s
2,000....103
non-cv deb 4s, 1955
1,000....71
N Y Rys adj 5s
1,000....54
N Y, West & B 4½s
1,000....70⅛
6,000....70
Norf & W con 4s
5,000s20f....91¼
1,000....91½
5,000....91⅝
North Pacific 4s
3,000....91½
1,000....91⅞
1,000s20f....91⅛
25,000s20f....91
19,000....91¼
8,000....91⅜
5,000s20f....91¼
13,000....91⅜
1,000....91¼
1,000....91⅜
10,000s20f....91⅝
North Pacific 3s
20,000s20f....64
4,000....64⅛
1,000s20f....64
2,000s20f....64⅛
1,000....64
2,000....64¼
1,000s20f....64⅛
1,000s20f....64
Or R & N con 4s
10,000s20f....89¼
6,000s20f....89
3,000....89
6,000s20f....89
1,000....89¼
Or S L 1st 6s
4,000....108
Pac T & T 5s
5,000....97¼
5,000....97⅛

Penn conv 3½s
8,000....100
4s, 1948
2,000....98¼
3,000....98½
gtd 4½s
3,000s20f....100½
con 4½s, temp ctfs, full pd
83,000....103⅝
5,000....103⅞
Peo G & C, Chic, ref 5s
1,000....101
Pub Service Corp s f 5s
1,000....87⅛
Reading gen 4s
7,000....92½
5,000....92⅝
registered
2,000....91⅝
St L, Ir Mt & So unif & ref 4s
15,000....67
River & Gulf 4s
1,000....67½
St L & M Bdge 5s
2,000....100
St L & S F RR gen 5s, Tr Co ctfs
3,000....32½
St Paul, M & M con 6s
2,000....120
Seab Air L adj 5s
1,000....63¼
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s
3,000....98⅛
So Pac conv 4s
12,000....81½
2,000s20f....81½
5,000....81½
2,000....81⅝
conv 5s
8,000....97¾
6,000s5f....97⅝
1,000....97½
1st ref 4s
1,000....84⅜
23,000s20f....84⅜
500....85¾
5,000....84⅜
20,000....84⅝
2,000....84⅜
9,000s20f....84⅜
1,000....84¾
San Fran Ter 4s
2,000....80¼
South Ry 1st 5s
8,000....99
12,000....98¾
3,000....98⅞
1,000....98⅝
gen 4s
1,000....66
2,000....65⅝
1,000....65¾
Third Av 1st 5s
1,000....105⅝
ref 4s
5,000....82
500....81⅝
1,000....82⅛
11,000....82
adj 5s
1,000....80⅝
8,000....80⅝
500....80½
500....81⅛
500....80½
1,000....80⅝
1,000....80⅞
500....80⅝
Tol, St L & W 4s
2,000....47
Un Elec Lt & P 5s, 1933
2,000....90
Un Pacific 1st 4s
7,000....95
9,000s20f....94¾
10,000s20f....94⅝
6,000....95
conv 4s
2,500....89
1,000....89¼
1st & ref 4s
1,000....89½
Un R Rs of S F 4s
2,000....48
1,000....47¼
U S R & Imp 5s
1,000....75½
U S Rubber 6s
5,000....101¾
4,000....101⅞
U S Steel Corp sink fund 5s
19,000....100⅞
2,000....100⅞
16,000....100¾
1,000....100⅝
5,000....100¾
Virginian Ry 1st 5s
1,000....97
Wabash 1st 5s
5,000....99½
6,000....100
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
2,000....23⅞
Western Md 4s
1,000....71
1,000....71½
2,000....70¾
West Un fund & real est 4½s
4,000....90
West Shore 4s
1,000....90½
registered
6,000....87⅝
Westingh E & M 1st cv s f 5s
5,000....90⅞
Wis Cent gen 4s
2,000....83½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98½	98⅞
2s, c, 1930	98⅝	99½
3s, r, 1918	101½	..
3s, c, 1918	101½	..
4s, r, 1925	109½	110
4s, c, 1925	110½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98½	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅞	102½
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102¼	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	81	86
Allis-C M.	9	10
Am Ag C.	48¾	50
Do pf.	89	93
A B S pf.	85	87
A B S & Fdy	88⅝	92
Do pf.	132½	135
Am C pf.	48¾	50⅛
Am Coal.	80	..
Am Coal P pf.	106	108
Am Cot Oil pf.	95	98
A H & L.	4¾	5½
Am Lin pf	25¾	29
A Loc pf.	75	77
Am M pf.	28½	30½
A S pf, B.	..	80
Am Snuff.	150	155
Do pf.	103	106
Am St Fd.	24	25
Am Wool.	16	16½
Do pf.	80½	82
Am Wr Pa pf.	7½	10
Ann Arbor	..	30
Do pf.	..	70
Assets R.	..	8
A M 1st pf	..	95
Do 2d pf.	..	98½
Atl C L.	101	102
Bald Loc.	30	31
Batop M.	½	⅝
B'ch Cr'k.	85	..
Beth S pf.	104½	105
Brown Sh.	..	40
Do pf.	..	85
Bruns T.	4	4¾
B. R & P.	..	90
But'k Co.	28¾	29
Canada So.	56⅝	..
Case (J I) pf.	77	85
Cent L pf, ex div.	101½	103
C R R of N J.	..	325
Chi & Alt.	..	⅜
Do pf.	11	..
C, M & St Paul pf.	123½	125
C & N W.	122½	123½
Do pf.	165	175
C, St P, M & Om.	..	132
Do pf.	..	150
C, C, C & St L.	21	39
Do pf.	55	60
Cleve & P.	159	..
Do spec.	89	..
Cluett-P.	..	60
Do pf.	100½	102
C F & I.	21	25
Col & So.	24	25
Do 1st pf	47½	..
Do 2d pf.	37	..
Crex Carp.	45	65
C-Am S.	40¼	43
D & Co pf	..	85
D. L & W.	400	430
D & R G pf.	10½	12½
D M & Ft D	7	10
Do pf.	29	..
Det & M.	70	..
Do pf.	80	..
Dist Sec.	8½	9
D. S S & A	3	5
Do pf.	6	10
Du P de N Pow pf.	88	..
East Kod.	500	..
F M & S.	..	8
Hav E R, L & P.	..	71
Do pf.	88	95
Helme (G W) Co.	160	185
Do pf.	113	117
Hock Val.	..	125
Homestake.	116	117
Inger-R.	107	115
Do pf.	90	..

	Bid.	Asked.
Int Agric.	..	10
Do pf.	6	9
I H, N J, pf.	..	112
Int H Cor pf.	94⅞	101
Int Paper.	8½	8¾
Do pf.	36	37
Int St P.	¾	1½
Do pf.	6	9
Iowa Cent.	7	9
Do pf.	15	25
K C, Ft S & M pf.	..	65
Kayser (J) & Co.	75½	79
Do 1st pf	106	109
K & D M.	4	10
Do pf.	36	..
K'gs Co E L & P.	120	121
Kresge(SS) Co pf.	106½	106¾
L E & W.	5	7
Do pf.	15	20
Long Isl'd.	30	37
L-W Bis.	19¼	20
Do 1st pf	93	95
Do 2d pf.	65	68
M'kay Cos, ex div.	72¾	75
Do pf, ex div.	..	67
Man Shirt.	48	52
Do pf.	100	103
M Dep Sts.	50	55
Do pf.	..	98
Mex P pf.	70	78
M, St P & S S M pf.	123	128
Do l l.	75	78
M, K & T.	10	10¼
Mon P pf.	100¾	102
M Wd pf.	110	115
N. C & St L	..	130
Nat Bis.	118⅛	121½
Do pf.	123	126⅛
Nat En pf.	80	85
Nat L pf.	106½	108
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	12	17
N Y A B.	55	62
N Y, C & St L.	..	34
Do 1st pf	..	100¼
Do 2d pf.	..	75
N Y, L & West.	113	121
N Y, O & West	24½	25½
Norf So.	..	20
N & W pf.	83	85
North Am.	68	70
Nor Cent.	84	..
N W Tel.	100	..
Ont Min.	2	3
Pabst B pf	..	92
Pac Mail.	20	20⅛
P T & T.	25½	28½
Do pf.	85	90½
Peo & E.	6	10
Pett-Mull.	14	17
Do 1st pf	..	99
P, C, C & St L.	70	72
Do pf.	..	100
P, Ft W & C	159	..
Pitts S pf.	..	82
Pr St Car pf	86	88
P S N J.	105½	..
P'man Co.	150	151
Ry St Spr pf	..	89
Rdg 1st pf	..	85½
Do 2d pf.	82	84¼
Rens & S.	168	..
R I & S.	20¼	20¾
Rock Isl'd.	..	⅞
Do pf.	1	1¼
Rumely(M) Co.	⅜	1
Do pf.	3	4
St L S W.	..	19
Do pf.	..	37

	Bid.	Asked.
St L & S Fran	1½	2½
Do 1st pf	8	10
Do 2d pf.	3¼	4
Sears-R pf.	125¼	126
S-S S & I.	26	27
So P R S.	32	..
Do pf.	80	100
So Ry pf.	48	51
So R, M & Ohio ctfs.	62	75
St'd M pf.	65	69
Tex Pac.	12½	13½
T P L Tr.	86	..
T. St L & West	1½	2
Do pf.	1	8
T C R T.	96½	98
U B & P pf.	22	27
Un P pf.	79½	80
Un Cig M.	44	45½
Do pf.	100	104
Un Dry G.	..	50
Do pf.	51	60

	Bid.	Asked.
U Rys In.	9	11
Do pf.	26	28
U S C I P.	9¼	12
Do pf.	33	..
U S Exp.	71	75
U S Ind A.	20	25
U S R & Imp	38	43
U S R 1st pf.	102¼	103½
U S S pf.	105	105⅜
Vand R R.	..	85
Va-Car C.	20	21
Do pf.	80	82
Va R & P.	..	46
Wabash.	½	¾
Do pf.	1½	1¾
W Md pf.	33½	36
Weym-B.	220	300
Do pf.	114	118
W & L E.	2¼	2¾
Do 1st pf	8	14
Do 2d pf.	3	4
Wis Cent.	32¼	34½

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	68.90	68.48	68.66	— .12
Industrials	54.50	54.15	54.28	— .07

COMBINED AVERAGE.

March 2	60.58	59.98	60.30	+ .16
March 3	60.96	60.36	60.80	+ .50
March 4	61.14	60.67	60.71	— .09
March 5	61.48	60.72	61.42	+ .71
March 6	61.40	61.13	61.21	— .21
March 8	62.05	61.44	61.81	+ .60
March 9	61.91	61.47	61.56	— .25
March 10	61.70	61.31	61.47	— .09

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
Mar. to date	62.05	Mar. 8	59.86	Mar. 1	61.47
Mar., 1914	71.32	Mar. 23	68.66	Mar. 9	70.20
Mar., 1913	74.53	Mar. 5	70.90	Mar. 19	73.85
Mar., 1912	81.74	Mar. 27	76.29	Mar. 1	80.81
Y'r to date	64.68	Jan. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	61.47
Year, 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.47	July 30	60.20
Year, 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.04
Year, 1912	85.52	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.30
Year, 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atl. Coast Line	1914-'21	4 @4½	4.60	4.45
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.45
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.62	4.40
Canadian Pacific	1915-'28	4½	4.90	4.80
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'24	4½	4.75	4.60
Chi. & Northwest	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.40
Chi., Ind. & Lo.	1914-'23	4½	5.20	4.80
C., St. L. & N. O.	1915-'24	5	4.75	4.52
C., C., C. & St. L.	1915-'29	5	5.25	5.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.55	4.40
Erie R. R.	1914-'23	4½@5	5.05	4.85
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	4.85	4.70
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.65	4.45
Louis. & Nash	1914-'23	5	4.55	4.40
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1914-'23	5	5.80	5.25
Missouri Pacific	1914-'22	5	6.00	5.20
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1915-'28	4½@5	5.00	4.88
Norfolk & West	1915-'24	4½	4.50	4.38
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	5.30	5.00
Penn. Gen Freight	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.40	4.20
St. L., I. M. & So.	1914-'24	5	5.20	4.80
Seaboard Air Line	1914-'23	5	5.00	4.90
Southern Ry	1914-'24	4½@5	5.00	4.60
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.60	4.50
Virginian Ry	1914-'19	5	5.10	4.80

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Receipts and expenditures:

	March 9.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$635,376	$6,078,570	$144,763,091
Int. rev., ord.	1,286,531	8,083,425	224,351,380
Corp. & inc. tax	56,346	302,117	10,711,178
Miscellaneous	153,780	5,071,109	51,144,620
Total recpts.	2,132,035	19,534,223	430,970,280
Expenditures	2,344,774	17,993,984	512,786,663
Surplus	......	1,540,239	......
Deficit	212,739	......	$81,816,383

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5 Bayonne Trust Co.
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25 Durham Dup. Raz. Com. & Pfd. Stk.
200 E. W. Bliss Com. Stock
20 Germania Fire Insurance Stock
100 Globe & Rutgers Insurance Stock
100 Great Northern Paper Stock
100 Interborough Rapid Transit Stock
50 Nichols Copper Stock
25 Thompson-Starrett Com. Stock
50 Worthington Pump Pfd. Stock
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25 American Chicle Com. Stock
10 Bank of New York Stock
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COTTON PRICES UP DESPITE BLOCKADE

Market Shows Exceptional Firmness with a Recovery of Nearly 60 Points.

JUMPS ON NEW BUYING

Conviction Is Growing That Acreage Question May Prove to be a Bullish Surprise.

Cotton yesterday showed exceptional firmness, with prices reaching a higher level than has been seen at any time since the culmination of the advance in January. The recovery which started March 2, immediately after the announcement of the blockade by the Allies of German ports, has been almost continuous and represents a recovery of nearly 60 points. Notwithstanding this persistent upward tendency, the scarcity of contracts grows more evident daily. It is difficult to execute a buying order, even of moderate size, without advancing the market several points.

In fact, the technical position of the market is the chief point in its favor. Profits were taken on so-called investment holdings on the advance which culminated several weeks ago, and operations since that time have been of scalping nature, and most of the longs have sold out. There is a strong bear element which does not appear to see any reason for an advance just now, and consequently the persistent firmness has encountered considerable opposition.

Bulls, however, take the conventional view that practically all bear factors are obvious, recognized, and, therefore, discounted. They also believe that the underlying features, which are not easily apparent, are bullish. There is also a growing conviction that the question of acreage may prove to be a bullish surprise. This much was foreshadowed by the report of The Journal of Commerce yesterday on the acreage of Texas and Oklahoma. The figures were of a preliminary nature and placed the probable reduction in Texas at 25 per cent. and that of Oklahoma at 30 per cent.

Exports continue on a liberal scale. The clearances yesterday reached 66,000 bales. The total for the week thus far is about 247,000 bales against 118,000 bales for the full week last year. The total is now only about 1,600,000 bales below last season. Some of the local statisticians are predicting exports of 6,500,000 bales by the first of April.

A petition is being circulated on the floor of the Exchange asking permission to vote on a proposition to make Good Friday, April 2, and Saturday, April 3, extra Exchange holidays.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were 6 to 13 points advance. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 points advance; 8.85c for middling upland; closed firm. The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	8.67	8.55	8.67@8.69	8.50@8.52
May	8.92	8.73	8.91@8.92	8.75@8.76
July	9.15	8.99	9.14@9.15	8.99@9.00
October	9.42	9.26	9.41@9.42	9.26@9.27
December	9.60	9.46	9.59@9.60	9.44@9.45
January	9.68	9.63	9.68@9.69	9.52@9.54

RECEIPTS AT LEADING PORTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	8,746	11,068	6,138
New Orleans	11,444	7,604	9,912
Mobile	333	936	235
Savannah	4,001	4,410	3,129
Charleston	1,199	781	119
Wilmington	2,121	2,530	243
Norfolk	3,478	1,255	883

Total port receipts, 40,142 bales, against 22,221 same day last year.

RECEIPTS AT PRINCIPAL INTERIOR POINTS.

	Yesterday	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	476	1,224	380
Memphis	2,074	5,812	2,516
St. Louis	305	3,919	2,406
Houston	7,952	9,362	2,904

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	5,000 to 6,000	10,533	6,408
New Orleans	2,500 to 3,500	6,459	3,911

Total exports yesterday, 66,253; so far this season, 5,780,518, against 2,390,600 for same period last year.

SPOT MARKETS.

Sales.		Price Middling.	Stocks. 1915.	Stocks. 1914.
4,992	New Orleans	8.26	371,879	238,052
800	Mobile	8	41,765	25,983
2,007	Savannah	8¼	204,236	81,216
2,460	Galveston	8.70	502,883	345,816
—	Wilmington	8	58,755	15,892
1,999	Norfolk	8.13	74,645	58,823
1,017	Augusta	8.06	140,017	70,724
3,800	Memphis	8.12	219,329	154,942
53	St. Louis	8⅛	36,968	33,606
3,096	Houston	8.70	175,073	161,935

The Liverpool market opened quiet. There was a fair demand business in spot cotton, with middling unchanged at 5.07. Sales, 8,000 bales. Receipts, 4,000 bales, including 1,500 American. Closed very steady.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas Co.	100	101
American Light & Traction	310	313
American Light & Traction pf.	108	109
Adirondack Electric Power	12	13
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	39	42
*American Gas & Electric	89½	91
*American Gas & Electric pf.	49	50
American Power & Light	62	65
American Power & Light pf.	81	85
American Public Utilities	30	33
American Public Utilities pf.	61½	64
American Waterworks & Electric	3½	4½
Am. W. W. & El. partic. pf.	9	13
Am. W. W. & El. 1st pf.	40	45
Cities Service	46	48
Cities Service pf.	55	57
Colorado Power	14	16
Colorado Power pf.	87	92
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	53½	55
Commonwealth P. R. & L pf.	80½	82½
Dayton Power & Light	28	32
Dayton Power & Light pf.	80	85
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	89	91
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	48	55
Electric Bond & Share pf.	98½	100
Empire District Electric 5s	71	75
Empire District Electric pf.	50	60
Federal Light & Traction	16	18
Federal Light & Traction pf.	55	60
Gas & Electric Securities	65	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	60	80
Lincoln Gas & Electric	15	25
Northern Ontario Light & Power	11	14
Northern Ontario Light & P. pf.	50	54
Northern States Power	23	25
Northern States Power pf.	80	82
Ozark Power & Water	15	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	44½	45½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	81	88
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	16	18
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	65½	67½
Southern California Edison	72	74
Southern California Edison pf.	90	92
*Standard Gas & Electric	4	6
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	17	18
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	6	8
Tennessee Ry. Light & Power pf.	35	37
United Light & Rys.	44	47
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	68	70
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	65	68
Utah Securities	13	15
Western Power	16	18
Western Power pf.	61	63

*Par value $50.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Anglo-American	14½	15	14½	15
Atlantic Refining	540	550	540	545
Borne-Scrymser	250	260	250	260
Buckeye Pipe Line	107	109	106	108
Chesebrough Mfg.	645	660	645	655
Colonial Oil	90	100	90	100
Continental Oil	220	225	220	225
Crescent Pipe Line	36	38	36	38
Cumberland Pipe Line	47	50	47	50
Eureka Pipe Line	218	223	218	223
Galena-Signal Oil	160	163	160	163
Galena-Sig. Oil pf.	135	140	135	140
Illinois Pipe Line	126	129	126	128
Indiana Pipe Line	96	98	96	98
National Transit	31	33	31	33
New York Transit	215	220	210	215
Northern Pipe Line	88	90	88	90
Ohio Oil	130	132	130	132
Pierce Oil	13	13½	13	13½
Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24	77	80	78	80
Prairie Oil & Gas	226	229	223	227
Prairie P. L.,(w. i.)	146	149	145	148
Solar Refining	235	240	235	240
Southern Pipe Line	205	208	203	208
South. Penn. Oil	263	267	263	267
S. W. Penn. P. L.	113	117	113	116
Stand. Oil of Cal.	291	293	290	292
Stand. Oil of Ind.	405	408	403	408
Stand. Oil of Kan.	335	345	335	345
Stand. Oil of Ky.	252	255	253	258
Stand. Oil of Neb.	310	320	310	320
Stand. Oil of N. J.	392	394	391	394
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	190	192	190	192
Stand. Oil of Ohio	418	423	415	420
Swan & Finch	125	130	125	130
Union Tank	81	83	81	83
Vacuum Oil	180	183	180	183
Washington Oil	30	35	30	35

AMERICAN TOBACCO REPORT

Gross Sales Last Year, $69,339,083 —Surplus was $35,970,608.

The American Tobacco Company's gross sales last year amounted to $69,339,083, from which a net income remained of $9,045,045, or about 13 per cent. of the gross revenue. In the preceding year net profits were $8,755,709. The company's income from investments was $1,756,773, as set forth in the annual report, showing a decline of $1,612,100 from the total for 1913. Other sources of revenue brought the aggregate for the year up to $11,836,930, against $14,721,638 in the preceding twelve months.

The balance of $8,467,943 after interest and preferred stock dividends were paid was equivalent to 21 per cent. on the common stock, as compared with 28 per cent. in 1913. The company counted the distribution of $1,753,142 of Imperial Tobacco Company shares to its stockholders as a cash dividend, and for this reason the report showed a deficit of $1,833,679 for the year. The Imperial shares were taken from the American's treasury where they had rested since the Tobacco Trust was dissolved. The surplus at the close of the year was $35,970,608.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	100¼	100⅛	3.50
Am. T. & T. sub	5	Apr., 1916	100⅝	100⅝	4.40
Am. Tob. sc.	6	Sep., 1915	100⅜	101¼	3.50
Ana. Cop. Co.	5	Mar., 1917	99⅜	99½	5.25
Argen Gov't.	6	Dec.15,'15	100⅜	101	4.70
Argen. Gov't.	6	Dec.15,'16	100⅜	100⅝	5.60
Argen. Gov't.	6	Dec.15,'17	100⅜	100⅝	5.75
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1915	100¼	100⅜	2.95
Beth. Steel.	5	June11,'15	100¼	100½	3.30
B'klyn. R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅜	99¾	5.05
Can Pacific.	6	Mar. 2,'24	102¾	103¼	5.55
Ches. & Ohio.	5	June, 1919	89¾	90¼	7.70
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sept., 1915	100¼	100½	3.95
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	94½	95½	8.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99½	100	5.00
Con. Power.	6	May 1, '17	97½	99	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	100	100¼	2.00
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100¼	100⅜	3.70
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	98½	98⅞	6.25
Gen. Motors.	6	Oct., 1915	101⅛	101⅜	3.70
Gen. Rubber.	4½	July, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	3.30
Har. R. & P.	5	May, 1915	98½	99¼	11.00
Hav. El. Ry.	6	Sep., 1916	98½	99½	6.25
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1915	101⅛	101¼	4.10
Int. Harv.	5	Feb.15,'18	99½	100	5.00
Lack. Steel	6	Mar., 1917	97½	98	7.00
L. S. & M. S.	5	Sep., 1915	100½	100¾	3.45
L. S. & M. S.	5	Dec., 1915	100½	100¾	3.95
L. G. & El.	6	April, 1918	97	98¼	6.50
Mo. Pacific.	6	June, 1915	90	90⅜	46.00
Mon. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	100	100¼	2.95
Min. G. El.	6	June, 1918	99½	100	6.00
New E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	92	92¼	9.60
N. Y. Cent.	5	Apr., 1915	100	100¼	2.00
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	2.15
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep.15,'15	100⅜	100¾	3.60
N. Y. Cent.	5	Oct., 1915	100½	100⅜	3.65
N. Y. City.	6	Sept., 1915	101¼	101½	3.00
N. Y. City.	6	Sept., 1916	102¾	103	3.90
N. Y. City.	6	Sept., 1917	104¼	104½	4.05
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1915	98⅝	99¼	11.00
Nor. St. Pow.	6	June, 1917	96½	98½	6.50
Pac. G. & El.	5	Dec.15,'15	100	100⅜	4.55
P. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	100	100⅛	3.25
P. S. Corp. of N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅞	100¼	4.80
Sea'd Air L.	5	Mar., 1916	98½	100	5.00
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99⅛	99⅝	5.40
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	97	97⅜	6.15
Sulz. & Sons.	6	June, 1916	99⅝	100	6.00
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	94	96	6.40
Union Typew.	5	Jan.15,'16	96	97½	7.90
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	101	101⅝	5.35
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	97¼	97¾	5.75
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	97	98	7.00
West P. Tr.	6	Mar., 1917	98	99	6.50
West. Power.	6	July, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	5.00
W. S. G. & El	6	Oct., 1917	96	97¼	7.00

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Tin	44.00	48.00	47.00	51.00
Lead	3.90	4.00	3.90	4.00
Iron No. 2X fdy.	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Spelter	..	..	..	11.50

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, is quoted at 14⅞@15c a pound, up ⅛c, in the open market London market quotations were:

	Wednesday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	64	7	6	64	7	6
Copper, futures	64	15	0	64	15	0
Tin, spot	188	0	0	190	0	0
Tin, futures	164	10	0	165	10	0
Lead	20	17	6	20	16	3
Spelter	44	10	0	44	10	0

REDISCOUNT RATES FIXED.

Board Ruling on Paper Circulating Between Reserve Banks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—A further broadening of the new banking system's scope was made possible today, when the Federal Reserve Board fixed rates under which the different reserve banks may rediscount paper with one another.

In anticipation of an early demand for such rediscounts the board fixed a rate of rediscount for the present between Federal Reserve Banks at 3½ per cent. for paper up to thirty days and 4 per cent. for maturities over thirty and up to ninety days. These rates are about one-half of 1 per cent. under the rates obtaining between the Federal Reserve and member banks.

All applications for rediscount are to be filed with the Federal Reserve Board, the board reserving the right to apportion the applications for rediscount among the different banks.

Increase in Surplus Freight Cars.

The American Railway Association reports a total surplus of freight cars on the country's roads of 304,284 on March 1, as against 280,573 on Feb. 1, and 159,480 on March 1, 1914. Car shortage reported to the association aggregated only 297 cars, as compared with 1,162 on Feb. 1 and 5,573 cars on March 1, 1914.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

At the end of the day the market on the Consolidated Exchange for such leading stocks as United States Steel and Reading reflected heaviness. There had been a sharp rally shortly after noon from an early dip in prices but the recovery evidently invited selling. At the same time there was no particular pressure, and the undertone appeared to be good. Commission houses handled a large volume of optional lot business, which was well distributed over the list. In the grain department May wheat opened at $1.62 to $1.61 against a closing price on Tuesday of $1.63, dropped to $1.58⅛, and closed at $1.60⅜.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
30	Alaska Gold	30¼	30½	30¼	30½
750	Amal. Copper	54⅝	55⅛	54⅝	55
50	Am. Beet Sug.	39⅜	39⅞	39⅜	39⅞
40	Amer. Can	27¾	27⅞	27¾	27⅞
10	Amer. Cot. Oil.	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼
90	Amer. Ice Sec.	28⅜	28⅜	27¾	27¾
1,070	Amer. Smelt.	64	64⅝	63¾	64
110	Amer. Sugar	102	103¾	102	103¾
20	Anaconda Cop.	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼
170	Balt. & Ohio	67¾	67¾	67	67⅛
90	Beth. Steel	56¼	56⅝	56¼	56⅝
70	Bklyn R. Tr.	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
20	California Pet.	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
140	Can. Pacific	159¼	161⅜	159¼	160½
90	Central Leath.	33⅝	33⅝	33½	33½
70	Consol. Gas	116¼	116¼	115¾	115⅞
410	Corn Products	11	11⅛	10⅝	11¼
380	Erie	22	22¼	21¾	22
180	Erie 1st pf.	36⅝	36½	36⅜	36⅜
270	Int.-Met. pf.	59	59½	59	59
40	Lehigh Valley	134½	135	134½	135
5	M'xwell Motors	30½	30½	30½	30½
50	Max.Mot.1st pf	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛
10	Max.Mot. 2d pf	29	29	29	29
60	Mexi. Petrol.	66⅞	67¼	66⅝	67⅛
50	Miami Copper.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜
820	Mo. Pacific	12⅜	12⅜	11	11½
350	N.Y.,N.H.& H.	52⅛	52½	51⅞	51⅞
60	North. Pacific	103⅜	103⅜	102⅞	103
50	Pitts. Coal	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
5,460	Reading	145⅛	145⅝	144⅝	144⅞
10	Rock Island	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
410	South. Pacific.	84	84⅜	83⅞	84⅛
80	Tenn. Copper	28	28	28	28
480	Third Ave.	52⅛	53	51¾	52⅝
50	Union Bag & P	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,470	Union Pacific	120	120¾	119¾	120
5,040	U. S. Steel	45	45½	44⅝	44⅞
20	Utah Copper	53	53	53	53
20	West'house El.	68¼	68¼	68¼	68¼
18,595					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,700	Atlanta	.32	.33½	.32	.33
400	Belcher	.35	.35	.35	.35
800	Booth	.30	.30	.30	.30
200	Consol. Va.	.17	.17	.17	.17
200	Crown Point	.30	.30	.30	.30
300	Elkton	.46	.46	.46	.46
200	Goldf'd Merg.	.22	.22	.22	.22
3,200	Jumbo Ext.	.90	1.05	.90	1.05
100	Ophir	.12	.12	.12	.12
350	Tonopah Ext.	2.70	2.80	2.70	2.80
300	Tonopah Merg	.41	.41	.41	.41
8,750					

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
25	Ahmeek	275	275	275	275
1,105	Alaska	30⅝	30⅝	30½	30⅝
30	Allouez	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼
290	Amalgamated	54¾	55⅛	54½	54¾
2,180	Am. Zinc	27¾	27¾	27⅛	27¼
65	Ariz. Com'l	4	4¼	4	4⅛
2,645	Butte & Super.	48¼	48⅝	48⅛	48¼
65	Calumet & Ariz.	54¼	54¼	53⅞	53⅞
13	Calumet & Hec.	385	390	385	390
45	Centennial	17½	17½	17½	17½
30	Chino	36	36	36	36
72	Copper Range	35⅛	35¼	34	35
45	East Butte	9½	9½	9½	9½
65	Franklin	5¼	5½	5¼	5½
26	Greene-Cananea	27	27	26½	27
35	Hedley	28	28	28	28
20	Kerr Lake	4½	4½	4½	4½
75	Inspiration	20⅛	20⅛	20	20
30	Isle Royale	21½	21½	21¼	21¼
185	Keweenaw	2⅝	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
30	Lake	7	7⅛	7	7⅛
140	La Salle	3⅞	3⅞	3½	3½
250	Mass. Consol	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
5	Mayflower	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
255	Miami	20¼	20⅜	20¼	20⅜
55	Mohawk	57¾	57¾	57¼	57¼
25	Nevada Consol.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
235	North Butte	25	25¼	25	25
100	Ojibway	75c	75c	75c	75c
50	Old Dominion	41	41	40¾	40⅜
30	Osceola	71⅞	72	71¼	71½
1,038	Pond Creek	14½	15¼	14⅜	14¾
10	Quincy	57	57	57	57
15	Ray Consol	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼
135	Shannon	5½	5⅝	5½	5½
125	Super. & Boston	1⅛	1 3-16	1⅛	1 3-16
10	Superior Copper	27	27	27	27
185	Tamarack	31½	31½	31½	31½
110	Trinity	3½	3½	3¼	3¼
200	Tuolumne	28c	28c	28c	28c
70	U. S. Smelting	22⅛	22¼	22¼	22¼
1	U. S. Smelt. pf.	40½	40½	40½	40½
125	Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
81	Utah Consol	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
140	Utah Copper	53	53⅜	53	53
80	Winona	2⅜	2⅜	2½	2½
30	Wolverine	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
68	Boston & Alb.	175	175	175	175
2	Boston Elev	90	90	90	90
40	Bost. & Lowell	122	122½	121	121
406	Boston & Me.	32	32	30½	31
25	Con. & Mont., Class 2	92	92	92	92
20	Conn. River	150	150	150	150
10	Fitchburg pf	65	65	65	65
57	Mass. Elec. pf.	47	47¼	46¾	47¼
1,209	N.Y.,N.H. & H.	52¼	52¼	51¾	51¾
44	Old Colony	151	152	151	152
46	W. End St. Ry.	69½	69½	69	69¼
20	W.End St.Ry.pf.	92	92	92	92

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
95	Am. Agr. Ch.pf.	90	90¼	89½	90¼
60	Amoskeag	62½	62½	62½	62½
25	Am. Pneu. Serv.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
50	*Am. Pneu.S.pf.	17½	17½	17½	17½
865	Am. Sugar	102¼	103½	102¼	102¾
57	Am. Sugar pf.	111	111½	110	110
672	Am. Tel. & Tel.	120⅛	120¾	120⅛	120¾
62	Am. Woolen pf.	81	81½	81	81½
45	E. Boston Land	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
81	Edison	242	242	242	242
59	Gen. Electric	140½	140½	139	139
25	Mass. Gas	82	82	82	82
82	Mass. Gas pf.	89	89	89	89
40	McElwain pf	102½	102½	102½	102½
6	Mergenthaler	172½	173½	172½	173½
125	Pullman	150	150⅛	150	150
157	Swift & Co.	106¾	107¼	106¾	107
52	Torrington	28	28	28	28
18	Torrington pf.	27½	27½	27	27
482	United Fruit	118½	119½	118	119½
791	Unit. ShoeMach.	56½	56⅞	55¾	56⅝
17	Unit. Shoe M.pf.	29	29	29	29
5	U. S.Rub.1st pf.	104	104	104	104
425	U. S. Steel	45¼	45½	45	45
26	U. S. Steel pf.	104⅝	105	104⅝	105
10	Western Union	64	64	63¾	63¾

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$15,000	Am. T. & T.4s	87⅞	87⅞	87¾	87¾
12,000	Am. T. & T. conv. 4½s	99	99	98¾	98¾
6,000	Am. Zinc 6s	110	110	110	110
1,000	A.,G.& W.I.5s	61⅜	61⅜	61⅜	61⅜
3,000	C.,B.& Q.jt.4s	95⅞	95⅞	95¾	95¾
1,000	K.C., M. & B. inc. 5s	59	59	59	59
1,000	Mass.Gas 4½s, 1929	96¾	97	96¾	97
26,000	Mass.Gas 4½s, 1931	92	92	92	92
3,000	New Eng. Tel. 5s, 1932	101	101	101	101
4,800	Pd.Ck. Coal 6s	95	96	95	96
2,000	West. Tel. 5s.	95	95	95	95

*Ex dividend.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.60	1	Houghton	1½	1¾
Bay S G	.10	.11	Iron Blos	.99	1 1-16
Begole	1	1¼	Larose	.66	.70
Bohemia	1 1-16	1 3-16	Majestic	.13	.16
Bost Ely	.14	.18	McK-Dar	.50	.54
Butte & L.	.20	.22	Mex Met	.21	.23
Chief C.	.80	.84	M of Am	2	2¼
Calaveras	1 3-16	1 5-16	New Balt.	1½	1¾
Con Ariz.	.25	.35	Nev Doug.	.33	.35
Cons Cop.	⅞	1	O D T r.	5	6½
Cortez	.15	.30	Ohio Cop.	.08	.10
Cr Res've.	.80	.84	Oneco	.40	.60
Davis-D	.90	.95	Raven	.08	.10
Eagle and			So Lake	5	5⅛
Bluebell	.78	.85	Stew't M.	1¾	2
First Nat.	1⅝	1¾	U V Ext.	3¼	3⅜
G'f'd Con.	1½	1⅝	Yukon	2⅞	3

BALTIMORE.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
74	Con. Pow. rts.	10c.	10c.	6c.	6c.
205	Cosden	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝
100	Cosden pf.	6	6	6	6
5	F. & M. Nat.B.	45	45	45	45
109	Mer. & Mec. B.	28⅞	29	28⅞	29
5	Nor. Central	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
295	Un. Rys & El.	26	26	25¾	25¾

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Charles Con. Elec. 5s	94½	94½	94½	94½
600	C. Bal. 5s, '16	101	101	101	101
1,000	Con.Coal ref.5s	88	88	88	88
1,000	Fair. & Clark. Trac. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
7,000	Kirby Cont. 6s.	95	95	95	95
1,000	Kir. Lum. 6s, ctfs.	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
1,000	Ga. South. & Fla. 5s	102	102	102	102
1,000	Md. Elec. 5s	98	98	98	98
2,000	Minn. & St. P. joint 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
1,000	North Balto. Trac. 5s	104½	104½	104½	104½
5,000	Un. Rys. & E. 1st 4s	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾
6,000	Un. Rys. & E. inc. 4s	61⅛	61⅛	60⅞	60⅞
1,000	Un. Rys. & E. fdg. 5s	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
500	Un. Rys. & E. notes	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
5,200	Un. Rys. & E. notes w. i.	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Chi. Pneu. Tool	47	47	47	47
56	Chi. Ry. 2s	27½	27½	27½	27½
107	Chi. Conn. Ry	22	22½	22	22½
60	Chi. Title & Tr.	210	210	210	210
2	Comnwlth. Edison	137	137	137	137
2	Diamond Match	92	92	92	92
100	Hart. S. & M. pf.	110	110	110	110
200	People's Gas	120	120	120	120
87	Pub. Service pf.	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
22	Quaker Oats pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½
224	Sears-Roebuck	203½	203½	202½	202½
140	Swift	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼
150	U. S	45⅜	45⅜	45	45
25	Union Carbide	156½	156½	156	156

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Chi. Ry. inc.4s	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞
5,000	Com.Edison 5s.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
1,000	Ogden Gas 5s	93½	93½	93½	93½
1,000	Pub. Service 5s	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alliance Ins.	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼
10	American Gas	100½	100½	100½	100½
16	Baldwin L. pf.	94	94	94	94
115	Cambria Steel	42½	42½	42	42
10	Corn Products	11	11	11	11
10	Denver & R.G.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
73	Elec. Storage	48¾	49	48¾	49
30	Gen. Asphalt	26	26	26	26
9	I. Co. of N. A.	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
45	Lake Superior	7	7	7	7
30	Lehigh Nav	74¼	74¾	74¼	74¾
100	L. V. Transit	15	15	15	15
200	Mo. Pacific	12⅛	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞
12	Nor. Central	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼
465	Ph. R. T. t. c.	11⅜	11⅜	10⅝	10⅝
345	Penna. R. R.	52¾	52¾	52 11-16	52⅝
1	Phila. Co	30	30	30	30
72	Phila. Elec	24¼	24¼	24	24
129	Penna. Salt M.	81¼	81¾	81¼	81¾
20	Reading	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝
1,085	Tonopah Bel	4 13-16	5	4 13-16	5
145	Tonopah Min	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7½
91	United Gas I.	81⅝	81⅞	81⅝	81⅝
1,260	U. S. Steel	45⅜	45⅜	44⅞	44⅞
25	Union Traction	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
10	Union Pacific	120½	120½	120½	120½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. G. & E. 5s	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
3,000	Baldwin L. 5s.	100¼	100¾	100¼	100¾
3,117	Cam. S. sc. '17	96	96¼	96	96¼
1,000	E. & P. 4s, cts.	81	81	81	81
4,000	Keystone T. 5s	93½	93½	93½	93½
4,000	L. N. con. 4½s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
1,000	L.V. g. con. 4s	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
7,000	P. R. R. c. 4½s 1960, t. ctfs.	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
1,000	P. & N.Y.C. 5s.	106	106	106	106
87	P. Co. scrip '16	90½	90½	90½	90½
87	P. Co. scrip '18	80	80	80	80
1,000	Phila. El. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
100	Phila. El. 5s	102½	102½	102½	102½
1,000	Ph. E. 4s ctfs.	79	79	79	79
1,000	Reading g. 4s.	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾
500	R. 1st e. 4s,'37	93½	93½	93½	93½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Sewer Pipe	19	19	19	19
200	Columbia G. & E.	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
305	Crucible Steel	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼
50	Ind. Brewing	3	3	3	3
50	Ind. Brewing pf.	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
20	La Belle Iron pf.	106	106	106	106
71	Lone Star	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝
64	Ohio Fuel Supply	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼
15	Oklahoma Gas	62	62	62	62
115	Pitts. Brewing	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
30	Pitts. Brewing pf.	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
10	Pitts. Oil & Gas	6	6	6	6
100	Pitts. Plate Glass	106	106	106	106
15	Pure Oil	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
10	Union Switch & S.	95	95	95	95
25	U. S. Steel	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝
20	West. Air Brake	118¼	118¼	118¼	118¼
15	West. Electric	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼
32	West. Elec. pf.	60	60	60	60

Guaranty Service

I

Announcement

It is our purpose to publish in this paper a series of advertisements which will describe our organization, our system, and the facilities we possess for rendering modern, adequate, up-to-date service to our customers.

The first of these advertisements, which will appear in an early number of this paper, will contain a list of our directors and officers—the men who constitute the management of the company.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
140 Broadway
Fifth Avenue Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St.
London Office, 33 Lombard St., E. C.
Capital and Surplus, - - $30,000,000

Corporation For R. & H. Stock

The same interests that have made United Cigar Stores Company of America one of the very greatest enterprises in this country are engaged in **duplicating their success in the Riker & Hegeman Company.**

We believe that the steady enhancement in value and increased dividends which have characterized the progress of United Cigar Stores Company of America **will be shown by an investment in Corporation for R. & H. stock.**

Corporation for R. & H. stock represents an opportunity which every sagacious investor should avail of.

We specialize in this issue as well as in United Cigar Stores Company of America.

BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 5501 Broad

Wilson & Chardon

Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N.Y.
52 Broadway, N. Y.

Transact a strictly commission business in

Stocks and Bonds

for INVESTMENT or on MARGIN. Personal attention to all inquiries and execution of orders.

Fractional Lots

Call or write for

"Market Outlook 36"

discussing changing market conditions—tendency toward recovery—some excellent opportunities in low priced stocks, with

Quarterly Statement

of examination of our books by Loomis, Suffern & Fernald, Certified Public Accountants, 149 Broadway, N. Y., issued regularly for information of our customers, in which they state:

"We hereby certify that we found all securities properly carried, on hand or loaned, and that the condition of your business as of **MARCH 1, 1915**, on a liquidating basis, shows the full capital of $50,000 to be intact. In our opinion, your business is being conservatively managed, and the rights of your customers carefully safeguarded."

Correspondence Invited. Tel. 1336 Broad.

CONSUMERS POWER COMPANY
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

NOTICE is hereby given that Edward M. F. Miller, one of the Trustees under the Trust Deed from Consumers Power Company to The Standard Trust Company of New York (now Guaranty Trust Company of New York) and Edward M. F. Miller, as Trustees, dated November 1, 1909, died on or about December 1, 1914, and, as provided in said Trust Deed, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, the corporate Trustee under said Trust Deed, has nominated and appointed William C. Cox of New York City as Trustee to fill the vacancy caused by the death of said Edward M. F. Miller. Said William C. Cox is a Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

Dated February 15, 1915.

CONSUMERS POWER COMPANY
By H. M. BYLLESBY,
President.

J. W. & W. H. REID, AUCTS.
By order United States District Court, Eastern District of New York.
AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS, FRIDAY, MARCH 12, AT 10:30 A. M., 19-23 WILLOUGHBY ST., Cor. Pearl St., Brooklyn.

$3,000 Southern Ry. Co. Dev. and General Mtge. 4% G. B., Series A, 1956.
$2,000 The United Water & Light Co. 6% Collateral Trust Gold Note, Series AA, 1919.
$3,000 Norfolk & Western R. R. Co. convertible 10 to 25 years 4% Gold Bonds, 1932.
$5,000 Southern Pacific Co. 4% 20-year convertible, 1929.
$7,000 Kings County Lighting Co. 5% First Refunding Mtge. Bds., 1954.
$5,000 N. Y. Central & H. R. R. R. Co. 4½% 3 year Gold Coupon Notes, 1915.
$5,000 Lackawanna Steel Co. First Mtge. 5% Convertible Bds., 1923.
$3,000 Am. Telephone & Telegraph Co. Collateral Trust 4%, 1929.
$10,000 Chicago, Rock Island & Pac. R. R. Co. First and Refunding Mtge. 4% Bds., 1934.
$2,000 Chicago, Rock Island & Pac. R. R. Co. 4% Bds., 2002.
$5,000 Consolidated Stock City of New York 3% Reg. Dock Bond, 1924.
125 shs. American Linseed Co., common.
20 shs. Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., com.
20,000 shs. Concord Petroleum Co.

Eugene Lamb Richards, Trustee.
LADISLAUS W. SCHWENK, BANKRUPT.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Stock Certificates Nos. 105676/80, for 10 shares each, issued in the name of Bourke, Schiff & Co., of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company common stock have been lost in transit from London, England, to New York. Application having been made for the issuance of new certificates, all persons are warned against negotiating or attempting to transfer the above certificates.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
E. C. HEBBARD, Secretary.

Mississippi Glass Company 6 Per Cent. Bonds. Sinking Fund.

Pursuant to Article Six of the Deed of Trust made by the Mississippi Glass Company to the undersigned Trustees, under date of May 2, 1904, the Trustees will purchase $25,000 of bonds secured by said deed of trust. Sealed proposals for sale therefore must be in the hands of the Mississippi Valley Trust Company, St. Louis, Mo., on or before March 30th, 1915.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST COMPANY.
(Signed) JULIUS S. WALSH, Trustees.

The New York Central Railroad Co.
New York, March 9th, 1915.

Pursuant to order of Board of Directors, stockholders will have the right to subscribe on or before April 27th, 1915, for 6% Convertible Debenture Bonds at par to the extent of forty (40) per cent. of their holdings at 3 P. M. March 19th, 1915.

E. L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC.

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit of Central Trust Company of New York for Gold Bonds of 2002 of Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company; Warrants issued to Depositors on the surrender of said Certificates of Deposit:

Holders of warrants will be entitled, upon the terms thereof, upon the surrender of their respective warrants to Central Trust Company of New York, at its office, 54 Wall Street, New York City, to purchase at the rate of $10.42 for each share (of the par value of $100) Seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents ($17.25) of stock of The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company for each $1,000 bond of Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company in respect of which their warrants were issued.

Stock certificates will be issued in the name set forth in the warrant surrendered. Bearer scrip certificates of Central Trust Company of New York, transferable by delivery merely, will be issued for fractional interests in a share of stock. **Warrants must be surrendered and payments made in respect thereof not later than March 25, 1915, after which date the warrants become void. All payments must be made in current New York funds.**

In case of surrender of warrants otherwise than in person specific directions must be given in writing as to delivery of stock and scrip certificates, and all expenses incident to transmission in accordance with such directions must be paid in advance to Central Trust Company of New York, the Depositary.

All outstanding Certificates of Deposit must be surrendered and payment of $4.45 per $1,000 bond represented thereby must be made to Central Trust Company of New York on or before **March 25, 1915.** Failure to do so will result in the forfeiture by the holder of such certificate of deposit of all rights under the Plan and Agreement of October 1, 1914, **and of all interest in the deposited bonds represented by his certificate of deposit and in all of the pledged stock acquired by the Committee.**

Dated, New York, March 6, 1915.
JAMES N. WALLACE,
BERNARD M. BARUCH,
JAMES BROWN,
HENRY EVANS,
CHARLES HAYDEN,
FREDERICK STRAUSS,
JOLINE, LARKIN & RATHBONE,
CRAVATH & HENDERSON,
Counsel.
C. E. SIGLER, Secretary,
54 Wall Street, New York City.

TO THE HOLDERS OF NASSAU & SUFFOLK LIGHTING COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS and NASSAU & SUFFOLK LIGHTING COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD REGISTERED BONDS.

Notice is hereby given to the holders of the above bonds issued under date of May 17th, 1905, aggregating the sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars ($500,000), and secured by a mortgage or deed of trust executed by the Nassau & Suffolk Lighting Company to The Trust Company of America, now The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, under date of May 15, 1905, and recorded in the office of the Clerk of Nassau County, May 17th, 1905, in Liber 41 of Mortgages, at page 344, that pursuant to the terms of said mortgage the Board of Directors of said Company do hereby designate for redemption the whole of said issue of bonds, numbered 1 to 500 inclusive, aggregating Five Hundred Thousand Dollars ($500,000) face value, at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, successor trustee, No. 37 Wall Street, City of New York, on the 12th day of March, 1915. Upon presentation of said bonds with all unmatured coupons pertaining thereto at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, payment will be made on said date of the principal of said bonds with five per cent. premium, together with accrued interest to said 12th day of March, 1915, on which date interest thereon will cease.

By order of the Board of Directors.
Dated, Hempstead, N. Y., Feb. 5th, 1915.
GEORGE MAC DONALD, President.
JOSEPH MAC DONALD, Secretary.

IS THERE A BANKING or other institution, firm, individual or corporation in New York willing and able to make, underwrite or negotiate a short or long time loan of $25,000 on Company's note secured by first mortgage on Company's entire property or assets, consisting of finished products, lands (10 acres), buildings, machinery, equipment, accounts receivable, etc., of the value of more than $135,000?

The Company is an established, substantial and splendid industrial enterprise manufacturing an exclusive and staple product, with plant well located in a thriving Southern city with all water transportation to New York, and planning establishment headquarters of the Company in N. Y. City. Loan needed to refund current liabilities, and will be paid at maturity.

Would consider propositions for borrowing collateral or individual indorsements for whole amount or any part thereof that would be negotiatble at bank. Will pay liberal brokerage. Principals here with financial statement and full particulars at hand. Address "Immediate Attention." Suite 505, No. 331 Madison Av., N. Y. City.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.
NOTICE OF MEETING.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company in Anchorage, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, April 7, 1915, at twelve o'clock noon, standard time, for the following purposes, viz.:

1. To elect fifteen Directors.

2. To authorize, approve and consent to the purchase by the Company of the properties of the following companies, the capital stock of which is now owned by this Company, viz.:

The Coos Bay, Roseburg & Eastern Railroad & Navigation Company;
Corvallis & Eastern Railroad Company;
Pacific Railway & Navigation Company;
Portland, Eugene & Eastern Railway Company;
Salem, Falls City & Western Railway Company;
Willamette Pacific Railroad Company.

3. To transact all such other business as may legally come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company.

For the purposes of the meeting, the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday, March 8, 1915, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, April 8, 1915.

By order of the Board of Directors.
HUGH NEILL, Secretary.
Dated January 2, 1915.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION.
NOTICE OF TENTH ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

The Tenth Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Bethlehem Steel Corporation will be held at its principal office, No. 763 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey, on Tuesday, **April 6, 1915**, at 12 o'clock noon, for the following purposes: (1) to elect four Directors to serve for a term of three years; (2) to consider and vote upon the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors, Executive Committee, and officers of the Corporation since the Ninth Annual Meeting of its stockholders, held on April 7, 1914; and (3) to transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

The books for the transfer of shares of the capital stock of the Corporation, both preferred and common, will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, March 16, 1915, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, April 7, 1915.

B. H. JONES, Secretary.
Newark, New Jersey, March 3, 1915.

J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the J. I. CASE THRESHING MACHINE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company in Racine, Wisconsin, on Wednesday, April 7, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon.

For the purpose of the Meeting the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at 12 o'clock noon, on Saturday, March 27, 1915, and will reopen at 10 o'clock A. M. Thursday, April 8, 1915.

Dated Racine, Wisconsin, March 3, 1915.
RICHARD T. ROBINSON, Secretary.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad Co.

Stockholders' Protective Committee

To the Holders of the Preferred and Common Stock:

A substantial majority of the entire outstanding capital stock of this Company has been deposited with this Committee.

The Committee is taking all steps that it can for the protection of the Stockholders. It is vital to the Stockholders that the steps taken and to be taken by the Committee should succeed. Every share of stock deposited with the Committee enhances the ability and strengthens the power of this Committee to serve and conserve the interests of the Stockholders.

The Committee urges holders of Preferred and Common stock to deposit their stock immediately with the **EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY,** No. 65 Cedar Street, New York, the depositary under the Committee's Deposit Agreement, dated December 15, 1914.

The time for making such deposits has been extended to and including **MARCH 27, 1915.** After that date, no further deposits will be received except upon the decision of this Committee in each case whether or not to accept deposit of the stock and the amount of penalty to be attached to the deposit of the stock.

The Committee intends to take the necessary steps to have its Certificates of Deposit listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Dated, New York, March 10, 1915.

TRACY, CHAPMAN & WELLES, Toledo, O.
WOLLMAN & WOLLMAN, New York,
Counsel.
E. P. GOETZ, Secretary,
42 Broadway, New York.

JULES S. BACHE, Chairman.
WALTER S. CRANDELL,
EDMUND G. HAMERSLY,
COLGATE HOYT,
WALTER C. TAYLOR,
Protective Committee.

DIVIDENDS.

THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY COMPANY.
Notice of Interest Payment on Adjustment Mortgage Fifty-Year Five Per Cent. Income Gold Bonds.

Pursuant to resolution of its Board of Directors, duly adopted in accordance with the provisions of its Adjustment Income Mortgage, dated December 20, 1911, to United States Mortgage and Trust Company, Trustee, Third Avenue Railway Company will pay the semi-annual installment of interest amounting to **Two and One-Half (2½%) per cent., due April 1, 1915,** for the period of six months ended December 31, 1914, upon its Adjustment Mortgage Fifty-year Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, secured by the above-mentioned mortgage.

Such payment will be made on April 1, 1915, at the office of United States Mortgage and Trust Company, No. 55 Cedar Street, New York City, upon presentation and surrender of Coupon No. 5.

The transfer books for registered bonds will be closed at 12 o'clock noon on March 20, 1915, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on April 2, 1915.

Dated New York, March 9, 1915.
SHELTON E. MARTIN, Secretary.

American Woolen Company
Sixty-Fourth Quarterly Dividend

Notice is hereby given that the regular quarterly dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Capital Stock of the American Woolen Company of record March 19, 1915, will be paid on the 15th day of April, 1915.

Transfer books for Preferred Stock will be closed at the close of business March 19, 1915, and will be reopened April 2, 1915.

Checks will be mailed.

WM. H. DWELLY, JR., Treasurer.
Boston, Mass., March 9, 1915.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.
New York, March 3, 1915.
PREFERRED CAPITAL STOCK
DIVIDEND NO. 64.

A dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Thursday, April 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business Thursday, March 11, 1915.

Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

S. S. DeLANO, Treasurer.
WM. M. HAGER, Secretary.

THE NORTH AMERICAN COMPANY
30 Broad St., New York, Feb. 27, 1915.
DIVIDEND NUMBER FORTY-FOUR.

A quarterly dividend of ONE AND A QUARTER PER CENT., upon this Company's Capital Stock will be paid on April 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 18, 1915. The stock transfer books will not be closed. CHECKS will be mailed to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders at this office.

J. F. FOGARTY, Secretary.

OTIS ELEVATOR COMPANY,
26th St. & 11th Av., N. Y. C., March 10, 1915.

The Board of Directors of Otis Elevator Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share upon the Preferred Stock, and also a quarterly dividend of $1.25 per share upon the Common Stock of the Company, both payable at this office on April 15th, 1915, to the Preferred and Common Stockholders of record at the close of business on March 31st, 1915.

W. G. McCUNE, Treasurer.

NEW YORK TRANSIT COMPANY,
26 Broadway, New York, March 4, 1915.

A dividend of $4.00 per share has been declared on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable April 15, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 25, 1915.

All communications regarding payment or change of address should be sent to the undersigned not later than April 8, 1915.

GEORGE CHESEBRO, Secretary.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 4, 1915.

A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid April 1, 1915, to the registered holders of March 9, 1915. Transfer books will be closed on the 9th inst., and will be reopened March 15, 1915.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

AMERICAN CAN COMPANY.

A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1915, to Stockholders of record at the close of business March 17th, 1915. Transfer Books will remain open. Checks mailed.

R. H. ISMON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INTEROCEAN OIL COMPANY,
90 West St., New York.

The Board of Directors has, this day, declared a six months' dividend of Three and One-half Per Cent. (3½%) on the first preferred stock, payable April 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record March 20th, 1915.

GEO. W. S. WHITNEY, Secretary.
New York, Mch. 2nd, 1915.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Jackson Heights Building Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room 2,201, Number 110 West 40th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on Tuesday, the 16th day of March, 1915, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

(Signed) ELMER B. BROUARD, Secretary.
Dated March 2nd, 1915.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF
Combustion Utilities Company.

Notice is hereby given of a meeting of the stockholders of COMBUSTION UTILITIES COMPANY, to be held at the office of the corporation, No. 60 Wall Street, City of New York, New York, on the 25th day of March, 1915, at four o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that said corporation be forthwith dissolved.

Dated New York, February 20th, 1915.
PAUL R. JONES, Secretary.

To the Stockholders of El Carmen Copper Co.

Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors of this corporation not having been held on the day designated by the By-Laws, a meeting of the stockholders will be held for that purpose at the Company's office, 56 Pine Street, New York City, on the 18th day of March, 1915, at 2 P. M.

S. A. LEIGH, Secretary.
New York, March 4th, 1915.

A MEETING OF THE LOT OWNERS OF The Green-Wood Cemetery will be held at its office, No. 170 Broadway, New York, on Wednesday, March 17th, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the annual report of the Trustees.

ALFRED L. SEAVER, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.
New York, March 3, 1915.
COMMON CAPITAL STOCK
DIVIDEND NO. 50.

A dividend of One-Half Per Cent. (½%) on the Common Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Thursday, April 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business Thursday, March 11, 1915.

Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

S. S. DeLANO, Treasurer.
WM. M. HAGER, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL SALT COMPANY,
2 Rector Street.
New York, March 2, 1915.

A dividend of ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENT has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 15th, 1915, on which date the transfer books, at the office of the Transfer Agent, the Corporation Trust Company, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., will be closed until April 2d, 1915.

WILLIAM H. BARNARD, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS
THE CHICAGO JUNCTION RAILWAYS AND UNION STOCK YARDS COMPANY
First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Twenty-Year Real Estate Improvement Bonds
New York, March 12, 1915.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, successor to The Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee under the Mortgage and Deed of Trust of March 1, 1908, securing the issue of Three Million Dollars ($3,000,000) First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Twenty-Year Real Estate Improvement Bonds of The Chicago Junction Railways & Union Stock Yards Company, hereby invites proposals for the sale of as many of the bonds above described as can be purchased for the sum of Fifty-two Thousand, Three Hundred and Fifteen and 95-100 Dollars ($52,315.95) now in the Sinking Fund under said Mortgage and Deed of Trust. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of this company, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, March 15, 1915, when the same will be opened and bonds offered at the lowest price, (not exceeding 105 and accrued interest), to the extent necessary to exhaust said fund will be accepted in the order that proposals are received. All bonds accepted will be paid for upon delivery with interest accrued to March 16, 1915.

QUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, March 23, 1915, for Contract 123, for the construction of six concrete-stone and brick buildings at and near the Kensico reservoir, in the town of Mt. Pleasant, Westchester County, New York. The largest of the buildings is, approximately, 100 feet by 82 feet by 45 feet and the smallest 39 feet by 31 feet by 30 feet. The substructures or foundations of these buildings have been built and The City will furnish and erect the roof covers for the buildings.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars $10.) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars, apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE will be received by the Quartermaster General of the Army, Washington, D. C., until 2 o'clock P. M., Eastern time, April 7, 1915, for furnishing cordage, rope and twine for delivery during the fiscal year 1916 at depots of the Quartermaster Corps listed in schedule. Schedules furnished upon application to Quartermaster General, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., or by Depot Quartermaster, No. 39 Whitehall Street, New York City.

THE COLORADO FUEL AND IRON CO. invites proposals in writing, to be sent to the Metropolitan Trust Co., City of New York, on or before April 5, 1915, for the sale to it of forty (40) outstanding 6 per cent. bonds of The Colorado Fuel Co., due 1919. Such bonds to be delivered and paid for May 1, 1915, at the Metropolitan Trust Co., 49 Wall St., New York City.

Denver, Colo. Feb. 27, 1915.
A. D. MOSS, Asst. Treas.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE ROCK ISLAND NATIONAL BANK, located at Rock Island, in the State of Illinois, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

H. E. CASTEEL, President.
Dated at Rock Island, Illinois, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1915.

The Third National Bank of Jersey City located at Jersey City, in the State of New Jersey, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment. J. HENRY CASTENS, Cashier.
Dated, Jan. 18, 1915.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Wall Rope Works of New York, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office, on this 1st day of March, 1915, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City [Seal.] of Albany, this 1st day of March, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

THE WAR.

The "White Papers" of England and Germany, the "Orange Papers" of Russia, the "Gray Paper" of Belgium, the "Yellow Book" of France, the German statement on the way that war could have been avoided, and President Woodrow Wilson's neutrality appeal. Published in pamphlet form. 56 pages. Price 10 cents by mail. The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

LUMBER LIGHTERAGE RATES

Dealers Oppose Increase at Commerce Commission Hearing.

Wholesale and retail lumber dealers appeared before Examiner C. V. Burnside of the Interstate Commerce Commission, in the rooms of the Merchants' Association yesterday, and opposed a proposed increase of lighterage charges by trunk railroads. The witnesses said that present charges for transferring lumber from the railroad yards in Jersey City to points in Manhattan were already between 60 and 64 cents a ton more than for the same service to docks in Jersey City. An additional charge of 12 cents a ton, they contended, would drive business from New York to the Jersey shore.

John M. Bond, of the Barker-Bond Lumber Co., said 12 cents a ton would amount to about 15 cents a thousand feet. Such an added expense, he said, would increase his firm's costs from $15,000 to $18,000 a year. The 5 per cent. increase of railroad freight rates recently allowed on certain lines, the witness said, when added to the proposed increase of 12 cents a ton for handling lumber at this port would mean an increased cost of about 28 per cent. in getting lumber from point of shipment to New York, as compared with Jersey City. The consumer in this city would bear the load, said Mr. Bond.

Witnesses deplored the lack of track facilities for switching lumber about the city. The only facilities of the sort offered by the trunk lines, they said, were at the Pennsylvania Station and everywhere else lumber from the yards in New Jersey had to be conveyed by water to its destination. It was said that shipments received here from certain of the roads by means of canal boats arrived in bad condition, occasional transfers being made with the lumber under water in the holds of the boats. Objection was also made to the custom followed by some of the roads in delivering cargo alongside private docks and leaving the unloading to the consignee.

Merchandise Auctioneers

whose announcements of sales appear on the Business Page of The New York Times:

DAVID W. BIOW & CO., 520-522 BROADWAY.

Special Sales Salvage Merchandise Only. LEOPOLD GANS CO., 46-50 Wooster St.

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer of high-class merchandise. 15 Mercer St. Tel. Spring 4299

HARRY M. MOSES, Auctioneer & Appraiser, 189 Broadway. Cortlandt 1233.

Sam. H. Richmond, Inc., Auct. & Com. Mer. Cash advanced on mdse. 27 Greene. Sp. 889.

Chas. Shongood, Auctioneer, 539 Broadway, will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000

Van Praag & Co., 15-17 Greene, largest cash buyers: mdse., fixtures, machinery. Sp. 1056.

Michael M. Weisz buys all kinds mdse., machinery, fixtures. 7 Lispenard. 2847 Frank.

HENRY LILLY CO., 88-90 Reade St. Trade Sales of Shoes Every Wed. & Fri.

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, AUCTIONEER.

By order of the Administrators of the Estate of Daniel Rosendorf, deceased, and by order of SAMUEL ROSENDORF, as surviving member of the firm of Rosendorf & Co., I will sell at public auction upon the premises No. 545 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan Borough, on March 19, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., all the stock-in-trade consisting of hosiery, underwear, knit goods, and similar commodities; also the fixtures and safe, and the good will of said business, and also all outstanding accounts of said business.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer,
539 Broadway, New York City,
Manhattan Borough.

KANTROWITZ & ESBERG, Attorneys for Samuel Rosendorf, and for administrators of Estate of Daniel Rosendorf, deceased, 320 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan Borough.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Auto Supplies
HARDWARE, TRUCK TIRES, FIXTURES.
CHAS. SHONGOOD, Auct'r,
Sells Monday, March 15, 10:30 A. M., at
58-60 W. 65th St., N.Y.
BANKRUPT STOCK OF
Mutual Auto Accessories Co.,
One of the oldest and best-known Supply Houses in this business.
Inspection Every Day From 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

MORTGAGE SALE.
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers, will sell
Today, Thursday, March 11th, 1915,
at 11:00 A. M., on premises,
156 BERRIMAN ST., Brooklyn, N. Y.
JACOB FISHER, Mortgagee.
EMBROIDERY PLANT,

Comprising Beninger Swiss Embr'y Machine, with frames 4½ yds.; Zurich Swiss Embr'y Machine, with frames 4½ yds.; Saconia Swiss Embr'y Machine, 5 yd., with frames; one Shuttle Machine, Bearing No. 5499; one Shuttle Machine, Bearing No. 6636.

☞ HOW TO GET THERE:

From Brooklyn Bridge take City Line L to Montauk Ave. Station. From Williamsburgh Bridge take Broadway L and change at Eastern Parkway for City Line L to Montauk Ave. Station.

Bankrupt Stock
$10,000 Worth Auto Tires
CHAS. SHONGOOD, Auctioneer,
Sells Monday, March 15, 1 P. M.,
60 West 65th St., N. Y.,
STOCK OF NEW TIRES AND PARTS
Suitable for Trucks and Pleasure Cars
In Lots to the Trade.

Elaborate and Beautiful Gents' Furnishing
FIXTURES
of the McAlpin Shop.
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auct'rs, will sell Tomorrow, Friday, Mar. 12th, at 10:30 A. M., on premises, 88 Fulton St., N. Y. C.

15 Silent Salesman Cases, electric lighted; 1 Vest Case costing $300, National Cash Register, Floor Cabinet No. 92,845, costing $625; 4 outside Showcases, 2 Umbrella Cases, 1,000 Display Stands, Mahogany Portable Shelving, Revolving Hat Cases, etc.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers,
Will Sell Tomorrow (Fri.) at 10:30 A.M.,
AT OUR SALESROOMS
15 & 17 GREENE ST. NEAR CANAL ST.
A LARGE IMPORTANT SALE OF 500 ANTIQUE AND MODERN CHINESE AND PERSIAN
RUGS & CARPETS
By order of a large Importer.
Such as Kurdistan, Beloochistan, Royal Kermanshah, Persian Sarak, Mosul, Serebend, Cashmere, Meshed, Camel's Hair, Melez, Bokhara and many others in all sizes.

A most elegant array of Chinese and Persian Rugs and Carpets of the most expensive kinds.

AUCTIONEERS' TEL., 1056—SPRING.

The Old Galleries 43 LIBERTY STREET.
Important Sale by Auction
This Day at 2 P. M.
and following days at same hour.
Household Furniture
Rugs, Paintings, Etc., in great variety.
Mr. C. Beauclerc Clarke,
AUCTIONEER. Tel. JOHN 3033.

JEWELRY.

WHOLESALE JOBBER'S STOCK
SOLID GOLD STAPLE JEWELRY
SAMUEL MARX, Auctioneer,
Sells Thursday, March 11th, 1915,
at 10:30 A. M., on premises,
35 MAIDEN LANE, 3rd Floor, Room 21,
(No flag displayed),

A large, desirable stock of above, consisting of Cuff Buttons, Studs, Fobs, Charms, Bar Pins, Pin Sets, Hat Pins, Cuff Pins, Brooches, Lockets, Pendants, Scarf Pins, Tie Clips, &c. All solid gold, in large lots, strictly without reserve.

Auctioneer's Office, Woolworth Bldg., Suite 2120-2126. Tel. 6911-6912 Barclay.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

45 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

The New York Times:
It appeared to us that the whole of New York responded to our two-line advertisement in the "Buyers' Wants" column on the Business Page of THE NEW YORK TIMES of Friday, when we offered for delivery 500 pieces of Shantung. One hour after we opened this morning we had disposed of the entire lot, two dozen merchants calling personally in an effort to secure the goods advertised.

At an expenditure of 90 cents we "turned over" $3,000.00 worth of merchandise, for which quick and profitable result we want to thank your Business Page.

(Signed) Chelsea Waist Company,
152 W. 25th St.

AN OPEN LETTER TO EVERYBODY.
Gentlemen: We want to buy for cash 1,000,000 pounds of old books and old records to be ground into paper pulp. What quantity have you to offer? See or telephone our Mr. Gatto, Main Paper Stock Co., 25-31 Peck Slip.

Suits.—Ladies' and misses', of Gamson & Co., (Philadelphia,) are displayed at the World's Market Corporation, 28-30 West 23d St., New York City; suits, $9.50 to $13.50.

E. DEUTSCH, 23 West 32d St., New York, are now showing a full line of the newest ideas in dresses at their showrooms, and also at the WORLD'S MARKET CORPORATION, 28-30 West 23d St.

READY TO WEAR MANUFACTURERS — We purchase for cash all unmanufactured materials, silks, cottons, woolens, laces, embroidery, trimmings, &c.; all materials you will not use, any quantity. M 34 Times.

WANTED FOR SPECIAL SALES.
Ladies', misses', and children's silk and cotton dresses, suits, waists, underwear, hosiery, sweaters, or fancy goods under regular price; jobs for cash. A 72 Times Annex.

WAISTS WANTED.
The Bailey Company, Cleveland, Ohio, is open for jobs of silk and cotton waists. Call, with samples, 71 West 23d St.

JOBBING TRADE. M. M. Kirschenbaum & Brother, Baltimore; best-made pile and cloth coats. Showing Room 300, Broadway Central Hotel.

Cloak Salesman, catering to jobbers, catalogue houses and large retailers, desires connection with reliable house. M 11 Times.

JOBS in waists and petticoats to close out cheap. New York Silk Garment Company, Room 1,403, 1,133 Broadway.

JOBBER is open for better priced wash dresses, placing quantity orders. 130 West 29th St., 1st floor.

Jobber is open for better priced wash dresses and skirts. Call all week, 5th floor, 127 West 17th St.

CONTRACTORS on cotton dresses call with samples afternoons all week, fifth floor, 65 Bleecker St.

Waist contractors wanted; only those with own samples need apply. Box X 261, Times Annex.

Will buy for cash striped silk and crepe de chine materials, any quantity. Call Chelsea 2674.

Fellows, resident buyer, 31 Union Sq., wants jobs, all kinds, merchandise; spot cash.

CASH FOR JOBS ladies', misses' wearing apparel. Gross, 29 Greene St. Spring 886.

Jobber looking at cotton dresses from $2.50 to $10. 49-51 West 24th, 6th floor.

FIFTEEN PIECES of satin duchess to close out, all colors. M 175 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3½@4 per cent. for the best names
Tuesday....3½@4 " " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

⁂

A Record for Exports.

Exports reached a new high-water mark at this port yesterday, when the day's shipments recorded at the Custom House totaled $10,500,000. According to the customs officials, yesterday's outbound movement was the biggest single day's business ever recorded at the Custom House. Since the present year began there have occasionally been days when the exports ranged between $5,000,000 and $6,000,000. Yesterday's high record is taken to mean that American manufacturers and others receiving war orders from the Allies are now making full and rapid deliveries of foodstuffs, arms, ammunition, automobiles, clothing, hospital, and other supplies.

⁂

Silversmiths Are Optimistic.

While the Lenten season is causing a slowing up in demand, the leading silversmiths in the Maiden Lane district were optimistic enough yesterday concerning the business to come forward after Easter. This applied to manufacturers of plated ware as well as the sterling smiths. Prices are firm, and collections are said to be good considering the general condition of affairs. One of the concerns conducting a retail department said that this branch of the business showed a small gain over last year since the beginning of the month. Manufacturers of gold jewelry also find things quiet, but they, too, are looking ahead to better business after Easter in view of the improvement reported in general business.

⁂

Getting Wash Dresses Together.

Some very attractive lines of wash dresses are now being assembled by members of the local cutting-up trade. Black and white effects are being looked on with favor by the manufacturers, both in striped and figured goods. In the latter, floral effects predominate. Beach cloths in the sand and putty shades are being made up also, as are cotton gabardines. The skirts of the dresses now being shown are full, and the manufacturers are evidently trying to get this fullness without producing a bulky effect at the hips. One neat model that was shown to a TIMES reporter yesterday had a front and back apron effect of a material which contrasted with the fabric in the body of the skirt. Long sleeves predominate.

⁂

Business on Fine Dress Goods.

There does not seem to be much to back up the contention that fine domestic dress goods should sell any better as a result of shutting off importations. Those who sell such goods report that the demand has been a normal one, without any of the changes it was though might occur. In certain instances the inability of the cutters-up to get deliveries of foreign fabrics has proved to the advantage of the domestic producers, but these are only isolated cases. There seems every reason to believe that the inroads which the foreign manufacturers made into this class of business with the lowering of the tariff was considerably exaggerated, as the absolutely prohibitive wall opposed to imports by the war has not brought about any startling change in the situation.

⁂

Garment Men Got "Stung."

Because of the lax credit methods of certain ready-to-wear houses in this city, several of them stand to lose tidy sums as the result of a recent visit to this market of a "buyer" from up-State. This man represented himself as buyer for a concern that did not exist, but despite this fact several houses here took his orders and shipped goods to the address he gave. Letters containing invoices for the garments, which were sent to the same address in due time, were returned to the senders, and investigation showed that the merchandise had been received by the "buyer" and reshipped to another city. In all, about $5,000 worth of goods was obtained in this way. The "buyer" has been apprehended and a good part of the merchandise recovered, but practically all of the firms that got "stung" will have something to charge up to profit and loss and to experience.

⁂

Bulk of Contract Let Abroad.

The bulk of the contract for uniform cloth to supply the Belgians, it was learned yesterday, was placed abroad. The domestic mills obtained only a very small share of the work, which comprises enough cloth to make up 600,000 outfits. The announcement that the contract had been given out, however, has infused new spirit into the mills that are figuring on goods for the various Governments. It indicated that business of this nature has not been concluded and that there is every probability that further contracts will be let in the near future. Over a million yards of cloth a month are needed by the French alone, it is said, and the only objection standing in the way of negotiations is the price. The stand which some of the mills are taking is that they can afford to slight specifications as far as the number of picks and ends is concerned, as long as the strength test is fulfilled.

⁂

Protest Against Split Tickets.

The Southern Travelers' Association has written a letter of protest to the Interstate Commerce Commission on the split ticket regulation issued by the Trunk Line Association. The travelers' organization, which is composed of upward of 500 salesmen, most of whom travel in territory south of Washington, takes the stand that the regulation is unreasonable because it works great hardship for its members, who must purchase through tickets if they desire to make Pullman reservation and check their baggage through from New York. It prevents the use of mileage tickets south of Washington to destination. It thus becomes necessary for the traveler, it is pointed out, in order to insure the prompt transportation of baggage, to purchase a through ticket or to leave New York at least an hour earlier, or in some cases two hours earlier, than the scheduled departure of the through train, in order to attend to rechecking of baggage at Washington.

⁂

Gray Goods Were Quiet.

Activity was lacking in the gray goods market yesterday. There was not much demand for printcloths, sheetings, drills, or fine-yarn goods. About all the demand there was was at prices which the mills did not want to take. On 39-inch 80 squares the mills were asking 5 11-16 to 5¾ cents for spots, while 5⅞ to 6 cents was asked for contracts. Bids of 5⅝ cents have been made for both deliveries. A bid of 5 cents for 72-76s, for delivery during April and May was refused, as was a bid of 3¼ cents for 38½-inch 60-52s for delivery next month. Bids of 3 5-16 cents for the same goods and same delivery have also been declined. Four cents is asked for 38½-inch 64 squares for delivery during the next six weeks, with buyers bidding 3⅞ cents. For spot 64-60s the mills are asking 3 13-16 cents, with April goods held a sixteenth higher. Bids of 3⅝ cents for 64-56s for March and April shipment have been refused. The day's spot prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s....5⅝c
39-inch, 72-76s....5c
39-inch, 68-72s....4⅜c
38½-inch, 64-64s...3⅞c
38½-inch, 64-60s...3¾c
38½-inch, 64-56s...3⅝c
38½-inch, 60-52s...3 1-16c
38½-inch, 60-48s...3 1-16c
27-inch, 64-60s....2⅝c
27-inch, 56-52s....2¼c

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Cases Decided Under the Glass Schedule of the Old Tariff.

In sustaining protests by the C. Wildermann Company the Board of General Appraisers yesterday held that sanctuary lamps used in Catholic churches are not dutiable under the tariff laws as articles of colored or blown glass, but are to be admitted as manufactures in chief value of metal. The specific case before the board arose under the Act of 1909, but the decision will probably be applied to similar imports coming in under the present act. Judge Sullivan remarked that the metal portion of the lamp would be useless without the glass, and vice versa. The decision holds that the lamps are entireties and disagrees with Appraiser Sague that the articles should pay as blown glass. The Collector was reversed in his assessment of 60 per cent. ad valorem, and directed to admit the lamps at 45 per cent. ad valorem under the metal schedule.

Williams, Brown & Earle, Philadelphia, lost in claims relating to the classification of pipettes and counting chambers imported under the old law. They were returned for duty at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem as blown and etched glassware. The board decided that the claim for a customs tax of 45 per cent. under Paragraph 109 as manufactures of glass is not well taken.

A. Wolff & Co. were sustained in a contention that small electric light bulbs are properly dutiable at 45 per cent. under the old tariff as glass manufactures. The Collector's action in returning the goods at 60 per cent. under the blown glassware provision was reversed

Soy Kee & Co. imported glass bracelets under the Act of 1897, which were returned at 60 per cent. as colored glass. They were claimed properly dutiable at 45 per cent. as glass manufactures, or at 35 per cent. as toys. At the hearing the firm submitted the case on the record. Judge Sullivan says there is nothing to aid the protestants in the record. He held that they have not proved their contention, and while not agreeing with the Collector's classification, for the reason that bracelets have been held to be jewelry dutiable at the same rate as that at which this merchandise was assessed, the rate in the present case will not be disturbed.

The Strobel & Wilken Company, Philadelphia, were overruled in claims that lamp chimneys made of blown glass are "toys" because they are suitable for use on magic lanterns used for the amusement of children. They were imported under the Act of 1909 and taxed 60 per cent., while the claim was for a rate of 35 per cent. In denying the claim Judge Sullivan says the testimony is insufficient to prove that the chimneys in question are "reasonably fitted for no other purpose than the amusement of children only."

In overruling the American Bead Company the board held that children's bracelets cannot be regarded as "toys" under the tariff laws since they are worn as articles of adornment. They were assessed at 60 per cent. ad valorem under the Act of 1909 as beaded articles, and claimed dutiable at 35 per cent. The decision says that while the Collector should have classified the articles as jewelry, the rate taken being the same as that for jewelry, the assessment will stand.

ARE YOU A BUSY BUSINESS MAN?
THE BIG STATIONERY STORE
has over 25 experienced salesmen and an enormous stock to take care of your wants, efficiently, quickly, and to your perfect satisfaction.
Our low prices save you money.
Our quick service saves you time.
BIG VALUE
Blotters (White)
25 CENTS PER GROSS
Size 4x9½.
Excellent absorbent qualities—the kind you pay 50 cts. for elsewhere.
DATING STAMP
Made of the best quality rubber. Has revolving bands that move with perfect ease and certainty.
DATES ARE COMPLETE FOR SEVEN YEARS.
Other stationers ask from 10c to 15c for same dater.
5c
GOLDSMITH BROS.
Manufacturing Stationers & Printers.
77 Nassau St. Between John & Fulton Sts.
"We Retail at Wholesale Prices."
Our Advertised Prices Are Permanent
—you can buy our advertised articles from us any time at the same low prices.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY—John G. Myers Co.; R. M. Rich, dress trimmings; 220 5th Av.; St. Denis.
ATLANTA—Olsen Co.; B. Olsen, silk dresses, waists, skirts; 15 E. 26th.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; W. A. Applefaite, hosiery, underwear; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; W. J. Bigler, W. F. Coggins, notions; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. G. Frazier, laces, embroideries, neckwear; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Miller Clothing Co.; L. M. Miller, clothing, furn. goods; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—N. Sallad, clothing, furn. goods; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, silks; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; H. L. McLanahan, hats; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—E. Eisenberg; J. H. Brewer, hosiery, hdkfs.; Broztell.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss J. Canty, waists, muslin underwear, sweaters; Miss K. Desmond, ladies', misses' suits, skirts, petticoats; Miss A. M. Doyle, children's wear; Miss B. Garner, ladies', misses' coats, skirts; Miss D. Killeen, women's wear; 15 E. 26th.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Mrs. E. M. Lewis, art goods, yarns; Prince George. Miss E. Hubach, representing; Prince George. Miss F. A. Hahn, women's waists, knit goods; Knickerbocker T. N. Wilson, cloaks, suits; W. J. Hillard, laces, embroideries, neckwear, veilings; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; F. Kay, mdse. mgr.; Mr. Lowenberg, men's, boys' clothing; Miss Finn, coast, suits; 31 Union Sq.
BOSTON—Smith, Dives & Rubin Co.; J. Rubin, women's ready-to-wear; Van Cortland.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Haughey, ladies' suits; Miss Jones, negliges, kimonos. Basement buyer: Mr. Schroeder, muslin underwear, kimonos, negliges; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—A. Gainsborg & Co.; A. Gainsborg, cothing, furn. goods; Aberdeen.
BOSTON—J. Cohen, clothing, furn. goods; York.
BOSTON—Flanders; J. A. Scott, ladies' furn. goods; Breslin.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; H. B. Scates, shoes; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Shepard-Norwell Co.; T. Stewart, notions, leather goods; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—Atlas Manufacturing Co.; I. Libowitch, cloaks, suits; Breslin.
BOSTON—E. Goldman & Co.; E. Goldman, duck clothing; Breslin.
BOWLING GREEN, Ky.—J. E. Burch, clothing, millinery; Broadway Central.
BRESLIN—Kippe & Waite; G. Waite, neckwear; Broztell.
BUFFALO—W. Hengerer Co.; E. W. Turner, dry goods; 18 W. 35th.
BURLINGTON, Iowa—J. S. Schramm Co.; F. E. Schramm, notions, furn. goods; Breslin.
CHICAGO—Sears-Roebuck & Co.; F. O. Perry, dresses; A. Strauss, ladies', misses' suits, dresses, skirts; G. Alexander, lace; 438 Bwy.
CHICAGO—The Fair; R. B. Snyder, muslin underwear, corsets, petticoats, infants' wear; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; A. C. Berwanger, women's cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Boston Store; Miss Feldman, women's cloaks, suits, dresses, children's dresses; 44 E. 23d.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; George Weinreich, laces; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Chas. A. Stevens & Co.; A. H. Winkler, waists, petticoats; 40 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. S. Ritchie, men's boys' clothing; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—The Fair; J. Isba, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Hillmans; M. H. Dreyer, men's, boys' clothing; 116 West 32d.
CHICAGO—Siegel Cooper & Co.; A. R. Mathews, silks, velvets; 15 E. 22d.
CINCINNATI—G. W. McAlpin Co.; E. K. Denton, cloaks, suits, waists, fur garments; 214 Church; McAlpin.
CLEVELAND—Halle Brothers Co.; Miss K. Loveman, stationery; 220 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss H. Tyroler, jobs waists; 71 W. 23d.
CLEVELAND—Kahn Bros. & Co.; R. H. Kahn, clothing; 69 5th Av.
COLUMBUS—Columbus D. G. Co.; E. R. Graves, general mdse.; Breslin.
DALLAS—Higginbotham-Bailey-Logan Co.; A. E. Aaron, dress goods, silks; 43 Leonard.
DAYTON—L. Traxler Co.; W. K. Sutton, housefurn. goods; china, toys, groceries; 116 W. 32d.
DES MOINES—"Carley's"; W. Carley, waists, skirts; 15 E. 26th.
DETROIT.—Crowley-Milner Co.; Miss O. Kirscher, jewelry, leather goods; 20 W. 22d.
DETROIT—Crowley, Milner Co.; Miss E. Miller, waists; 20 W. 22d.
DUBUQUE—Roshek Bros. Co.; J. J. Roshek, piece goods; 1,133 B'way.
DUBUQUE—Miss K. Sullivan, millinery; Marlborough.
EL PASO—H. Rosenberg, ready to wear; Marlborough.
ERIE, Penn.—Trask, Prescott & Richardson Co.; F. L. Streuber, laces, neckwear; 320 Church.
FITCHBURG—Eaton & Whipple; W. H. Eaton, W. E. Whipple, china; Albert.
HARTFORD—Brown, Thompson & Co.; F. W. Pass, ribbons, laces, neckwear; 2 Walker; Wallick's.
HARTFORD—Wise, Smith & Co.; G. W. Hoagland, house furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.
HARTFORD—Brown, Thompson & Co.; Mr. Morris, furnishing goods; 2 Walker.
INDIANAPOLIS—W. V. Hargrave & Co.; W. V. Hargrave, coats; Strand.
INDIANAPOLIS—Kohn's Department Store; L. Kohn, dry goods; Claridge.
ITHACA—B. Seaman, clothing, furn. goods; Breslin.
KANSAS CITY—Klein Cloak & Suit Co.; Miss A. Clancy, juniors' silk dresses; 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES—J. M. Hale Co.; F. J. Rensberger, hosiery, knit underwear, infants', children's wear; 50 Union Square; Longacre.
LOWELL—L. R. Wilson Co.; L. R. Wilson, wall paper; Breslin.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; W. W. Daniels, domestics; D. D. Vanderwater, dry goods; 75 Spring.
MINNEAPOLIS—Western Realization Co.; M. C. Monheimer, jobs, suits, coats, dresses, waists, petticoats; 11 W. 25th.
MONTREAL—H. Morgan & Co.; W. D. Miller, stationery; Breslin.
NEW HAVEN—Edward, Malley, Co.; Miss K. Davis, books; J. J. O'Neill, linens; 320 Church.
NEW HAVEN—Strouse, Ullman & Co.; I. M. Ullman, corsets; 45 East 17th.
NORRISTOWN—H. C. Warner, dry goods; 116 W. 32d; York.
OGDENSBURG—Seaman & Mandigo; G. M. Mandigo, notions, furn. goods; Markwell.
PHILADELPHIA—Waldman, Fastman & Co.; H. Waldman, mattings; Marlborough.
PHILADELPHIA—H. & W. Lewis; H. Lewis, dry goods; York.
PHILADELPHIA—Smith & Hartnett; F. E. Smith, millinery; Strand.
PHILADELPHIA—H. Holmes & Sons; A. Holmes, carpets; Marie Antoinette.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; L. Powers, furn. goods; 200 5th Av.
PORTLAND, Me.—Leo H. Sire, serge dresses, house dresses; 1,270 Broadway, Room 901.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; H. Eisenberg, notions, laces, leather goods; 2 Walker.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; B. W. Arnold, hosiery; 2 Walker.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; R. G. Powers, books; C. D. Ottman, notions, leather, fancy goods; 432 4th Av.
ROCHESTER—R. Goldstein & Co.; L. Goldstein, clothing; Broadway Central.
ROME, N. Y.—F. E. Bacon Co.; W. L. Sexton, rugs; 315 4th Av.; Grand.
SALEM, Mass.—Almy, Bigelow & Washburn; Miss Henderson, representing; 2 Walker.
SAN FRANCISCO—California Notion & Toy Co.; J. Feigenbaum, notions, toys; W. H. Mitchell, holiday, sporting goods; 61 West 23d.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; F. J. Harper, rugs, furniture, art goods; 15 E. 26th.
SARATOGA SPRINGS—E. D. Starbuck & Co.; G. D. Carr, dry goods; 185 Grand.
SCRANTON—Scranton D. G. Co.; I. E. Oppenheim, H. D. Ehrlich, ladies' garments; 72 Madison Av.
SCRANTON—Penn Waist Co.; S. Levy, Jap. silks; 1,133 Broadway.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Dickieson & Co.; A. E. Dickieson, ready-to-wear, notions, hosiery, gloves; Longacre.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Striger Co.; F. M. Fenton, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
STAUNTON, Va.—W. H. Wells; D. E. Euritt, dry goods; Grand.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Co.; Mrs. O. M. Thornton, waists; 71 West 23d; Wellington.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; R. L. Blumenthal, laces, neckwear, embroideries; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; S. A. Dobiner, furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 470 4th Av.
ST. PAUL—Field, Schlick & Co.; J. G. Morrisey, cloaks, suits; 31 Union Square.
SYRACUSE—Waldorf Mfg. Co.; Miss M. M. Stack, waists, dresses, petticoats; 37 W. 28th.
SYRACUSE—L. A. Witherill; Miss N. A. Bemis, children's wear; Breslin.
SYRACUSE—Central City Crockery Co.; L. E. Nelson, crockery; Grand.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; E. Spanier, boys' clothing; J. H. Hobson, upholstery goods; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—King's Palace; Miss M. Kinder, ready-to-wear, infants' wear, muslin underwear; Cumberland.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; F. E. Woodward, books; J. O. Mogul, furniture, rugs; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—Lansburgh & Bro.; H. Lansburgh, cloaks, suits, waists; Woodward.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; H. J. Sanger, flannels; 15 W. 26th; Grand.
WATERBURY—Reid & Hughes D. G. Co.; A. S. Lyall, laces, hosiery, gloves; 75 Spring.
WATERTOWN—A. Bushnell & Co.; A. S. Carter, china; W. A. Simonet, carpets; Imperial.
WESTERLY, R. I.—P. H. Opie Co.; Mrs. C. W. Miller, millinery; Park Av.
WORCESTER—M. Weiner & Co.; Morris Weiner, jobs trousers; Albert.

Exports for Civilian Use.

An interesting development of the export business, as viewed from the standpoint of domestic piece goods, is the report made by one house that a large quantity of goods has been shipped to England for civilian purposes. The order came through an agent who represents this house in London. He obtained sample swatches after the war had started and soon began to book orders. The shipments so far have amounted close to 30,000 yards, it is said, and the majority of the goods consisted of overcoatings.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

LOUIS SALZMAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Louis Salzman, cloaks and suits, 14 Avenue B, by Morris Israel, $285; Abraham Shapiro, $177, and Benjamin E. Weissman, $66.

ABRAHAM SAMUELS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Abraham Samuels, clothing and hair goods, 46 Walker Street, by Weintraub & Kaufman, $500; J. Halle & Brothers, $400, and Harry Frankel, $300. He assigned on Tuesday.

WILTON G. MARTIN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Wilton G. Martin, bookseller, 66 West 38th Street, as J. W. Schermerhorn & Co., by Carrie O. Gildersleeve, $2,350 money loaned; Cox Book Co., $6, and Anna L. Loland, $36. He made an assignment on Feb. 27. Liabilities are $5,000 and assets $750.

NATHAN BARNETT.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Nathan Barnett, custom peddler, 39 East Broadway, by Evedon & Son, $32; A. I. Tamor, $201, and Gellman Brothers, $93.

IKE VEGDORCHIK, butcher, 340 Madison Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $6,405 and no assets.

MAISON BERNARD, INC., millinery, 330 Fifth Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities $144,669 and assets $36,234.

BUCHHALTER & WEISSMAN, infants' headwear, 18 University Place, have filed schedules showing liabilities $1,872 and assets $1,610.

WILLIAM S. ABRAMS, shades and awnings, 243 West 125th Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $2,352 and assets of $407.

JOHN KLOTZ, baker, 2,093 Third Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $3,496 and assets of $580.

JACOBS & TARNOW.—Schedules of Jacobs & Tarnow, jewelers, at 49 Maiden Lane, show liabilities of $6,805 and no assets.

ROSALIE JOEL, manufacturer of flags, formerly at 63 Nassau Street, discharged from bankruptcy.

MATTEO RAO, liquors and food products, 445 East Thirteenth Street, discharged from bankruptcy.

RASHKIN & LINDENBAUM, furniture dealers, 310 East Houston Street, discharged from bankruptcy.

GOODMAN LEVINE.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on March 6 against Goodman Levine, furniture dealer at 1,159 Second Avenue, on a settlement at 25 cents on the dollar, cash.

E. G. KOEGLER & CO.—Emma G. Koegler and Mary M. Rooney, composing the firm of E. G. Koegler & Co., cloaks and suits, 31 East Thirty-second Street, have assigned to David Aaron.

ARTHUR L. BRAUS, cloaks and suits, 7 East Thirteenth Street, has assigned to John E. Joyce.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Arthur, Daniel V.—Jeanette Co., $331.
Same—Same, $525.
Arenkay Amusement Co., Inc., Morris Rose, and John B. Keit—H. Beloyger, $220.
Allesor Co., Inc.—Burchsteiner et al., $425.
Ambrosio, Valentine—National Fertilizer Co., $256.
Berlin, David J.—E. D. Murphy et al., $910.
Birnbaum, Wolf—J. Elfenbein, $188.
Bitzik, Meyer and Nathan—J. Weissman et al., $2,099.
Baum, Harvey A.—N. Y. Central R. R. Co., $146.
Blumenstock, Anna and Samuel—J. Heim, $121.
Behrens, Frank G. and Mary L.—E. Schlesstein, $1,269.
Bendheinn, Henry M. and Carrie W.—W. W. Crawford et al., $7,594.
Brigenti, Micheli—F. Trezza, $1,829.
Cocroft, Samuel—W. B. McNiece, $143.
Clarke & Lorentowicz Co.—Kerr Tribune Co., $475.
Casselberry, Jacob R.—H. Holfeld, $964.
Carroll, Albert V.—Bigelow Varnish Co., $139.
Chamberlain, Ethelyn—Louisville Realty Co., $151.
Christie, Jennie J.—E. N. Patterson, $187.
Cutler, Jennie—S. Weisenburger et al., $158.
Collins, Harry—S. Briskman et al., $907.
Crabtree, John H.—A. Cohen, $238.
Demarest, Elizabeth A.—Locust Farms Co., $416.
De Sabla, Theodore J.—L. F. Chapman, $902.
Diekroger, Fred.—E. Sternberger et al., $905.
Davidson, Julius, and Israel Berkewitz—Wiegand & Co., $151.
Equitable Surety Co.—P. H. Newman, $2,254.
Finkelstein, Harris—N. Y. Butchers' Dressed Meat Co., $239.
Frindel, Benjamin, et al.—H. Averbuck, $536.
Gordon, Gallagher Co.—J. A. Beha, $316.
Goldman, Abraham—J. H. Seniel et al., $655.
Gallen, Feurie M.—B. Fagopian, $105.
Geiger, G. Jayson—S. L. Southard, $384.
Gaffney, Esther F.—American Real Estate Co., $469.
Ganlym, John B.—Seneca Distributing Co., $922.
Goldstein, David—A. Gross, $309.
Greenberg, Max D.—N. Y. Title Ins. Co., $582.
Same—Chelsea Realty Co., $1,140.
Grimes, Robert H.—I. Briggs, $272.
Gatsos, George—J. M. O'Neill et al., $112.
Glasgol, Josef and Rose—H. W. Gordon, $112.
Harvey, Chas. E.—N. Espenscheid, $293.
Handelman, Louis M.—John C. Allen & Sons, $276.
Hopkins, Louis L., Henry L. Morean, Emily L. Laird, and Samuel E. Laird—People's Bank of Buffalo, $232.
Kramer, Charles, and Joseph Schwartz—J. F. Boyle, $266.
Kraise, Oscar O.—General Baking Co., $155.
Kuntze, Charles—J. F. Meehan, costs, $107.
Kramer, Charles—J. F. Boyle Co., $175.
Katz, Benjamin, and Alfred Keve—National Nassau Bank of N. Y., $381.
London Theatre Co., Inc.—J. Brunton, $428.
Same—I. N. Burdick, Inc., $527.
Lumber Ins. Co. of N. Y.—I. Blumberg, $971.
Laegen, Henry—V. Stoller et al., $104.
L. & S. Realty Co.—H. Steinberg, $115.
L'Hommdieu, Howard—M. Goodman et al., $108.
Locke, Ernest—W. E. D. Stokes, $1,583.
Miller, Israel—M. Zinn et al., $1,070.
Mason, Seaman Transportation Co.—N. Y. Polyclynic Medical School and Hospital, $1,643.
M. J. & M. Blake—Richardson & Boynton Co., $218.
Matzger, Felix—N. Durham, $700.
Matthews, Christopher A.—Weydig Henkelman Piano Mfg. Co., Inc., $175.
Maruchese, Boris—I. Loew, $111.
Megibow, David—C. Richman, $372.83.
Milch, Samuel—National Nassau Bank of N. Y., $1,442.
Nenner, Abraham—M. J. Myers Co., $201.36.
N. Y. Railways Co.—M. O'Connir, $500.
Nathan Lafayette—E. M. Opper, $1,275.98.
N. Y. and Brooklyn Paper Co.—S. Maniscalco, $274.
Pearse, Chas. A.—North N. J. Trust Co., $372.
Pluemacher, Chas. F.—J. A. Bolles, $177.31.
Popp, Joseph—J. H. Meyer, $563.86.
Rossbach, Jacob, Leopold & Max, J. H.—Mandfield Tire and Rubber Co., costs, $117.45.
Reilly, Hugh—J. Corry, $359.10.
Rose, Beatrice—M. Klein, $281.41.
Rosenberg, Nathaniel—A. Unger, $1,164.86.
Reich, Jennie & Lena—J. Eckhause, $1,597.43.
Rappeport, Gustave—R. Hallow, $313.33.
Rosenkranz, Jacob & Samuel Seiders—D. Ostrow, $568.78.
Reiter, Herry—H. Levine, $114.24.
Stevens, Harry M.—J. H. Springer, $2,268.58.
Shapeovitz, Benjamin—B. Lebovitz, $231.15.
Seminole Distilling and Distributing Co. and Isidor Simon—Sherman Square Realty Corp., $323.48.
Singer, Adolph—B. Weiss et al., $206.48.
Silverman, Moses—A. Brautman, $2,608.51.
Smith, John J.—Warren Chemical and Mfg. Co., $168.87.
Stiebel, Samuel J., Alfred J. Hernsheim, Benjamin H. Homan, and Nathan Weiss—E. Lissberger, costs, $188.88.
Starer, Pincus—I. Garfinkel et al., $309.
Silsby, Jerome B.—H. von Heyn et al., $3,243.
Silverstein, Max B.—M. Silver, $480.
Safety Auto Tire and Tread Co.—G. A. Honnecker, $331.
Spiegel, Adolph—L. Miller, $178.
Stack, Mary, and John—Rohan—Ferdinand Munch Brewery, $203.
Sponchick, Barney—S. Schwartz, $151.
Treister, Morris—C. A. Sims, $406.
Tiber Building Co. and Nicholas Comforti—J. Gerosa, $137.
Terry & Tench Co., Inc.—R. D. Lyles, $8,652.
Taelli, Giuseppe—City of New York, $264.
Tiffany, Anne—H. C. Swords, $475.
Trier, Robert C., and Joseph P. Slattery—P. E. Hoey, $10,124.
Viola, Bartholomew—American Chemical Society, $144.
Uhl, Herman—B. Clarke, $1,644.
Wells, Charles E. and Charles M.—R. Ossenfort, $830
Wiel, Benjamin—J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co., $1,382.
Wonder Mfg. Co.—F. W. Lincoln et al., $280.
Walsh, Robert E.—J. C. Walsh, $3,000.

In Bronx County.

Angel Construction Co.—W. W. Shupner, $526.
Balzer, Aaron—H. Heilman, $133.
Berlin, David J.—E. D. Murphy et al., $910.
Braunstein, Jacob—M. J. Lowenstein, $439.
Cushman, Nathan—J. Krinsky, $30.
Caruthers, Allen, and Joseph B. Nelson—W. F. Brown, $162.
Jesselsehn, William—S. Jonas, $871.
Levy, Elise—Louis Padula Co., Inc., $210.
Perlhefter, John R., Barnet Shatz, and Flora Perlhefter—A. H. Murdock, $13,923.
Sauvalle, Henry S.—William B. Harris Co., $85.
Schlenger, Bernard—I. Cohen, $519.
Tiedemann, Fernando—Rudolph Wirlitzer Co., $113.
Zibbelli, Giuseppe and Christina—N. Reisler Iron Works, Inc., $263.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Ketterer, Percival C.—J. F. De Beau, Sept. 9, 1914, $310.
Ketterer, Prudence S. and Percival C.—A. Danger, Aug. 15, 1914, $679.
Ketterer, Prudence S., S. Percival Kobler, Frederick Lauer, and Percival C. Ketterer—E. S. Appleby et al., Aug. 15, 1914, $4,578.
Mecham, May J.—R. Mache, March 6, 1911, $772.
Same—L. Erts, Jan. 14, 1914, $268.
Melvin, John F.—Central Brewing Co. of N. Y., Nov. 13, 1913, $2,395.
Seleznick, Lewis J.—Century Bank, July 21, 1909, $1,084.
Same—Same, Jan. 19, 1910, $1,198.
Same—J. H. Edwards, Jan. 7, 1909, $2,535.
Seleznick, Lewis J., and Knickerbocker Jewelry Co.—S. Erlanger, Jan. 14, 1909, $5,335.
Werner, Abraham L.—City of N. Y., Feb. 19, 1914, (vacated,) $264.
Abrahams Louis—Eastman Machine Co., June 16, 1914, $202.
Conron, John E.—F. A. Winslow et al., March 8, 1915, $119.
Dorfman, Joseph A.—A. Billow, April 25, 1913, $158.
R. H. Howes Construction Co.—H. Thornton et al., Jan. 21, 1914, $1,300.
Service Stores Co., Inc.—W. E. Pruzan, Dec. 9, 1914, $1,338.
Simpson, Crawford Corp.—S. Silver, Dec. 5, 1914, $1,979.
Windsor Land and Improvement Co.—G. R. Knowles, Nov. 21, 1914, $377.
Saz, Joseph, Louis, and Michael—H. Barringer, March 4, 1915, $700.

In Bronx County.

Gruber, Abraham—M. Hand, Feb. 5, 1915, $1,019.
Ketterer, Prudence S., Percival C. Ketterer, S. Percival Kobler, and Frederick Lauer—E. S. Appleby et al., Aug. 15, 1914, $4,578.
Largy, Arthur J.—J. P. Rice, Jan. 22, 1915, $2,100.
Pheon Contracting Co., Inc.—A. D'Agnillo, Jan. 30, 1915, $419.
Richard Carvel Co., Inc.—N. Y. Central Railroad Co., Feb. 23, 1915, $914.
Wass, Julia—M. Soloway et al., March 3, 1915, $101.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The wheat market declined 4⅛c to 5⅛c from the final of Tuesday under liquidation and owing to less active demand, but toward the close regained part of the loss, and final quotations were 2½c to 3¼c net lower. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.63¾ and No. 2 hard at $1.65¾, all rail, cost, insurance and freight, track; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.52¼ and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.61, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo, opening navigation.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	..	..	1.61	1.64½	1.01⅛
July	..	..	1.27¾	1.30½	97⅞

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.62	1.58⅛	1.60⅝	1.63	..
July	1.28⅞	1.26⅝	1.28¼	1.31	..

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.53	1.49½	1.51¾	1.55	93⅝
July	1.21	1.17⅞	1.19¼	1.22½	88⅝
September	1.10	1.07	1.08⅝	1.11⅛	87¾

CORN.

The corn market was heavy throughout the greater part of the day, declining 1¼@1¾c early under commission house selling, and in absence of more than a scattered demand owing to continued complaints regarding weakness in the cash position. Exporters took about 100,000 bushels, however, and this together with the late rally in wheat gave the market a steadier tone during the afternoon, and at the close values were 1c net lower. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 83¾c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last. Year.
May	73	71⅝	72½	73½	67¼
July	75	73⅞	74⅝	75⅝	66⅞

OATS.

The market for oats felt the influence of the decline in wheat and corn, and prices were lower, closing at ⅞c net decline. Europe was again in the market, however, and sales for the day were estimated at about 300,000 bushels. The local cash market was quiet; standard quoted at 62½c; No. 2 white, 63c; No. 3 white, 62c; No. 4 white, 61@61½c; fancy clipped white, 64@65c; ordinary clipped white, 62@64c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	57⅛	56⅝	56¾	57⅝	39⅝
July	52⅝	51⅞	52¼	53⅛	39⅜

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was quiet, but prices were lower owing to a decline in the hog market and in sympathy with grain. Packers were also credited with selling and the demand was not aggressive. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 40,000; estimated for Thursday, 33,000. Kansas City received 5,000 and Omaha 21,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.50	10.45	10.50	10.52	10.80
July	10.70	10.67	10.72	10.77	10.97
Ribs—					
May	10.05	10.00	10.05	10.10	11.50
July	10.35	10.30	10.35	10.37	11.60
Pork—					
May	17.60	17.50	17.57	17.65	21.50
July	18.00	17.82	17.95	18.05	21.55

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was easier during the early operations under commission house selling, prompted by further weakness in the lard market, and owing to indications of a little more pressure to sell crude. At the close values were net unchanged to 2 points higher for the active positions.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.70@ ..	6.75
March	..	..	6.70@6.85	6.75
April	..	..	6.85@6.90	6.85
May	6.93	6.88	6.92@6.94	6.91
June	..	..	7.03@7.06	7.02
July	7.15	7.11	7.13@7.15	7.12
August	7.23	7.22	7.21@7.22	7.20
September	7.29	7.27	7.28@7.29	7.26
October	..	..	7.00@7.25	6.85

COFFEE.

Interest in the coffee market was of a negligible character and sales for the day amounted to only 5,750 bags. In absence of business price changes were narrow, and at the close of the day the market was net unchanged to 3 points higher. In the local spot market prices remained unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 7¾c.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	..	..	5.55@5.56	5.54
April	..	..	5.63@5.64	5.62
May	5.71	5.70	5.70@5.71	5.69
June	..	..	5.73@5.74	5.72
July	..	..	6.75@6.76	6.74
August	..	..	6.82@6.83	6.82
September	6.91	6.90	6.89@6.90	6.89
October	..	..	6.95@6.96	6.95
November	..	..	7.01@7.02	6.99
December	7.09	7.08	7.08@7.09	7.05
January	..	..	7.12@7.13	7.09

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,845 packages. Trade unsatisfactory and prices declined full ½c on nearly all grades of fresh creamery. The sales of extras and higher-scoring lots were in range of 29½@30½c, but leaving those figures prices were very irregular, often varying 1c per pound on the same class of goods. Held creamery was also weaker. Renovated dragged at irregular prices. Ladles about steady, with a little export demand. Packing stock unchanged. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) 29½c; higher scoring, 30@30½c; firsts, 26@29c; seconds, 23½@25½c; thirds, 21@23c; creamery, held, extras, (92 score,) 26c; firsts, 24@25c; seconds, 22@23½c; thirds, 20@21c; State dairy, finest, 27@28c; good to prime, 24@26c; common to fair, 19@23c; renovated, extras, 23@24c; firsts, 22@22½c; lower grades, 19@21c; imitation creamery, firsts, 21½@22c; ladles, current make, firsts, 19@20c; seconds, 18@18½c; lower grades, 16@17½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 16½@17c; lower grades, 14@16c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 31,902 cases. A good deal of the stock reported in yesterday was withdrawn from sale under shippers' orders, but there were ample supplies of goods free to be sold. A little speculative demand developed, which gave a trifle more tone to the market, but values show no quotable change. General sales of fine Western marks at 18¾c, some of the good Tennessee going at 18¼c, with seconds at 17¼@18c. Only a few graded shipments, and these bring about 19c. Nearby eggs are cleaning up more closely and feeling is steadier. Duck eggs quite plentiful and 1c lower. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 20@20½c; extra firsts, 19c; firsts, 18¼@18½c; seconds, 17¾@18c; thirds and poorer, 17@17½c; dirties, No. 1, 17@17½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery white, fine to fancy, 22@23c; defective, 20@21c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 19½@20½c; Western, gathered whites, 19½@20½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 21c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19½@20c. Duck eggs, Baltimore, per dozen, 35@36c; Western, 33@34c; Tennessee and other good Southern, 32@33c; Far Southern, 30@32c.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 10.—Fifty-five companies were incorporated today, with aggregate capital stocks of $2,046,500. They include:

G. Gaudig & Blum, Milbrook, fur, $500,000; Stephen Rosenthal, Charles S. Porter, Clayton J. Heermance, 400 Riverside Drive, New York.

National Sponge and Chamois Co., Milbrook, cultivate sponges, deal in by-products, chamois skins, drugs, chemicals, $375,000; Samson M. Hirsch, A. B. and Abram Frankenberg, 158 William St., New York.

Coronet Cork and Seal Co., crowns, seals, caps in bottling special machinery, $300,000; Paul M. Richards, Richard D. Wyckoff, Warren S. Fisher, 628 West 151st St.

Montrose Plantation Co., Syracuse, farms, plantations, ranches, general stores, $100,000; William H. Foster, Frank L. Smith, Dwight P. Jennings, 818 Cortland Av., Syracuse.

Dutch Guiana Development Corporation, realty, quarrying, mining, vegetables, fruit, live stock, hotels, garages, commission, $100,000; George T. Jewesson, Marcie and Frederick M. Dunn, 500 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

Edward M. Raphel & Co., exporting, importing, merchandise, $100,000; Charles H. C. Pearsall, Henri Desvernine, Edw. M. Raphel, 486 Centre St., Orange, N. J.

White Star Jitney Line, Rochester, taxicabs, livery, $50,000; George V. Kondolf, William J. Dever, William Cross, Rochester.

The Certified Products Co., candies, toilet articles, mail order, $50,000; Henry W. Davey, Philip German, Marshall S. Reeve, 386 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

The Musical Record Library, phonograph, records, supplies, musical instruments, book publishers, magazines, $50,000; Alral E. Reed, Jas. J. Moore, Henry D. Hooper, Larchmont.

The New York Electric Garage Corporation, garage, manufacture vehicles, machines, tires, appliances, $50,000; John W. Crandall, Robert R. Livingston, Isabel W. Bonner, 165 Broadway.

Neal-Kauffman Co., Albany, sanitariums, electrical treatment, $50,000; H. K. Tobias, K. R. and E. D. Kauffman, 161 South Lake Av.

Grain Clearance Corporation, Buffalo, inspection, supervision, tallying grain, adjusting shortage and over-runs, $40,000; Geo. E. Pierce, John J. Boland, Joseph B. Rodgers, 175 Highland Av., Buffalo.

Davenport & Ridley, Buffalo, hardwood, other lumber, $25,000; Ella S. and A. Eugene Davenport, Benj. F. Ridley, 1,146 Seneca St., Buffalo.

Superior Side Car Corporation, Queens Borough, vehicles, engines, automobiles, motor cycles, side cars, merchandise, $20,000; Wm. Vaughan, Howard E. Whealey, Martin Berger, 71 Borden Av., Long Island City.

Gindele-Jochmus Co., Poughkeepsie, motor cycles, sporting goods, merchandise, $20,000; Hazel G. and Woodbury A. Gindele, Leslie H. Jochmus, Poughkeepsie.

H. Frank Darrow Co., brokerage, commission, nursery stock, hothouse, horticultural products, $15,000; Reginald J. Smith, August Dobremsyl, May Darrow, 2,811 Clarendon Road, Brooklyn.

Bronx View Realty Co., Bronx, $20,000; Jacob Cohen, Harry O. and Rebecca Elson, 2,147 Honeywell Av., Bronx.

John H. Lamoy Co., Glens Falls, patented articles, $10,000; John A. Curley, John H. Lamoy, Beecher W. Sprague, Glens Falls.

The R. P. Amusement Co., Brooklyn, theatrical, dance hall, motion pictures, restaurants, $10,000; Harry Marcuse, Sigmund Goldbach, Nathan Wechsler, 500 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

Lodge-Evans Corporation, New York, dyestuffs for arts and commercial uses, $10,000; Price Owens, Origen S. Seymour, Ernest F. Drew, 56 Pine St.

Overbrook Distilling and Distributing Co., whiskeys, liquors, $10,000; Miriam Weinberg, Frank Koloras, Tillie Morris, 886 Southern Boulevard, Bronx.

Bramhall Players, theatrical, music halls, $10,000; William L. Sayers, John K. M Ewing, Victor H. Gurney, Stamford, Conn.

Copper Belt Smelter Co., realty, mining in Arizona, $10,000; Frances Alexander, William J. Dilthey, Rollin A. Camp, 195 Gates Ave., Brooklyn.

Michael J. Martin Corporation, realty, brokerage, $10,000; Frank T., George V., and Michael T. Martin, 1,123 Broadway.

Breller Home Building Co., Buffalo, contracting, construction, building materials, $10,000; Charles S. Sherwood, Albert A. Breller, William Stahlka, 2,710 Bailey St., Buffalo.

Cornet Holding Co., seals for bottles, $6,000; Walter C. Low, Paul M. Richards, Warren S. Fisher, 628 West 151st St.

Japanese Floral Perfume Co., drugs, chemicals, medicines, paints, perfumes, apparatus, $6,000; William N. Holmes, Rochelle and Charles L. Bernardo, 147 East 125th St.

Edw. Krause, Inc., Brooklyn, produce, vegetables, fruits, $5,000; Samuel Edelman, Edw. and Ray Krause, 2,925 West Second St., Coney Island.

Slingerland Printing Co., Slingerlands, $5,000; Andrew C. Couse, Mary A. S. and Clarence E. Mullens, Slingerlands.

The P. A. Butler Market, groceries, teas, coffees, dairy products, $5,000; Joseph Warshaw, Ray and Philip Applebaum, 261 West 129th St.

The 2,676 Morris Avenue Corporation, realty, brokerage, construction, $5,000; Hellmuth Moerchen, Richard M. Farries, Joseph Brewster, 165 Broadway.

Eureka Improved Tool Co., hardware, sporting goods, miners, blacksmiths' supplies, $5,000; Howard Caffey, Charles P. Kimmey, Richard P. Haas, 789 East 183d St.

Cornwall & Raymo, design, manufacture machines, devices, utilities printers, other trade materials, $5,000; George F. Hayes, James S. Eadie, Douglas J. Miller, 30 East 42d St.

James Quinn Construction Co., Bay Shore, architects, engineers, constructors, $5,000; Alice Quinn, Alfred Tweedy, John L. Lockwood, 34 Nassau St.

Clinton Mortar Color Co., Clinton, colors, paints, containers, $5,000; Emily W. Smythe, Annie L. W. and Edw. B. Stanley, Clinton.

Maywood Cafe, distilling, liquor retailer, $5,000; William V. Hauser, James Reid, Sr., Clifford E. Lippincott, 109 Hudson St.

Riser and Moulding Co., Brooklyn, products of steel casting, ornamental iron, steel, brass, bronze, $5,000; Charles P. Albee, Howard Fitzpatricks, James G. Godfrey, 395 Westminster Road, Brooklyn.

A. B. C. Iron Works, architectural, ornamental materials, metal supplies, $5,000; Aranka and Edw. Hisnay, Louis Eschen, 408 East 125th St.

Zodikow Frame Co., furniture, $5,000; Michael and Max Wieder, Herman M. Zodikow, 309 Broadway.

Emessbee Realty Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; Sigmund Rubin, Henry M. Levin, Benj. H. Rosaler, 5 Beekman St.

Voluntary dissolutions: Iroquois Automobile Top Co., Utica; Carey Realty Co., New York; Strauch Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 10.—Charters filed:

Glen Rock Coal Co., Ridgewood, to deal in coal, $100,000; Joseph Marron, New York; James H. Milliken, Jersey City; William Paulus, Ridgewood.

Schoenthal Jeffrey Cigar Co., Newark, to deal in tobacco, $100,000; Isaac Schoenthal, Orange; Edwin P. Jeffreys, William Jeffreys, Newark.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Announcement was made yesterday that Fred Barris, Harry Hiller, and Ben Lewis, who were respectively President, Vice President, and Secretary of the Federal Costume Company, had severed their connections with that firm and had joined the forces of Phil S. Gill, dress and waist manufacturer, 39 West Thirty-second Street. Increasing business forced Mr. Gill to surround himself with capable assistants. Mr. Barris and Mr. Lewis will take charge of the selling end of the business, while Mr. Hiller will head the manufacturing department. Mr. Gill will act as general manager.

Michael J. Lea, who conducts a chain of women's ready-to-wear shops in this State and Ohio, is closing out the Rochester store. The quarters in that city are said to be too small, and he has been unable to get any other suitable location.

A meeting has been called by The American Stationer for the purpose of organizing the firms in the toy trade. It will be held in the Broadway Central Hotel tonight at 7 o'clock, when a temporary organization will be formed.

The National Canners' Association calls attention to the fact that Friday of this week has been designated as Salmon Day. The celebration a year ago, the first, was a marked success, official notice of the day having been taken in several States.

BUYERS OF SPECIAL LINES & GENERAL MERCHANDISE FOR ALL DEPARTMENTS
Not a Hap-Hazard Collection of Merchandise Sorely Trying Your Patience, But a Boiled Down
EXHIBIT OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Showing the Best Values, Sold Direct to You
BY THE MANUFACTURERS—THE NEW WAY.
The Shrewdest Buyers Acclaim Its Success.
Each Department in Charge of an Expert.
The General Merchandise Exchange, Inc.,
11 to 19 W. 19th St., 10 to 16 W. 20th St., New York.
5-10-25c MERCHANDISE
OVER 50,000 DIFFERENT ARTICLES ON DISPLAY.
375 BEST MANUFACTURERS' LINES NOW READY.
The Five and Ten Cent Exchange, Inc.,
10-16 West 20th Street, New York.

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35 W. 35th St., *Our new address*
3535 Greeley, *Our new phone*
ROYAL MFG. CO.,
Scientific Producers of
North Shore Wash Dresses
$1.00 to $7.50 retail

Suspender GIRDLES
SHOWN BY
LOTE & CHAFFER "The Belt House of N. Y." 49-53 East 21st St.
Complete Showing of Women's and Children's NEWEST BELTS

CREPE DE CHINE
WAISTS
$16.50 per Dozen (Regular) Embroidered and Plain
Snappy Lace & Silk Waists—the $3.75 kind at $2.25
The Swan Waist Co
49 East 21st Street.

Dress Contractors ATTENTION!
I wish to give up my manufacturing inside. Will sell or rent my plant to reliable party and job all the dresses you can produce. Write at once. Box X 265 Times Annex.

S. STEINFELD & CO.
43-45-47 WEST 23D ST.
Offer Special Value in Satin Stripe Tub Silk WAISTS at $18.00 per dozen. Immediate delivery.

BLOOM & MILLMAN
WALDORF B'LD'G.
2-16 WEST 33d ST.
$9.00 WAISTS & MIDDIES

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BUSINESS LOCATIONS.
OFFICES and small lofts; monthly rents $15 up 149 West 35th Street.

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The Annalist publishes accounts of business conditions throughout the world. Every Monday, 10 cents by mail. The Annalist, Times Square, New York. —Advt.

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Collected in every State. Small charge. Fidelity Collection Co., 63 Park Row. B'kman 3853.

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FLYING TOYS that FLY, 10c to $20. Ideal Aeroplane & Supply Co., 84 W. B'way.

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Works of art, pianos, bric-a-brac, paintings bought, any quantity. Broadway Galleries, 1362 B'way.

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BIENENZUCHT BROS.,
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ZOUAVE
Military Effects. All Colors.

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For **Flowers and Ribbons** See
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Catalogues, Booklets, Pamphlets, Letters that bring business, write Bailey-Scott Co., Inc., 303 5th Av.

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Lace and Novelty Curtains, popular prices. EUGENE NEUMAIER & CO., 3 West 18th St.

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WASH DRESSES
TO RETAIL AT $2.00 TO $7.50
IN THE NEWEST FABRICS.
Wonderful Sellers. Immediate Deliveries.
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Novelties for all occasions, wholesale & retail. Mrs. I. Davidsohn, 201 W. 145th St.

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WISE, Auct'r, 428 Columbus Av., 7175 Schuyler, pays highest cash prices, furniture, &c.

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ALL THE RAGE.
Earrings, Circle Pins, Lingerie Clasps
M. Arnstein & Co., Wholesale Jewelers, 27 W. 30th St., nr. B'way

LACES EMBROIDERIES Shadow Laces, French Valenciennes.
Nottingham Lace Works, 17 W. 17th St., N.Y.

LADIES' SPRING COATS.
$2, to dispose of quickly. B. ANDREWS, 172 Fifth Avenue. Room 3.

MEN'S DRESS SUITS.
FULL DRESS, FROCK COATS, PRINCE ALBERTS. CHAS. N. MELTSNER & BRO., 21-23 Waverley Pl.

NOVELTIES.
10,000 Seasonable Favors and Novelties. B. Shackman & Co., 906 Broadway, N. Y.

OVERALLS.
"THE BOYS' FRIEND OVERALLS."
$1.50 Per Dozen.
S. COHEN, Mfg., 89 East Broadway, N. Y.

BANGKOK HATS.
Bangkok and Pattern Hats. MILTON S. SOMMERICH, Room 1300, 38 W. 32d St.

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B. Boonims, manufacturer. Job lots always on hand. See me first. 17 East Broadway.

Ribbons ALL THAT'S NEW. 622 Broadway. 624 " 626 "
FRANKENTHALER & FRANKENTHALER.

5c., 10c., AND 25c. GOODS.
The Five and Ten Cent Exchange, 10-12 West 20th St.

USES OF CELLOPHONE.

Appraisers Hold It Should Not Pay Duty as Gelatine.

Impressed with the great variety of uses to which an article known as cellophone is put, the Board of General Appraisers yesterday sustained a protest by Franz Euler & Co. and the Rose & Frank Company against Collector Malone's assessment on the product. Appraiser Sague reported that the merchandise consists of thin sheets of cellulose, variously described as cellophone, flexoloid, dramantine, and brillantine, and stated that it is used as a substitute for thin gelatin sheets in wrapping various things.

As the product is similar in texture and use to sheet gelatin, it was returned for duty as sheet gelatin by virtue of the similitude clause at 35 per cent. ad valorem under the Act of 1909. It was claimed to be dutiable at 20 per cent. ad valorem as a non-enumerated manufactured article. At the hearing Frank Euler of the protesting firm surprised the members of the customes tribunal by the multifarious uses to which he claimed cellophone is adapted. Summarized, some of these claims include:

Used as a wrapper for candy boxes, but only upon high grade candy which would justify a superior wrapper; also for a wrapper for any article put in a display window in stores; also as a covering for such articles; also as lining for cigar boxes instead of tin foil; also in interleaving to protect the lithographic work in magazines; also to manufacture boxes, and as the transparent part of patent envelopes. Further, that it possesses certain qualities which gelatin does not, namely, that it will not break when wrapped on a package; that it does not stick to the fingers, is not soluble in water, alcohol, or grease, is waterproof, and that the particular form known as gutta-cellophone is used in hospitals for sheeting in the way that rubber and oiled silk sheeting would be used.

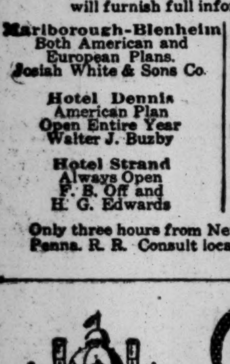
Presumably conceding all of the importers' claims as to use Judge Brown, confining himself to tariff interpretation, held that the similitude clause does not apply to the product in controversy. The board held that the merchandise is a substitute for gelatin and something more, and so reversed the Collector's classification.

INDICT PENNSYLVANIA ROAD.

Charged with Granting Rebates on Coal Shipments to New Jersey.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—Indictments charging the Pennsylvania Railroad Company with granting rebates on coal and coke shipped from Kittanning, Penn., to Trenton and Hoboken, were returned today by the Grand Jury in the United States District Court here.

The defendant company is alleged to have allowed a refund of 10 cents a ton on shipments made from the Glen-White Coal and Lumber Company's mine at Kittanning between Dec. 1, 1911, and July 18, 1812.



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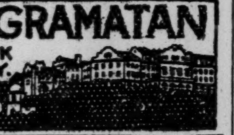

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FLORENCE-IN-THE-PINES,
Lakewood, N. J.—Private baths; hot and cold running water in every room. I. Woehr, Prop.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

568—Chicago & Alton Ry. Co. v. U. S., and 579—The Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railway Co. v. U. S.—Leave granted to file brief herein as amici curiae.

185—S. J. Sligh v. J. A. Kirkwood.—Argument concluded.

187—Mallinckrodt Chemical Works v. State of Missouri.—Argued.

189—Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co. v. K. B. Vosburg.—Submitted.

191—The Cumberland Glass Manufacturing Co. v. Dewitt.—Argument commenced.

194—U. S. v. Thomas E. Wing.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until today.

Call for today—194, 192, 193, 195, (and 196,) 198, 199, (and 275 and 676,) 200, 201, 202, and 203.

Southern District.

COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—Room 433, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.
N Y Dock Co<D, L & W R R.
D, L & W R R<N Y Dock Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Humphrey, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Case on: Herbst<Fowler.
No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., 12th Fl., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.
Walker & Sons<Luyties Brothers.
Same<Ritteman.
Schroeder Lamp Wks<Nat Metal S & S.
Burke Elec Co<Ind Pneu Tool.
Robins Convey Belt Co<Link Belt Co.
Bosch Magneto Co<Baker. (2.)

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar. Sundh Elec Co<Cutler Hammer Mfg Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.
Olsen<Penn R R.

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Case on: Robinson<Van Riper.
No day calendar.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., Room 312, P. O. Bldg.—Admiralty day calendar.
Laveck<Tug Wyomissing.
Flannery<same.
Duana<Sg Herm.
Burns<Tug J. C. Reichert.
Reichert<Tug J. P. McGuirl.
Rugge<Penn R R.
Connell<Helen B. Moran.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Naturalizations at 9:30 A. M.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Braker<NY Finance.
Wahle-Phillips Co<59th St-Madison Av.
Dickson<NY R E Assn
Leahy<CNY.
Gorman<same.
Ford<Clendenin.
Black<Manufacturers Coml.
Nor Bank of NY<Neuberger.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke, and Scott, JJ.—At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.
Strasburger<Strasburger.
Mission Church<Ridley
1st Bank of Notasulga<Jones.
Andrews<NY Times.
Wmsburg I & W Wks<Kuhn.
Re Hutter.
Butler<O'Brien.
German-Am Coffee Co<Diehl.
McLean<Studebaker Bros Co.
Presberger<Mech Bk of Bklyn.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Bijur, J.—Litigated motions, at 10:30 A. M.
W VonWangenheim<NY Stock Y Co.
Re NY Rys.
Hoye<McBean.
Sussman<Sussman.
Young<Nathan.
Haggerty<O'Rourke Eng Co.
Federal Estates Corp<Kornhauser.
Holcombe<Holcombe.
P Schoenhoffen Brew Co<Mahan.
Romm<Romm.
Redden Specialty Co<Simon.
Lanson<Meister.
Walter<Walter.
Wannetick<Jacobson.
Crevellier<Crevellier.
Philipson<Smith.
Con Elec Lamp Co<Elbright Co of Am.
Heynema<Kohler.
Guinsburg<Riley.
Cobre Gr Copper Co<South Pac Co.
Kuhre<Atlas Safe & Mach Truck Co.
Bonnefond<Bonnefond.
Rudolph Wallach Co<Imperatori.
Goddard<Gibb.
Heinsheimer<Isenberg. (3.)
Lawyers Mtge Co<Edelstein.
Morris<Braun.
Titus<Cent Pk, N & E R RR Co.
Mock<Leonard.
Dudley<Dudley.
Wangenheim<NY S Yards Co.
Levine<Schwartz.
Farenholz<Meinschauser.
Ziegler<Midville Rty.
Gans<Aetna Life.
Easton<Amend.
Warren<Purdy.
Seamen's Bk for Sav<Bertine.
Porscher<Borscher.
Keresey<Keresey.
Wisner Mfg Co<Feid.
Briner<Briner.
Tilney<Bates.
Re NY Ice Cream Mfg, (Bd of Tr.)
Rosen<Strysower.
Horwitz<N Brit & Merc Ins Co.
Grodsky<Grodsky.
NY Inter Water Co<E Asp Pav Co.
People, &c<NY Rys.
Levine<Schwitzer.
Grodsky<Grodsky.
East Tan Egg Yolk Co<F E Atteaux & Co.
Waltor<Farrell.
Baldwin<Gregory.
Re Title G & Tr. Co.
Thayer<Allen Mot Co.
Riccia<Wagner.
Berger<Roth.
Williams<Collet.
Burroughs<Ambrose Rty Co.
Buckman<Int R T.
Herrman<same.
Keber<same.
Sternhoff<same.
Brocker<same.
Maisenholder<same.
Kellerman<same.
Nussbaum<same.
Greitzer<Marcus.
Re Rozwadowski.
Silverman<Jones.
Herrschaft<Bedford.
Mann Mtg Co<Edwins Co.
Smith<Cluett, P & Co.
Steinberg<Simon.
Skinnell<Comptroller.
India Wharf Brew Co<Am Molasses Co.
Re Farley, (Powell.)
McCullough<McCullough.
Reese<Fid & Cas Co.
Hartman<Hartman.
Cruikshank<French.
Furst<Stevenson, (2.)
Friedman<Gans.
Kasin<Brinn.
Enright<Press Pub Co.
Rodesta<Andriaccio.
Keiser<Keiser.
Price<Price.
Wasserbach<Sicil Asp Pav Co.
Orenstein<Wilson, &c.
Jones<F W Woolworth & Co.
Warburg<Solomon.
Cavallo<People's Surety Co.
Bronx Gas & Elec Co<Seaman.
Schmidt<same.
Buckley<Colorado Rty
Eneman<Deutsch.
Brandt<Kelly.
Emanuel<Emanuel.
Re Com Coal Co<H Rose Con Co.
Applebaum<Wittes.
Cooper<Voren.
Decker<Decker.
Rothenberg<Kanovitz.
Cooper<Norone.
Silverman<Jones.
Re Matheson, (Faley.)
Whalen<Whalen.
Horowitz Bros<Horowitz. (2.)
Re NY Ice Cream Bd of Trade.
Mott<Antoinette Hotel
Tipperary Men's Natl, &c<Condon.
Re NY Mtge Co,
Title G & T Co<Azoy.

PART II.—Gavegan, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Guy, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Motions:
Rothschild<Morrice.
Sullivan<Bernstein.
Archer<Equitable Life
Weeks<Dudley.
Romanoff<Romanoff.
Finley<Atl Transport.
Ochicone<Ochicone.
Johns<Ellis.
Niemann<Pfleger.
Mapes<Mapes.
Hutchinson<Hutchinson.
Rieder<Rieder.
Walling<Walling.
Preferred causes:
Hardy<Mathewson.
Piesen<Mitchell.
General calendar:
Gen Accid, &c, Co<Keely Co.
Potomac Ins Co<same.
Metz<Palmer.
Levenson<Crawfords.
Bronner<Bronner.
Eanders<Herrick.
Mitchell<Murray.
Simberg<Simberg.
Herrman<Jeffe.
Life Photo Film Corp<Bell.
Fran-Am Chem Co<Import Chem Co.
Hearst<Asso Press.
Wicks, Jr<Loeffler.
Brown<Bernardini.
Lowenborg<Strunsky.
Brevoort<Townshend.
Zoch<Zoch.
Fischer & Vogel<Schanzer.
Callan<Dowling.
Hazard<Horton.
Rosenberg<Potter.
Carlin<Foreign Auto Imp Co.
McCurdy<same.
Hanley<Vechten-Waring Co.
Prendergast<Geyser Pat Hold Co.
Sprung<Hexter.
Koslow Ir Wks<Sherman.
Bayer<Bayer.
Goldfarb<Sherwin.
Mishkin<Lederer.
Baumgart<Rosenthal.
Shiverts<Bernson.
Lewis<Cohen.
Lothrop<Prog Circuit.
Neuhoff<Hagenkotter.
Case on.

PART IV.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Shearn, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Blanchard, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Cohalan, J.—Adjourned to March 12th.

PART VIII.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Kidder<Van Name & Co.
Rambaut<Tevis.
Reif<Reif.
Martin<Brick.
Mann<F Munch Brew.
Scott<Rosenson.
US Print & Lith Co<Syndicate (2 acts.)
Case on.

PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Ferraro<Friel.
Fili<Lehigh Val RR.
Hansen<Morris.
Seidman<Bernheimer & Schwartz Br Co.
Case on.

PART IV.—Delany, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Rabinowitz<Barrett.
Goldman<Acampora.
Rosen<Aaronson.
Polazzole<New Eng N Co.
Fitzgerald, Jr<Cushman Globe Co.
Oppenheimer<CNY.
Sanderson<L I R R.
Berson<Nas E R R.
Mallaber<CNY.
Higgins<White Sew M Co.
Blinder<Wallfisch.
Wilmers<CNY.
Mouratoupulo<Jabson & Gifford Co.
Mahoney<Simpson Crawford Co.
Siegel<Jacobson.
Shultz<CNY.
Case on.

PART V.—Adjourned until March 15.

PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Lippmann<Gaillard, (2 acts)
Connelly<Walls.
Zaron<Atl Exp Co.
Garnett<B H RR.
O'Brien<N Y C & H R RR.
Barry<Nassau El RR.
Case on.

PART VII.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Order<CNY.
Petzing<Wm Ottman & Co.
Ratz<Wilckes Martin Wilckes Co.
Adams<N Y Rys.
Case on.

PART VIII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Holden<Bronx Bldrs Mach Co.
Buschmann<Nass Elec RR.
Henderson<D Stevenson Brew Co.
Stankoewitz<Smith.
Williams<Esser.
Hennessy<Int R T Co (2 acts.)
Cooper<Int R T Co.
Du Bois<same.
Payer<O'Reilly.
Egarian<Int R T Co.
Light<Hutkoff.
Dwyer<Int R T Co.
Berkowitz<Nas E RR.
Hanley<Kirkcaldy.
Ferraro<McAllister.
Jacobs<Int R T Co. (2 acts.)
Handler<Int R T Co.
Johnson<Nat Fireprfg Co.
Case on.

PART IX.—Whitaker, J. At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Lesser<International Trust Co. No day calendar.

PART X.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Baur<Ch of St Veronica.
Mann<Steeplechase Co
Guaia<Bath Port Cement Co.
Case on.

PART XI.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Fekete<Mann Top & Body Co.
McKay<CNY.
Nelson<NY Rys.
Kemmerer<Union Ry.
De Coursey<Delaphena
Goetz<Brown.
Israelowitz<Knopp (2)
Case on.

PART XII.—Adjourned to March 15.

PART XIII.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Lubasch<H & A Cohen
Martinkovics<Lehigh Coal &c Co.
Chiat<Gordon.
Case on.

PART XIV.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Smith Co<Clark.
Mecca Rty Co<Tam's Music Library.
Farley<Wellbrock.
Oliver<Finney.
Frooks<Ruhlin.
Hagney<Sup Council R A.
Springs<McMullen.
Buckley<Collyer.
Stevens<Tainter.
Farley<Peterson.
Silberfeld<Kohn.
Buckley<Collyer.
Velleman<S Blumenthal & Co.
Frank<New Eng Cas.
La Sala<Friedman.
Honesdale<Fisher.
Boedicker<Sackett & Wilhelms Co.
Furst<Moskowitz.
Chanet<Smith.
Case on.

PART XV.—Davis, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Derschuch<Hearn Con Co.
Stambul<Est of H C Miner.
Scotia Worsted Mills<Cohn.
Esposito<Distefano.
Miller<Miller.
Patt<Batchelder.
Stewart<Thornburn.
Green<Brinn.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Brokaw<Brown.
Cook<Williams & Morford Co.
Scardy<Gersten.
Kampf<Kings Co Dye Works.
Aston Mtg Co<Tenney
Bostwick<L A Burke & Sons Co.
Billups<Wilson.
E Side Fireproof S & S<NY Mail Co.
Pellock<Cent Fish Co.
Ferris<Barney Est Co.
Same<Barney.
Case on.

PART XVII.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Lerzynsky<Lawrence.
No day calender.

PART XVIII.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.
Alsens Am Portland C Wks<Degnon Cont.
Conklin<Saxe.
Barry<Lion Brewery.
Heyman<Friedman Print, Inc.
Cont Curtain Co<Lenave Amuse Co.
Steinfeld<Peter Cooper's Glue Factory.
Holland Hold Co<Shuloff.
City R E Imp Corp<Panka.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate:
Elise E. Von Baur,
Samuel Levy,
P. McMarrow,
Mary E. Wasson,
Emma Losee,
Margaret Forbes,
Harris Silberman,
Robert J. Murray,
Eliza Powers,
Walter Stevenson.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Estate of Elizabeth P. Oliver.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Lynch, J.—Litigated motions, at 10 A. M.
McNamara<Cont Asph Pav Co.
Schwaner<Kirby.
Stern<Blumenthal.
Claffy<Palen.
Saks & Co<Solomon.
Nadel<Steele.
Griffin<King.
Ferrara<Tammaro.
Gotham Nat Bank<Farrell.
Nehr Mfg Co<Schadow.
Frank<Loebl.
Lloyd<Misch.
Tarczynski<Lion Brewery, (2.)
Robillard<Thompson-Starrett Co.
Lieblich<Mintz.
Levin<Hesse.
Katz<Scheifer.
Smith<Schnur.
Loria<Kaufman.
Garun<same.
Loria<same.
Markulson<Blood.
Ciavolella<Barrett.
Adams<same.
Curro<same.
Titon<Martin Dyeing, &c, Co.
6th Av & 23d St Corp<Dane.
Gottlieb<Sandfort.
Strauss Print Co<Financial Inf Co.
Naughton<White Co.
Sieger<Star Co.
Hannis Dist Co<Johnson.
Willet<Burns Int Det Agency.
Gilmore<United Fash Co.
Fahys<Birdseye.
Levine<Odeon Amuse Co.
Oeser & Co<Behrend.
Brandagee<Cleary.
Bertfield Rty Co<New Toy Mfg Co.
Morrissey<Mayer.
Lord & Taylor<Pritchard.
Brown<Greene.
Wagner Mach Works<Schwartz & Co.
Bauer<Roy-Elmer Rty Co.

PART II.—Lynch, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Standard Met Mfg Co<Lasky.
Ostrander & Co<Warner.
Erich<Wortheimer.
Levy<Miller.
Lacher<Berkowitz.
Glauberg<Harris.
Burglass<Schlessinger, (2.)
Prucha<Egan.
Victor<B & O RR.
Handelman<Paskie.
Tringle<Converse.
Pirfiture<Smith.
Kossoff<Kupferberg.
Kennelty<Wildhard Rty Co.
Moss<Gilford.
Carlin<Motor Finance Co.
Di Angelo<Carey.
Gordon<NY Rys.
Casey<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
Brouse<Union Ry.
Friedman<Schatz.
Clemens<Bretz.
Haas<Fid & Dep Co.
Wachstern<Zubrinsky.
Kellogg<Fields.
Carnegie Tr Co<Patten.
Bloom<Rosen.
Wernberg<Bauer.
Evans<Nat Marine Lamp Co.
Paul<McCabe.
Cohen<Corin.
Wilcox<4th Moravian Church.
Herrmann & Grace Co<Hander Rty Co.
Schwartz<Berger.
Corn Exch Bk<Miller.
Bonito<Atlantic St Co.
McMorrow<Silberberg.
Hettman<Slifka.
Rodin<Gluckenhaus.
Napolitano<Reder.
Slootsky<Kaplan.
Thompson<Lichtenstein.
Schatzkin<Weeks.
Rosenberg<Gano.
Rober<White.
Poland Spr Wat Co<Century Holding Co.
Seelig<Kuper.
Manning<Siegel.
Schutz<Erschowsky.
Case on.

PART II.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.
Mitchell Tappen Co<R S Redfield Co.
Henry<Mulligan.
Mitchell<Smith.
Buxton<Squire.
Vonder Smith<Ferber.
Clear.

PART III.—Schmuck, J.—Commercial calendar, at 10 A. M.
Amos<Rosthol.
Katz<Meade.
Loewenthal Co<Meyer.
Kipp<Von Singer.
Col Paper Box Co<Kaplan.
Cas Co of Am<C R R of N J.
Eagle Imp Co<Wagner.
Clear.

PART IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J. Clear.
PART V.—Ransom, J. Case on.
PART VI.—Allen, J. Case on.
PART VII.—McAvoy, J. Case on.
PART VIII.—Zeller, J. Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J.—Equitable Life Ass'n Soc'y<Goldstein—Abraham. Same<Same—Arnon T. Squires. McDonald<Cassidy—Lawrence S. Grenbaum. City R. E. Estate<Shea—Vance Hewett. Baron De Hirsh Fund<Konlik—Wilber Larramore. Same<Same—Charles T. Terry. Lowey<N. Y. Real Estate Sec. Co.—Phoenix Ingraham. Camman<Mackey—George H. Engelhard. Goldman<Bodine—Phelan Beale. German Sav. B'k<Backer—Theodore K. McCarthy. Gerken<Van Schaick Estates—Enos S. Booth. Peterkin<Lauterstein—John S. Sheppard, Jr. Re Rothman (Taxes)—James A. Farrell.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Equitable Life Assur. Soc'y<De Hurapolis—John H. Rogan. Morsullo<Rosendorf—Herbert Noble. Union Dime Sav. B'k<Corn—Martin Conboy. Same<Same—George Coggill.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J.—Morris Stabinsky<Benjamin Smith—Arthur M. Levy.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Re Manning.
Pomerantz<Hochman's Sons Iron Wks.
Singer<Singer.
Schwartz<Schwartz.
Kraus<Kraus.
Realty Operat Co<Ostro Const Co.
Hinners<Wragge.
Cordier<Weiss.
Zvirin<Zvirin.
Dunning<N Y Com Tercent Com.
Hamilton<same.
Risse<same.
Whittlesey<Harrison.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.
Silver<Ball.
Kreuter<Kreuter.
Seidman<Advine Const Co.
Meyer<Meyer.
Kurak<McMullen, S & Triest.
Rines<Deutsch.
Gervay<Battaglia.
Ciullo<Underpg & Found'n Co.
Chruscik<Cent Un Gas
Prince<Bklyn R T.
Pedro<Crimmins Con Co.
Highest number reached in regular order, 164.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—Motion calendar. Mastrangelo<Mastrangelo.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Burr, Thomas, Stapleton, Rich, JJ.
Reynolds<Reynolds.
Chestnut<Cons RR.
Hollaran<CNY.
Wojeichowiez<Nicholas Copper Co.
Re Horton.
Hartwig<Am Ins Co.
Hamilton Pipe Wks<Zeltmacher.
Serrin<Perry.
Riverview Assn<Bruckner.
Pines<Nowick.
Westchester Mtge Co<McIntyre.
Green<Steinberg.
Cont Secty Co<N Y C & H RR, et al.
Webster<N Y, N H & H RR.
Re Scofield.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelly, J.—Motions:
Miller<Lackey.
G F Wagner Co<Jeffords.
J H Meyer Bros<Marshall.
Conner Bros<Wilson Holding Co.
Isaacowitz<Dean Hdg
McTyne<Hennessy.
Re Zimmermann, (Durack.)
Bechtold<Bechtold.
Dime Savings Bank<Academy R Co.
Homestead Bank<Caplan Co.
Kranz<City, (2.)
Bader<Thormann Rlty
Wechsler<Conklin et al.
Hedge<White et al.
Pardington<N E RR.
Kadish<Davidson.
Gale<Gale.
Bressett<Bressett.
B Greenstein Co<McNamee.
Georgia Bldg Co<Burdett.
Re Roslyn Estates.
Grentree<Hillenbrand, et al.
Re West 24th St.
Re Triangular Parcel of Land.
Rehbein<Ibert.
Schaeffer<Conner.
Tartikoff<Eisenberg. (2.)
Israelkowitz<Israelkowitz.
Herkus<From.
Schulman<Davis.
Wechsler<Salomon et al.
Henderson<Henderson.
Robert Collecting Co<Shea.
Pines<Newton et al.
Brach<Kusch.

PART II.—Clark, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Kelby, J.
Feldman<Becker.
Kahler<Kahler.
Mauro<Mauro.
Poppolardo<Poppolardo.
Moorhus<Moorhus.
Eastabrooks<Eastabrooks.
Clark<Am Steel B Co.
Caselemovo<Caselemovo
Desmond<Strauss.
Barrow<Barrow.
People ex rel C I Jockey Club<Purdy.
Bashist<Bashist.
Rath<Temple.
Harris<Brody.
Duckworth<RR Op A.
Eckoff<Q Co Coal Co.
Re Public Serv Com<NY Cons RR.
Inquest:
Waitland<Waitland.

The remaining cases called, and marked ready on the reserved calendar of March 4, 1915, will be added to the day calendar from time to time, as these cases are disposed of. Highest number reached on the regular call, 1,888.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Crane, J.; Part II., Benedict, J.; Part IV., Garretson, J.; Part V., Van Siclen, J.

Causes, irrespective of the time required for trial thereof, will be assigned on Fridays. If not finished that day will be carried over to the following Monday.
Berry<Balt & O RR.
Nagle<C I & B RR.
Miller<Nassau RR.
Tuohy<Kane.
Doyle<NY Rys Co.
Zeitz et al<Cook et al.
Rosenberg<B H RR.
Hoffman<Krumholz.
Oletto<Ritchie & Co.
Sullivan<Bradley Con.
Krasner<Martin.
Weinstein<CNY.
Schweitzer<Scherer et al.
Deebach<Gair Co.
Parnes et al<Borgenicht et al.
Kahle<Dodd.
Boardman<Bade.
Collins<CNY.
Colangelo<B H RR.
Fagglani<Freitag et al
Pendleton<Nassau RR
Meagher<Bradley Con.
Wilde<Obermeyer & Liebmann et al.
Ketcham<Wicks.
Gutfarb<Int R T.
Thompson<C I & B RR et al.
Bradley<NY Rys Co.
Schaptoff<Colgan.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.
Emig<B H RR.
Webb<NY Rys Co.
Welt<B H RR.
Bklyn Tr Co<Gottlieb.
Greene<Greene.
Cope<Nassau RR.
Skelly<Wetmore.
Olson<Mooney.
Mosher<Landsman et al.
Smith<Jacknowitz.
Elberth<CNY.
Steier<Nassau RR.
Sosiawsky<B H RR.
Streicher<Leibowitz et al.
Brotine<B H RR.
Korb<same.
Aiper<Sokol.
Marcin<NY Rys Co.
Meredith<Burt et al.
Rhall<Assoc Oper Co.
Rosenback<CNY.
McAlpine<Gluckin.
Nealis<Penn Mut Life.
Wright<Taylor.
Richardson<Grandmont.
Lowey<Nassau RR.
De Fuccia<Wennemer Co.
Gang<CNY.
Costello<Busch.
Feinberg<Necker.
Demeo<Bradley Con.
Quinn<Thatcher & Son
Gibbons<L I RR.
Klein et al<No Am Knit Mills Co.
Vosseler<Pratt.
Brighton B Dev Co<Denyse et al.
Fogarty<C I & B RR.
Rosa<Nassau RR.
Gibbs<B H RR.
Schlossberg<Zeitlin.
Whalen<Smith et al.
Sandzer<Rabinowitz.
Maloof<B H RR.
Farrell<Nassau RR.
Highest number reached on regular call, 6025.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Eliza Boenke.
Charles Hobohm,
Patrick Daley,
Jane Barnett,
Alice Kane,
C W Hooper,
Carolyn W Moul,
Acctg in ests of:
Jane Parker,
Annie Cloke,
James Dougherty,
Michael Dougherty,
Michael Donaghey,
F R Boerum,
J J F Nash,
L A Cross,
Christine Feeney,
Dietrich Franke,
Charles Meuser,
J F Surpless,
Mary Sullivan,
Sam Lippman,
Anna Field.
Estates of:
Jacob Gebert,
Michael Hart,
Michael Raymond,
Edward C Carter,
G M O'Hare,
William Ginger,
Elizabeth Martens,
Julia McMahon,
Helen Payton.

County Court.

PART IV.—Roy, J
US Title Co<Egbert.
Sperber<Wax.
Bogue<Nas E R R.
Zenna<Empire Pipe B
Parker<Edison Co.
Puckhaber<Nas E RR
Zetterlund<Roulston.
Klingon<B H RR.
Kirschner<Boguslowsky.
Farrell<Bouert.
Reserved calendar marked ready and passed until Monday, March 15.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Morschauser, J.
De Fage<Vitagliano.
Young Bros Lumber Co<Curtiss.
Hobby<Hobby.
Pierce<Truesdale.

DAY CALENDAR—Part I., Mills, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Chamberlain<Chamberlain.
Pfoh<West El RR.
Yonkers Brew<Gabil.
Turnier<Kerbaugh, Inc
D'Alisera<J J Hearn Con Co.
NY C RR<Mills.
Farrell<Bradley Con.
Healy<same.
Schulman<Gordon.
Dause<West El RR.
Giordano<Bradley Con.

The following causes may either be marked ready or marked over to another day:
Garry<Page & Co, (2.)
Isola<Garofano.
Canning<Steinhauer.
Jardine<Young & Co.
Smith<Johnson.
Barello<Bradley Con.
Ecclesine<Van Schaick
Frenges<Fox.
Wise<Conn, (2.)
Houser<Burtenshaw.
Handy<NY C RR.
Burke<Holbrook, C & R.
Kein<Delaphaine.
Curnyn<Sheff Farms-Slaw Decker Co.
Sundberg<Yonkers Sav Bk.
Ross<Dunbar.
Zinlkowski<Barker.
Lehane<Cohen.
Palmieri<Marekese.
Williams<Hill.
Garrety<Un Ry Co of NY.
McGrath<V W Plains.
Barrett<NY C RR.
Garofano<Covino.
Casey<Un Ry of NY.
Young<Sentinel Print.
Young<Ely.
Kelly<Ryan.
McGrath<V W Plains.
L Bauman & Co<Hogan.
West Co Brew<Terry.
Grim<L Val Coal Co.
First Nat Bk of Yonkers<Walsh.
NY C RR<Miles.
Di Maria<NY C RR.
Guglielmo<Pizarnick.
Gross<Univ Film Mfg.
Bajusz<Lawrence.
Mariotti<Pfizen.
Highest number reached on regular call, 1035

County Court.

PLATT, J.
De Henry's<Thomas.
Krall<Thanhouser Film Co.
Fauser<Schmidt.
Mosher<Smith.
Gnap<Boettger.
Rose & Hibbard<Eberspacher.
McNeill<Mulwitz.
Lucas<Guinzburg.
Coles<NY & Stam Ry.
Fell<Solfanelli (2.)
Carilarese<Fishel.
Coners<NY & Stam Ry (2.)
Acton<Westch St Ry (2.)
Curran<Donovan.
Kuritzky<Amato.
Gengenbach<Vil of Elmford.
Hiler<Ebling Brew.
Von Frankenberg<Phillips.
Jamba<Feldman.
Natl Surety Co<Jones.
Flanagan<Devine.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Blackmar, J.—At 10 A. M.
McKevitt, admr<Sherwin et al.
Gunstensen<B H RR.
Almash<Barrett, as Pres of Adams Exp Co.
Hueg<Belt Line Ry Corp.
Stueber<Jurgen.
Sharkey<N Y & Q Co Ry Co.
Ballantine<N Y Rys.
McKeon<same.
Wiesener<same.
Walker<J. M. Horton Ice Cream Co.
Comlossy, an infant<L I R R Co.
Slavin<Bartholomae.
Reisert<Knick Ice Co.
Luft, an infant<Kaminsky.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1000.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia, (except West,) and specially addressed mails for New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Ventura……Mar. 11
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Manoa..Mar. 11
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Makura……Mar. 12
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed) (via Seattle)—Panama Maru……Mar. 13
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru……Mar. 15
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Sado Maru…Mar. 18

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SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..6:20 | Sun sets..6:03 | Moon rises..4:14

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:05	4:41	10:38	10:48
Governors Island	4:42	5:20	11:11	11:24
Hell Gate	6:32	7:10	12:51	1:04

Arrived—Wednesday, March 10.

SS City of Columbus, Rotterdam, Feb. 16.
SS Massapequa, San Juan, March 2.
SS Strathtay, Rotterdam, Feb. 19.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville, Feb. 19.
SS El Occidente, Galveston, March 4.
SS Nueces, Galveston, March 3.
SS Colorado, Boston, March 5.
SS Fugessand, Demarara, Feb. 17.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Ancona	Naples	Feb. 23
Niagara	Havre	Feb. 28
Minas Geraes	Santos	Feb. 13
George E. Warren	Rotterdam	Feb. 17
Salaminia	Cardiff	Feb. 18
Richard	Rotterdam	Feb. 18
Orseolo	Palermo	Feb. 17
Guatemala	Havre	Feb. 24
Ocean	Amsterdam	Feb. 20
Nickerie	Haiti	Mar. 1
Georgian	Cristobal	Feb. 27
Dronning Maud	Macoris	Mar. 3
Camaguey	P'rto Mexico	Mar. 2
Scottish Prince	New Orleans	Mar. 4
DUE TOMORROW.		
Europa	Naples	Feb. 27
Atahualpa	Para	Feb. 26
Neches	Rotterdam	Feb. 24
Almirante	Santa Marta	Mar. 2
Huron	Jacksonville	Mar. 8
Creole	New Orleans	Mar. 6
DUE SATURDAY.		
Bergensfjord	Bergen	Mar. 3
Arabic	Liverpool	Mar. 3
Concho	Galveston	Mar. 6
Maracaibo	Porto Rico	Mar. 6
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Mar. 9
El Alba	Galveston	Mar. 6
Menelaos	Gibraltar	Feb. 28
Oscar II.	Christians'nd	Mar. 2
Advance	Cristobal	Mar. 6
Petrolite	St. Michaels	Mar. 1
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Mar. 10
Vasari	Rio Janeiro	Feb. 23
Yumuri	Manzanillo	Mar. 5

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
United States, Christiansand	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sixaola, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston		12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Stephano, St. John's		8:00 A.M.
Massapequa, Porto Rico		12:00 M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Duca degli Abruzzi, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Niagara, Havre	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Wascana, Argentina	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Havana, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santurce, San Domingo	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mandeville, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Grayson, San Juan		12:00 M.
Nueces, Galveston		12:00 M.
Alamo, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston		12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MARCH 10.

SS Niagara, Havre to New York, was signalled; time and distance not given. Due 11 A. M., French time.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Trinidadian, Tampico to New York, crossed Tampico Bar at 11:30 A. M. 9th.
SS Iroquois, San Domingo to New York, was 76 miles S. E. of Samana at 8 P. M. 9th.
SS John D. Rockefeller, New Orleans to New York, was 43 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Lyra, San Francisco to New York, was 604 miles from Ambrose Lightship at noon.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 236 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Topila, Port Arthur to New York, was 458 miles E. of Sabine Bar at 8 A. M.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 112 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Olinda, Antilla to New York, was 154 miles S. at noon.
SS El Cid, New Orleans to New York, was 287 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS El Alba, Galveston to New York, was 204 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 6 P. M.
SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 605 miles S. at 8 P. M.
SS Sabine, Mobile to New York, was 45 miles N. W. of Tampa Bar at 7 P. M.
SS El Siglo, Bremen to New York, was 817 miles E. of Ambrose Lightship at noon 9th.
SS Neches, Rotterdam to New York, was 600 miles E. of Diamond Shoals at 8 P. M. 8th.
SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, crossed Mississippi Bar at 5:20 P. M.
SS El Sol, Galveston to New York, was 322 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 18 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Metapan, Limon to New York, was 96 miles S. E. of Cape San Antonio at 7 P. M.
SS Maracaibo, La Guayra to New York, was 654 miles S. at noon.
SS Almirante, Colon to New York, was 396 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Millinocket, Stockton to New York, was 70 miles E. of Ambrose Lightship at 6:30 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kroonland, at Montevideo, March 10.
SS Prins Willem V., at Rotterdam, March 9.
SS Kristianiafjord, at Christiania, March 9.
SS Walcheren, at Falmouth, March 9.
SS Howick Hall, at Callao, March 9.
SS Finland, at Gibraltar, March 9.
SS Highland Heather, at Havre, March 7.
SS Mar Caspio, at Barcelona, March 4.
SS Barneson, at Manchester, March 9.
SS Dramminfjord, at Kirkwall, March 7.
SS Balto, at Kirkwall, March 8.
SS Progresso at Kirkwall, March 8.
SS Apsley Hall, at Genoa, March 8.
SS Campine, at Barry, March 9.
SS Joannis Coutzis, at Piraeus, March 1.
SS Thessaloniki, at Palermo, March 1.
SS Frederick VIII., at Copenhagen, March 9.
SS Cymric, at Liverpool, March 10.
SS Rotterdam, at Maasluis, March 9.
SS Santa Cecilia, at Panama, March 10.
SS Allianca, at Colon, March 10.
SS Drumcliffe, at Montevideo, March 8.
SS Hostilius, at Montevideo, March 9.
SS Kura, at Belfast, March 9.
SS Sommelsdyk, at Maasluis, March 9.

Sailed.

SS St. Louis, from Liverpool, March 10.
SS Marken, from Port Talbot, March 8.
SS Cornelis, from Rotterdam, March 9.

Passed.

SS Kate, New York for Piraeus, passed Gibraltar.
SS Texel, New York for Rotterdam, passed Scilly.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. about March 20, SS St. Louis.
France—Close at 11 A. M. March 13, SS Niagara.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 7 P. M. March 15, SS Canopic.
Greece—Close at 12 M. March 16, SS Ioannina.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. March 11, SS Tamele.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 9:30 A. M. March 11, SS United States.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. March 12, SS Duca degli Abruzzi.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. March 12, SS Maartinsdyk.

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Tuscania.....Sat., Mar. 27, NOON
Lusitania.....Sat., Apr. 3, 10 A.M.
Transylvania..Sat., Apr. 10, NOON
*Orduna......Sat., Apr. 17, 10 A.M.
Tuscania......Sat., Apr. 24, NOON
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Gibraltar—Genoa—Naples—Piraeus
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American Steamers Under the American Flag
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New York—Liverpool. Pier 62, N. R
Phila'phia, Mar. 18, noon | St. Louis, Mar. 20, noon

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London. Pier 58, N. R.
MINNEHAHA........MARCH 27, 8 A. M.

White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 60, N. R., Noon
*Arabic....Mar. 17 | Adriatic.....Mar. 20
*Cabin & 3rd Class Passengers Only
Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
Canopic, Mar. 16, 10 A. M. | Cretic, Apr. 6
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Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for HAVRE
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ROCHAMBEAU . Mar. 20, 3 P. M.
LA TOURAINE . Mar. 27, 3 P. M.
CHICAGO . . . Apr. 3, 3 P. M.
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Daily Connections with All European Cities.
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New Twin-Screw Geared Turbine
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*N.Ams'd'm, Mar. 24, n'n | †Noordam......Apr. 3
*Rotterdam, Mar. 27, n'n | †Ryndam.......Apr. 13
*Via Falmouth. †Rotterdam Direct.

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‡Ancona..Mar. 16, noon | *America..Mar. 27, noon
†Europa, Mar. 20, noon | *D.D. Aosta..Apr. 3, noon
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New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.
Bridgeport Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., week days only, 11 A. M.

BAY STATE LINE BOSTON $2.55
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WOOL MARKET QUIET.

Foreign Wools in Greater Demand Than Domestics.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 10.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"The week in the wool market has been rather quiet, the aggregate sales amounting to 1,250,000 pounds. Sales of foreign wools have been in greater quantity than transfers of domestic, owing to the distribution of cargoes recently arrived, and in part to the dearth of supplies of the domestic staple.

"Wool markets abroad show a distinctly advancing tendency, cables received from the Australian centres during the early part of the week showing that prices have advanced in some instances fully 30 per cent. above closing quotations of the last sale.

"Developments in the woolen goods market are in general satisfactory when country-wide conditions are taken into consideration. More or less cancellation is taking place, as the logical result of overbuying.

"A certain amount of improvement is noticeable in the dress goods market, particularly in connection with the Spring lines, the demand for goods showing a gratifying increase. Tweed fabrics are taking particularly well, as are shepherd checks.

"The cotton goods market shows a slightly greater activity, and quotations in general are very firmly maintained.

"There is an improvement in the export business in textiles also.

"The woolen and worsted yarn market shows no appreciable change, though the demand is perhaps less than a week or two ago. The tendency in cotton yarns is toward easier prices."

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MARACHISIO BROTHERS, Bankrupts. To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Please take notice that Ferdinand A. Hoyt, trustee in bankruptcy of the above-named bankrupts, will sell by order of the Hon. Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, all his right, title, and interest in and to all the property of said bankrupts upon sealed competitive bids on the 11th day of March, 1915, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of Hirson & Bertini, attorneys for the trustee, No. 44 Cedar Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Said property to be sold in two parcels: Parcel No. 1, consisting of a restaurant business, good will, unexpired term of lease at 161 West 49th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Parcel No. 2, consisting of real property, consisting of a farm, buildings, appurtenances, live stock, and personal property contained in said place, known as the Lakeside House, Swartswood Lake, Swartswood, New Jersey.

The trustee herein sells the above mentioned property subject to all liens and encumbrances now existing against any of the above described property.

Sealed bids to be submitted for each parcel separately and all bids are to be accompanied by a certified check for at least 10% of the amount bid.

Trustee reserves the right to reject any and all bids submitted to him on said property. Property may be inspected any day prior to the sale between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M.

FERDINAND A. HOYT,
Trustee in Bankruptcy.
HIRSON & BERTINI, Attorneys for Trustee, 44 Cedar Street, N. Y. C.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the general assignment for the benefit of creditors of FRED. C. THOMA, Inc.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee will sell at public auction through Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, on Tuesday, the 23rd day of March, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, and immediately thereafter at Chas H. Keyes Yards, 472 E. 10th St., and at 2 P. M. at Becker's Yard, Greenpoint Av., Greenpoint, Bklyn, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, property and assets of the above estate, consisting of desks, chairs, typewriter, etc., at 539 Broadway, and at Chas. H. Keyes Yard, 472 E. 10th St., 1 car of lumber 4x4 No. 1 common oak, and at Becker's Yard, Greenpoint Av., Greenpoint, Bklyn, 1 car gum.

BERTRAM L. KRAUSS, Assignee.
WILLIAMS, FOLSOM & STROUSE, Attorneys for Assignee, 55 John St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE H. KUHNER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, March 24, 1915, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 149th St. and Harlem River, near Exterior St., Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of mantelpieces, tiles, andirons, lumber, desk, chairs, fixtures, etc.

LEO OPPENHEIMER, Trustee.
FERRIS, DANNENBERG & ANSBACHER, Attorneys for Trustee, 2 Rector St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOLOMON MYER FELD and MARY FELD, individually and as partners trading as S. M. FELD & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, March 17th, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 356 W. Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of suit cases, valises, leather, trimmings, machinery, typewriter, desk, fixtures, etc.

MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Receiver.
JULIUS H. REITER, Attorney for Receiver, 277 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 20988.—DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULIUS SCHATTMAN, JR., ISAAC L. COHN, and the ESTATE OF MORRIS SCHATTMAN, deceased, composing the firm of SCHATTMAN BROS., and said firm of SCHATTMAN BROS., Bankrupts.

Julius Schattman, Jr., Isaac L. Cohn, and the Estate of Morris Schattman, deceased, composing the firm of Schattman Bros., and said firm of Schattman Bros., were duly adjudicated bankrupts on February 27th, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on March 23rd, 1915, at 1 P. M. Said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
March 10th, 1915.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—CHARLES S. MOORE, Bankrupt.

Charles S. Moore, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 27th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 12th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 10th, 1915.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—MEYER HARRISON and LEOPOLD ROSENBERG, individually and as copartners of the firm of HARRISON & ROSENBERG, Bankrupts.

Meyer Harrison and Leopold Rosenberg, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated March 2d, 1915, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 12th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 10th, 1915.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—MAY WARD BERNSTEIN, also known as MAY WARD, Bankrupt.

May Ward Bernstein, bankrupt, has filed her petition, dated March 2d, 1915, praying for a discharge from all her debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 12th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 10th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—MAX RUBIN, Bankrupt.

Max Rubin, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 22nd, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 12th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 10th, 1915.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Builders Buy Apartment House Sites in Upper Manhattan and the Bronx—Block of Old Fifth Avenue Dwellings to be Rebuilt for Trade—Protest Against Increased Taxation.

Apartment house site buying in upper Manhattan and the Bronx was an important feature of yesterday's realty market. In the Fort Washington section of the Heights, where several large plots have exchanged ownership during the past week or ten days, Harris Moran & Sons, builders and operators, have purchased from the Hoyt estate, a plot 154 by 95 feet on the north side of 171st Street, 225 feet west of Fort Washington Avenue. Ground will be broken at once for a six-story apartment house.

Fifth Avenue Homes for Trade.

The greater part of the old residence block on the east side of Fifth Avenue, between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth Streets will be remodelled for stores on the lower floors of the present dwellings and bachelor apartments above. The property is owned by the Mary Mason Jones estate. Plans for the changes were filed yesterday by the architect, Duncan Candler. The cost is estimated at $70,000. Some of the houses have already been utilized for trade.

Investor Buys Lenox Avenue Flats.

As an investment Fannie Wischer has purchased from Paul A. McGolrich and Louis Bloch 433 and 435 Lenox Avenue, a six-story new-law tenement on a plot 50 by 75, located 50 feet south of 132d Street. This property has been held at $75,000, and the deal was reported as an all cash one.

Deal in East Fiftieth Street.

Elich Berlinger has sold to an investing client of the Douglas Robinson-Charles S. Brown Company, 243 East Fiftieth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 17 by 100.5, between Second and Third Avenues. The seller acquired the house in 1894.

Bronx Borough.

Several good deals were closed in the Bronx yesterday, one being on Walton Avenue, where several good sales have been made lately. A plot 50 by 100 on the east side of the avenue, 97 feet north of 183d Street, was sold by Sharp & Co. to a builder, for improvement.

A large plot on Arthur Avenue, 100 by 90, on the west side, 112 feet south of 179th Street, as been purchased by Eugenia Ulrich from William Lustgartner. Edward Polok was the broker.

The new-law tenement, 258 East 165th Street, on plot 37.7 by 80 has been sold by Kurz & Uren for the Mitchell McDermott Co. to an investor.

In the upper part of the borough, the private dwelling and stable at 634 East 239th Street, on plot 50 by 100, has been purchased by E. C. Phipps of Mt. Vernon from Katie B. O'Donnell. F. William Eggert was the broker.

W. E. & W. I. Brown, Inc., have sold for the John W. Cornish Construction Company a plot at the northeast corner of 174th Street and Vyse Avenue, being 50 by 80, to the Trask Building Company, who will improve same with an apartment dwelling.

Will Build Six Bronx Apartments.

The Mack Construction Company will build six instead of three apartment houses on the west side of Bryant Avenue, 100 feet south of 165th Street, covering a frontage of 240 feet. The property was just acquired from the American Real Estate Company. Plans for the new buildings are now being prepared.

$25,000 Sale at Plandome.

L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co. have sold at Plandome, on Manhasset Bay, the residence of Francis D. Jackson to H. V. Brumley of Brooklyn. The house has been featured as true Dutch Colonial architecture, and was held at $25,000.

Long Island.

In the Ridgewood section the G. X. Matthews Company has sold to Dietrich Lohse, 1,862 Woodbine Street, and to Marie R. Lohse 1,860 Woodbine Street, three-story flats.

New Jersey.

The estate of William H. C. Dodd has sold to the South Orange Lodge, B. P. O. Elks, a plot fronting 135 feet on Fairview Avenue, South Orange. A new home for the lodge will be erected on the property, which was held at $40 a front foot.

Westchester County.

The Westchester Land Exchange has sold at Greenacre a plot, comprising two acres in the Morris tract, facing on Birchhill Drive, adjacent to the handsome Pope residence. The buyer is Harold E. Porter of the Porter Publishing Company, New York City, who will erect a residence.

Recent Buyers.

Charles C. Hallock is the buyer of the plot of five and one-half lots on the northeast corner of Bronx Boulevard and Reiss Place, sold last week by A. A. Weyers.

William H. Gehringer is the buyer of 535 West Fifty-second Street, sold recently by Harris & Vaughan.

New $150,000 Brooklyn Church.

Plans have been completed by F. J. Helmle for a $150,000 church for the Roman Catholic St. Gregory's parish, at Brooklyn Avenue and St. John's Place. The edifice will seat 1,000, and is to replace a frame structure erected for temporary needs a few years ago.

Mortgage Loans Placed.

Smith & Phelps have placed a building loan of $45,000 for the Joseph Sonsin Company for the purpose of erecting a five-story apartment house on plot 52 by 108 by irregular and situated at the northeast corner of Crotona Avenue and 170th Street.

$268,466 for Queens Buildings.

Plans have been filed with the Queens Bureau of Buildings since March 1 for 108 new structures to cost with plumbing $268,466.

The total since Jan. 1 has been 631 new structures to cost with plumbing $2,646,386. The total for January was $663,444, and for February $1,498,302.

Mass Meet to Protest Against Increased Taxation.

What is planned to be the largest and most impressive protest ever made in New York City by taxpayers and rentpayers against the increase in taxation and the cost of administering the city Government is being arranged for the evening of Sunday March 21, at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, Manhattan, by the United Real Estate Owners Association.

The meeting is called in the belief that every man and woman in New York City is vitally affected by the recently announced increase in the tax rate and the steadily mounting expenses of the city Government. It is to be as much a protest by rent payers as by taxpayers.

It is to be the start of a series of educational meetings in which popular speakers will show all classes how they are affected by increases in the rate of taxation and the city's expenditures, irrespective of whether they are taxpayers or otherwise. Seats will be reserved without charge on application by person or by mail at 170 Broadway, the office of the United Real Estate Owners Association.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

A Merchant

told us last week that he had paid off $20,000 on a past due mortgage of $85,000 at great inconvenience.

He was told that he could not get more than 50 per cent. of a conservative appraisal at reasonable charges.

We could have replaced this mortgage for the full amount, $85,000, at 5 per cent. without difficulty.

Why not apply here first?

MORGENTHAU JR CO
25 LIBERTY ST

Photographers Move Uptown.

Brown Brothers, commercial photographers, have taken a long lease on the greater part of the top floor in the Fitzgerald Building, Times Square. They will move next month to their new uptown home from 108 Fulton Street, where they have been for over twelve years.

Commercial Leases.

Folson Brothers, Incorporated, have leased for Howard Conkling the building 204 Lafayette Street, to Thomas Harper for his business as a brass foundry, for a term of years.

Henry B. Riecke has leased the store at 504 Ninth Avenue to the Karry Home Dairy Company for five years, and the entire first floor and basement at 423 West Thirty-ninth Street to the Union Transfer and Storage Company.

Cahn & Pittman have leased for Frank Mucha to Charles Hecht, the four-story triple flat with stores, known as 3,890 Third Avenue, for the term of five years, at an aggregate rental of $8,500.

A. A. Hageman has leased the store and basement at 618 Sixth Avenue, adjoining the corner of Thirty-sixth Street, to Peter Dooros for a number of years, for confectionery business.

Edward Margolies has leased from William Waldorf Astor for a long term of years the four-story house at 200 Madison Avenue, northwest corner of Thirty-fifth Street, on a lot 24.9 by 95. The house will be altered for business purposes, as was done with the four adjoining houss at 11 to 17 East Thirty-fifth Street, also held under lease from Mr. Astor.

A. N. Gitterman Corporation has leased for Morris Weinstein and Nellie W. Marks the store and basement at 260 Grand Street to Denemark & Morris for a term of years. Also for Rhoda W. Rieser and Bertrand Paradise the southerly store in 232 Third Avenue to the Rose Tailoring Company for a term of years. Also in conjunction with Frederick S. Fox the store at 135 East Twelfth Street to the Enterprise Premium and Publishing Company.

The Madison Square branch of the New York Life Insurance Company, J. C. James, manager,, now housed in the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company Building, has leased for a long term space in the new Rogers-Peet Building, Fifth Avenue, Forty-first and Forty-second Streets. The space, which was leased through Horace S. Ely & Co., comprises the entire Forty-second Street frontage on the fifth story.

Pease & Elliman have leased for the Brooklyn Bank to Charles Loventhal the easterly store at 150 and 152 Fulton Street. Also for G. Armeny to Max Goldstein, in the Armeny Building at the southeast corner of Fulton and Nassau Streets, a larg eand complete diamond polishing shop.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company has leased the New Street wing on the first floor in building 32 Broadway to Furness, Withy & Co., Limited, for occupation by the Quebec Steamship Companw, now at 29 Broadway. The Broadway front on the sixth floor of the same building has been rented to the Standard Lumber Company, a Florida corporation.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd have leased the store and basement 13 Gold Street to Samuel G. McCotter & Co.; also store 171 Pearl Street to H. Hahn; store 13 East Houston Street to Samuel Kramer.

Country Estates Leased.

Kenneth Ives & Co. have rented the country estate of the late Thomas M. King at Irvington-on-Hudson to S. H. Kohn for the season. The property contains a large residence, stables, outbuildings, and fourteen acres near Sunnyside Lane.

John F. Scott has leased for Samuel P. Hinckley his house known as Rosebush, on the corner of Ocean Avenue and Tanglewood Crossing, Cedarhurst, L. I., to Henry G. Bartol; also for Mrs. Harriet L. Allen her cottage at Lawrence Beach for a term of years to Robert Hude Neilson.

Fish & Marvin have leased for Dwight L. Elmendorf, the lecturer, his country estate at Rye, N. Y., known as Sunnyfield. The estate is situated on the east side of Barlow Lane, overlooking the Sound, and consists of ten acres, a large Colonial dwelling, outbuildings, extensive gardens, lawns, &c. The property was rented furnished for a term to Herbert S. Martin of this city.

Taxpayers' Meetings.

The West Side Taxpayers' Association will meet this evening at 267 West Thirty-fourth Street.

There will be a meeting of the House and Real Estate Owners' Association at the Turn Hall, Lexington Avenue and Eighty-fifth Street, tomorrow evening.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

162d St, 615 West, n e corner of Fort Washington Av, 184.10x187.10x98.11, six-story apartment house; adjourned to March 17.

St. Nicholas Av, 348 and 350, e s, 50.6 ft e of 128th St, 50.8x101.4x49.11x93.11, two five-story flats and stores; Isidore Wengraf against J. E. Pye et al.; Isidore Neustaedter, attorney; Charles Kaufmann, referee; due, $5,193.65; taxes, &c., $659.15; subject to prior mortgage of $32,000; to the plaintiff for $33,200.

111th St, 249 West, n s, 164 ft e of 8th Av, 36x100.11, six-story flat; Simon Pretzfeld et al against S. R. Greenblatt et al; Heymann & H., attorneys; Myron Sulzberger, referee; due, $39,423.29; taxes, &c., $558; to the plaintiff for $37,000.

111th St, 251, n s, 128 ft e of 8th Av, 36x100.11, six-story flat; S. H. Eolfe et al against S. R. Greenblatt et al; Heymann & H., attorneys; E. H. Kelly, referee; due, $39,433.01; to the plaintiff for $37,000.

111th St, 255, n s, 56 ft e of 8th Av, 36x100.11, six-story flat; Emma Pretzfeld et al against S R Greenblatt et al; Heymann & H., attorneys; Cletus Keating, referee; due, $35,413.11; to the plaintiff for $37,000.

116th St, 64 East, s s, 190 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.11, five-story tenement and stores; E. L. Murphy against J. E. Grape et al; E. C. McPharlan, attorney; E. R. Finch, referee; due, $21,761.47; taxes, &c., $1,228.61; to the plaintiff for $17,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Webster Av, 1,472, e s, 43.9 ft s of 171st St, 18.9x95.7x—x94.6, four-story tenement; W. H. Schumacher against Ella Weiss et al; John Kadel, attorney; Harold Straus, referee; due, $2,507.78; taxes, &c., $473; subject to a prior mortgage of $7,000; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

By Henry Brady.

Bronx Terrace, e s, 168.2 ft s of 226th St, 50x105; B. Adams Burnett against North Bronx Realty Co. et al; Clocke, K. & R., attorneys; J. P. Hennessy, referee; due, $2,387.54; taxes, &c., $946.11; to the plaintiff for $2,500.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

27th St, 151 to 159 West, n s, 106.2 ft e of 7th Av, 99.1x99.9x97.3x98.9, twelve-story loft and store building; Morris W. Levine against 28th St & 7th Av Realty Co. et al.; Morris & Samuel Meyers, attorneys; W. W. Foster, referee; due, $53,043.43; taxes, &c., $94.78; subject to mortgage, $300,000.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

173d St, 555 West, n w corner of Audubon Av, 100x100, six-story apartment house; Penrose Realty Co. against Fletcher Court Co. et al.; Gates Hamburger, attorney; J. C. Levi referee; due, $5,988.01; taxes, &c., $5,327.75; subject to mortgage, $150,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

118th St, 130 West, s s, 336 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11, three-story dwelling; O. I. Metzger et al. against Harry Schreler et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; Carl Ehlermann, Jr., referee; due, $16,181.58; taxes, &c., $3,425.91.

136th St, 118 West, s s, 269 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.6x99.11, three-story dwelling; Lincoln Trust Co. against J. E. Weigand et al.; Bowers & S., attorneys; H. E. Deming, referee; due, $10,991.66; taxes, &c., $537.03.

Mercer St, 235, w s, 125 ft e of 3d St, 25x100, six-story loft building; N. Y. Savings Bank against C. M. Busch et al.; Bowers & S., attorneys; W. F. Clare, referee; due, $41,511.44; taxes, &c., $372.10.

By J. H. Mayers.

Lexington Av, 2,011, e s, 28.9 ft n of 122d St, 14.5x60, 3-story tenement; Corn Exchange Bank against Nathan Dreeben et al.; Albert Falck, attorney; Marcel Levy, referee; due, $1,674.67; taxes, &c, $162; subject to first mortgage of $6,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By James L. Wells Company.

Maclay Av, 2,410, e s, 96.11 ft n of Zerega Av, 18.7x92; K. D. de la Cortina against M. J. Hogan et al.; Williamson & B., attorneys; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $1,961.22; taxes, &c, $497.89.

Maclay Av, 2,412, e s, 115.6 ft n of Zerega Av, 18.3x92; Smith Williamson against D. J. Daily et al.; Williamson & B., attorneys; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $1,958.22; taxes, &c, $477.43.

By Charles J. Dunn.

Unionport Road, 1,721, w s, 196.8 ft n of Van Nest Av, 25.1x107.3x25x109.10; C. M. McBride, guardian, against Charles Ringelstein et al.; Franz Neilson, attorney; R. N. Souffront, referee; due, $5,583.21; taxes, &c., $456.10.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

University Av, n e corner of Featherbed Lane, for a one-story brick garage, 185x94; Hillcrest Building Co., Louis Meckes, 950 Ogden Av, President, owner; Lloyd I. Phyfe, 970 Anderson Av, architect; cost, $9,000.

De Reimer Av, e s, 657 ft n of Edenwood Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 20x30.2; Allesandro Mauro, 942 East 215th St, owner; Maximilian Zipkes, 405 Lexington Av, architect; cost, $2,500.

132d St, n s, 125 ft e of Brook Av, for a one-story frame shed, 87.70x20; Berkshire Springs Co., owner; Herbert D. Schenck, 75 Halsey St, Brooklyn, secretary and architect; cost, $350.

Audubon Av, n e corner of 180th St, for a six and a five story apartment, 72x100.10 and 48x90.10; N. S. & J. Corp., Harry Jacobs, President, 628 West 151st St, owner; Schwartz & Gross, 347 5th Av, architects; cost, $90,000.

St. Nicholas Av, e s, 408.9 ft s of 145th St, for a six-story apartment, 100x87; James O'Brien, 647 6th Av, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, 148th St, and 3d Av., architects.

68th St, n s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, for a one-story church and a three-story parsonage, 33x105 and 18x48; First Magyar Reformed Church of N. Y., 349 East 68th St, owner; E. Roth, 405 Lexington Av, architect; cost, $32,000.

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

5th Av, s e corner of 58th St, to five and seven story shops and bachelor apartments; Mary Mason Jones Estate, 16 Exchange Place, owner; D. Candler, 105 West 40th St, architect; cost, $70,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, w s, 126 ft n of 14th St, 20x60; Ignatz Bloch to Alex. Ackerson, 838 Beck St; attorneys, Cahn, L. & G., 128 B'way..$1

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 390, s w corner of 99th St, 25.2x100; John De Witt Warner, referee, to Benjamin C. Faulkner et al., trustees of Thomas S. Faulkner, 914 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn, March 9; attorneys, Thompson, K. & W., 256 B'way......$35,000

LENOX AV, 433 and 435, w s, 50 ft s of 132d St, 50x75; Louis Block to Fenie Wischer, 40 Miller Av, Brooklyn, and Samuel Newman, 103 West 117th St, (mtg $50,000,) a. t., March 9; attorney, Samuel Newman, 85 Division St..........$100

MANHATTAN AV, 317, n e corner of 113th St, 100.11x95; William F. McManus to Rochambeau Realty Co., Inc., 55 Liberty St, all liens, March 9; attorney, E. A. Isaacs, 55 Liberty St..........$100

MOTT ST, 163, w s, 25x100; also Mott St, 165, w s, 137.8 ft s of Broome St, 24.4x100; Louis Horn to Mary Horn, his wife, of Brooklyn, 1-3 part, Aug. 5, 1909; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

PEARL ST, 172, n e corner of Pine St, 24.1x95.2x24x95.3; Marks & Emanuel Starlight to Starlight Brothers, Inc., on premises, B & S, March 9; attorneys, Blandy, M. & S., 37 Wall St..........$1

WEST END AV, 321-327, n w corner of 75th St, 301-303 West, 85x irregular x105x100; Frank Bradley to Charmion Construction Co., 2,309 Broadway, (mtg $142,000,) March 9; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

WEST END AV, w s, 85 ft n of 75th St, 20x75; Hy. G. Vogel to Charmion Construction Co., 2,309 Broadway, (mtg $33,000,) March 4; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

1ST AV, 154, e s, 69.2 ft n of 9th St, 23.1x100; Abraham Huppert to Rosie Spitz of New Brunswick, N. J., 1-3 part, March 10; attorney, Joseph Gans, 140 Nassau St...$100

3D AV, 1,646 and 1,648, w s, 25.8 ft n of 92d St, 37.6x100; Reuben Isaacs to Henri Blum, 19 Bis Boulevard Delessert, Paris, France, (mtg $31,000,) Feb. 19; attorney, Joseph C. Levi, 37 Liberty St..........$1

7TH ST, 243 East, n s, 519 ft w of Avenue D, 24.5x97.6; Jeanette S. Tannenbaum to Morris B. Goldberger, 7 Abingdon Square, C A G, all liens, March 9; attorneys, Rosen & Phillips, 52 Wall St..........$1

27TH ST, 40 and 42 West, s s, 177.7 ft e of 6th Av, runs s 5 x w 0.1½ x s 93.9 x e 45,6 x n 98.9 to st x w 45.4 to beginning; Louis Davis to Bellemore Holding Co., Inc., 63 Park Row, (mtg $252,500,) all liens, March 1; attorney, United States Title Guarantee Co., 32 Court St, Brooklyn..........$100

SAME PROPERTY; Bellemore Holding Co. to Cleveland Holding Co., Inc., 100 Broadway, (mtg $252,500,) all liens, March 1; attorney, same..........$100

62D ST, 228 and 230 West, s s, 350 ft e of West End Av, 50x100.5; Rachel Cohn to Therese Weil, 21 East 82d St, and another, quitclaims, all liens, March 4; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St..........$100

74TH ST, 403 East, n s, 101 ft e of 1st Av, 28x92.8x28.6x97.1; Bertha Ullmann and another to Meyer H. Ullmann, 408 West 130th St, (mtg $10,000,) March 9; attorneys, Jonas, L. & N., 115 Broadway..........$100

75TH ST, 305 West, n s, 100 ft w of West End Av, 23x102.2; Clara L. Bucknell to Charmion Construction Co., 2,309 Broadway, March 9; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$1

75TH ST, 307 West, n s, 123 ft w of West End Av, 19x102.2; Daisy P., wife of George B. Hodgman, to Charmion Construction Co., 2,309 Broadway, (mtg $26,400,) March 9; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.$1

98TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Julia E. Cameron to A. Edw. Kling, 33 West 98th St, (mtg $18,000,) March 10; attorney, Edw. A. Isaacs, 55 Liberty St.$100

119TH ST, 355 West, n s, 100 ft w of Manhattan Av, 19.1x100.11, (foreclosure March 1;) William T. Quinn, referee, to Frances M. Cavanaugh, 47 Washington Square South, plff., March 10; attorney, Title Guarante Co., 176 Broadway..........$5,000

121ST ST, 240 West, s s, 391.8 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x100.11; Henry Presser to Katharine E., wife, and Francis J. Maguire, 240 West 121st St, (mtg $8,500,) March 2; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

122D ST, 318 and 320 East, s s, 212.6 ft e of 2d Av, 37.6x100.11; Graham-Siegel Co. to Realty Realization Corporation, 1,400 5th Av, B. & S., all liens, March 9; attorney, J. E. Cosgrove, 398 Grand St..........$1

124TH ST, s s, 274.9 ft e of 8th Av, 25.3x100.11; N. Y & L. I. Holding Co. to Clara E. Cooney, 838 Vanderveer Av, Borough of Queens, (mtg $18,000,) all liens, March 10; attorney, Hamilton Anderson, 237 Broadway..........$1

140TH ST, 475 West, n s, 40 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x99.11; Earle C. Bacon to Christina F. Morrison, 238 West 106th St, (mtg $10,000,) all liens, March 9; attorneys, Press & S., 233 Broadway..........$100

157TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of Broadway, 75x99.11; Ambrose Realty Co. to Mercedes Barthold, 60 West 89th St, (mtg $115,000,) March 4; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St..........$1

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, being s part Lot 68, map of land in Upper Morrisania and Monterey, 25x102.6; Thomas F. Clarey to Fannie Clarey et al., 104 Morris St, Yonkers, N. Y., Aug. 22, 1914; attorney, Millard & T., 52 West Main St, Yonkers..........Gift

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 374.9 ft n of Westchester Av, 25x115; Otto Wagner to Robert E. Linnert, 1,947 79th St, Brooklyn, March 6; attorney, C. L. Borck, 38 Park Row.$100

HOFFMAN ST, e s, 77.7 ft n of 187th St, 16.8x117; Rocco Paolino to Rose Paolina, 2,410 Hoffman St, (mtg $4,300,) March 5; attorney, D. A. Trotta, 391 East 149th St..$100

LOT 42, revised map of Seneca Park; Annie Tombs to Feely, 148 West 54th St, Feb. 1; attorney, W. P. Knapp, 2 Rector St......$1

MACY PLACE, s s, 75 ft n of Hewitt Place, 25x94.9; Oliver E. Davis, referee, to Annie McCormack, 572 Atlantic Av, March 8; attorneys, Harris, C. G. & M., 150 Nassau St..........$7,000

SIMPSON ST, e s, 175 ft n of 167th St, 40x100; Max Borck to Henrietta Essert, 4,026 3d Av, March 9; attorney, C. L. Borck, 38 Park Row..........$100

135TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of Alexander Av, 25x100; Clara E. Uner to Ellner-Reichard Realty Co., Inc., (mtg $15,750,) Feb. 24; attorney, B. E. Siegelstein, 99 Nassau St.$1

152D ST, s s, 175 ft w of Morris Av, 75x118.3; John La Spinta to Bernard Bloch, 352 West 118th St, (Mtg $10,000,) March 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$1

156TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Elton Av, 45x99.11; Blanche D. Taylor to William A. Taylor Building Co., Inc., 824 Morris Av, Feb. 23; attorney, William A. Taylor, 824 Morris Av..........$1

183D ST, n e s, 102.11 ft n w of 3d Av, 20x irregular; also Lot 476, map of Gleason property; Clyde E. Scheuerman to Josephine G. Scheuerman, 1,158 Taylor Av, March 10; attorneys, Williamson & B., 490 Willis Av.$1

198TH ST, n s, 160.8 ft w of Valentine Av, 89.1x irregular; Bernhard Bloch to J. L. S. Building Co., Inc., 2,051 Grand Av, (mtg $18,500,) March 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

235TH ST, n e corner of 2d St, 80x114; Anna J. Ketcham to Ernie C. Becker and another, 1,200 Hoe Av, ⅛ part, March 5; attorney, C. A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St...$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

WEST END AV, n w corner of 75th St, 85x—; Charmion Construction Co. to Frank Bradley, 303 West 75th St, March 15, prior mtg $142,000, due March 9, 1917; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$123,000

WEST END AV, w s, 85 ft n of 75th St, 20x75; Charmion Construction Co. to Henry G. Vogel, 329 West End Av, March 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$33,000

7TH AV, n e corner of 138th St, 25x100; Mary Woytisek and another to Louise V. Heintz, 32 Mount Morris Park West, March 9, prior mtg. $32,000, demand 6 p. c.; attorney, E. Cohn, 74 Broadway..........$5,000

23D ST, n e s, 240.6 ft s e of 4th Av, 28x110; Brookside Realty Co. to Samuel Isaacs, 148 West 125th St, Feb. 27, prior mtg. $78,000; due as per bond..........$3,000

28TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 11th Av, 100x98.9; Henry Hencken to Marie M. I. De Courval, Paris, France, March 10, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Emmett & Parish, 52 Wall St..........$10,000

74TH ST, n s, 107 ft e of 1st Av, 28x92.8; Meyer A. Ullmann to Pauline Fischer, 1,790 Amst. Av, March 9, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Jonas, L. & N., 115 Broadway...$2,000

75TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of West End Av, 23x102.2; Charmion Construction Co. to Clara L. Bucknall, Glen Cove, L. I., March 9, 1 year; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$33,500

75TH ST, n s, 123 ft w of West End Av, 19x102.2; Charmion Construction Co. to Daisy P. Hodgman, 307 West 75th St, March 9, prior mtg $20,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$6,400

98TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; A. Edward Kling to Julia E. Cameron, 31 East 38th St, March 10, due as per bond; attorney, Samuel Riker, Jr., 19 Cedar St..........$1,800

107TH ST, s s, 148.9 ft e of Columbus Av, 48.9x100.11; Joseph Shenk to Broadway and 53d Street Co., 108 West 43d St, March 9, prior mtg. $50,000, due as per bond; attorney, J. P. Donellan, 140 Nassau St...$10,000

119TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Manhattan Av, 19.1x100.11; Frances M. Cavanagh to Susan E. Montanye and another, Portland, Me., due as per bond, March 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$6,000

140TH ST, n s, 137.6 ft e of 7th Av, 114x99.11; 140th St, n s, 251.6 ft e of 7th Av, 12.6x99.11; Rosmore Holding Co. to Bennett Sanberg, 943 Sherman Av, prior mtg $170,000, due March 1, 1918, 6 p. c., Feb. 25; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway..........$18,000

149TH ST, s s, 140 ft e of 8th Av, 40x99.11; Maurice Cohen to Henry W. Dazian, 2,508 Broadway, March 9, 3 years 6 p. c.; attorney, M. Cohen, 117 East 23d St....$7,000

Bronx.

BRIGGS AV, n e corner of 198th St, 25.11x103.8; Frederick Kracke to Almine M. Ijardes, 2,398 Broadway, prior mtg $22,500, March 8, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$4,000

EASTBURN AV, w s, 113 ft n of 174th St, being Lot 46, map of 131 lots of estate of Thomas O. Woolf; Louis M. Schiavone to Thomas Burke, 453 West 37th St, March 10, due Jan. 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, William J. Merritt, Throgs Neck, N. Y..........$600

HUGHES AV, n e corner of 198th St, 40x87.6; Terrace Construction Co. to Margaret L. V. Sheppard, (trustee,) Scarborough, N. Y., March 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$11,000

HULL AV, w s, 125 ft s of 209th St, 100x100; David F. Hanigan to Edw. J. Schaeffler, 1,059 Hoe Av, March 10, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$4,000

SCOFIELD AV, s s, 84 ft w of Williams St, 25x100; Pierrepont Davenport to Lillian M. Smith, 216 8th Av, March 8, due Aug. 2, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, Pierrepont Davenport, 1 Willoughby St, Brooklyn....$1,300

UNIVERSITY AV, 2,512, e s, 57x124.9; William M. Moore to Irving Savings Institution, 115 Chambers St, March 9, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$40,000

WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of 167th St, 29x127; Foard Holding Co. to Benjamin P. Moore, 236 West 139th St, Jan. 27, due Oct. 25, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, T. S. Rosenthal, 27 William St..........$2,000

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 260.6 ft s of 178th St; Clara G. Schott to Marguerite C. Schott, 1,757 Topping Av, prior mtg $20,000, March 10, due Aug. 10, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. B. Hull, 261 Broadway..........$3,000

146TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of Leggett Av, 50x100; John E. Higgins to Willard T. Andariese, 499 3d Av, Long Island City, March 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,200

198TH ST, n s, 160.8 ft w of Valentine Av, 89.1x irregular; J. L. S. Building Co., Inc., to Bernhard Bloch, 352 West 118th St, prior mtg $8,000, March 8, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$10,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,848, n store and basement; Harriet C. Bailey to Cohn & Garfinkel, 1,848 Amsterdam Av, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, Louis Singer, 8 Rutgers St..........$960

AVENUE A, 1,610, store floors and cellars; Gesine Meinken to Herman M. Meinken, 507 East 85th St, 15 years from Jan. 2, 1911; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway..........$1,200

BLEECKER ST, 149, stoop flat; Antonio Marsulli and another to Saul Graboff and another, 75 West 113th St, 5 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, L. V. Fugazy, 153 Bleecker St..........$780

BROADWAY, 5th Av, 23d and 22d Sts, Flatiron Building, store and part basement; U. S. Realty and Impt. Co. to Charles M. Kelly, 605 West 184th St, 9 9-12 years from Jan. 1, 1915; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St..........$6,000

CHERRY ST, 368, all; Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum to Royal Turkish Tobacco Co., 363 Cherry St, 10 years from April 1, 1915; attorney, J. J. Schwebel, 220 Broadway..........$1,200

MADISON ST, 30, store and basement; Rebecca O'Brien to Constantinos Furtunis and another, 185 Washington St, Brooklyn, 3 years from April 1, 1918..........$185

3D AV, s e corner of 81st St, corner store; Simon Oberfelder to Hy. Schroeder, 222 East 84th St, 4 10-12 years from April 1, 1915; attorney, Fitch, M. & C., 32 Nassau St..........$1,800

52D ST, 130 West, store and basement; Annie Bonner to Stephen and John O'Shea, 763 Tinton Av., 5 years from Jan. 11, 1915; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St..........$1,200

58TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Madison Av, 74.6x—, all; Swetland Realty Co. to Van Schaick Realty Co., 30 East 42d St, 21 years from Sept. 1, 1914; attorney, Van Schaick & Price, 30 East 42d St......$42,500

Bronx.

CRESCENT AV, 614, store, &c.; Giuseppina Dellavalla to Ciro Buttacavoli, 614 Crescent Av, and another, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1915; attorney, A. E. Saracco, 2,076 Hughes Av..........$444

CRESCENT AV, s w corner of Cambreling Av, house and stable in rear; Martino Delisi to Carlo Portalappi, 90 West 3d St, 2 years from April 1, 1915; attorney, A. E. Saracco, 2,076 Hughes Av..........$840

TIFFANY ST, 1,115, corner store; Marie Anderson to Elias Austin, 1,135 Intervale Av, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1915; attorney, A. C. Bachmann, 1,050 Southern Boulevard..$600

WILKINS AV, 1,336, 2d and 3d floors; Matilda Klebaw to Adolph Kellerman, 1,336 Wilkins Av, 5 years and 5 months from Dec. 1, 1914; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$960

WILKINS AV, 1,338, all; Louis E. Klebaw to Max Federgreen, 1,338 Wilkins Av, 10 years from Oct. 1, 1914; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$2,100

173D ST, 456 East, all; Margaret Shine (individually and as executrix) to Claremont Boarding and Livery Stable Co., 456 East 173d St, from Aug. 1, 1912, to Aug. 1, 1917; attorney, John L. Bernstein, 5 Beekman St..........$2,400

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 689; Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. against Walter S. Cameron, gdn., owner; C. A. Baas & Co., contractor..$299

NASSAU ST, 150; McMann & Taylor Co. against American Tract Society and N. Y. Life Ins. Co., owners; Sun Printing and Pub. Ass'n, lessee; J. F. Gross & Co., contractors..........$146

NASSAU ST, 150; Louis D. Compson against American Tract Society, owner; Joseph F. Gross & Co., contractors..........$958

44TH ST, 15 and 17 West; Louis Smith against 15 West 44th St. Co., Inc., owner; Frank Slater, contractor..........$29

100TH ST, 209 East; Philip Rosenthal against David Lite, owner; Samuel Miller and John Shapiro, contractors, (renewal)........$275

11TH ST, 218 and 220 East; Kazimier & Uhl, against Annie Hochstein, owner and contractor; Max Hochstim, contractor, (renewal)..........$125

Bronx.

BECK ST, s s, 100 ft w of Avenue St. John, 125x100; Wimpie Electric Co. against Ostro Construction Co., owner and contractor, (renewal)..........$200

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

3D AV, 2,076 to 2,080; Larkin Lumber Co. against Samuel Jones et al., Sept. 26, 1914, (by bond)..........$359

SAME PROPERTY; Murtha Schmohl Co. against same, Aug. 21, 1914, (by bond).$385

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

WADSWORTH AV, w s, 50 ft n of 179th St, 75x100; Joseph Starobin against William Hobson et al., (action to foreclose liens;) attorney, S. S. Marcus.

7TH AV, 2,228 and 2,230; Jennie Brown against Charles Jacob et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Borowsky & Borowsky.

12TH ST, 415 East; Emil Reich against Gaspare Caleca et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. M. Goodman.

55TH ST, s s, 300 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5; Francis H. Kinnicutt et al. against Harry D. Weiluhart, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Hunt, Hill & Betts.

Bronx.

152D ST, n s, 25 ft w of Wales Av, 25x117; Helen D. Lewis against Denis J. McCarthy et al., (partition suit;) attorney, R. P. Bell.

183D ST, n s, 40 ft w of Grand Av, 20x100; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., as trustee, against Janpole & Werner Holding Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

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PRICE $4,250—FLATBUSH!

Strictly modern 7 room stucco house on beautiful street; $1,000 under price through builder's loss. 3 min. to Av. J St. Brighton "L", A truly remarkable opportunity. Photos upon request. OTTO SINGER, East 13th St., near Av. K, Bklyn.

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WILL LEASE 7-room cottage; improvements, good boating, bathing; on the north shore of Long Island; 33 minutes from New York; $400 for the season. At the end of season, in case party wishes to purchase, $200 of the $400 will be allowed as first payment on cottage; balance on easy monthly payments. A. B., Box 72 Times.

WATERFRONT PLOT

About 400 feet square, opposite East 79th St., New York, on Vernon Ave., Sanford St., Public Park and East River, suitable any wholesale business requiring water front and shipping facilities, adjoining New Barge Canal Terminal. Further particulars consult Duross Co., 155 West 14th St.

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RYE, N. Y.
TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.

Very attractive 2 story and basement frame house, with frontage on water, fireproof garage, modern greenhouse, a little over 4 acres, in garden and lawn; beautiful trees, bushes, and flowers. Apply to

HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
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Parquet floors, 4 baths,
Gentleman's Country Home,
for rent unfurnished at only
$115 Monthly.
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Substantial home, 12 rooms, 2 baths, gas, electricity, hot water heat; plot 100x170; garage; splendid location. Price, $12,000.

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NEW ROCHELLE.

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WATERFRONT BUNGALOW.

WILL LEASE 8-room bungalow; all improvements; waterfront; good boating, bathing, and fishing; on South Shore of Long Island; 40 minutes from New York; $500 for the season; at the end of season, in case party wishes to purchase, $250 of the $500 will be allowed as first payment on bungalow; balance on easy monthly payments. Address S E 84 Times.

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A BARGAIN

Handsome house, ten rooms, on large plot, in New York's best nearby suburb; house contains large living room, library with huge fireplace, handsomely decorated dining room, butler's pantry, sanitary kitchen, plenty closet room, four master's bedrooms, handsome bathroom, two maids' rooms, &c.; ideal all-year home. Full particulars and price mailed upon request. E. D. Paulin, owner, 47 West 34th St., City.

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at bargain price, $5,500, including garage; $500 cash required; owing to financial conditions must sell; new house; 7 large rooms, cozy inglenook, open fireplace, large closets, sanitary gas kitchen, up-to-date bathroom; located 30 minutes from Manhattan; good transportation. Full particulars, Waggoner, Room 516, 47 West 34th St., City.

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8 rooms, tiled bath, sleeping porch, large living room, 8-foot brick open fireplace, oak floor, steam heat, every modern improvem't; 30 min. from N. Y.; 65 trains daily. $6,000.

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FORCED to sacrifice my beautiful suburban residence, just completed; 10 rooms, 3 baths, solarium, sleeping porch; all latest appointments; excellent location; 12 miles from N. Y.; worth $11,000; must have cash; sell for $7,800. Mrs. E. Dearborn, 141 Williamson Av., Bloomfield.

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Beautiful Brick Houses
FOR RENT, $30.

Semi-detached, 7 rooms, steam heat, elegantly decorated—some for sale—easy terms; send for booklet. MANAGER, 60A Liberty St., N. Y. Phone Cort. 2552.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—CHARLES GOODWIN EMERY ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of Joseph Atwell, Surrogate of the County of Jefferson, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Charles Goodwin Emery, late of the Town of Clayton, in said County of Jefferson, deceased, that they are required to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the Executors, &c., of said deceased, at their place of transacting business at the office of James T. Kilbreth and Henry G. Schackno, No. 45 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on or before the 30th day of July next.

Dated the 25th day of January, 1915.

FRANK WHITNEY EMERY,
LUCIEN OUDIN,
Executors.

JAMES T. KILBRETH, HENRY G. SCHACKNO, Attorneys for Executors, 45 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

BAUMANN.—In pursuance of an order of Honorable Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GUSTAV BAUMANN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorneys, Pinney, Thayer & Van Slyke, No. 32 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 14th day of May next.—Dated New York, the 28th day of October, 1914. EMILY G. K. BAUMANN, Executrix. PINNEY, THAYER & VAN SLYKE, Attorneys for Executrix, 32 Nassau Street, New York City.

READY REFERENCE.

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On the Island there now stands an up-to-date house, (completely furnished,) containing thirteen rooms besides sun room, bath room, linen rooms, etc.; also a smaller house, workshop, woodshed, ice house, boat house, launch house, and a Caretaker's cottage built for Winter use.

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OFFICES TO RENT
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229 SQ. FT. —TO— ENTIRE FLOOR 4600 SQ. FT.

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DUFF & CONGER, Madison Ave. Cor. 86th St.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21328.—In Bankruptcy.—MARIE CAHILL ARTHUR, Bankrupt.

Marie Cahill Arthur was duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 8th, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York, on March 22nd, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated March 9th, 1915.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21204.—In Bankruptcy.—WELLS MOWBRAY & NEWMAN, INC., Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Wells Mowbray & Newman, Inc., are hereby given notice that on February 25th, 1915, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, March 22nd, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, March 10th, 1915.

NO. 20494.—DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHNSTON ELLIOTT & COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.

Johnston Elliott & Company, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on October 27th, 1914. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on March 23rd, 1915, at 2 P. M. Said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
March 10th, 1915.

NO. 21167.—DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of J. ROSENBLUM & COMPANY, Bankrupt.

J. Rosenblum & Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt on February 15th, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on March 23rd, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
March 10th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 20999.—In Bankruptcy.—ISAAC BOROWSKY, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Isaac Borowsky are hereby given natice that on February 16th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, March 22nd, 1915, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, March 10th, 1915.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The general and widespread depression that has covered the west Atlantic Ocean has drifted slightly to the westward, with resulting retardation of weather conditions over the United States, accompanied by a general though slight falling tendency in pressure, except over limited areas.

As a consequence fair weather and practically stationary temperatures have prevailed throughout the country, except in the West Gulf and North Pacific States, where there were light rains.

There is no prospect of any decided change in weather conditions durnig the next two days, and generally fair weather without decided temperature changes will prevail throughout the country.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh to strong northwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh northwest; South Atlantic Coast, gentle to moderate and mostly south and southwest.

FORECASTS: TODAY AND FRIDAY.

New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday and Friday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	24	30	4 P. M.	33	41
6 A. M.	24	30	6 P. M.	31	40
9 A. M.	27	34	9 P. M.	29	38
12 M.	31	39	11 P. M.	28	37

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 29; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 36.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 32; at 8 P. M. it was 38. Maximum temperature, 44 degrees at 2:20 P. M.; minimum, 29 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 57 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 52 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.88 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.75 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.

5:15—115 Elizabeth St.; Frank Rondozzo..Slight
6:30—701 W. 178 St.; not given..........Slight
9:05—517 E. 80 St.; Minnie Jacobs......Slight
9:50—1,770 Amsterdam Av.; Mrs. Edward H. Showles..........$100
11:35—310 E. 41 St.; Mary Manning...Slight
11:50—411 E. 171 St.; Fanny Alexander....Slight

P. M.

12:55—83 E. 113 St.; Martha Musler....Slight
2:15—181 W. 75 St., Mrs. Ward.........Slight
4:20—23 Rutgers Pl.; Isaac Freedman..$200
4:35—538 Trinity Av., Susan Deilino..Slight
7:10—1,326 Washington Av., Maurice Pichinsky..........Slight
7:20—60 E. 136 St., Margaret Busch..Slight
7:20—252-258 W. 29 St.; Empire Shoe Co. $1,000
8:00—38th St. and 9th Av.; Elev. R. R.Slight

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, 4 P. M., March 11: Lieut. P. Brady, 154, to 279; Sergts. Mulrey, 33, to 1; P. Shanley, 33 to 16; M. Walsh, 68, assigned to bicycle duty. To 68 from prects. indicated, assigned to bicycle duty: M. J. Fitzgerald, 1; R. T Ahearn, 16; J. D. Cahill, 69; A. W. Smith, 12; T. J. Quilty, 62. To prects. indicated from 68: W. S. Neeley, 52; F. T. Murphy, 69; D. D. Sullivan, 62. M't'd Sergts. with horses and equipments: J. W. O'Keefe, 33; J. S. Schofield, 33. Mtd. Patrol. with horses and equipments, to 33 from 68: B. A. Sattig, P. J. Maney, T. F. Flanagan, F. J. Conklin, W. S. Kingston, M. A. Early, A. W. Harriott, R E Connolly, E J. Sullivan, E. B. Turner, J. J. Feehan; Patrol. R. McA. Wilson, to 4 from 63; C. F. Kane, to 25 from 33, assign. as oper. of mot. patrol. wagon discon. F. A. Funk, to 38 from 276; D. M. Connolly and W. P. Fagan, to 39 from 3 Insp. Dist; T. L. Hector, to 63 from 38; E. J. Leahy, I. K. W. Nylin, and H. P. Ludwig, 68, to bicycle duty; J. L. Wendel, to 68 from 65, to motor cycle duty, assign. to mo'd duty discon.; J. C. Mannix, to 276 from 63; C. Sheehan, to Traf. Div., Subd. C, from 39; P. Burke, to Traf. Div., Subd. C, from 148.

To precincts indicated from 68: A. C. Schmitz, 10, J. Relt, 21; H. Guran, 25; J. A. Fitzgerald, 26; D. J. Burns, 28; J. Mannion, 31; F. C. Gerhardt, 36; E. H. Schermeyer, 37; W. C. Wallis, 37; J. J. McGurn, 39; O. M. Whitney, 42; M. Sullivan, 42; A. J. Huestis, 43; E. J. Gross, 43; F. Nekola, 63; T. Lynch, 65; G. A. Stein, 18; F. J. Shehan, 23; E. Munstermann, 26; D. O'Neill, 26; G. W. Van Etten, 29; T. A. Haverty, 32; J. Van Dolson, 37; W. O'Neill, 37; J. Meaney, 37; C. H. Vaughn, 42; J. V. Fitzpatrick, 42; W. D. Lander, 43; E. Gallagher, 43; C. Bonaventura, 61; A. Manning, 65; W. J. Kelly, 65.

To 68 from precincts indicated, assigned to motor cycle duty: A. G. Grundig, 37; H. Yost, Jr., 61.

To 68 from precincts indicated, assigned to bicycle duty, assign. to mtd. duty discon'd: R. Holt, 65; T. S. Martin, 69; W. P. McAndrews, 69.

To 68 from precincts indicated, assigned to bicycle duty: J. Harten, 4; T. J. Egan, 18; P. J. Beadle, 26; C. J. Goodyear, 26; J. A. Loughran, 31; J. T. Collins, 36; W. J. Ferrick, 37; J. J. Ray, 37; J. J. McKee, 42; A. E. Jaworsky, 42; W. F. Gallagher, 43; G. Leis, 65; O. F. Devery, 10; W. Cerny, 23; L. Juna, 26; E. F. W. Seyler, 28; A. J. Parkinson, 32; M. Morris, 37; E. Zapke, 37; A. J. Schmidt, 42; M. Ryan, 42; J. R. Kelleher, 43; H. Immen, 43; W. P. Hayes, 65.

(Mutual,) 4 P. M., March 11: Mtd. patro. without horses and equipmts—S. Fein, to 65 from 171; W. Biggin, to 171 from 65.

Temporary Assignments: Sergt. C. P. Vosburgh, 74, to C. O., duty in Bur. of Discip-Rec., 10 days, 4 P. M. March 10; Patrol. J. Mallon, 5, to D. B., 5 days, 8 P. M. March 9; A. J. Imperial, 10, to 11th Insp. Dist., 30 days, 4 P. M. March 16; J. R. Buckley, 15, to D. B., 5 days, 4 P. M. March 13; D. Mandel, 17, to D. B., 5 days, 8 A. M. March 10; T. E. Enright, 28; J. M. Evans, 36, and J. F. V. L. Patton, 65, to D. B., 10 days, 9 A. M. March 13; J. J. A. Kee, 169, to clerical and house duty, 30 days, 4 P. M. March 11; H. J. Walsh and S. Heher, B. B. H. Squad, to D. B., 10 days, 8 A. M. March 13. Matron Ada McMahon, 26, to D. B., 10 days, 6 P. M. March 12.

Leave of Absence without pay: Patrol. M. Hanrahan, 26, 1 day, 8 A. M. March 17.

Sick Leaves: Patrol. W. O'Neil, 28th, 60 days, 8 A. M. March 7; J. J. Reilly, 153d, 90 days, 8 A. M. March 16.

Fire Department.

The following will report to Fire. 1st g. A. J. Muir, at 7th Reg. Armory, Park Av. and 67th St., for practice at 10 o'clock, Saturday: C. W. Roe, Jr., Eng. 13; J. T. Foote, Eng. 18; W. J. Mertens, Eng. 24; R. Bornholz, Eng. 36; H. Reichert, Eng. 51; J. J. D'Azevedo, Eng. 56; W. E. A. Dammever, Eng. 79; J. L. Dressler, Eng. 88; W. F. Gallagher, Eng. 213; P. J. Metzger, Jr., Eng. 213; W. F. Hickey, Eng. 214; T. S. Richard's, Eng. 227; F. Ergenzinger, Eng. 237; F. M. Munn, Eng. 244; C. A. Widmer, Jr., Eng. 250; C. Charous, Eng. 221; A. Hothersall, Eng. 31; H. B. Escher, Eng. 262; G. Klein, Eng. 263; J. A. Chattaway, Eng. 271; H. Brenner, Eng. 288; E. A. Wooley, Eng. 287 (2d Sec.;) E. Bernsen, H. & L. 11; J. J. Schoppmeyer, H. & L. 22; E. S. Clements, H. & L. 35; J. A. Unrath, H. & L. 40; A. T. Cole, H. & L. 107; J. Miller, No. 3, H. & L. 115; W. H. Breuer, H. & L. 115; N. J. Bruno, H. & L. 128; G. Olsen, H. & L. 128; A. J. Muir, H. & L. 137; C. G. Brown, H. & L. 137; J. J. O'Keefe, H. & L. 147; J. A. Stack, H. & L. 148; J. T. R. Murray, H. & L. 149.

Fined: Fire. 3d grade P. F. Connor, H. & L. 124, $1, (loss of fire alarm box key.)

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Education yesterday adopted the report of its Committee on Elementary Schools granting leaves of absence, with pay, to fifteen teachers to enable them to study the work of ungraded class teachers in the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers. It will necessitate the expenditure of $2,700 for substitute teachers to fill the vacancies.

It has been decided to lease rooms in Trinity Congregational Church, 176th Street and Washington Avenue, the Bronx, as an annex to P. S. 4.

The Association of Workers Among Delinquent Children was recognized yesterday by the Board of Education so that it may participate in the election of members to the Teachers' Council.

The following transfers of elementary school teachers were made yesterday: Fannie C. Fulton, from P. S. 106 to P. S. 22; May E. Bagley, from P. S. 50 to P. S. 6; Isabella F. Winslow, from P. S. 2, (primary,) to P. S. 50; Emma M. Lotz, from the Ellis Island school to P. S. 113, and Helen V. Dowling, from P. S. 89 to P. S. 5.

A class in art weaving and design has been added to the other classes in prevocational training, seventh and eighth years, in P. S. 45, the Bronx.

The transfers of Mary A. Hook and Therese Kessel, clerical assistants in the Jamaica High School, to other high schools were approved by the Board of Education yesterday.

The Spanish play, "La Muela del Juicio," (The Wisdom Tooth,) given last Friday afternoon by the boys of De Witt Clinton High School, was so successful that it will be produced again on March 12, at 3 P. M., at the High School of Commerce and at the Commercial High School, Brooklyn, Friday, March 19, at the same hour.

PRESERVE THE PICTURES.

The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial contains 24 pages of beautiful and graphic pictures of the war, reproductions of representative works of art, and illustrations of passing events executed by Rotogravure process. 10 cents by mail. Binder to hold 52 issues sent, cloth, $1.25; imitation leather, $1.75, and half leather for $2.00. The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—A board of officers of the Ordnance Department, to consist of Colonels W. W. Gibson and C. B. Wheeler and Lieut. Colonel J. H. Hoffer, is appointed to meet at the New York Arsenal March 22 to make recommendation for detail of two officers to the Ordnance Department in the grade of Major.

Orders of Nov. 24, directing 2d. Lieut. C. M. Smith, C. A. C., on completion of examination for promotion, to return to his station, amended to direct him to proceed to Fort Morgan, Ala., temporary duty, then to his proper station.

Following officers are detailed as Insp.-Instructors of organized militia of Illinois; Major E. M. Lewis, 19th Inf., gen. headquarters, Springfield; Capt. R. Sheldon, 18th Inf., Chicago.

Transfers—2d Lieuts. J. A. McGrath, 26th to 11th, and R. Brush, 11th to 26th Inf.

Leaves—1st Lieut. J. M. Lockett, 10th Inf., assigned to 23d Infantry, April 1, one month and ten days; Capt. P. T. Hayne, Jr., 12th Cav., four months, and Major G. F. Jenks, Ordnance Dept., one month. He will sail for the Philippines about May 5.

Navy.

Junior Grade Lieut. L. C. Schlieba, Washington Yard, to duty conection fitting out the Nicholson and on board when commissioned.

Ensigns J. McC. Miller, to receiving ship Norfolk, and E. J. Gillam, the E-2, to Las Animas, Colorado Hospital, sick.

Chief Bos'n E. Murphy, the Tennessee, to home and wait orders.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Cleveland, at La Paz; Helena, at Hankow; Celtic, at Guantanamo; Glacier, at San Francisco, and the Yorktown, at Mazatlan.

Sailed—Des Moines, Campeche for Progreso; Nashville, Santo Domingo City for Guantanamo; G-4 and Sonoma, N. Y. Yard for Philadelphia; Culgoa, N. Y. yard for Newport and Guantanamo; Washington, Guantanamo for Vera Cruz; Maryland, Mazatlan for San Diego; Wyoming, Arkansas, New York, Florida, Michigan, and Utah, Guantanamo for Manzanillo, and the Olympia, Guantanamo for Port au Prince.

The San Diego was placed in reserve at Mare Island Yard March 9.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

Applications for Assistant Director, Bureau of Standards, Board of Estimate, will be issued until 4 P. M. on March 19. The salary is $4,000 a year. The minimum age is 21 years. Subjects and weights are: Experience, 4; written examination, 4; oral examination, 2. Seventy per cent. is required on each subject.

United States.

The commission announces for March 17 at the New York Custom House a competitive examination for trained nurse in the Panama Canal Service, for women only, to fill vacancies in this position in the Panama Canal Service at $65 a month, with board and laundry of uniforms. A reasonable charge for quarters will be made. Appointees will be given a promotion of $5 a month for each two years' satisfactory service until a maximum of $80 a month is reached. Competitors will be examined in anatomy and physiology, hygiene of the sickroom, general nursing, surgical nursing, obstetrical nursing, and training and experience in nursing. Applicants will be required to show that they are graduates of recognized schools for trained nurses. They must have reached their twentieth but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

FOSTER, WILLIAM WISNER, (Feb. 20;) personalty $1,835; all to widow, Madeline Morrow Foster.

HILLS, ELIZABETH, (Dec. 1, 1914;) realty $8,000; personalty $200; to Margaret Wenzsch $6,000 and all household effects; Christina Meininger $2,000; there are other small bequests.

STEVENSON, WALTER, (March 5;) realty $4,000; personalty $5,000; all to widow, Elisa T.

WEIL, GERTRUDE (March 6;) realty $10,000; personalty $10,000; all equally to children, Emma W. Cone, Hilda W. Streock, Mabel W. Goldberg, and M. Sanford Weil.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10.—Forecast:

N. Car. and S. Car.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle w. winds.

Ga. and Fla.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle, shifting winds.

Ala.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle n. w. to n. winds.

Miss.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle n. winds.

La. and East. Tex.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle to moderate n. and n. e. winds.

Ark., W. Tex., Ky., Ind., Minn., and Iowa—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

Ohio—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle to moderate n. w. winds.

Ill.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle to moderate winds, mostly n. w.

Lower Mich. and Upper Mich.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle to moderate winds, mostly w.

Wis.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle to moderate w. winds.

Mo., Okla., and Kan.—Cloudy Thurs.; Fri., fair.

N. Dak., Utah, and Neb.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

S. Dak.—Fair Thurs.; Fri., fair, warmer.

Mortgage Loans.

Forty-five cents a line.

Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, Westchester, or New Jersey. Hickey, 818 East 169th St.

City Property.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Private house opportunity, 64th St., near Broadway; four-story, high stoop; terms to suit; cheapest on the block. Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Inc., 1,133 Broadway. Farragut—9494.

Fine sixteen-room house, opposite Grant's Tomb, overlooking Hudson River, on bluff; sale or lease. B. Stack, 406 Lafayette St.

Executor's Sale.—East 62d St; house, (assessed $13,500,) $11,000. Miller, 767 Lexington Av.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

BEAUTIFUL HOUSE NEAR WATER; Long Island Sound; 32 minutes from Penn. station; water front rights to fine bathing beach; near station; dock for your yacht or motor boat; electricity and gas; cement sidewalks and sewerage; very select and refined neighborhood; terms, $250; balance, $30 or more monthly, title perfect; descriptive booklet. B. Stephenson, 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

FINE COTTAGE, $18 A MONTH; just over city line; good neighborhood; 7 large, beautiful rooms and bath; everything like new; 2 lots; handy to all stores, school, trolley, &c., don't overlook this bargain; must be sold this week; possession on very small cash payment. C. McCaw, 243 West 34th St., New York.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

162d St., 519 West.—Eleven dooms, 2 baths, 3 toilets; $75 monthly.

Real Estate Wanted.

Cash promptly paid for property threatened with foreclosure; give details. G. Rampolla, 192 Bowery, New York City.

Wanted—Small cottage or bungalow to rent for season, commuting distance. Levison, 473 Kent Av., Brooklyn.

PROPERTY OWNERS' ATTENTION. Will manage your property and guarantee income. John Hoeckh, 650 9th Av.

Accessible subdivisions wanted anywhere for immediate selling. Baker, 7 East 42d.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents an agate line.

BALLENBECK-HUNGERFORD BUILDING, LAFAYETTE, FRANKLIN & WHITE STS. Lofts, offices, showrooms. Rothschild Realty Co., 98 5th Av. Phone 4990 Chelsea.

Private office for rent; also deskroom; conveniences. Room 809, 16 East 33d.

Warehouse, 263 Front St.; five stories; cellar. C. B. Meyer, 80 Maiden Lane.

Property Out of the City.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

Lake Champlain.—Six-room furnished cottage; on shore; south of Essex; $150 season. E. W. Leaning, Loudonville, N. Y.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted.—10-room house, all improvements; barn, 3 to 5 acres land; within 1½ hours New York; Long Island preferred; rent up to $800 a year. N 18 Times.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Houses and lots exchanged for income property or acreage; fine income investments. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

Property Out of the City.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Ardsley.—Your opportunity; 32 minutes 155th St.; near depot; all improvements; lots 25x100; high ground; magnificent views; homes or investment; only 27 offered; bargain prices; easy payments. "Investigate," N 32 Times.

NICHOLS & HOBBIE | 7 E. 42 St. | Hudson River, Westchester Co. Farms, Estates, Houses to Let.

HOMES AND ESTATES FOR SALE OR RENT. ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Larchmont.

Come and see homes and bungalows at Larchmont. Leo Bugg, 40 West 32d St.

Mount Vernon.

ALL GOOD HOUSES AT MOUNT VERNON. FOR SALE OR RENT. ANDERSON REALTY CO. TEL. 585. OPPOSITE NEW HAVEN STATION.

New Rochelle.

FURNISHED & UNFURNISHED HOMES. Frederick Jenkins, (Tel. 406,) New Rochelle.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

$10 a month buys my fine, well located chicken farm; just the place for a laborer or mechanic to make a good living; nice house and enough land for chicks, vegetables, berries, &c.; small amount down; possession at once. D. Farm, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, near Subway station.

YOUR RENT MONEY CAN BE MADE TO pay for a beautiful Colonial brick home in JAMAICA—18 minutes from N. Y., hundreds of trains a day. See Samuel Knopf, 220 W. 42d St., or representative on premises, 55 Middletown St., two blocks north L. I. R. R. Station, Jamaica.

AT NORTH FREEPORT. 6 rooms, bath, laundry, pantry, reception hall, all modern improvements and steam heat; fine shade; near trolley and stores; $2,600, $100 cash, $20 monthly. C. Behr, Roosevelt, L. I.

CORNER PLOT, 40x100.—9-room house, stucco or shingles; all improvements; hardwood trim; $4,200. C. G. Stewart, Bellaire Park Gardens, Queens, L. I. Phone 6123W Hollis.

FOR LOW-COST, high-grade bungalows, visit Brightwaters; Booklet 3 on request. T. B. ACKERSON CO., 1 West 34th St., N. Y.

New York State—For Sale or To Let

Farm, 95 acres; house, 18 rooms, bath; ample outbuildings; 40 sheep, 9 cows, 4 horses, 10 sows, 250 fowls, wagons, implements, and tools, all for $5,000; $1,500 cash; balance terms. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

REAL ESTATE for safe investment for sale by Banking Dept., State of New York—Building lots, modern houses and bungalows at bargain prices; 1,000 properties at Grantwood, Palisade, Morsemere, Leonia, and Hudson Heights, New Jersey. Titles guaranteed. Liberal terms. Write for full details to BENJ. D. HAIGHT, Special Deputy Superintendent of Banks, 601 Times Building, New York City.

Montclair, N. J.—Attractive residence; large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 5 bedrooms, 2 baths; large plot; excellent location; valued $10,000, but will sacrifice for $7,700 to close estate. Murdoch, op. Lackawanna Ter., Montclair.

FOR RENT—House in MONTCLAIR; nine rooms and bath; steam heat; all modern improvements; newly decorated; ten minutes from Lackawanna Station, half block from trolley. X 262 Times Annex.

Rare opportunity, lot 70x550; new house, 6 rooms, bath, steam heat, oak floors, fireplace; 20-mile view; select neighborhood; near station; $5,000; terms. Smith-Singer, Ridgewood, N. J.

For Rent—Modern 12-room home, garage; elegant neighborhood, Montclair, N. J. Address 203 Orange Road.

Big Bargain.—Six-room cottage; $25 monthly covers everything; illustrated pamphlet free. Bargain, P. O. Box 416, New York.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

BEAUTIFUL NEW 14-ROOM HOUSE, on water front at Riverside, Conn., cheap. H. W. HOPTON, 542 5th Av., New York City.

Nearby Connecticut inland and shore front acreage. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., New York.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St., Col. Av. SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOMS, with private bath and kitchenette, nicely furnished, $40-$55 up monthly. Complete outfit—Dishes, silver, cooking utensils. Special concessions on lease and unfurnished to October 1st. Near Subway and "L." Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River 3970.

A.—A.—THE WILSONIA, 225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway. 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $45 up. 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $55 up. By month or year. Exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable tenants. Phone, elevator service; maid service optional. Near Subway, "L," and surface cars. REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL. Superintendent on premises. Phone 9920 Col.

St. Nicholas Av., (Northwest Corner 127th.)—Unusually attractive furnished suites 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity, shower baths; special low rents to desirable parties.

176th, West, (214 Audubon Av.)—Front corner; elevator; 5 delightfully large rooms; ideally furnished, every detail; complete housekeeping; immaculate home. Markham. Phone Audubon 3610.

To Sublet.—Six rooms, beautifully furnished; southern exposure; fireproof apartment; from May 1 to Sept. 30. The Braender, 418 Central Park West. See Superintendent.

A bachelor apartment, 3 rooms and bath, on 59th St.; two rooms overlooking Central Park; one southern exposure; private elevator entrance. L 157 Times.

Six-room apartment; handsomely furnished; box-springs and hair mattresses; every convenience; references; would divide. Phone Schuyler, 4,818.

52 WEST 39TH ST. Two rooms and bath; charmingly furnished; southerly exposure; 8 windows; 'phone, electricity.

Attractive two-room, kitchenette, bath; new building; most livable quarters for gentlemen; centrally located. Maye, 301 West 57th.

146th, 600 West.—Light corner apartment, 7 rooms, well furnished; overlooking Hudson; near Subway. Telephone Audubon 2440.

To Sublet—Artistically furnished eight-room apartment, with foyer; river outlook. Inquire Supt., 668 Riverside Drive, cor. 144th.

121st, 509 West, (Columbia grounds opposite.)—Beautiful, sunny apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, furnished complete. See Yetman.

REASONABLE—FINE LOCATION. Completely furnished elevator apartment; 4 & 6 rooms and bath. 3 & 5 West 104th St.

113TH, 507 WEST.—Four-room apartment, completely furnished, to sublet. Inquire office.

175th, 551 West.—Cozily furnished, three front rooms; new, modern; reasonable. Evans.

Furnished apartments, short or long term leases. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Completely furnished apartment, five light rooms; elevator; near Drive. 318 W. 95th.

136th, 502 West.—Four-room front apartment, furnished; one flight; piano; $45. Schofield.

Furnished apartments, 4 to 10 rooms and bath. Fred'k Zittel & Sons, 79th and Broadway.

East Side.

Apartments to let furnished or unfurnished; high-class hotel service; Summer prices now in effect; restaurant; 2 rooms and bath, furnished, $40 monthly and up. HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 34 E. 32d St. HOTEL OXFORD, 35 E. 27th St.

32d St., 9 East.—Attractively furnished two-room apartment; complete bath; kitchenette; electricity; elevator; $50 monthly.

Private house; floor; specialist, physician with large practice; improvements. 58 East 86th.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents an agate line.

Wanted, 5 or 6 room furnished apartment near 157th St., Broadway. N 33 Times.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

Eight sunny rooms, outside exposure, suitable furnished rooms; at Subway, elevated stations; elevator; references. 59 West 65th St.

A large five-room apartment to sublet; all modern improvements; one block from Columbia; rent $59. 414 West 121st St. Apt. 41.

180th, 804 West, corner Pinehurst Av.—Beautiful seven-room elevator apartment; improvements.

15 Fort Washington Av., (Rio Grande, near 159th and Broadway.)—2, 3, 5 rooms; $30, $60; river views.

103D, (Cor. B'way.)—Magnificent location for dentist or doctor. G 375 Times Downtown.

Lenox Av., 342, near 125th Subway.—5 rooms, bath, hot water, steam heat; $22.

110th, 137 West, (Semiramis.)—Facing Park; 6, 7 rooms; $55-$70; concessions.

Evanston, 90th St. and West End Av.—10-room duplex apartment, 3 baths.

106-110 Central Park West, south corner 71st—Six to nine rooms, $1,300 up.

838-844 Riverside Drive; near 158th St.; 6 and 7 rooms; $780 to $1,100.

1,090 ST. NICHOLAS AV.—5, 6, 7 rooms and bath, $45 to $55.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

A.— CLAREMONT HALL. 601 West 112th St., (corner B'way,)—Apartments, five to seven rooms; passenger elevator, &c.; rent, $600 to $1,000; possession. Firm L. J. Carpenter, 25 Liberty St.

BIG CONCESSIONS. HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS. 4 & 6 ROOMS, $40 & $60; 3 & 5 W. 104TH ST. 6 ROOMS, $50; 40 & 42 WEST 127TH ST. 5 ROOMS, $40; 30 & 32 EAST 128TH ST.

Desirable one-room and bath apartments; Right off Fifth Avenue. Apply to Superintendent, on premises, 25-27 West 36th St.

East Side.

To sublet, furnished or unfurnished, seven rooms and bath, all outside. Apply to superintendent, 136 East 49th St.

Madison Square apartments to lease. 40 East 26th St.

Brooklyn.

1,045 Sterling Place, (Near Brooklyn Av.)—Beautiful apartments, 4 and 5 rooms; steam heat, electricity, phone, vacuum cleaning, $30 up. Apply premises. Phone 1978 Main.

Bronx.

Franklin Av., 1,321, (169th.)—Elegant 4-5 room apartments; every improvement; select tenants.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

45TH ST., 8 EAST.—Large and small rooms with table board; Southern cooking.

53D ST., 37 AND 52 EAST.—Rooms, with board; references; table board.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th.)—Large and small rooms with board; breakfast served in rooms; table board; references.

MADISON AV., 165.—Small room; also large room to share with musical students.

West Side.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; near bath; excellent board. Phone 4589 Bryant.

54TH ST., 54 WEST. Rooms; table board.

57TH, 351 WEST. — Nicely furnished large room; excellent board; electricity; telephone; references.

57TH, 349 WEST.—Sunny, front hallroom; running water; excellent board; references; phone.

68TH, 56 WEST. — Artistically furnished room; exceptionally appointed house; private bath; electricity.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; homelike house; table guests accommodated; references exchanged.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; $7-$14 up; Southerners; families.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive rooms, connecting private bath; table guests; reasonable; references.

72D, between Broadway and West End, in beautiful residence, will accommodate refined couple; table guests. Phone 8350 Columbus.

72D, 242 WEST.—Handsome large rooms; private bathroom; well appointed house; references exchanged.

72D ST., 253 WEST.—Double second story, back, with bath, $28; single room; southern exposure; superior home table.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—20th year. Sunny rooms; excellent table; references.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Select house offers second-floor double and single room; superior table; electricity; table guests; phone.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Beautiful warm, large and small rooms; gentlemen; private family.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive pensions, with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones. Booklet on request.

80TH, 106, 108, 110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; new, high type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; references.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Medium sunny front rooms; continuous hot water; moderate; references.

80TH, 123 WEST. — Sunny rooms; private baths; excellent cuisine; permanent guests; reasonable.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; also small; Summer rates.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Now open for transients and permanent residents; attractive, modern; references. Write for booklet.

82D, 174 WEST, (The Little House.)—Single rooms; comfortable, homey atmosphere; table guests.

82D, 55 WEST. — Exclusive house; sunny hallroom; conveniences; $8; superior board.

83D, 11 WEST.—Light outside rooms; private baths; quiet, homelike surroundings; moderate.

83D, 17 WEST.—High-class Jewish house; large room; moderate; table guests.

86TH, 23 WEST. — Exclusive private-home block; large, beautiful, sunny front room, dressing room, adjoining bath; modern; abundant table, unusual cuisine; references. Murray Hill 358.

92D ST, 7 WEST.—Comfortable room, breakfast, dinner, $10; references. Apartment 65.

93D, 139 WEST.—Delightful, sunny suite; lavatory; superior board; double room, 118.

94TH, 140 WEST.—Two comfortable large rooms; same floor; every convenience; refined people; private house; good home cooking.

94TH ST., 142-144 WEST. Desirable rooms; table guests.

103D, 250 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable accommodations, well appointed home; excellent table; references.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service; references; reasonable; Southerners.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; electricity; closets; unexcelled cuisine; reference.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Elegant rooms, superior board; $12 weekly. 4960—Morningside. Payne.

THE EVELYN LODGE. Charming family hotel of highest order; healthful location, 20 min. B'way, 5c. fare; lovely furnished rooms, suites, all comforts; most excellent cuisine; separate tables; rare, homelike atmosphere; worth investigation; weekly, $10-$12 per adult, with meals. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Take Sub., "L," or Trolley to South Ferry.

Country Board

Thirty Cents a Line.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Spring and Summer engagements now made; spacious dining room; unexcelled home cooking; river view. W. E. Robinson, 2161 Yonkers.

Long Island.

An ideal place for rest and recreation; beautiful suburban home, now open for guests; modern conveniences; excellent table. For terms telephone Bath Beach 3226.

New Jersey.

AMERICAN LADY WOULD TAKE YOUNG CHILD TO BOARD AND CARE FOR; LARGE GROUNDS; NO OTHER CHILDREN. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION WRITE TO MRS. SMITH, 271 BOULEVARD, BAYONNE, N. J.

Hotel Francis, 65 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J. A quiet, restful family hotel, in most desirable section; rates moderate; tennis courts free; eight minutes to station.

Westfield, N. J.—Large, sunny rooms with board; modern house; near station. 425 Summit Av.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty cents a line.

YOUNG BUSINESS WOMAN seeks board in country with congenial people; commuting distance; permanent; reasonable. S 34 Times.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

11TH, 10 EAST.—Large room, suitable for two; running water; also smaller.

15TH, 105 EAST, (Opposite Union Square Hotel, Subway express, Apt. 94.)—Delightful sunny parlor, bedroom, bath; electricity, elevator, telephone; handsome, fireproof building; bachelors; reasonable.

21ST, 46 EAST.—Large, single room, convenient to bath; ample closet space; quiet house; references.

29TH ST., 118 EAST.—Single room; private house; all improvements; telephone; near Subway.

30TH, 119 EAST. — Newly furnished room; modern conveniences; private house; reasonable; gentleman.

34TH, 56 EAST.—Also 13 Park Av.; large, handsomely furnished rooms; $4 up.

35TH, 20 EAST.—Desirable large room, southern exposure; private bath; electricity, telephone.

43D ST., 130 EAST.—In private family; beautifully furnished room for business lady or gentleman; connecting bath; separate entrance; near Grand Central; references. First bell.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; single room; breakfast optional; references.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

58D, 65 EAST.—Two large rooms, kitchenette, private bath; private house; telephone, references.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Reduction to monthly tenants; desirable rooms; French teacher. 7983 Plaza.

93D, 31 EAST. — Private house; attractive double; single single room suitable couple, gentleman; reference.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 834, (63d St.)—Front and back parlor; conveniences; private residence; telephone.

MADISON AV., 529.—Beautiful furnished rooms; kitchenettes; private bath.

West Side.

9TH ST., 26 WEST.—Large and small rooms; telephone; conveniences; references.

12TH ST., 34 WEST.—Select, large and small rooms; private bath; steam, electricity; telephone.

32D ST., off B'way, New Hotel Strand; large, light rooms, with private bath, $9, $10, $12 per week. Same rate for one or two people in room. Some rooms at $7 per week.

37TH, 11 WEST.—Elegant large front room; elegantly furnished with magnificent bathroom connecting; for particulars, inquire, Rose, 49 W. 37th St. (Store.)

54TH ST., 7TH AV.—Sunny outside room, with or without board; hotel service; reasonable. Oregon, Mrs. Anderson, Apt. 5-A.

47TH, 56 WEST.—Handsome, large room, private bath; constant hot water; electricity, 'phone; also desirable single rooms; moderate.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Splendid large front room, private shower bath, electricity, steam; select.

48TH, 46 WEST.—Square, well furnished rooms, near bath; house desirable; well kept.

51ST, 70 WEST.—One and two rooms; suite; bath; electric lights; all improvements.

55TH, 49 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; private bath; gentleman; references.

57TH ST., 152 WEST, (Rembrandt Apartments.)—Beautifully furnished rooms; one or more. Apartment 1.

58TH ST., 128 WEST.—Comfortable room for gentleman; select location; all conveniences.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny rooms; one medium; very moderate; responsible people.

69TH, 103 WEST.—Large room, bath; steam; small room; reasonable; private family.

70TH ST., 204 WEST.—Medium sized; hot and cold water, shower.

71ST ST., 221 WEST.—Bright, newly renovated rooms; hot and cold water; business people; references asked; house under new management.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Well-furnished room; gentleman; moderate terms; reference.

71ST 115 WEST.—Large room, private bath; gentleman; private apartment. Col. 10106.

73D, 153 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room, running water, electricity, telephone; subway express.

74TH, 134 WEST. — Private family; large room; private bath; high-class references. Owner.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Newly furnished private house; large rooms; private baths; small; breakfast.

76TH, 9 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for physician or dentist; front or back parlor; desirable location.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; southern exposure; water; modern private house; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Sunny front rooms; handsome back parlor with private bath.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive second-story, front room; all conveniences; references; reasonable.

77TH, 124 WEST.—Comfortable double room; unusually attractive house; meals optional.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Elegant rooms, single, en suite; private baths; board optional.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; all conveniences; light housekeeping; $5 up.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful large room; private bath; small room; opposite Subway.

82D, 80 WEST.—Large, well furnished, adjoining bath; electricity; telephone; $3.50. Anderson.

82D, 33 WEST.—Two beautifully furnished front rooms; private bath; phone; references.

82D, 134 WEST.—Large, sunny, second floor rooms; private bath; reasonable rates.

82D, 254 WEST.—Large room, private bath; one, two gentlemen; private; ground floor.

85TH, 330 WEST. — Beautiful front suite; piano; connecting rooms; conveniences; breakfast served. Young.

86TH, 306 WEST.—Front room; running water, telephone; Subway station; gentlemen; references.

86TH, 337 WEST.—Large, sunny room; dressing room; attractive; skylight; sunny basement room.

87TH, 251 WEST—In private family, room, bath; telephone. Schuyler, 5756.

88TH, 64 WEST.—Handsome rooms; fine beds; reasonable; references. La Salle.

93D ST., 303 WEST.—High-class rooms; private house; all improvements; board optional.

94TH, (West End.)—Private home; select neighborhood; two outside rooms; extended view; high-class; references. Phone Riverside 5015.

95TH, 122 WEST.—FRONT ROOM, NICELY FURNISHED; 3 WINDOWS; $4 WEEKLY; CONVENIENCES; SUBWAY.

96TH, 38 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, single or en suite; moderate; meals exceptional. Mrs. Fick.

97TH, 158 WEST.—Large room, nicely furnished; southern exposure; conveniences. Phone, 7296 Riverside.

97TH, 229 WEST.—Elegant room, high-class apt.; moderate. Phone Riverside 9431. (4 D.)

98TH, 243 WEST.—Pleasant living room, bedroom adjoining; two gentlemen. Myron.

98TH 254 WEST.—Elegantly kept apt.; large room, bath; gentlemen. Apt. 7.

104TH, 135 WEST.—Private family; clean, airy, quiet room; modern. Goodrich. River 2935.

104TH, 140 WEST.—Elevator apartment; single or connecting rooms; conveniences; transportation. Payne.

110TH, 207 WEST.—Two front rooms, beautifully furnished, facing Central Park West; business gentlemen; telephone, electric lights; private family. Apt. 20. Mrs. A. White.

110TH, 207 WEST.—A nicely furnished, light room to let; telephone, electric light; private family Mrs. A. White.

112TH, 509 WEST.—Two front, sunny rooms, large, small, all conveniences; select neighborhood.

113TH, 617 WEST.—In homelike, modern apartment, beautiful front, sunny room; breakfast optional; home conveniences; moderate. Apartment 83.

114TH, 610 WEST.—KITCHENETTES, PRIVATE BATHS; OTHER ROOMS.

118TH, 401 WEST. — Fine room, lavatory, bath adjoining; elevator apartment; reasonable. Sanders.

121ST, 519 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; opposite Columbia; kitchen privileges; (1B.)

128TH, 40 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; elevator, phone, light, airy; business people only.

149TH, 512 WEST, (near 145th Subway.)—Select neighborhood; private house offers entire second floor suite, two magnificent, large rooms, private bath, $15 per week or separate; references. Tel. 2758 Audubon.

179TH ST., (1,366 St. Nicholas Av.)—Room, suitable married couple or two gentlemen; use parlor; elevator; Subway, (181st.) Morris.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 300 WEST 22D ST., (For Bachelors Only.) Hotel and club conveniences; new fireproof building; elevator; hot and cold water in every room; tub and shower baths; all outside rooms; single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $3 to $3.50 weekly each.

BROADWAY, 2,030. — A handsome single room for business gentlemen or couple; southern exposure. Railing.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th.)—Large, sunny room, $4.50; private residence; references; telephone.

HOTEL ABERDEEN, 32d St., Between Broadway and 5th Av.—Large, light rooms, with private bath, $9, $10, and $12 per week.

MANHATTAN AV., 298.—Elegantly furnished; suitable two; overlooking Morningside Park. Mrs. Ward.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 106.—Beautiful outside front rooms; single, en suite. Apt. 92.

PRIVATE FAMILY wants gentleman roomer; high-class apt. Phone Mad. Sq. 2602. Holcombe.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (145th St.) — Outside room; southern exposure; in private family of two. Apartment 10C. Tel. Audubon 5552.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 454, (1 B.)—Two desirable rooms, bath; single, en suite; convenient locality.

Bronx.

175TH, 486 EAST.—Large front room; bath, phone, kitchen; suitable one or couple.

Rooms Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

GENTLEMAN desires large, strictly clean room, (eventually board,) with private family; select resident section; no other roomers; give particulars, price, &c. N 31 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN wants furnished room, below 59th St. N 27 Times.

Situations Wanted Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 10 years' experience; best references; $18 to $20. M., 1,355 Park Place, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; expert; trial balance, controlling accounts; modern methods; $12. N 29 Times.

COOK.—Middle-aged, respectable German woman; go out day, week, or half days; good, competent cook; also laundress; or take care of flat; best references. Dammann's bell, 112 East 54th.

COMPANION.—Englishwoman, very reliable and adaptable; go anywhere; highest references. X 264 Times Annex.

DRESSMAKER. — Capable, fashionable; all goods; remodeling exceptional. Broadway, 562 West 144th St. 1680 Audubon.

DRESSMAKING; reliable; English; out by day, $4; home preferred. 1,366 St. Nicholas Av. Telephone 5880 Audubon. Morris.

DRESSMAKER.—Stylish; perfect fitter, designer, remodeling; $2.50 day. Elise, 953 Amsterdam Av.

DRESSMAKER. — Competent dressmaker makes and remodels; reasonable. 2280 Stuyvesant. 126 East 12th St.

MOTHER'S HELPER or companion to child; can teach English, French. N 28 Times.

NURSE, graduate, desires position as nurse or companion to travel. Address M. G., 713 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, N. J.

REFINED YOUNG WOMAN seeks position in doctor's or dentist's office; experienced, generally useful; can mind her own business; best references. Nurse, care of McMahon, 747 10th Av., or phone 209 Columbus.

STENOGRAPHER.—Energetic and capable; writes a good hand; understands filing, manifolding, billing, &c.; trustworthy; will begin at $7. Miss H., 36 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—10 years with one firm; efficient, dependable, conscientious, possessing desirable and essential qualifications; nice appearance; excellent references; salary, $15. "Valuable," Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER. — Double entry bookkeeper; high-school graduate; six years' experience; assume responsibilities; good references; $12. G 365 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Export, import 5 years; accustomed rapid dictation; Standard operator; quick figurer; highest credentials; $12. G 362 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Typewriter, capable; plain girl; American; six months' experience; rapid, careful, neat; no agency; $6. Miss G., 345 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (25,) six years' practical experience, master technicalities; grammatically versed; up-to-date methods; $12. D., 2,629 8th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, graduate of good business college, desires position; will start low. Frances Schwartz, 605 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, Italian, French; good knowledge English; bookkeeper; best references; moderate salary. Mary, 265 West 20th.

STENOGRAPHER, 18 years old, desires morning position; at present studying law. Henrietta Brown, 1,358 Lexington Av. Phone Lenox 3032.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper.—Exceptionally good grammarian, rapid typist; $7. Ambitious, 64 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — Experienced, refined, clever, courteous; executive ability; correspondent; $10. "Competent," 75 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; reliable; good grammarian; charge correspondence; best references; $8. H 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' business experience; bright, neat appearance; salary $10. H 208 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat appearing; few months' experience; willing to start for $7. H. 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Tactful, ambitious; five years' experience; Standard operator; $10. G 361 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; 3 years' experience; thoroughly competent; neat appearance; $8. H 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Brainy, quick apprehension, common sense; good grammarian; $10-$12. N 25 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Educated, beginner; obliging; accurate; no clock watcher; $6-$8. N 30 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat appearing; 3 years' experience; accurate; $8. G 366 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with some experience in law; willing start low salary. G 286 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; quick, accurate, rapid typist. H. W., Times Harlem.

WASHING, IRONING wanted by young woman. Call 155 West 108th. Bennett.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1899.

COOKS.—Norwegian, $30; French, German, $35; houseworkers, Hungarian, Irish, $25; partly trained, $16; waitresses, nurses, $25. Domestic Exchange Agency, 324 Columbus Av. Schuyler 9136.

Half-time day's work, permanent; white, colored. Noel's Agency, (5062 Riverside.) 101 W. 95th.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Advertising Manager wants, immediately, experienced, versatile newspaper woman, with metropolitan reportorial and rewrite experience, who can produce snappy copy, prepare feature stories, and follow up ideas in live-wire style; unless you have an exceptionally keen "nose for news" and can turn out almost endlessly copy that makes even a city editor look pleasant, please don't reply; initial salary $21 per week; prospects; full information essential to consideration of application. Please give telephone number and address "NEWSPRINT," S 324 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, for suburban hospital; to reside at institution; meet callers; direct and handle financial planning and detail; position permanent. Loder, 30 Church.

LAUNDRESS: Woman to do washing half day, Monday of each week; steady employment; personal city references required. Call before 10:30 A. M. and after 5 P. M., Apartment 8-E, 318 West 100th Street.

MAKERS OF FINE NEGLIGEES, BOUDOIR CAPS, AND SLIPPERS WANTED; ONLY FINE SEWERS NEED APPLY. ADDRESS BOX H, 212 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NURSERY GOVERNESS WANTED.—Thoroughly experienced English nursery governess for boy of 6 and girl of 4; abstainer; music and usual subjects; good needlewoman; conversational. French if possible; send copies of references and full particulars. Mrs. Douglas, 57 Mail Building, Toronto, Can.

SALESWOMEN, COATS AND SUITS. Only those thoroughly experienced need apply today at 1 West 42d St., between 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.

SALESWOMAN WANTED.—Energetic saleswoman, for bookstore; experience in retail bookstore required. Address P. O. Box 57, Grand Central Station, New York, N. Y.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar with controlling account; experienced in service work; valuable. Write Pace Agency for placement, 30 Church St.

ONE ENGLISH, French, and German stenographer, $25. One English and Spanish stenographer, out of town $25. One rapid German and English stenographer, $25. E. W. CARPENTER EXCHANGE, Singer Building, Room 319.

STENOGRAPHER.—Brokerage, high school education, $15; commercial, $10. Gahagan's Agency 256 Broadway.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR; must also be typist and file clerk; downtown position; $12. Spanish and English stenographer, to go to Chile, $100 to $125 a month. Bookkeeper and stenographer for downtown position; $25. National Employment Exchange, 30 Church St.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Day and evening session. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

FILING.—The only office vocation for women where the supply does not exceed the demand. Day, evening and correspondence courses. New York School of Filing, Singer Building, New York.

Situations Wanted Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, age 30, broad training, industrial, commercial, financial, corporations, exceptional ability; credentials. William A. Smith, 125 Wadsworth Av.

ACCOUNTANT—CERTIFIED. Audits; systems installed; superior service. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Cortlandt 6970.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, employed department store, offers whole or part time any business requiring publicity, circular work; forceful, convincing copy and editorials assured. N 24 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, general office man, cashier, wants situation; competent, quick at figures, accurate; experienced in foreign exchange, banking, and mercantile lines; knows English, German, French, Italian; some knowledge of Spanish; best references; moderate salary. Address L. J. Lehn, 43 West 32d St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, 18 years' experience, take full charge; monthly trial balance, financial statements, &c. H 204 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—English, 29, experienced, careful driver, seeks permanent position; excellent references. John Edwards, 301 West 150th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; 8 years' experience; 4 years garage work, 4 years driving; good references. R. M., 186 West 101st.

CHAUFFEUR, 23, 6 years' experience, driving and repairing; any make car; wishes position. D. Ellison, 63 East 117th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; best references; car storage free at residence. Telephone 3180 Borough Park.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced; best of references; city or country. N 7 Times.

CLOAK SALESMAN, catering to jobbers, catalogue houses and large retailers, desires connection with reliable house. M 11 Times.

COLLECTOR.—Are your accounts being liquidated? Collector, correspondent, investigator now employed; desires connection where advancement follows results. H 203 Times Downtown.

CONFECTIONERY.—Seek opening for such a department or store; considerable experience and ability. Luscher, 555 West 171st St.

FOLLOW-UP MAN, gilt-edged references, 5 years with a metal products concern; will take full charge of your production, or as confidential man. J. Kuller, 1,016 5th Av., College Point, N. Y.

GARDENER.—Married, no children; competent; horticulturist, agriculturist; wishes entire charge. N 22 Times.

MACHINIST wishes position helper or care of automobiles; experienced helper. N 14 Times.

MALE NURSE.—Congenial companion to invalid; physicians' credentials. Gilson Wallis, Housatonic, Mass.

MASSEUR.—European, treats ladies or gents at their residence only. Rubi, 524 East 79th.

JAPANESE, age 27, of pleasing disposition and neat appearance, possessing remarkable knowledge of English language; able to perform such duties as desk work of any description, assistance to theatrical performance, clerical situation in hotel or club, artistic works peculiar to Japanese, and domestic service in bachelor's apartment; his record of eight years with numerous prominent New Yorkers shows no failure in giving them thorough satisfaction. Address J. S. Shinoda, 161 West 93d St.

OFFICE MANAGER, bookkeeper, credit man, systematizer; 22 years' office experience. G 355 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, with a good practical mechanical training, acquainted with many metropolitan district corporation purchasing agents, covering many lines of manufacture; wants to represent some good company on commission basis; excellent opportunity for some good manufacturer. A 239 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, now traveling Middle West with ladies' coats, wants strong side line, waists or dresses; state particulars. Box X 286, Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Young man wants manufacturer's line, department stores, city, road, preferably ladies' wear. N 23 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, finished thorough course; American boy; intelligent worker, plain penman; no agents; $8. G 346 Times Downtown.

WORK WANTED for office help (male and female) of all kinds; best references; no fees. WALL STREET EMPLOYEES' RELIEF COMMITTEE. 20 Broad Street. Room 109. Tel. 3099 Rector.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) energetic, reliable, best references, wishes position anything. G 369 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, desires position, anything. H. B., 2,960 3d Av.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

ERNEST WILSON, late Y. M. C. A., Underwood Company, solves employment problems. Call 299 Broadway.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

An all-round newspaper man who can EDIT and make up an international periodical. Acquaintance with Pan-Americanism of value. Excellent opportunity for man of character, ability and energy. Reply in detail. Letters held confidential. Address H 205 Times Downtown.

AN OPPORTUNITY for young men over 18 to serve the Stars and Stripes by joining a crack New York City (uptown) regiment; dues, 50 cents per month. Address Capt. D., P. O. Box 1,453, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.—EXPERIENCED DOUBLE ENTRY, NOT OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY BEFORE NOON, STANDARD FILM PRINT CORP., 120 SCHOOL ST., YONKERS, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man as bookkeeper in dress goods business; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. N 34 Times.

BOY.—Reliable, neat, stock clerk, assistant electrical concern, $5 weekly; will be bonded by employer. Address A. A. W., S 32 Times.

FOREMAN.—For upholstery workroom; capable of cutting and planning hangings and coverings; young, first-class man; state age and experience. Schwegler & Co., 6,501 Euclid Av., Cleveland, Ohio.

LIVE REAL ESTATE SALES AND RENTING MEN WANTED in an established 5th Av. real estate office, on 50% commission basis; only experienced men able to carry themselves need apply. Competent, 102 Times.

OFFICE WORK.—Young man for office of trim manufacturing concern; one who has had charge of chipping preferred; state experience and give references. N 20 Times.

OFFICE WORK.—Young man for office work; one who is stenographer and typewriter preferred; state experience and salary. N 19 Times.

SALESMAN TO SELL BOTTOM DUMP AND FARM WAGONS TO DEALERS AND CONTRACTORS; EXCEPTIONAL LINE; GOOD SALARY AND PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR EXPERIENCED MEN WITH GOOD RECORDS; STATE FULL PARTICULARS AND REFERENCES IN FIRST LETTER; IF YOU HAVEN'T PREVIOUSLY HELD A GOOD SALARIED POSITION, DO NOT ANSWER. S 323 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—LIVE, UP-TO-DATE SALESMAN TO HANDLE ATTRACTIVE LINE OF DOLLS AND TOYS FOR LARGE MANUFACTURING FIRM; STATE FULLY EXPERIENCE; SALARY OR COMMISSION. N 11 TIMES.

SOLICITOR, experienced, on spring water; commission basis. S 33 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BOWTELL'S BUSINESS BRAIN BUREAU, 170 Broadway. STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARY, 25-32, opportunity for live wire, assist sales manager, $1,300 start.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 CHURCH ST. SALES CORRESPONDENT, man who has had experience in the sales department of dry goods or similar line; must be a good stenographer; salary $1,800-$2,000.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MEN.—Learn a clean, well-paid profession; art, commercial, motion picture photography, and photo-engraving; photographers earn $25 to $100 weekly; photo-engravers $28 to $45 weekly; no book study, no lectures, only demonstrations and practical work; 3 to 6 months' course; day and night classes; earn while learning; easy terms. N. Y. INSTITUTE OF PHOTOGRAPHY, 1,269 Broadway at 32d. E. Brunel, Director.

MEN—LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY. Short course; day or night; easy payments. Exceptionally high-paying professional trade. Steadily growing demand; grand possibilities. THE DENTAL SCHOOL OF AMERICA. (Most complete and select) 25 W. 45th St.

MEN—EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY. Great demand for mechanical dentists. BODEE'S DENTAL TRADE SCHOOL, Est. 1892. 489 5th Av., bet. 41st and 42d.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line. Count six words to a line. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Wednesday morning, between Hudson Terminal and Dey St. Subway Station, small diamond ring. $10 reward for return to L. Tyler, Room 3,840, Grand Central Terminal 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Phone Murray Hill 3600.

LOST—On March 10 in the washroom of Manhattan Hotel one lady's diamond ring; finder please deliver to my office, Architects' Building, 101 Park Av.; liberal reward. Paul T. Frankl.

LOST.—Billfolder containing 9 $50 bills and Bolivian silk flag on 8th Av., between 29th St. and 59th St. Good reward if returned to 303 West 29th St.

LOST—March 9, fraternity pin, skull and cross keys, eyes ruby and emerald, teeth five pearls; inscribed; reward. Ollivier, 49 Broadway.

LOST—Diamond ring, Flatbush Av., Parkside to Snyder, or Parkside or Woodruff Avs.; suitable reward. Beach, 33 Woodruff Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—At Hotel Plaza, March 9, one diamond and onyx pendant earring. $100 reward for return to Dreicer & Co., 560 Fifth Avenue.

LOST—Hunting case gold watch, chain, gold knife; knife engraved full name; suitable reward; no questions. Woodruff, 174 Pearl St.

LOST.—Platinum bar pin containing 22 small diamonds and pearl ends; liberal reward. Lauterbach, 2 Maiden Lane.

LOST.—Stickpin with blue stone and nine diamonds, in neighborhood of Colonial Theatre and East 79th. Phone 4563 Plaza.

LOST—Gold cigarette case, Sunday evening; initials "E. McL."; reward for return. M 166 Times.

LIBERAL REWARD for return of bill folder, containing $27, lost Monday night on Broadway, between 115th and 116th Sts. Morgan, 610 West 116th.

REWARD.—Large black card case, passport and cards. F. Laurance Hopkins, Hotel Wellington, Cashier, 7th Av. and 55th St.

REWARD—Man's open-face watch, 5th Av. bus or 42d St. to Strand, Saturday night. Taylor, 203 West 120th.

$100 REWARD No questions asked; diamond bar pin, fifteen stones, platinum setting; lost March 3, between 94th, Broadway, 14th, Subway. Return Hotel Apthorp, 94th St. and Broadway.

$50 REWARD—Gentleman's ring, diamond, sunken in sitting, between Singer Building, Waldorf, and 44th St. Theatre, on Saturday; reward. Room 725, Singer Building. Tel. 533 Cortlandt.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Boston terrier, white markings, Broadway and 157th; suitable reward. Taylor, 614 West 157th.

LOST.—Fox terrier, black-tan markings; answer name Teddy; reward. 109 E. 91st St.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

National, 4-cylinder, latest model, toy tonneau, stream line body; has been run about 1,000 miles; owner going away on account of ill-health; cost $3,500 with equipment; will sell for $2,500. Apply to Charles Goddard, 282 Prospect Av., Hackensack, N. J. Telephone Hackensack 458W.

PIERCE ARROW LANDAULET. | Little "6," 36; handsomely equipped; must be seen to be appreciated; perfect in appearance and mechanical condition; $725. Mutual, 317 W. 59th.

Cadillac 5-passenger touring; purchased 1913; elegantly equipped; practically new; electric lights, self-starter; need cash; $600. Inquire 235 St. Nicholas Av.

Panhard, large seven-passenger touring car, 50 H. P.; excellent condition; tools, extra parts, tires, &c.; complete. Hand, 29 West 34th St.

MERCER 1913 top; $1,300. | Touring; electric lights and self-starter; extra runabout body and Mutual, 317 West 59th.

Automobiles for Rent.

Packard limousine; hourly, monthly; owner drives. Verlangieri, 4832-4421 Harlem. 156 East 120th St.

Beautiful, newest six-cylinder Peerless; hourly, daily, monthly; reasonable. Tymoff, 4420, 1160 Schuyler.

Packard landaulet; monthly, weekly, daily, hourly; shopping. Gilbert, 1780 Circle.

Automobile Repairing.

Auto painting, repairing, tops, slip covers, overhauling a specialty. Universal Auto Painting Co., 602 West 52d. (4425 Columbus.)

Automobile Supplies.

Modernize your car! Equip it with Starting, Lighting, Detachable Wire Wheels, High Grade Mechanical, Electrical Repairs. JESCO COMPANY, 245 W. 55 St. Col. 6245.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL 225 W. 57th St. | Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced Ladies' classes.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. | Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BUYING AGENCY. British and Australasian markets for specialty lines, novelties, &c.; Mr. G. Spencer Herne, representing London company controlling specially organized selling force in above countries, is visiting United States for the purpose of securing new lines on buying agency terms; reply letter only, inclosing descriptive matter. G. Spencer Herne, Manhattan Hotel, New York.

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY TO BUY A GOING BUSINESS AT A BARGAIN. Manufacturer of high-class dresses and costumes, best location in New York, desires to sell entire plant, fixtures, machinery, business, good will, and stock; excellent three-year lease. Address L. E., Box 129 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Moving-picture theatre; profitable; bargain; good location; investment practically guaranteed returned besides profits. S 312 Times Downtown.

If hard pressed by creditors, consult the reorganization expert; your failure may be avoided. Confidential, Times Downtown.

Business man will invest capital and services in jobbing or manufacturing business and money making proposition. N 17 Times.

Moving-picture theatre, high class, for sale; no opposition; $100 weekly profit; excellent location. H 207 Times Downtown.

Successful manufacturing business desires active partner; investment required; references exchanged. X 234 Times.

Teacher with capital to take interest and manage branch business school. X 241 Times Annex.

Wanted—Partner with $20,000 familiar with advertising and publishing. Box X 267 Times.

Patent lawyer and solicitor will sell outfit, good will, on percentage. M 62 Times.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Jewelry.

Diamonds Retailed at Wholesale Prices.—Bought, sold, exchanged and appraised. A. Mandelberg, 180 Broadway, Suite 72.

Diamonds at Wholesale.—Bought, sold, and appraised. M. J. Averbeck, 10 Maiden Lane.

Business Loans.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Merchants', manufacturers' accounts discounted, without notifying customers; collect yourself. Credit, 231 Times Downtown.

MONEY LOANED on outstanding accounts with or without notifying customers; notes discounted; confidential. Z 331 Times Annex.

Manufacturers' and wholesalers' outstanding accounts financed, notes purchased. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

Make loans outstanding accounts, notes, bank books. Security Finance Co., 149 Broadway.

Printing and Multigraphing

Forty-five cents an agate line.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 300, $1.50; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,003.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted.—Customers for fresh eggs. Can furnish 50 to 100 dozen new laid eggs per week the year around. Entire satisfaction. J. S. Kennedy, Saginaw, Mich.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. 4 months for $5 and up. Initial payment applies if purchased. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.

345 Broadway, at Leonard St. } TEL. 5408
956 Broadway, at 23d St. } FRANKLIN.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
101 West 42d St., nr. 6th Av. Telephone 256 Bryant.
10 Barclay St. Telephone 6353 Cortlandt.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Pearls, Diamonds, Silver Antiques; Provident tickets purchased. Robert Ensko, 398 Madison Av.

CHARGES CITY WARD DIED FROM BEATING

Former Employe on Randall's Island Says Orderly Whipped Child with Hose.

FACTS SENT TO PROSECUTOR

Mrs. Dunphy Marshals Large Number of Persons Who Say Her Management Is Satisfactory.

Commissioner of Charities John A. Kingsbury yesterday asked the District Attorney to look into a case of possible homicide which is said to have occurred last May in the Children's Hospital and School on Randall's Island, whose Superintendent, Mrs. Mary C. Dunphy, was suspended last Friday on charges of mismanagement. The information laid before the District Attorney relates to the death of a boy named Barney Feeney, which is believed to have been due to a beating administered by an employe, and involves two orderlies, a supervising nurse, a record clerk, and Max Niklas, Deputy Superintendent of the institution. Mrs. Dunphy is not involved except in that her ignorance of the alleged offense is part of the charges of inefficiency. Commissioner Kingsbury yesterday denied that he had made any attempt to have her indicted.

It is charged that on May 14 last, Feeney was beaten by an orderly with a rubber hose and fell dead from a bench two days later. Information to this effect was given some months ago to the Commissioner by a man formerly employed in the hospital and now employed by another institution of the department. The affidavit made by this person adds that another orderly knew of the beating which resulted in the death, and that a supervising nurse instructed a record clerk to record the patient as having had an epileptic seizure. The names of all these, as well as of the man making the affidavit, are withheld by the department. Max Niklas is said by the affidavit to have asked the orderly responsible if he had his book fixed up. The affiant further states that in the year and four months in which he worked in that ward Feeney had never had an epileptic seizure.

Obtains Further Evidence.

Commissioner Kingsbury explains the fact that no information about the case was previously laid before the District Attorney as due to the insufficiency of the information then at his disposal, but says he had his own investigators on the trail. Since the publication of the charges against Mrs. Dunphy one Thomas Slamin has written to the Commissioner from Jersey City that he was an orderly employed in the ward at the time of Feeney's death, and corroborating the statements made by the first witness. With this additional evidence Commissioner Kingsbury laid the case before the District Attorney, who has assigned Assistant District Attorney Follette to look into the matter.

The charges against Mrs. Dunphy will be heard by the Commissioner at 11 o'clock Saturday morning. She has retained Root, Clark, Buckner & Howland of 31 Nassau Street, and Elihu Root, Jr., and Emory R. Buckner of that firm attempted yesterday to obtain an adjournment of the hearing and to get permission from the Commissioner for counsel for Mrs. Dunphy to be present. The Commissioner will announce his decision this morning.

"I am not particularly opposed to the representation of Mrs. Dunphy," said the Commissioner yesterday, "but the civil service law does not allow it, to the best of my interpretation, to any but veteran firemen and veterans of the civil war. Otherwise any city employe would have the same right."

The defense has marshaled a large number of indorsements of Mrs. Dunphy's work, including some from clergymen who have done religious work on the island.

"The whole affair," said Mr. Root yesterday, "should be viewed in its proper perspective. It is hard enough to keep things in perfect order in a normal school; still more so in an institution for defectives. Cases where a teacher has to be disciplined for slapping a child in the public schools are not of especially infrequent occurrence, and it should not be surprising if some cases of corporal punishment, with failure to prevent which Mrs. Dunphy is charged, have occurred on Randall's Island—particularly in view of the class of helpers which are for the most part employed.

Employes Changed Often.

"The report of the State Board of Charities for 1914 recommends that the wages paid to employes in city institutions should not be less than $20 a month for men and $15 a month for women; but in the hospital on Randall's Island 65 per cent. of the male employes receive only $10 a month. Naturally there are frequent changes—so much so that in the entire number of employes the percentage of changes in 1914 was 240 and for the three lowest classes from 300 to 400."

Robert Hebberd, Secretary of the State Board of Charities and City Charities Commissioner from 1906 to 1910, yesterday came to Mrs. Dunphy's defense with the statement that not a single complaint was made against her during his tenure of office.

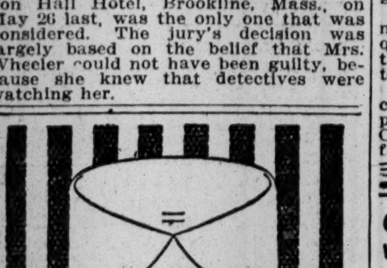
"She is a forceful and determined woman," he said; "no other sort could manage the institution with any degree of success. And the city has given her the poorest kind of help. She managed the hospital and schools to my entire satisfaction, and took the best care of its inmates. It seems singular that if Mr. Kingsbury knew for fourteen months that cruelty and injustice were being permitted he wouldn't have brought the facts to her notice."

MRS. A. G. WHEELER WINS.

Losing Divorce Suit, Husband Must Pay Her $300 a Month.

The jury that heard the evidence in the suit for a divorce against Mrs. Claudia Carlstedt Wheeler handed a verdict to Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum yesterday morning that completely exonerated her. Albert Gallatin Wheeler, Jr. the plaintiff, will have to continue paying his wife the $300 a month allowed her by the court, and will also have to make all of the payments that lapsed during the pendency of the suit.

The co-respondent in the divorce suit was Walter Winthrop Green, who was accused in the complaint of having misconducted himself with Mrs. Wheeler on five different occasions. Four of these accusations were dropped, and the other one, which referred to acts at the Brandon Hall Hotel, Brookline, Mass., on May 26 last, was the only one that was considered. The jury's decision was largely based on the belief that Mrs. Wheeler could not have been guilty, because she knew that detectives were watching her.



MOHAWK
MADE WITH PATENTED SLIP-OVER BUTTONHOLE TIE SLIDES EASILY
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N.Y.

NEWTOWN CEMETERY TO GO

Ancestors of Noted Men May Be Re-interred in Pauper Ground.

An original God's Acre, which was laid out in 1652, the year of the founding of the settlement of the Village of Newtown, and in which are buried the ancestors of many of the leading families in New York today, is to be wiped out by the extension of Toledo Street, from Court Street through to Queens Boulevard, in the Borough of Queens, and unless some of the wealthy descendants of the pioneers of Newtown come to the rescue, the bodies will all be reburied in the pauper burying ground on Hart's Island.

This situation was made known yesterday by President Maurice E. Connolly of Queens, who set about trying to find some suitable place to reinter the ashes of the old pioneers. It was finally learned that the only available place at the disposal of the city was the poor ground on Hart's Island.

This old cemetery lies in the bed of the route mapped out for the continuation of Toledo Street, which will open the residental section of Elmhurst, formerly the old village of Newtown, to access to the Queens Boulevard. Engineers who have inspected the old cemetery estimate that the bodies of at least 150 former prominent residents of old Newtown are buried in this cemetery. Burials were discontinued more than sixty years ago, and the cemetery fell into disuse.

Among the graves are those of Jonathan and Elizabeth Fish, the great-grandparents of Stuyvesant and Hamilton Fish of New York. The Rev. John Moore, the first minister in Newtown, who died in 1657, is buried in the plot, and Dr. William Moore, a celebrated physician of his period, was buried there in 1824. Capt. John Ebbetts, who commanded a big trading ship for the original John Jacob Astor that brought furs from the Pacific Coast, with his wife and family sleeps in the cemetery unmindful of the march of progress that threatens to mar his last resting place. Many members of the Field family, at one time among the wealthy land owners on Long Island, are buried there.

WARD, ILL, TALKS ON PARKS

Commissioner Strongly Opposed to Further Encroachments.

Park Commissioner Cabot Ward spoke at Cooper Union last night on "The Park as a City Asset." He was weak and at the conclusion of his address hurried home, for early in the evening he had had an attack of ptomaine poisoning from fish he had eaten at dinner, and it had required the services of a physician to enable him to keep his engagement.

But he did not cut short his lecture and pleaded that the public refrain from taking shrubs and plants from the parks at night and destroying and mutilating trees, plants, and grass.

The Commissioner said there would be only thirteen band concerts in Central Park next Summer, where there were seventy-two last Summer. Lack of funds was his reason.

He said Morningside Park now resembled the backyard to a house where no person lives. Riverside Drive property north of 157th Street, with the exception of the small tract in Fort Washington Park, he added, was owned privately, and would soon be built on, and the view of the Hudson River shut off.

He said he did not favor markets in the parks. He was for markets in their proper place, but there were already too many encroachments. He even opposed more playgrounds in parks.

Mr. Ward illustrated his talk with stereopticon views of Central Park and other green spots in the city.

DEVEREUX COLLECTION SALE

F. Keppel Pays $230 for Grolier Edition of Whistler's Etchings.

The Grolier Club's 1910 edition of "The Etched Works of Whistler," by Edward G. Kennedy, plates in five folio volumes, forming six volumes, brought the highest price at the second and closing evening of the sale of the Horace K. Devereux collection at the Anderson Galleries last evening. It was purchased by F. Keppel for $230. The illustrations are reproductions in collo-type of the different states of Whistler's plates. Of the work 402 copies were printed and sold only to members of the club. They are now rare.

Of the prints, Keppel & Co. paid $95 for "The Shepherds," a mezzotint, after Morland, by William Ward. They also bought a fine and rare mezzotint in colors by the same artist. "The Romps," after W. R. Bigg, (title cut off,) went to J. F. Sabin for $165; J. P. Sabin paid $100 for one of Wheatley's "Cries of London," and "Milk Below Maids," a stipple engraving by Schiavonetti, printed in colors, the title cut out and replaced. "The Most Beautiful and Most Unhappy Mrs. Musters," after Romney, mezzotint in colors, by Sidney E. Wilson, went to Felix Isman for $100, and I. H. Levey gave $120 for "Nature," (Emma and Laura Calmady,) signed artist's proof in colors, also by Wilson.

COPY OF STOLEN WILL VALID

M. H. Bearns Loses Contest Over Father's $850,000 Estate.

Surrogate Ketcham of Brooklyn yesterday handed down a decision against Melville H. Bearns of 95 Joralemon Street, in his contest for a share of an estate of $850,000 left by his father, Joseph H. Bearns, who died on Oct. 25, 1914, at his home, 119 Lefferts Place. The Surrogate admitted to probate a copy of the original will of the testator, in which the son was disinherited.

The original will was stolen from a safe in his home. He discovered the theft in August, 1914, two months before he died. On account of an estrangement between the father and son, due, it is said, to the failure of Melville H. Bearns to keep an agreement made with his father to take his younger brother, Joseph, into the wholesale liquor business established by the father, the elder Bearns cut his son off. The theft of the will has never been explained.

Joseph H. Bearns drew up a copy and republished it. The will upheld by the Surrogate gave the bulk of the Bearns estate to three children of the testator: Lillia May Bearns of 119 Lefferts Place, James S. Bearns of 585 Third Street, and Joseph H. Bearns of 154 Maple Street.

WEIL INDICTMENTS HELD UP

Writ of Prohibition for Pittsburgh Lawyer Accused of Bribery.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 10.—Judge S. D. Littlepage in the Circuit Court here today granted a writ of prohibition staying the intermediate court of Kanawha County from further proceeding in the indictments against A. Leo Weil, a Pittsburgh attorney, charged with conspiracy in attempting to bribe the Public Service Commissioners.

Judge Littlepage also overruled the motion of Prosecutor T. C. Townsend to quash the petition, and the rule granted thereon, and also overruled a demurrer to the same petition.

Mr. Townsend asked a stay of proceedings for thirty days, saying an appeal would be taken to the Supreme Court. It is expected the appeal will be filed tomorrow.

ASK LEAVE TO SELL REISINGER ART HERE

Executors Say Berlin Now Is Not Best Market for $200,000 Paintings.

NEW YORK PRICES BETTER

Will of Adolphus Busch's Son-in-Law Directed That Many Works Be Sold in German Capital.

The executors of the million dollar estate of Hugo Reisinger, son-in-law of the late Adolphus Busch, the St. Louis brewer, yesterday obtained an order from Surrogate Cohalan directing all those interested as legatees to appear in court on March 16 and show cause why the executors should not sell at public auction approximately $200,000 worth of paintings owned by the testator. Mr. Reisinger died on Sept. 26, 1914.

The petition asks that the sale be made here, although the will directed that all paintings by German, Austrian, or Swiss artists be auctioned off in Berlin. There is a request that the decision be made speedily because New York is now the most available market for the sale of art objects and because there are numerous collections from Paris and London which soon will be brought here for sale, and their arrival might lessen the market prices of the pictures held by the estate.

It is recited, too, that Berlin at this juncture is not a favorable place for the sale of art objects. It is further recited that the usual custom of art dealers here may be followed by sending the photographs to Berlin and Munich art dealers of the paintings that are for sale and from which the German dealers may make their bids and purchases.

There is a comparison made between the methods of dealers in Germany who attend a practically private sale and bid and purchase for private individuals, from whom the dealer receives a commission, or the dealer purchases for the purpose of speculation. In this country, the petition recites, the sales are attended by the general public, with the result that prices are better.

The petition recites further that Mr. Reisinger left 280 pictures, the aggregate book valuation of which is put at $211,795. Eight of these pictures are, however, claimed by Mrs. Edmee Reisinger, widow of the testator, and their valuation is placed at $14,976. This leaves $196,819 worth of pictures that may be disposed of under the will for the purpose of making payments in the bequests enumerated in the will.

The German, Austrian, and Swiss pictures comprise sixty-three oil paintings, eleven water colors, two Gouache drawings, two other drawings, seventeen etchings, and two pastels. The other pictures in the collection are ninety-two oil paintings, twenty-one water colors, fifty-one etchings, five pastels, and eight pictures of various kinds. They are done by such artists as Besnard, Cazin, Hassam, Chase, Dupre, Diaz, Degas, Harpignies, Israels, Maris, Melchers, Manet, Monet, Sargent, Stevens, and Weir. The etchings include specimens by Hayden, Whistler, Zorn, and others.

The executors are William A. Jenner, legal adviser for years to the testator; his friend, Professor Kuno Francke of Harvard, and Frederick Dessin. The law firm of Wetmore & Jenner of 34 Pine Street drew up and filed the petition.

BROOKS GETS DIVORCE.

Rich Clubman's Wife Accused of Misconduct in England.

Justice Guy yesterday affirmed the report of Referee James W. Hyde, recommending a divorce for Walter Brooks, formerly a director of Brooks Brothers, the clothiers, and now auditor for the firm. Mr. Brooks is wealthy and a member of a number of clubs, among them the Players, University and Automobile.

He married Louise Squiers in St. Bartholomew's Church in June, 1887. They have a daughter, who is married and lives in England. The divorce suit was begun last Fall. Before the referee Mr. Brooks testified to the date of his marriage, and the issue of the marriage, and said he lived at the University Club, having leased his house. He said he traveled much, and frequently went abroad on business and to visit his daughter. No other questions were asked.

The evidence showed that Mrs. Brooks lived mostly in England, and the testimony on which the divorce was granted was furnished by an English maid in London before Robert F. Skinner, the American Consul General there. The maid, Mildred Elizabeth Taunton, said she was formerly employed at the St. Clement Hotel, Folkestone, but entered the employ of Mrs. Brooks on June 11, 1913, and remained until the following September.

She said Mrs. Brooks lived at 10 Manor Road, Folkestone, and that Reginald J. Rickard usually spent week ends in the house. She said she carried shaving water to Rickard in the mornings and served breakfast to him and Mrs. Brooks in the rooms of the latter. She also said that Mr. Rickard spent the night in the room in which the breakfast was served, and that once she saw a suit of pajamas on the bed. Afterward she saw Mrs. Brooks fold these garments and put them into her traveling bag with a pair of men's slippers.

Mrs. Brooks was also accused of misconduct at 4 West Terrace, Folkestone, Mr. Rickard's address.

The referee reported first in December last, but the report was returned for further particulars. Mr. Brooks's attorneys were King & Osborn. Mervyn Mackenzie represented Mrs. Brooks.

ASKS CLUE TO GRAFTERS.

Commissioner Fetherston Invites L. H. Betts to Give His Facts.

A letter was printed in THE TIMES of Wednesday, signed by "L. H. Betts," calling for an investigation of graft in the Street Cleaning Department. In reply to the statements of Mr. Betts, the department and Commissioner Fetherston have asked THE TIMES to make the following request:

If Mr. L. H. Betts, who sent a communication to THE TIMES charging that men who shovelled snow for the city had to pay 25 cents for their jobs and 20 cents for cashing their claims will communicate with Commissioner Fetherston of the Department of Street Cleaning, he will render the department a distinct service. The Commissioner wants to know the facts supporting such charges as were made by Mr. Betts, and feels that it is the duty of all good citizens to assist him in securing them.

Tuckerton Wireless Block Broken.

The Western Union Telegraph Company announces that the accumulated traffic at the Tuckerton Wireless Station has been cleared up, and that messages for Germany and Austria-Hungary may again be accepted subject to the former restrictions, including liability to considerable delay.

Spring Suitings, $20
300 new, distinctive and attractive patterns. Checks, stripes and plain and fancy weaves in solid colors. Many unusual 1915 designs. To measure only.
Suit or Overcoat, $20
Broadway & 9th St.
Arnheim

MR. WALTER DAMROSCH
Will donate the entire receipts of his six EXPLANATORY RECITALS AT THE PIANO ON Wagner's Nibelungen Trilogy to the Vacation War Relief Committee.
Second Lecture Tomorrow (Friday) Aft. at 3 on "WALKUERE."
Tickets 50c. to $1.50, at Box Office Aeolian Hall.

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Mar. 13th, at 3
VIOLIN RECITAL—ALBERT SPALDING
Andre Benoist, Accompanist. (STEINWAY PIANO).
Tickets 50c to $2 at Hall. Mgt. Antonia Sawyer.

Aeolian Hall | To-morrow (Friday) Evening at 8:15. | Violin Recital
EMILY GRESSER
Tickets 50 cts. to $1.50, Box Seats $2, at Box Office.

AEOLIAN HALL, Tues. Eve., Mar. 16, at 8:15.
Mrs. H. H. A. Beach
Assisted by GEORGE SHEFFIELD, THEODORE SPIERING & OLIVE MEAD QUARTET, in CONCERT OF BEACH COMPOSITIONS.
Mgt. M. H. HANSON. (Steinway Piano.)

Aeolian Hall, This Afternoon at 3.
Bauer and Casals
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

BANDBOX THEATRE, 205 East 57th Street.
MARCH 16TH LAST SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT
LEO ORNSTEIN
Tickets at Room 1132, Aeolian Building.

AEOLIAN HALL, Monday Aft., March 15, at 3.
Second Piano Recital by COPELAND
50c. to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
Friday Evening, March 12,
ARABIAN NIGHTS BALL
and
CARNIVAL OF FREAKS.
ADMISSION, $1.00.

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evenings 8:15. Matinees TUESDAY & Sat. 2:15.
YEAR'S BIGGEST HIT HELLO BROADWAY
With Geo. M. Cohan, Wm. Collier, 100 Others.

CANDLER W. 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
ON TRIAL 500 Good Seats in 1st Balcony 50c., 75c., $1.00.

PARK Columbus Circle, 59th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wednesday & Saturday 2:15.
Polygamy POP. PRICE MAT. SAT. BEST SEATS $1.50
Preceded by 1-Act Comedy, THE DICKEY BIRD.

LONGACRE WEST 48TH. Evenings 8.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
Inside The Lines

Bronx Opera House 149th St., nr. 3d Av. Mat. Sat. 25-50 & 75
A PAIR OF SIXES, with RALPH HERZ.
NextWeek—JOHN BUNNY (in Person) & Big Co.

HEAR BOTH SIDES.
THE TRUTH ABOUT RUSSIA
Illustrated lecture by Dr. C. C. Young, Russian Chautauqua lecturer, traveler, and explorer, for the benefit of the RUSSIAN-AMERICAN WAR RELIEF SOCIETY, Inc.
CARNEGIE HALL, Tuesday Evening, March 16, at 8 o'Clock.
Tickets 50c to $2.50, at the Box Office.

THEATRE FRANCAIS
(CENTURY LYCEUM) Entrance 62d St.
Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30. Orch. Seats, 50c to $2.50.
LE MONDE ou l'on s'ennuie
Frid. Mat. at 3:15, Les Vivacites du Capitaine Tic.
Every Sunday Night Parisian Cafe Chantant.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47 St. Daily Mat. 25 to 75c. | Mme. Emma CALVE LULU GLASER, Belle Baker, Claude Gillingwater-Edith Lyle & Co.
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | HELEN WARE & CO., Lillian Shaw, Ernest Ball, Wm. Pruett & Co., etc.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | Vaudeville Jubilee 15 Wonderful Acts

Tango Parisien
Class taught by M. DUQUE
Private Room CAFE des BEAUX-ARTS Fortieth Street and Sixth Avenue
4 to 6 daily, except Sun.
Admission $1.00

NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS 'BERLIN'
PRICES, 50c to $1.50.
TODAY MAT. at 3, NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42D ST.
SUNDAY NIGHT, 8:30, CARNEGIE HALL, 57 St.

PUNCH & JUDY Theatre, 49th St. East of B'way.
THE CLEVER ONES
Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Friday & Saturday, 2:30.
50TH PERFORMANCE TONIGHT.

Weber's Theatre, B'way at 29th St. Twice Daily, 2:30—8:30. Now
Dramatic Story of Adventure in an Unknown Land.
SIR DOUGLAS MAWSON HIMSELF
Thrilling Motion Pictures That Startle and Amuse.
1,000,000 Penguin Actors. All Comedians.
Prices $1 to 25c. Mezz. Seats $1.50

BROADWAY THEATRE AT 41ST ST.
Daily 11:30 A. M. to 11:30 P. M. Prices 25-15-10.
Today, Friday, Sat. BLANCHE SWEET in "THE WARRENS OF VIRGINIA" | Sun., Mon., Tues., Wed. First Time in N. Y. LOIS WEBER in "SUNSHINE MOLLY"
AND OTHER SELECTED PHOTO PLAYS.

81st. Thea., on B'way, NOW, Blanche Sweet in "The Warrens of Virginia" & Chas. Chaplin in "The Champion." Mon., Tues., & Wed., Marshal Neilan in "The Country Boy."
Best Vaudeville, 1:30 to 11 P. M., 10, 15, 25c.

Strand B'way, 47th St. Noon to 11:30 P. M. 10-50c. | ELSIE JANIS, "The Caprices of Kitty." Strand Orch. & Soloists. Next Week, "The Governor's Lady."

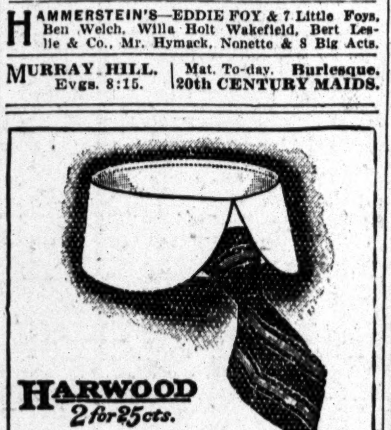
VITAGRAPH 44th St. & Broadway. 2:30 & 8:30.
This Week & Next, THE JUGGERNAUT and 4 Special Comedy Pictures.

STRAND ROOF GARDEN, B'way-47th St. Opening Night, Thursday, 10 P. M.
AMATEUR FOX TROT CONTEST.
Exhibition Dancing Fri. and Sat. Evenings.

EDEN WORLD IN WAX Admis'n To All 25c Every Day MUSEE

HAMMERSTEIN'S—EDDIE FOY & 7 Little Foys, Ben Welch, Willa Holt Wakefield, Bert Leslie & Co., Mr. Hymack, Nonette & 8 Big Acts.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Burlesque. Evgs. 8:15. 20th CENTURY MAIDS.



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LAST 3 DAYS | WINTER CIRCUS
1,000 Main Floor Orch. Seats, $1.00. 1,500 First Balcony, 50c; Entire Gallery, 25c.

Manhattan Op. Ho., 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Last Matinee Saturday 2.
FAREWELL SATURDAY NIGHT
LIFE WORLD'S BIGGEST PLAY.
In order to secure release to play London next Fall, "LIFE" must go to Chicago Auditorium Now. Last chances to see it here.

NEXT MONDAY BLUE BIRD Farewell to New York.
Children's Mat. Wed. & Fri. at 3:30 & Sat. at 2:15

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
SINNERS
BIGGEST SUCCESS IN NEW YORK.

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tues. & Sat. 2.15.
THE WHITE FEATHER
Thrills. Laughs—No Violence.

48TH ST THEA., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee Today 2:15.
THE LAW OF THE LAND with JULIA DEAN

Winthrop Ames' LITTLE Theatre, W. 44th St
Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
Cyril Harcourt's Comedy,
A PAIR OF SILK STOCKINGS
All Seats $2.00.

39TH ST. THEA., near Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
LAST 4 TIMES MARIE DRESSLER "A MIX-UP."
MON., MAR. 15 LOU-TELLEGEN in TAKING CHANCES. New Farce.

CASINO Broadway and 39th St. Eves. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
Most Wonderful Play in New York. EXPERIENCE
Best Balcony Seats, 75c and $1.00.

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LYRIC 42d, West of Broadway. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE ONLY GIRL
By Henry Blossom and Victor Herbert.

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 46. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20
The Play That Has Everything
UNDER COVER

Season 1914-1915
PIANOLA RECITAL
AT AEOLIAN HALL
29 West 42nd Street
Thursday, March 11, 1915
8:30 P. M.
Admission Without Charge
Mlle. Lucile Collette, Violinist
Mme. Sidonie Spero, Soprano
Dion W. Kennedy, at The Organ
Gerard Chatfield, at The Pianola
1. Vorspiel (Meistersinger).. Wagner
Mr. Kennedy at The Organ
2. (a) Intermezzo, Op. 117, No. 2 Brahms
(b) Valse de Concert, Op. 59, No. 4 Grodski
(c) Impromptu, Op. 28, No. 3 Reinhold
Mr. Chatfield at The Pianola
3. Valse (Romeo et Juliette) Gounod
Mme. Spero
Mr. Chatfield at The Pianola
4. Dream Pantomime (Haensel und Gretel) Humperdinck
Mr. Kennedy at The Organ
5. Introduction and Rondo Capriccioso Saint-Saens
Mlle. Collette
Mr. Chatfield at The Pianola
6. (a) Concert Etude, No. 2, Gnomenreigen Liszt
(b) Etude VIII., Wilde Jagd, C Minor Liszt
Mr. Chatfield at The Pianola
7. Ave Maria Bach-Gounod
Mme. Spero
Violin Obligato by Mlle. Collette
Mr. Kennedy at The Organ
Mr. Chatfield at The Pianola
You are Cordially Invited

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Today Mat. at 2:30. (50c to $2.50.) Haensel u. Gretel. Foll'd by Ballet Divertissements.
Tonight at 8. Mme. Sans-Gene. Farrar; Martinelli, Amato, Althouse. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. 7:30. Meistersinger. Hempel, Mattfeld; Sembach, Weil, Goritz, Reiss, Braun, Schlegel. Cd., Toscanini.
Sat. Mat. at 2. Aida. Destinn, Ober; Martin, Scotti, Didur, Rossi. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. at 7:45 (75c to $3). Lohengrin. Gadski, Matzenauer; Urlus, Goritz, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz.
Sun. at 8:30. Concert (50c to $1.50). Van Barentzen, Pianiste; Frieda Hempel, Luca Botta and entire orchestra.
Next Mon. at 8:15. Tosca. Farrar; Botta, Scotti, Rossi, Leonhardt, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
Wed. at 8. Magic Flute. Gadski, Hempel, Schumann; Sembach, Witherspoon, Goritz, Reiss. Cd., Hertz
Thurs. Mat. at 1:45 ($1 to $5). Carmen. Farrar; Martinelli, Amato, Rothier. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. at 7:45. Goetterdaemmerung. Kurt, Ober; Urlus, Braun, Weil, Goritz. Cond., Hertz.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Next Tues. at 8. Aida. Destinn, Ober, Sparkes; Martin, Tegani, Didur, Rossi. Cond., Polacco.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

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Frank Damrosch.......Director
TO-NIGHT at 8:30. CARNEGIE HALL.
EASTER CONCERT.
WORKS BY Palestrina, Vittoria, Lotti, Schreck, Rachmaninoff, Gabrieli, Grieg, Kjerulf, Gretchaninoff, Elgar, Grainger.

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FOR YOUNG PEOPLE
Sat. Aft. Mar. 13, at 2:30
N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
Walter Damrosch.......Conductor
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Tickets at Office, 1 W. 34 St., & Carnegie Hall.

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Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore.
TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) AT 11:30,
JOHN McCORMACK
The Celebrated Irish Tenor.
MABEL GARRISON Soprano
LUCILE ORRELL 'Cellist
Reserved Seats now at Biltmore Box Office and all ticket agencies. Management R. E. Johnston.
Mr. McCORMACK will sing "The Snowy Breasted Pearl," "Mavis," "Agnus Dei."

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SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor.
Tomorrow (Friday) Aft. at 2:30, Carnegie Hall.
Soloist, Percy GRAINGER
Schubert C major Symphony, Grieg Concerto for Piano and Orchestra.
Next Saturday Evg., 8:15, Carnegie Hall,
Third Saturday Eve. Concert
AT POPULAR PRICES.
Tschaikowsky Program
Including SYMPHONY "PATHETIQUE."
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

SYMPHONY
Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Last Concert of the Season.
Carnegie Hall, Tuesday Aft., March 16 at 3.
All Tschaikowsky Program
SOLOIST OSSIP GABRILOWITSCH
Symphony No. 5; Piano Concerto B flat.
Seats 35c. to $1.50. Box Office, Carnegie Hall.

CARNEGIE HALL, THIS AFTERNOON at 3.
Last Recital This Season MARCELLA SEMBRICH
RICHARD EPSTEIN at the Piano (Baldwin)
Tickets now at Hall. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

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Every Eve. & Sat. Mat., "IMMER FESTE DRUFF"

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THE BIRD OF PARADISE
Next Wk—"The Things That Count." Seats Selling.

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Matinee Today. Best Orch. Seats $1 and $1.50.
Maid in America
Has 'Em All on the Run!
Has more top-notch entertainers than were ever before assembled in a musical comedy production, besides a WINTER GARDEN CHORUS.
Extra Matinee St. Patrick's Day, Wed., Mar. 17.
SEATS SIX WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
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BIGGEST HIT IN TOWN
TRENTINI—CRAWFORD
Victorious | THE Peasant Girl | Stupendous

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, nr. B'y. Ev. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
Phyllis Neilson-Terry The Adventure of Lady Ursula.

Princess 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30, incl. Sun. Daily Mats. (Ex. Sun. & Tues.) 2:30.
JAMES BARNES presents
HIS WONDERFUL MOTION PICTURES,
Through Central Africa
Wild Animals—Native Customs.

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LAST 4 WEEKS
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Geo. Grossmith, Emmy Whelen, James Blakeley, Maurice Farkoa, Lauri de Frece, Fay Compton.
ALL GALLERY SEATS 50c.

WEST END Matinees Today & Tuesday. All Seats 25c.
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JESSIE BONSTELLE STOCK CO. | This Week. "Passing of The Third Floor Back."

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Next Week—Wm. Faversham in "The Hawk."

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MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20
ELSIE FERGUSON in OUTCAST LAST 3 WEEKS

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
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Mr. & Mrs. Vernon Castle, Frank Tinney.

DANSE DE FOLLIES Atop New Amsterdam.
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic
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RUTH CHATTERTON
in Jean Webster's Charming Comedy,
DADDY LONG-LEGS

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway and 38th Street
Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
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FADS and FANCIES

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FRANCES STARR
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MATINEES Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. TWIN BEDS

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Wallack's LILLAH McCARTHY GRANVILLE BARKER
Tonight & Sat. 8:15; also Mar. 15, 16, 17, 18, 20 & Mat. Mar. 17 | Bernard Shaw's Androcles & The Lion
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The Song of Songs

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"KICK IN"

GLOBE Broadway at 46th St. Eves. at 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
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2d Balc....25c & 50c | 2d Balc.........25c
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Celery. Queen Olives. Gherkins.
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Fish or Entree (Choice)
Broiled Shad. Baked Perch. Sea Bass, Saute. Crabmeat. Squab, en Compote. Vol au Vent of Sweetbread. Lamb Chops. Salisbury Steak.
Roast (Choice)
Rhode Island Duckling. Sirloin of Beef. Fresh Shoulder of Pork.
(10 to 15 Minutes)
Half Fried Chicken. Small Beefsteak. Chicken Livers, Saute. Noisette of Lamb. Emince of Chicken. Slice of Veal, Saute. English Mutton Chop. Broiled Pork Chops. Omelette, aux Fines Herbes. Omelette, Ham, Cheese. Sausages, Kippered Herring or Mackerel Roe. Spanish Omelette.
Cold
Ribs of Beef. Star Ham. Virginia Ham. Sliced Virginia Ham and Chicken. Bologna. Head Cheese. Smoked Beef Tongue.
Pickled Lamb's Tongue. Sliced Ham and Turkey. Liberwurst. Salami. Sliced Chicken. Deep Sea Herring in Wine Sauce. Bismarck Herring. Assorted Cold Cuts of Meat and Swiss Cheese. Marinetter Helland Herring. Delicatess Herring. Boiled Mackerel Roes.
Salad (Choice)
Escarole. Chicory. Mixed.
Dessert or Cheese (Choice)
Vanilla Custard Pie. Apricot Slice. Sorbet. Vanilla Ice Cream. Coffee Cake. Macaroons. Raisin Cake. Fancy Cake. Strawberry Ice Cream. Lady Fingers. Neufchatel. Cafe. Cream. Brie. American. Demi-Tasse.
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Prime Ribs of Beef au Jus
Loin of Jersey Pork, Apple Sauce
Mashed Turnips Boiled Potatoes
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Romaine Salad
Assorted French Pastry
Peach, Chocolate or Vanilla Ice Cream
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